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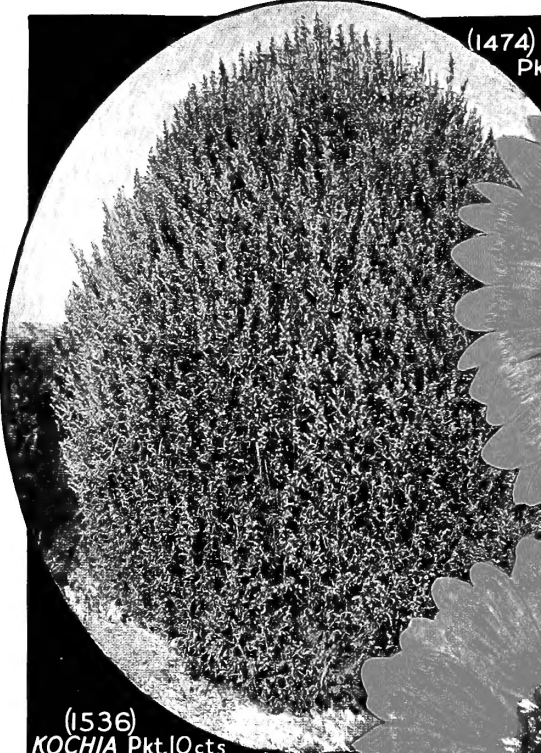
HASTINGS' SEEDS

69th Catalog
Spring 1925

REAR VIEW MONUMENT ON EARTH
CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL STONE MOUNTAIN

H.G. HASTINGS CO.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

(254)
STONE MOUNTAIN
WATERMELON
PACKET 15¢—NEW



(1474) **GAILLARDIA**
Pkt. 10 cts

FREE Flower Seeds

WITH every order amounting to \$1 or over for garden and flower seeds (don't count field seeds or plants) from this catalog before May 1, 1925, we will send absolutely free one packet each of these easily grown and beautiful flowers shown in full color on this page—Kochia or Mexican Burning Bush, Gaillardia or Blanket Flower, Japanese Chrysanthemum-Flowered Sunflower, Hastings' Superb Mixed Poppies, and Hastings' Finest Scabiosa or Mourning Bride.

Remember—These Are Free!

H. G. HASTINGS CO.

The South's Seedsmen

ATLANTA

GEORGIA

(1536)
KOCHIA Pkt. 10 cts.

(1650)
SUPERB MIXED POPPIES
Pkt. 10 cts.

(1700)
MIXED SCABIOSA
Pkt. 10 cts.

(1694)
JAPANESE SUNFLOWER
Pkt. 10 cts.

HASTINGS' SEEDS ORDER SHEET

Please do not write in above space

H. G. Hastings Co., Atlanta, Ga.

(S-25)

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

Gentlemen:—I am enclosing \$ _____ for the following
seeds to be sent by _____

(State here if wanted by Mail, Express or Freight)

Name _____
(If Mrs., kindly use husband's initials or given name, as Mrs. Sam B. Clark)

P. O. _____ State _____

R. F. D. No. _____ Box No. _____ Street and No. _____

Express or Freight Office _____
(If Different from your Post Office)

BEFORE ORDERING PLEASE READ DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING IN THIS CATALOG ON PAGE 2

	NUMBER IN CATALOG	Quantity	Names of Seeds or Other Articles Wanted	PRICE	
				Dollars	Cents
TEAR OFF ALONG THIS LINE PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE			1 YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO THE SOUTHERN RURALIST ²⁴ NUMBERS 25 CENTS East of Mississippi River, 25 cents; West of Mississippi, 50 cents		

Remember---No order too large or too small to send to HASTINGS'

PAY NO MONEY TO TRAVELING AGENTS

You are sending us your orders for seeds, plants and bulbs and we appreciate and are doing our very best to merit your fine confidence.

The great popularity of Hastings' Seeds and the sound reputation we have gained through thirty-five years of real seed service has made it profitable for swindlers to go through the country claiming to represent Hastings. They get hold of our catalogs, take orders and collect money from a number of our customers.

We want you to know that we have no agents or traveling salesmen and no such person is authorized to collect one cent from any of our customers. All orders for Hastings' Seeds, Plants and Bulbs should be sent direct to us in Atlanta. Any person claiming to represent us and collecting money for orders is a swindler and should be reported to the police or sheriff.

Hastings' Seeds are sold direct to you from Atlanta. We have no local or traveling agents. We do not send out commission boxes of seeds to the stores. You can get Hastings' Seeds only from Hastings' in Atlanta.

Our seeds are inspected in the fields to see that any rogues or off-type plants are pulled out, keeping our strains pure and true to type. Our seeds are tested in duplicate check tests in our own laboratory in Atlanta, after thorough reselecting, for germination and purity. Then, on the Hastings' Plantation Trial Grounds, tests are made of the many different stocks of seeds, growing the plants to maturity and carefully noting and comparing each one. Nearly four thousand trials or field tests were grown and carefully noted in 1924. Two hundred and fifty-nine varieties or strains of garden beans and over two hundred kinds of tomatoes may seem a good many but we want to know about them all, new and old. We want the very best of each type, kinds that will do best for you, because you place your confidence in us and we shall always try to give you full value for every dollar intrusted to us.

Because Hastings' Seeds produce the tenderest, juiciest home garden vegetables, the heaviest yielding farm crops and the most brilliant or most delicate colors in flowers, it is economical—it pays—to plant Hastings' Seeds. Remember that they come to you fresh and ready to grow, direct from Hastings' in Atlanta. They are not on sale at the stores and we have no traveling agents.

1925 finds the South in a better agricultural condition than any other section of the country. Good farming demands good seeds

and especially right now, as the South is entering this great era of prosperity, you must build your land, fertilize liberally and cultivate frequently as well as plant seeds with real reproducing power if you want to keep up with the South and get your full share of this prosperity.

The front cover of this new 1925 catalog, shows a natural color picture of a section of Stone Mountain, 16 miles from Atlanta. On the steep face of this solid mountain of granite, the largest in the world, is being carved the greatest monument on earth. It is a memorial to the Confederate Army and the central group of generals, although not actually finished, is shown in the picture as it will look when this part of the memorial is completed.

After the central group is finished, a great chapel will be cut in the base of the mountain, right under the central group, where records of the Confederacy and the United Daughters of the Confederacy will be kept. Thirteen huge columns, one for each of the Southern States, will form the entrance to the chapel and a great amphitheatre will be built in front where 60,000 people may hear a single voice. The mountain here is a wonderful natural sounding board so a voice may be easily heard for quite a distance.

The complete monument is to show the Confederate Army with its infantry, cavalry, artillery and escort wagons in a complete line of march coming down and around the steep face of the mountain for over 1300 feet, with the most prominent generals in the foreground, as shown in the central group now being carved. General Robert E. Lee's figure alone is 135 feet high, as tall as a sixteen story city skyscraper.

The noted Sculptor, Gutzon Borglum, has charge of the carving and the project is being done through public subscriptions, involving millions of dollars.

The new Stone Mountain Watermelon we are happy to introduce to you. It is very large, almost round, solid to the heart and we believe you will agree with us that it is the sweetest melon you have ever tasted. It out-sells all other melons on the Atlanta market, where it is known, and its appearance and size will sell it anywhere. We got our start with it out by Stone Mountain and believe we do right in naming the finest and sweetest of melons after Stone Mountain, where is being carved the greatest monument on earth.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR CATALOG REFERENCE

Flower seeds are listed on pages 52-69.

Summer Flowering Bulbs are listed on pages 70 to 76 and rear cover.

Plants for the "Home Beautiful" are listed on pages 77-85.

Insecticides, Fungicides, Cultures, page 103.

So far as possible, in making up this catalog, we arranged the vegetables, flowers, bulbs, and plants in alphabetical order.

Alfalfa	Page 89
Artichokes	4, 98
Asparagus	4
Bacteria, Soil Inoculation	103
Beans, Garden	4-8
Beans, Mung	94-95
Beans, Soy or Soja	96
Beans, Velvet	97
Beets	10-11
Beggarweed	102
Bene	102
Broccoli	9
Brussels Sprouts	9
Buckwheat	102
Bug Death	103
Bulbs, Flowering	70-76
Cabbage, Seed and Plants	12-15
Cane, Orange, Amber, Syrup	100
Cannas (Seeds, 56) Roots	74-75
Cantaloupe	26-29
Carrots	18
Cauliflower	16
Celery	17
Celery	17
Chard, Swiss (Sea Kale)	10

Chervil	17
Chufas, (Earth Almonds)	96
Citron, Green Giant	30
Clovers	89
Collards	16
Collections, General	3
Corn, Broom, Milo Maize	101
Corn, Chicken	101
Corn, Field	90-91
Corn, Kaffir	101
Corn, Pop, Roasting Ear, Sweet	19
Cos Lettuce, White Paris	25
Cotton	92-93
Cress	17
Cucumbers	20-21
Dabbias (Seeds, 59) Roots	76
Eggplant	22
Endive	17
Ferns	77, 79
Feterita	101
Fetticus (Corn Salad)	17
Flowers, Seeds, Plants, Bulbs	52-85
Flowers, Live Plants	77-85
Fungicides	103
Garlic	35
Gherkins	20
Gladiali	71-73
Gourds	22
Grasses	86-88
Herbs—all kinds	22
Honey Dew and Honey Ball Melons	28-29
Horseradish Roots	37
Insecticides	103
Kale (Borecole)	9
Kohl Rabi	22

Leeks	23
Lepedeza (Japan Clover)	89
Lettuce	24-25
Mangels, Stock and Sugar Beets	11
Millet (Golden and Pearl)	102
Muskmelon	26-29
Mustard	23
Okra	23
Onion, Seed, Sets and Plants	34-36
Parsley	37
Parsnips	37
Peanuts	99
Peas, Garden or English	38-39
Peas, Field or Cow	98
Peppers	40-41
Pe Tsai (Chinese Cabbage)	15
Potatoes	37
Pumpkins	42
Radish	44-45
Rape	99
Rhubarb (Pie Plant)	102
Rice, Upland	37
Roses	Inside Back Cover, 84-85
Rutabaga	51
Salsify	42
Sorghum (Cane)	100
Southern Ruralist	104
Spinach	45
Squash	43
Sunflower	66, 102
Tecointe	102
Tobacco	49
Tomato	46-49
Turnips	50-51
Watermelons	29-33

Read Directions for Ordering

Liberal Premiums Please bear in mind that on seeds in packets and ounces only (no quarter-pounds, pounds, or two pounds), the purchaser may select 25 cents' worth extra on each dollar sent. This does not apply to orders for collections, prices of which are net. See this Premium Offer on Yellow Order Sheet.

Cost of Sending Money In all cases where the order is for seed amounts to one dollar or more, the cost of postoffice or express money order, or cost of registering the letters from places that are not money order offices, may be deducted from the amount of the order.

Stamps On orders of seeds where the amount is less than 50 cents, we will accept U. S. postage stamps in good condition (one-cent and two-cent stamps preferred) the same as cash, but we would ask those remitting stamps to wrap them in oiled paper, if possible, to prevent their sticking together or to the order.

Express Charges When paying express charges, be sure you only pay "second class" rates, which apply to all seeds. Don't let any express agent charge you first-class rates.

About Warranty H. G. HASTINGS CO. gives no warranty, either express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter, of seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned, and any money that may have been paid for them will be refunded. Crops are dependent for success or failure on so many things besides seed that it is impossible for us to give any warranty or guarantee. This does not mean that we lack confidence in the seeds we sell, but we have no control over the seeds after they leave our house, especially so as to the methods of planting, cultivating and fertilizing, all of which are important factors in the success of any crop. If we should warrant or guarantee seeds in any way, we could be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of cause, and this is a responsibility we cannot and will not accept. No responsible seedsmen gives any warranty.

We Pay the Postage On all seeds in this catalog listed in packet, half ounce, ounce, quarter pound, pound and two-pound quantities, we pay the postage and guarantee safe delivery by mail. On all seed, plant and bulb collections we pay the postage. We pay the postage on plants and bulbs except in larger quantities where a "not prepaid" price is named.

You Pay the Postage When you order five pounds or more of any kind of seeds at "Not Prepaid" prices stated in the catalog, you pay the postage, express or freight. The same applies to quantity lots of bulbs and plants listed at "Not Prepaid" prices.

When you order seeds in 5 or 10 pound lots or over at "Not Prepaid" prices you can have the seeds sent to you by parcel post, express or freight but you must pay the transportation charges. Where the freight or express office nearest you is not convenient and you had rather have your seeds delivered to your post office or mail box it is best to have them come by parcel post.

When you order your seeds to come by express or freight we can send them "collect" so you may pay the transportation charges on delivery. If you want your order to be sent by parcel post the postage must be paid IN ADVANCE and you must send us the amount of postage in addition to the cost of the seeds.

When you order some items at "Postpaid" prices and others at "Not Prepaid" prices and want them all to come by parcel post, add postage for the "Not Prepaid" items only. All quantity lots of seeds in this catalog are listed in pounds, so it is easy to figure the extra amount for postage to send with your order. Your Postmaster and generally your R. F. D. Carrier can tell you what zone you are in from Atlanta.

How to Figure Postage First figure up the weight in pounds on "Not Prepaid" items you are ordering. Then find what zone you are in from Atlanta. Take the number of pounds you are ordering in the first column and read straight across to your zone column and the amount shown is the postage to send us in addition to the cost of the seed, so we can prepay the postage.

As an example we will suppose that you want to order 14 pounds (a peck) of corn. If you lived in either the 1st or 2nd postal zones from Atlanta the amount to be sent us in addition to the price of the corn would be 18 cents; for the 3rd zone 32 cents; for the 4th zone 59 cents and so on. With the above table it's very easy to figure it exactly, once you know what your zone number is.

If at all in doubt as to your zone be sure and send enough to cover necessary postage. If you send too much it will be returned to you.

Seventy pounds is the weight limit. If larger quantities are wanted it will have to be split into two or more shipments. 50 pounds is the weight limit for the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th zones.

APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF ZONES

GEORGIA—Largely in the 1st and 2nd zones. Extreme southern part is in 3rd zone.

ALABAMA—Eastern half in 2nd zone, western half in 3rd zone except extreme southwestern portion which is in the 4th zone.

FLORIDA—The northern part is in the 3rd, the rest is in the 4th, except extreme southern part in 5th zone.

MISSISSIPPI—About evenly divided, the eastern half being in the 3rd and the western half in the 4th zone.

LOUISIANA AND ARKANSAS—Both entirely in the 4th zone.

TEXAS—Mostly in the 5th zone, a small part including the most eastern counties in the 4th and extreme western portion in 6th.

TENNESSEE—Divided in three zones. Southern part of East Tennessee is in 2nd zone; most of the rest in 3rd zone except the extreme western part which is in the 4th.

KENTUCKY—Western and extreme northern part is in the 4th zone but the rest is in the 3rd zone.

SOUTH CAROLINA—Western part in 2nd, balance in 3rd zone.

NORTH CAROLINA—Extreme western part in 2nd, the rest in 3rd zone except extreme eastern part which is in the 4th zone.

Parcel Post Zones

Wt. In lbs.	1 & 2	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th
1	\$0.05	\$0.06	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.09	\$0.11	\$0.12
2	.06	.08	.11	.14	.17	.21	.24
3	.07	.10	.15	.20	.25	.31	.36
4	.08	.12	.19	.26	.33	.41	.48
5	.09	.14	.23	.32	.41	.51	.60
6	.10	.16	.27	.38	.49	.61	.72
7	.11	.18	.31	.44	.57	.71	.84
8	.12	.20	.35	.50	.65	.81	.96
9	.13	.22	.39	.56	.73	.91	1.08
10	.14	.24	.43	.62	.81	1.01	1.20
11	.15	.26	.47	.68	.89	1.11	1.32
12	.16	.28	.51	.74	.97	1.21	1.44
13	.17	.30	.55	.80	1.05	1.31	1.56
14	.18	.32	.59	.86	1.13	1.41	1.68
15	.19	.34	.63	.92	1.21	1.51	1.80
16	.20	.36	.67	.98	1.29	1.61	1.92
17	.21	.38	.71	1.04	1.37	1.71	2.04
18	.22	.40	.75	1.10	1.45	1.81	2.16
19	.23	.42	.79	1.16	1.53	1.91	2.28
20	.24	.44	.83	1.22	1.61	2.01	2.40
21	.25	.46	.87	1.28	1.69	2.11	2.52
22	.26	.48	.91	1.34	1.77	2.21	2.64
23	.27	.50	.95	1.40	1.85	2.31	2.76
24	.28	.52	.99	1.46	1.93	2.41	2.88
25	.29	.54	1.03	1.52	2.01	2.51	3.00
26	.30	.56	1.07	1.58	2.09	2.61	3.12
27	.31	.58	1.11	1.64	2.17	2.71	3.24
28	.32	.60	1.15	1.70	2.25	2.81	3.36
29	.33	.62	1.19	1.76	2.33	2.91	3.48
30	.34	.64	1.23	1.82	2.41	3.01	3.60
31	.35	.66	1.27	1.88	2.49	3.11	3.72
32	.36	.68	1.31	1.94	2.57	3.21	3.84
33	.37	.70	1.35	2.00	2.65	3.31	3.96
34	.38	.72	1.39	2.06	2.73	3.41	4.08
35	.39	.74	1.43	2.12	2.81	3.51	4.20
36	.40	.76	1.47	2.18	2.89	3.61	4.32
37	.41	.78	1.51	2.24	2.97	3.71	4.44
38	.42	.80	1.55	2.30	3.05	3.81	4.56
39	.43	.82	1.59	2.36	3.13	3.91	4.68
40	.44	.84	1.63	2.42	3.21	4.01	4.80
41	.45	.86	1.67	2.48	3.29	4.11	4.92
42	.46	.88	1.71	2.54	3.37	4.21	5.04
43	.47	.90	1.75	2.60	3.45	4.31	5.16
44	.48	.92	1.79	2.66	3.53	4.41	5.28
45	.49	.94	1.83	2.72	3.61	4.51	5.40
50	.54	1.04	2.03	3.02	4.01	5.01	6.00
55	.59	1.14					
60	.64	1.24					
65	.69	1.34					
70	.74	1.44					

Zones are based on the distance you are from the shipping point, Atlanta, Ga. Up to 150 miles from Atlanta is the 1st and 2nd zones, which take the same rate. 150 to 300 miles is the 3rd zone, 300 to 600 is 4th, 600 to 1000 is 5th, 1000 to 1400 is 6th, 1400 to 1800 is 7th, over 1800 miles is 8th zone.

Hastings' Bargain Collections Of Vegetable and Flower Seeds

You probably would like for us to make up a selection of our finest garden varieties of vegetables and flowers for your garden. A great many of our customers like for us to make up seed lists for them. Many newspapers, magazines and other publications ask us to make up really reliable lists for home gardens, planting tables to go by, etc.

With all these ends in view, and chiefly with the idea that we want to make it as easy, simple and satisfactory as is humanly possible for our friends to have good home gardens, we have prepared the collections below.

All these varieties are standard Hastings' varieties and popular throughout the South. Each packet is full-sized, the same as you would get if each was ordered separately, and each collection is as fine an assortment as you can obtain. Simple and accurate

culture directions are printed on each packet and you may be sure that you can have a good garden at very small cost with any of these excellent collections.

These "Bargain Collections" have become so popular that we make them up in great numbers and can afford to offer them very cheap—cheaper than you can buy ordinary packet seeds at the stores, and you get not only more seeds in our packets but you are sure of having them fresh, healthy and ready to grow.

Remember: No matter whether you buy a 5 cent packet of seeds, a collection or many pounds or bushels, it always pays to plant the best seeds and the same applies to bulbs and plants. We have only one grade—the best that can be grown and you can't buy better seeds anywhere else at any price. It always pays to plant Hastings' Seeds.

HASTINGS' SEED COLLECTIONS

Hastings' Introductory Flower Seed Collection (No. 1)

11 Packets, 40 Cents, Postpaid

1 Pkt. Alyssum, Sweet	\$0.05
1 Pkt. Cosmos, Finest Mixed . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Dianthus, Superb Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Four O'Clocks, Mixed . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Kochia or Burning Bush . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Nasturtiums, Dwarf Mixed . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Pansy, French Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Petunias, Single Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Phlox, Grandiflora . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Poppies, Superb Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Sweet Peas, Mixed . . . . .	.05

\$0.85

For 40 cents we will send one full size packet each of the above 11 varieties, postpaid.

Hastings' Southern Flower Seed Collection (No. 2)

20 Packets, 75c, Postpaid

1 Pkt. Alyssum, Sweet	\$0.05
1 Pkt. Antirrhinum, Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Asters, Unrivalled Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Balsam, Rose-Flowered . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Candytuft, Empress . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Canna, Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Celosia, Cockscomb . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Dianthus, Superb Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Japanese Morning Glory . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Kochia or Burning Bush . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Mignonette, Fragrant . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Nasturtiums, Dwarf Mixed . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Pansy, French Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Petunias, Finest Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Phlox, Grand Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Poppies, Superb Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Sweet Peas, Mixed . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Verbena, Finest Mixed . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Zinnias, Monster Mixed . . . . .	.10

\$1.80

For 75c, we will send, postpaid, the above 20 full size packets of Flower Seed. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

50 Cents HASTINGS' HALF DOLLAR VEGETABLE COLLECTION (No. 4) 15 Packets

1 Pkt. Improved Blood Turnip Beet	\$0.10	1 Pkt. White Velvet Okra	\$.05
1 Pkt. Stringless Green Pod Beans . . . . .	.10	1 Pkt. Prizetaker Onion . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Chantenay Carrot . . . . .	.05	1 Pkt. Rosy Gem Radish . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Hastings' White Spine Cucumber . . . . .	.10	1 Pkt. Royal King Pepper . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Rockford Cantaloupe . . . . .	.05	1 Pkt. Early White Bush Squash . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Hastings' Big Boston Lettuce . . . . .	.10	1 Pkt. Redfield Beauty Tomato . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Giant Sou. Curled Mustard . . . . .	.05		
1 Pkt. True Southern Collard . . . . .	.05		
1 Pkt. Kleckley Sweet Watermelon . . . . .	.10		

\$1.15

For 50 cents we will send the above 15 full sized packets of seed by mail, postpaid. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

\$1 Hastings' Dollar Collection (No. 5)

1/2 lb. Stringless Green Pod Beans	\$0.20	1 Pkt. White Velvet Okra	\$0.05
1/2 lb. McCaslan Pole Beans . . . . .	.30	1 Pkt. Prizetaker Onion . . . . .	.10
1 oz. Eclipse Blood Beet . . . . .	.15	1 Pkt. John L. Extra Early Pea . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Surehead Cabbage . . . . .	.10	1 Pkt. Royal King Pepper . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Eden Gem Cantaloupe . . . . .	.10	1 Pkt. Rosy Gem Radish . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Chantenay Carrot . . . . .	.05	1 Pkt. Early White Bush Squash . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. True Southern Collard . . . . .	.05	1 Pkt. Redfield Beauty Tomato . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Hastings' White Spine Cucumber . . . . .	.10	1 oz. Purple Top Globe Turnip . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Hastings' Big Boston Lettuce . . . . .	.10		
1 Pkt. Kleckley Sweet Watermelon . . . . .	.10		

\$1.90

This is the big home garden year. Grow your own food and save the high food prices. For \$1.00 we will send the Hastings' Dollar Collection (18 varieties) postpaid. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

\$2 Home Garden Collection (No. 6)

1 oz. Improved Blood Turnip Beet	\$0.15	1 Pkt. Giant Southern Curled Mustard	\$0.05
1 lb. Stringless Green Pod Beans . . . . .	.40	1 oz. White Velvet Okra . . . . .	.10
1/2 lb. McCaslan Pole Beans . . . . .	.30	1 Pkt. Prizetaker Onion . . . . .	.10
1/2 lb. Henderson Bush Lima Beans . . . . .	.25	1 Pkt. White Bermuda Onion . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Chantenay Carrot . . . . .	.05	1 Pkt. Royal King Pepper . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Surehead Cabbage . . . . .	.10	1/2 lb. Bliss Everbearing Garden Peas . . . . .	.20
1 Pkt. Georgia Collard . . . . .	.05	1 Pkt. Ey. Long Scarlet Radish . . . . .	.05
1 Pkt. Hastings' White Spine Cucumber . . . . .	.10	1 oz. Rosy Gem Radish . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Big Boston Lettuce . . . . .	.10	1 oz. Early White Bush Squash . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Eden Gem Cantaloupe . . . . .	.10	1 Pkt. Redfield Beauty Tomato . . . . .	.10
1 Pkt. Watson Watermelon . . . . .	.10	1 oz. Purple Top Globe Turnip . . . . .	.10
1 oz. Kleckley Sweet Watermelon . . . . .	.15		

\$2.95

For \$2.00 we will send the above splendid "Home Garden Collection" postpaid to any postoffice. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

Hastings' Plant Collections

Roses, Everbearing Collection Twelve of the best everblooming bush roses for the South—three white, three red, three yellow, three pink. Twelve separate and distinct varieties, well rooted, healthy plants, postpaid, for \$1.50. See page 84 and all varieties in natural colors on inside back cover.

Geraniums, Our Eclipse Collection Twelve magnificent double, semi-double and single geraniums of the choicest French and American varieties. Specially selected for Southern conditions. Twelve separate and distinct varieties, healthy, well rooted plants, \$1.50; postpaid. See page 82.

Superb Chrysanthemum Collection Twelve plants, all different, selection of the best shades and colors selected from the best garden growing varieties. These will please you. Twelve strong, healthy plants, postpaid, for \$1.50. See page 83.

Hastings' Seeds for Successful Gardens

ASPARAGUS One of the earliest and most delicious of all vegetables. You can have a fine bed of Asparagus by planting our Mary Washington or Palmetto Asparagus roots and if roots are planted this spring you can cut from the bed next spring. With the seed, 1 to 2 years longer is required before you can make good cuttings.

CULTURE—Sow seed thinly in drills one foot apart early in the spring or fall after soaking seed in warm water for an hour. Use a rich, well worked light soil and when well up, thin plants to one inch apart and cultivate often until the plants are a year old. Transplant or set out the roots in permanent bed, using the richest soil you have, thoroughly prepared and worked very deep. Set roots 4 inches deep and 18 inches apart in rows 4 to 6 feet apart. Cultivate frequently until plants meet in the rows. Use a plenty of stable manure or other fertilizer on bed before and after setting out roots, mixing well into soil. A sprinkling of salt and a dressing of fresh wood ashes and manure after plants die down each year is advisable. The growing of Asparagus Roots has become quite a feature on the Hastings' Plantation. Plant them for the strongest, largest, best developed plants that will be ready for cutting long before ordinary roots. Plant 100 roots to 15 by 20 foot bed; a packet of seed to 50 feet of row. Beds last about 8 years.

(1) Palmetto Asparagus Seed A very early maturing and very prolific variety which has been considered the best variety for the South for many years. It is still the standard variety, producing an abundance of very large, deep green shoots of the best quality. It is regular in growth and very easily grown from seed. It gives entire satisfaction. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 35 cents. Pound, \$1.00. Postpaid.

(2) Washington Asparagus Seed The most superior strain of the finest and largest variety of asparagus now known. The names Martha and Mary Washington were given the finest female plants found and this is a selected strain from the start of these plants. This Washington Asparagus is extremely resistant to asparagus rust, is a very vigorous grower and a very high-yielding strain of Giant Asparagus. It is the most uniform market type of all so-called rust-resistant varieties and really is uniformly rust-resistant, very large sized, high-yielding and being a rapid grower is very tender. It is without doubt the best Asparagus grown today and our seeds are the purest pedigreed seed of this finest variety. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.



Bunch of Hastings' Washington Asparagus

Palmetto Asparagus Roots Roots are a little more expensive than seed but the time saved and the generally more satisfactory growth from our extra large roots makes them well worth while. Hastings' Plantation grown roots will please you and it pays to plant them. 50 Roots, 75 cents; 100 for \$1.25; postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid: 100 Roots, \$1.00. \$7.50 per 1,000.

Washington Asparagus Roots It will pay you, even if you already have an asparagus bed, to plant some of these large new Washington Roots. They are grown from the pure and original pedigreed seed and you may be sure of the finest and largest Roots of this excellent variety. Bunched for sale, the Washington looks so nice and is so fine that it brings higher prices than any other variety. For home use, you will be delighted with the "tips" in both quality and appearance over any other you have ever grown. They are firm and do not begin to branch until well out of the ground. Growing rapidly they are the tenderest of all. Be sure to plant some this year. Plant these extra large roots and save $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 years time in having your bed ready for cutting. Prices: 50 Roots, \$1.00. 100 Roots for \$1.50—postpaid. Not prepaid—100 for \$1.25. \$10.00 per thousand.

(3) ARTICHOKES, Green Globe Largest and best flavored of all Artichokes. They are grown for the edible heads and leaves, half grown. Packet, 10c. For Jerusalem Artichokes see page 98.

HASTINGS' BEANS

Hastings' Garden Beans are the best Beans you can plant. Whether you plant for the garden at home or for large commercial or market crops you will find that Hastings' Beans are the finest you can obtain. We sell hundreds of thousands of bushels every year and mostly in packet and pound quantities so you can see how many thousands of planters and gardeners depend on Hastings' Beans. For bush or pole snap beans and for bush or pole butter or lima beans, it pays to plant the best.

BUSH SNAP BEANS **CULTURE**—Plant bush beans in this latitude from March to September, every few weeks for an entire summer supply. Plant in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, dropping in a bean every 4 inches and covering 2 inches. Cultivate frequently, drawing soil up around stems and pick pods frequently to keep plants bearing. 1 pound plants 75 ft. of row—plant about 75 lbs. ($1\frac{1}{4}$ bu.) per acre.

BUTTER BEANS Hastings' Butter or Lima Beans are in many ways more desirable than "Snap" Beans, both for use in the green stage and as dry Beans. The Pole or Climbing varieties are fine heavy bearers but the bush butter varieties are easier to plant, grow and gather. They are grown closer together, need no support, are fully equal in eating qualities and are ready to use before the pole varieties. In both pole and bush varieties, however, we can supply you with small and large seeded kinds, just to suit your taste.

NOTE! Lima and Pole Snap Beans are extremely short in supply this year and prices are naturally higher than usual. Order early.

CULTURE—Butter Beans take longer to mature than Snap Beans. Plant when ground is dry and warm in light, rich soil if possible. Make rows 2 to 3 feet apart; drop seed 3 inches apart and cover $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. If planted in hills, drop 5 beans to the hill. Hoe often but only when leaves are dry.

Hastings' Best 4 Beans, 30c

Thousands of our customers like a good assortment of beans, a packet each of several good kinds for use in small gardens. To meet this demand we offer this splendid collection of four varieties, every one of them a leader in its particular class. We know that you will be more than pleased with Hastings' Best 4 Bean Collection. One packet each of Red Valentine, Sure Crop Stringless Wax, McCaslan Pole and Henderson Bush Lima Beans. The 4 full-sized packets, postpaid, 30 cents.

Lima Bean Collection, 30c

There ought to be more lima or "butter beans" grown in the South, and with the bush varieties it is as easy to grow them as it is to plant and grow the ordinary bush snap beans. To encourage a more general planting of these fine bush lima beans in the South we are offering one packet each of the four very best lima beans for the Southern garden. For a good many years we offered Hastings' "Best Three Bush Limas" for 25 cents, and have sold many thousands of these collections. Now, we are adding another to the collection, giving one packet each of Henderson Bush Lima, the most prolific white Lima; Jackson Wonder, the almost drought-proof; Fordhook, the best of the large seeded limas; and Burpee New Improved Bush Lima, a great improvement over the old variety. Take advantage of this exceptional offer in your order this year. You will be more than pleased. Hastings' Lima Bean Collection, 30c; postpaid.

BUSH SNAP BEANS

Hastings' Garden Beans are the best Beans you can plant. Whether you plant for the garden at home or for large commercial or market crops you will find that Hastings' Beans are the finest you can obtain.

(6) Hastings' Stringless Green Pod The only absolutely stringless, green round-podded bean, stringless in all stages of growth, from the time the first pods form until full grown and ready to dry up. It surpasses all other bush beans in crisp, tender qualities and fine flavor. It makes a beautiful appearance with its long, smooth, stout, round and creasebacked, dark green brittle pods about 5 inches long. It is a very prolific, strong, vigorous grower; comes into bearing long after other bush varieties have gone, the pods retaining their superb eating and stringless qualities to the last. Of greatest value to those with a family garden who desire to combine quality with the heaviest production. Tests of it all over the South since 1909 have shown its great superiority in every respect. We recommend it highly to every one who plants bush beans in the South. It is the very best quality green-podded bush bean grown. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (peck), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$12.00. 100 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.**

(14) Hastings' Excelsior Refugee

One of the best and earliest green podded bush beans for Southern spring plantings. A vigorous grower and heavy bearer of uniform, slightly creasebacked, slightly stringy, brittle, fine grained, light green, round, finely flavored pods, 4 to 5 inches long. No early variety equals it in withstanding extremely wet or dry weather without serious injury. Holds pods well up off the ground. We recommend it to you fully for early plantings, if you wish to combine earliness, sureness of crop; quality and quantity. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$2.50. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$9.00. 100 Lbs., \$15.00.**

(23) Extra Early Black Valentine

A strain of Valentine bean in favor with market gardeners, both for nearby markets and long distance shipping. Seemingly this bean will stand earlier planting than other varieties on account of its greater hardiness and its resistance to bad weather conditions. Beautiful large dark green pods about 6 inches long, slender, round and nearly straight; stringy, fibrous, fine grained. Plant is more vigorous and productive than Red Valentine and pods darker green; seeds black. Especially desirable in Florida and along the Gulf Coast. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$2.75. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$9.60. 100 Lbs., \$16.00.**

(13) Improved Round Pod Refugee

1000 TO 1 BEAN—Similar to Excelsior Refugee, except ten days to two weeks later in bearing. Immensely heavy yielder, with light green pods of fine quality and that hold up well in long distance shipments. Pods are 5 to 5½ inches long, somewhat slender, round and slightly curved; almost stringless and fine grained. Also good for a canning bean. Especially resistant to drought, cold and unfavorable growing conditions. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$2.75. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$9.60. 100 Lbs., \$16.00.**

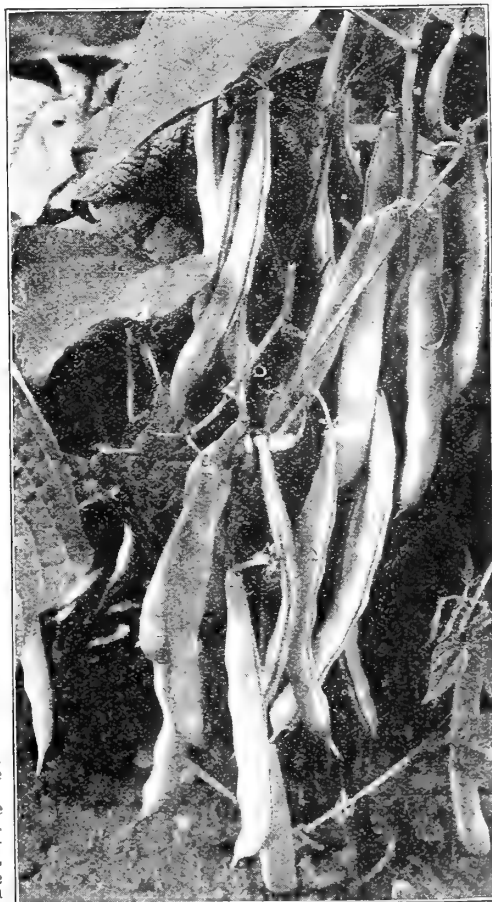
(25) Hastings' Extra Early Red Valentine (Round Podded)

The most largely planted variety of bush beans in the South; a splendid early, heavy-bearing variety, well adapted to all parts of the South for market or home use. Caution should always be used in the purchase of Red Valentine beans on account of the large quantities of flat-podded, tough, shucky beans that are sold every year, largely through local merchants and seedsmen, whose inducement to buy is largely a lower price. You can't afford to take a chance with beans for market use and certainly no one wants inferior beans for the home table.

If you plant Hastings' Valentine beans you are safe in this respect and sure of beans of the right quality. Ours is the true, round-podded stock, very early, a vigorous grower and very heavy bearer of medium-sized, round, tender, finely flavored medium green pods 4½ inches long; slightly stringy. It is very uniform in ripening and Southern truck growers consider our Red Valentine very profitable for shipment. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$2.25. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$8.40. 100 Lbs., \$14.00.**



(6) Hastings' Stringless Green Pod Beans



(14) Hastings' Excelsior Extra Early Refugee. One of the Very Best and Paying Varieties of Garden Beans

(25) Hastings' Extra Early Red Valentine Beans

HASTING'S WAX PODDED BUSH BEANS



Wax beans have a delicious creamy or buttery flavor. Try them.

(20) Sure Crop Wax Beans

tember. snap beans were not to be had from any of the truck growers. All beans apparently had quit bearing and dried up.

One day during this bean famine a farmer with a good-sized wagon load of "snap" beans stopped in front of our Atlanta store and it wasn't long until he sold out his load at the rate of \$2.00 per bushel. He had the Georgian Pole Bean.

It makes a strong growing vine either for trailing on poles or for planting in corn, and is fairly covered with medium sized, meaty, practically stringless pods of finest flavor and quality. Its greatest value, however, is its great resistance to drought and heat. It is a bean to stay with you late in the season, giving both satisfaction and plenty of beans under late summer and fall conditions when beans are always scarce. Notice the picture on the right. It is a single vine of our Georgian Pole Bean. Seed is scarce and no large quantities will be offered this year. Packet, 15c. We advise your ordering (18) Hastings' Genuine Cornfield Bean this year.

Wax, Yellow or Cream Podded Garden Beans are far more popular than green podded varieties in many sections of the country. Their nice, clean appearance and their meaty and creamy or buttery flavor are really delicious as well as a very wholesome vegetable. Try these in your garden this year. You will like them.

We have discontinued sale on Hodson Wax and Valentine Wax because they are not to be compared with the varieties listed below, which are the best, most popular and as satisfactory beans as you can grow. They are equal in every way to the green podded beans and in addition have the flavor and rich, attractive, creamy white color that is so desirable for the table.

(20) Sure Crop Stringless Wax We believe the finest wax bean ever introduced. It is very prolific and of the finest eating qualities. The handsome rich looking yellow pods are 6 to 7 inches long, very thick, very meaty and sweet flavored; stringless at all stages of growth. Plants are upright in growth, healthy and vigorous. This is the best wax bean we recommend for the garden. Notice the picture. They are beautiful in appearance and as fine a garden bean as you can grow. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(16) Wardwells Kidney Wax One of the most popular wax bush beans for market or home use. Extra early, maturing with favorable weather in 5 to 6 weeks. A most vigorous grower, producing heavy crops of long showy pods, 5½ to 6 inches long, of a beautiful white, waxy appearance. Tender, stout, straight and flat, fleshy, brittle and fine grained, of fine flavor and almost stringless. In shipping it holds up much better than most wax varieties. We sell more Wardwells Wax than any other wax bean which shows its great popularity and the general satisfaction it gives in the South. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(29) Davis White Wax Immensely productive market gardeners' variety, bearing large, beautiful clear bright yellow, waxy, almost straight, flat, stringy pods, 6 to 7 inches long. It holds up splendidly and sells at top prices on its handsome appearance. In quality not equal to others, but the white kidney shaped seeds make it a first-class variety for a shell bean for winter use, and as such should be grown in family gardens. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(30) Rust-Proof Golden Wax Our improved strain of Golden Wax, rust-proof to a remarkable degree; early, thick-flat, yellow, perfectly stringless, clean and fine flavor. Sometimes throws a tendril or runner. This rust resisting quality is especially desirable in wax beans for appearance sake alone. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(32) Prolific Black Wax Bean An extra prolific strain of the old favorite German Black Wax. A larger and better grower and a much heavier bearer than the old original variety. If you liked the old German Black Wax beans this new strain will certainly give you even more satisfaction in your garden. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

Hastings' Real Cornfield Beans

(18) HASTINGS' GENUINE CORNFIELD BEAN There are many so-called cornfield beans, but they have been generally unsatisfactory, not growing as vigorously as they should in the shade of the corn stalks. Hastings' Genuine Cornfield is entirely satisfactory in manner of growth, heavy-bearing qualities, tenderness and fine flavor. If you want a bean for planting in the corn, this is certainly the variety that you can plant with full assurance that it will give you exactly the kind of results you are looking for. It is green podded, producing beans about 6 inches long, round and well filled. This bean has never been offered by any other seed house. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(35) HASTINGS' WHITE CORNFIELD BEAN There is a big demand for good cornfield

beans and our white-seeded variety is beyond question the best of the cornfield types, good in the "snap" stage and good as a dry shell bean for winter use. There are many so-called cornfield beans but few of them actually make good when planted in the shade of corn. This one makes good. A heavy and long continued bearer of finely flavored, good sized, meaty green pods. You will not be disappointed in this bean. Packet, 15 cents. Seed very scarce. No larger quantities offered this year.

(36) GEORGIAN POLE BEAN THE GREAT CORNFIELD BEAN

Several years ago during a period of extreme heat and drought in September, snap beans were not to be had from any of the truck growers. All beans apparently had quit bearing and dried up.

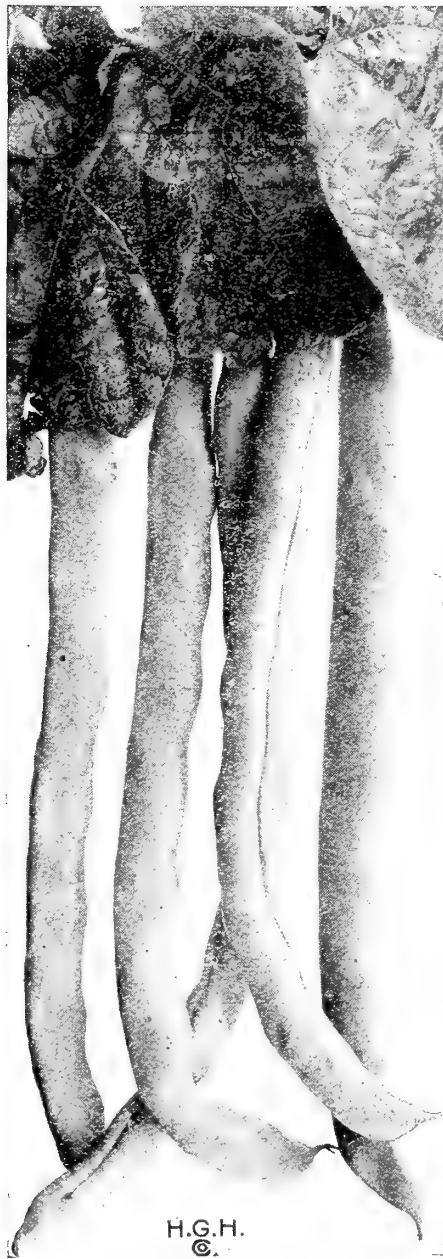
One day during this bean famine a farmer with a good-sized wagon load of "snap" beans stopped in front of our Atlanta store and it wasn't long until he sold out his load at the rate of \$2.00 per bushel. He had the Georgian Pole Bean.

It makes a strong growing vine either for trailing on poles or for planting in corn, and is fairly covered with medium sized, meaty, practically stringless pods of finest flavor and quality. Its greatest value, however, is its great resistance to drought and heat. It is a bean to stay with you late in the season, giving both satisfaction and plenty of beans under late summer and fall conditions when beans are always scarce. Notice the picture on the right. It is a single vine of our Georgian Pole Bean. Seed is scarce and no large quantities will be offered this year. Packet, 15c. We advise your ordering (18) Hastings' Genuine Cornfield Bean this year.



Single Vine of Hastings' Real Cornfield Beans

McCaslan Pole Bean



(26) McCaslan—The Best Pole Bean

(26) This superb pole bean of Georgia origin, introduced by us in 1912, has been acknowledged by every seed trade expert who has seen it as the best pole bean in existence, the one pole bean, as one of them said, that "beats Kentucky Wonder." If you once plant it you will fully agree with Mr. J. H. Sheffield, of Wingate, Miss., who wrote us: "McCaslan bean surpasses anything in the bean line I ever saw."

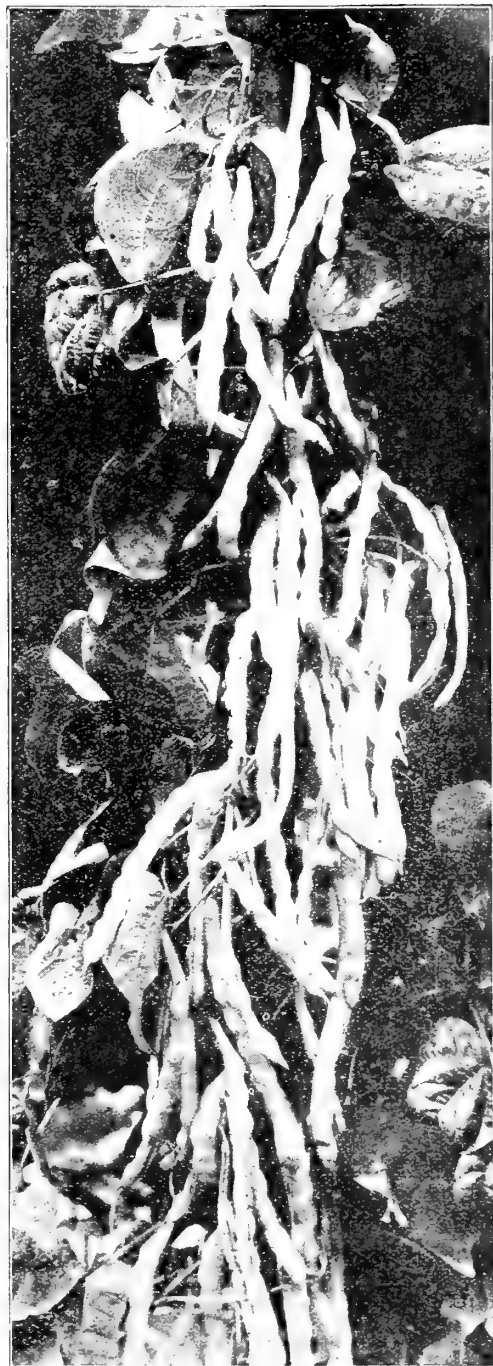
It is the heaviest bearing bean in existence. The large size pods fill perfectly and in the "snap" stage are deep green in color, meaty, stringless and of delicious flavor. Vines continue to bear throughout the season if kept closely picked. When allowed to ripen the shell beans of pure white color are most excellent for winter use. The McCaslan is a pole snap bean that no Southern home garden can afford to be without. It's the one pole bean for any Southern garden and you will never regret planting it. It is unbeatable. Packet, 15c. ½ Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. 2 Lbs., 90c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.75. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$13.80. 100 Lbs., or over, 23c per Lb.

(15) Texas Prolific, Old Homestead, Kentucky Wonder

This superb pole snap bean is known under all three of these names. It is a most profitable pole, green, snap bean for you to plant any time from April to August. Bears in sixty to seventy days from planting, and if closely picked will continue bearing until frost. Pods are green, round, well rounded out, meaty, tender, practically stringless and grow 6 to 12 inches long. Immensely prolific, a peck having often been picked from a single vine, our illustration giving a splendid idea of its productiveness. If you have grown it before you need not be told its value. If you have never grown it, plant, at least, a few of them this year, for you will certainly be pleased. Old Homestead and McCaslan are the greatest beans in existence and Old Homestead is a great old standby and favorite. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., or over, 18c per Lb.

(5) Kentucky Wonder Wax

This is really a wax or yellow podded form of Kentucky Wonder, equal in every respect to that famous variety. Pods are long, very thick, meaty, deeply saddle-backed, entirely stringless and of bright yellow color. If you like the buttery wax colored beans and most people do, you certainly must plant this wonderful heavy bearing pole bean. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. No larger quantities will be offered this year.



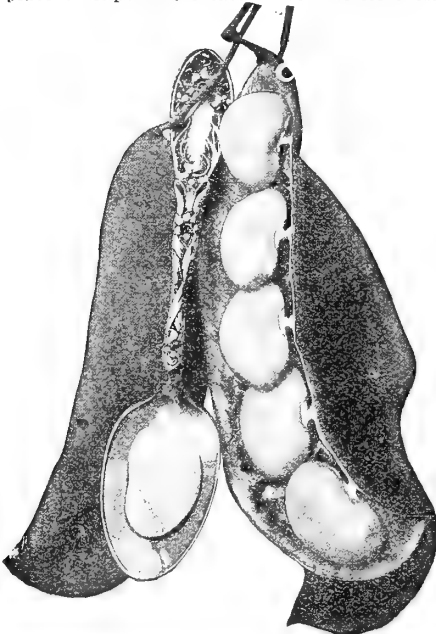
Texas Prolific—Old Homestead—Kentucky Wonder

(28) WHITE MEXICAN PROLIFIC TREE BEAN

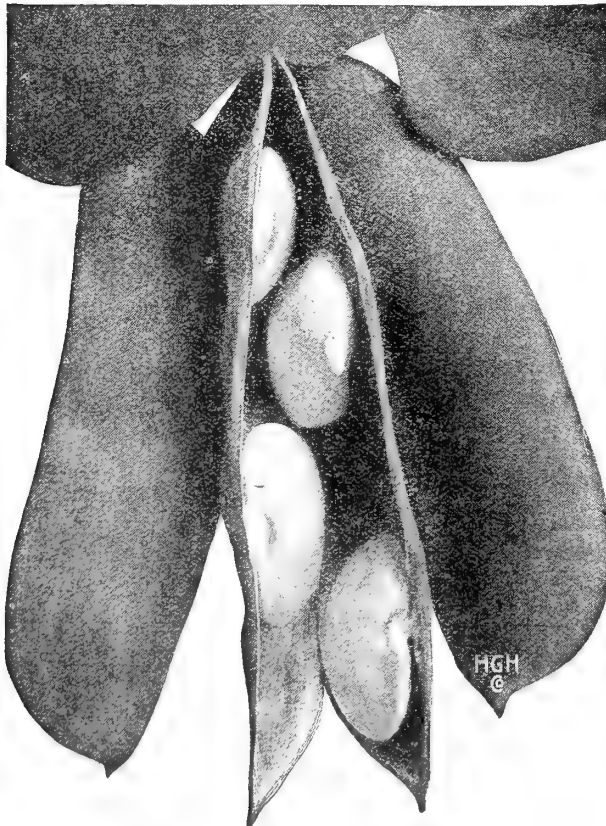
Not a Pole Bean. Why should you buy white or navy beans at the store for winter use when planting anywhere from one to four pounds (according to the size of your family) of White Mexican beans will give you an ample supply? The White Mexican is an adapted variety of the Navy bean, and of which the South buys hundreds of carloads each year from Michigan and New York. You can just as easily grow these beans for yourself, and you will find the White Mexican entirely satisfactory for this purpose anywhere in the South. Plants of erect growth, holding pods well up off the ground, although in seasons with plenty of rain there is a tendency to throw some runners. Ordinarily plants grow 20 to 24 inches high, branching in all directions. Plant in rows about 2 feet apart, leaving single plants 6 to 8 inches apart in row. Can be used either as a snap bean or dry as a shell bean. "Baked Beans" make one of the most satisfactory dishes that can be placed on the table. Use White Mexican for this purpose. Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

PLANT HASTING'S BUTTER BEANS

You no doubt use many Butter or Lima Beans in your home. They make one of the finest foods we have and can largely take the place of expensive meats if we will let them.



(7) Henderson Bush Lima Beans



(33) Fordhook Bush Lima—Thick Seeded Butter Bean

In the green stage, when nice and tender, they are far superior to Snap Beans in eating quality and also after fully mature they can be gathered and kept for dry shell beans to use the whole year. It's absolutely foolish to buy dry beans for cooking all through the year when you can grow all you need for the whole family in a few garden rows. The bush varieties need no staking or poles and are just as easy to grow as snap beans. The pole varieties are just as easy to grow as pole snap beans.

We want you as well as all our other patrons to grow everything possible in the food line in your garden this and every year. Then the garden will pay for itself many times over and you will find Butter Beans well worth extensive planting.

(17) Jackson Wonder Bush Lima Bean Most prolific of all bush limas; of Georgia origin and fully adapted to all parts of the South. Flourishes in driest weather and practically drought proof. Flavor rich and delicious. A perfect bush butter bean growing 10 inches to 2 feet high. Begins blooming early; continues to bear until frost kills the plants. Good for summer use or as a winter shell bean. Seed of brownish color. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(7) Henderson Bush Lima Smallest but most prolific of all the white seeded varieties, being a true bush form of the Small Lima or "Sieva." Very early, beginning to bear in about 60 days from planting and is one of the most popular varieties of butter beans for home, canning and market use. Pods are small, about 3 inches long, generally with 3 or 4 small, flat, white beans. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs., \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(33) Fordhook Bush Lima Generally considered the best of the large seeded bush lima varieties. Bushes of strictly erect habit, branching freely with all the branches held upright. This is a true bush form of what is known as the potato or large, thick seeded, bush lima. From four to six days earlier than other varieties of this class. Pods about 5 inches long are found in clusters of four to eight and are well filled with 4 to 5 delicious large beans that in quality surpass by far all the other lima beans. You will make a mistake if you don't plant Fordhook Bush Lima. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., 55c. 2 Lbs., \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 35c per Lb. Write for larger quantity prices.

(34) Burpee Improved Bush Lima Bean A true and improved bush form of the large white lima pole bean with extra large seed beans. The plants are vigorous and productive; very large pods, 5 inches long, usually contain 4 large, thick beans of excellent quality. Seed shows a greenish white tinge which is considered a sign of superior quality. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., 50c. 2 Lbs., 90c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$4.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$15.00. 100 Lbs., \$25.00.

POLE LIMA OR BUTTER BEANS

(27) Florida Butter Bean

The only true pole lima sure to set pods from earliest of the season's blooms. It blooms and bears profusely all through the season instead of waiting for cool nights as do other pole lima varieties. Will make an abundant crop under seasonal conditions that cause other varieties to fail. Seeds of the Small Lima or "Sieva" size, but are speckled white and brownish red. It has been called to our attention that our Florida Butter Bean is resistant to the Bean Beetle. We cannot say for sure yet. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$12.00. 100 Lbs., \$20.00.

(9) Small White Lima

CAROLINA OR SIEVA BEAN—A climbing form, similar to Henderson Bush Lima and very popular. This variety is a continuous bearer and furnishes the most tender and delicious beans for the table. It's very prolific and a hardy grower for "butter beans" in the South. The 3 inch, dark green curved pods contain 3 to 4 creamy white beans. This is the most generally grown Butter Bean in the South. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.

(10) Large White Lima

Called KING OF THE GARDEN—The true large lima pole bean. Vigorous grower, with extra large greenish white beans. A late variety with pods about $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches long and very broad, borne in clusters and pods usually contain 4 beans. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—15 Lbs. (pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (bu.), \$10.80. 100 Lbs., \$18.00.



(27) Florida Butter Bean

Broccoli

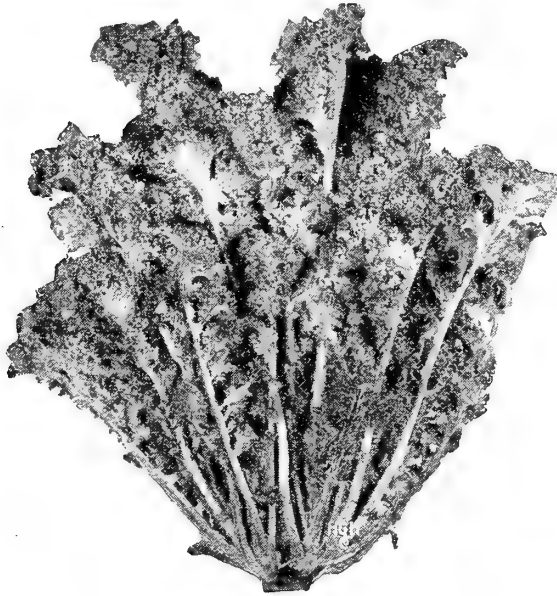
A vegetable very closely related to cauliflower, from which it is supposed to have come. Give the same culture as for cauliflower, and in the Southern States, unless you are an expert cauliflower grower, Broccoli will make a surer header for you. There are many also kept from growing cauliflower by the high price of the seed. To those we recommend Broccoli.

(56) White Cape Broccoli

The Cape Broccoli is the best type for the South and you will do well to have it in your garden this year. The plants are very hardy, vigorous and easily grown. The heads are white, compact, hard and of fine quality. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 35c. Oz., 60c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$2.00. Lb., \$7.50.

Brussels Sprouts

A very highly esteemed member of the cabbage family, especially desirable for the late summer and fall plantings in Florida and the Gulf Coast section. The "sprouts" are miniature cabbages growing closely on the stalk of the plant, a small head being formed at each leaf joint. Plants are quite hardy and live through the winter in all parts of the lower South. Quality and flavor much improved by frost. Sow seed in July, August or September and when plants are four to six inches high transplant to open ground and cultivate as for cabbage. Packet produces plants for 50 feet of row.



(200) Early Green Curled Kale or Borecole Plant

(59) Improved Dwarf

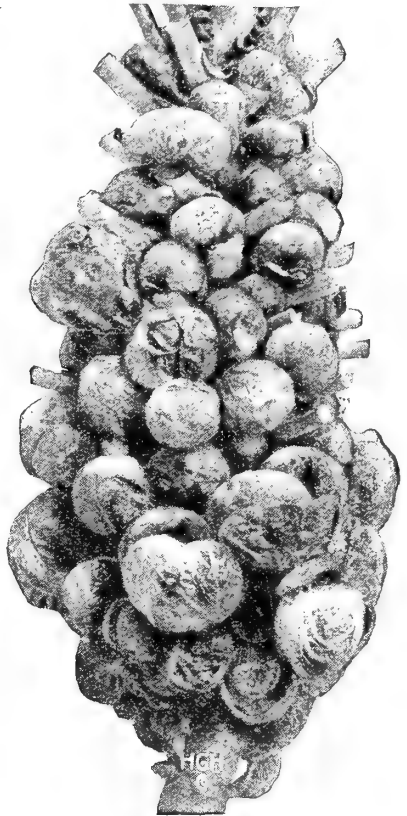
Brussels Sprouts—The most desirable variety in every way, growing 18 to 30 inches high and producing compact "sprouts" 1 to 2 inches in diameter of grayish green color. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

BORECOLE OR KALE

Hardy plant for winter greens. Plant in the early spring or fall.

(200) Early Green Curled Kale

Also variously known as "Dwarf German," "Dwarf Curled Scotch," and "Siberian." It is rather low growing, with fine curled leaves of deep green color. The young leaves are tender and delicate in flavor. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.



(59) Imp. Dwarf Brussels Sprouts

These snapshots show very small sections of Hastings' Trial Grounds in 1923. Thousands of varieties are grown in trials each year. Upper left photograph shows Bean trials; 254 kinds were tested in 1924. Upper right shows Radish and Beet trials. Lower left shows Gladioli; nearly 1,000 named varieties were grown and noted in 1924 trials. Lower right shows a few "ear to row" corn selections for improving a variety. About 4,000 different variety trials were planted and carefully noted on the Hastings' Plantation in 1924. This is done to select the best strains and varieties and insure your satisfaction in getting the best seeds.



HASTINGS' BEET SEED

Note The best beet seed in the world is grown in France. The best beet seed growers live in France, and Hastings' Beet seed of all varieties comes from the best of the French growers; beet seed which, when planted here in the South, makes the smoothest, cleanest, finest formed beets that can be grown.

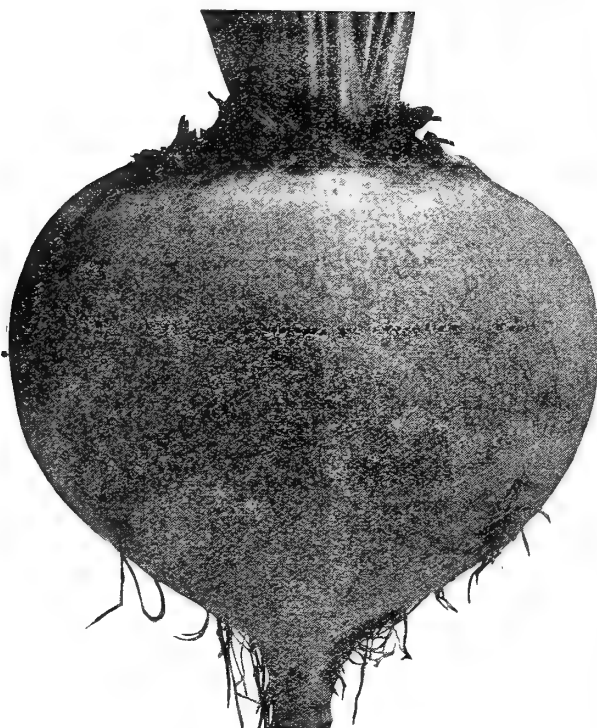
The South does not appreciate, plant and use beets as much as it should. Sown thickly the young plants when thinned out make splendid "greens." Planted any time from early spring to September 15th they make splendid young beets for summer, fall and early winter use.

Culture Sow in rich or well manured garden ground after same has been deeply plowed or spaded. Sow in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart, scattering seed thinly. In light sandy soils cover about 1 inch; in stiff or clay soils not over ½ inch. Sowing can begin as early as the ground can be worked in this latitude, and succession sowings made up to September 15th and even later farther south of us. In Florida sow from September to December. Seed is rough and the soil should be firmed or rolled if the ground is dry. When two or three inches high thin out to four or five inches apart in the row. Young beet plants are superior to spinach and turnips for "greens." Quantity of seed required: 1 ounce to 50 feet of row; 6 to 8 pounds per acre. Young beets ready for use in 50 to 70 days, according to variety.

(45) Hastings' Improved Blood Turnip Beet

Or Detroit Dark Red. This is the finest Beet grown and we recommend it fully. Most popular variety for home use and nearby markets. An improvement by our growers over the Early Blood Turnip Beet. Color a deep blood red. A fine even form, very uniform in growth, as shown in our illustration from a photograph; medium early and very productive, tender, free from stringiness and very sweet; good for either home or market use and most valuable variety for succession sowings. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, \$1.25 per Lb.

(50) Lentz's Extra Early Turnip Beet A variety that is a great favorite for market gardeners of Florida for shipments to Northern markets. Nearly as early as Egyptian, larger and of better quality. Color, light red and zoned with pink. Tender and sweet at all stages of growth. Often ready for use in 6 to 7 weeks from sowing. Productive and good shipper. This is an early beet, most satisfactory for home use or market. See picture on next page. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.



(45) Hastings' Improved Blood Turnip Beet

(42) Early Egyptian, Crosbys

Earliest of all varieties to plant and mature. Similar to the original Egyptian in extreme earliness but with small tops, flattened globe-shaped, smooth roots and bright red in color. Flesh bright vermillion red, zoned lighter, very sweet and of good quality. A very desirable table and bunching beet, very uniform in shape and color; not tough and stringy like the old Egyptian. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

(46) Hastings' Crimson King

Or Crimson Globe. Of turnip shape, very uniform in size, shape and color. Sweet and tender and in favorable seasons it has been ready for use in 6 weeks from time of sowing. A splendid second early and all-season beet; medium sized, globe shaped, smooth and without rootlets. The flesh is rich blood-red, sweet, tender and never becomes stringy. Extensively planted second early, main crop beet. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.

(40) Hastings' Eclipse Blood Turnip Beet

The most popular market gardeners' beet for the South as well as a favorite for home gardens. Fine form, smooth, and free from stringy roots. A rapid grower with small tops and a deep blood-red color which it retains fully after being cooked; quality extra fine, very sweet, crisp and tender. It is a heavy bearer, and its handsome appearance makes it an easy seller when placed on the market, either locally or after long distance shipments. This is an extra fine beet. Notice the picture. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, \$1.00 per Lb.

(44) Half-Long Blood Beet

A favorite for winter and spring use, intermediate length between our Improved Blood Turnip Beet and the Long Smooth. Color a deep blood red, smooth and free from stringy roots. It is excellent to slice for pickles. The tops are very upright with very smooth leaves. In quality it is tender and sweet and remains in good condition for a long time after maturity. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

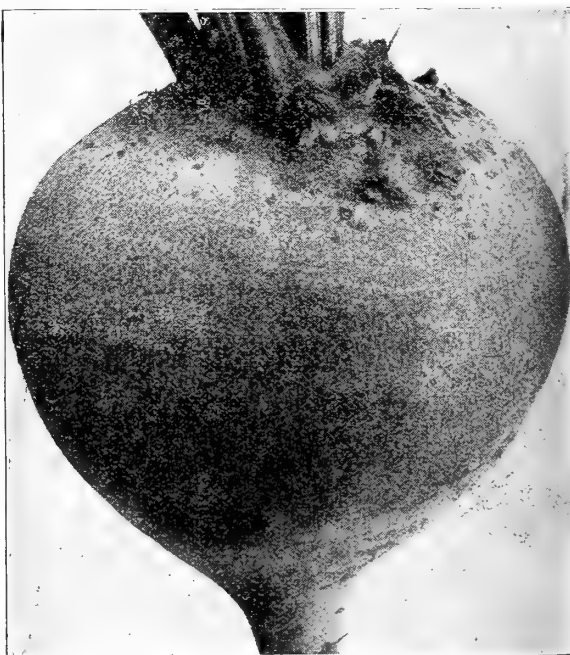
(49) Long Smooth Blood Beet

An old-time favorite in the South; has long, smooth, blood red roots growing well down into the soil, enabling it to resist drought and heat. This long, late, dark Blood Beet is of good quality and it keeps well through the winter. The smooth, rather slender beets have very few side roots and grow 8 to 10 inches long or even longer in very rich soil. Flesh is tender and sweet; an excellent sort for pickles. A few of these should be planted in every garden for use after all the other varieties are gone. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

(43) SWISS CHARD Beet

Probably no vegetable is coming into popular favor more rapidly than Swiss Chard, or Sea Kale as it is frequently called in Europe. It is grown for its leaves only, as it does not make a bulbous, edible root like the other varieties. The leaves grow large and upright and as the outer leaves are cut more come from the center.

The mid-rib or center stem of each leaf is large and almost white and after trimming can be cooked and served like asparagus. The leaf part can be cooked like spinach or turnip greens or if desired the whole leaf can be boiled and served as "greens." There is a delicious delicate flavor not found in either turnips or kale. See illustration on next page. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.



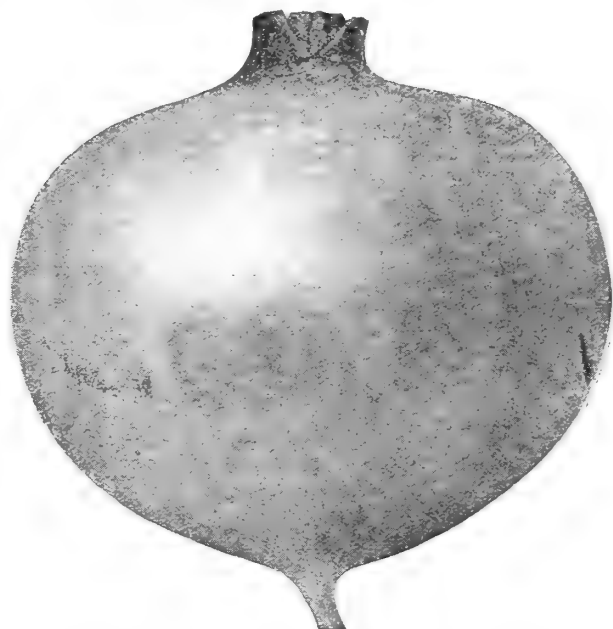
(40) Hastings' Eclipse Blood Turnip Beet

MANGEL AND HALF SUGAR MANGEL BEETS FOR STOCK

Every year sees a steady increase in the number of farmers in the South who plant, at least, a small crop of Mangels and Half-Sugar Mangels for stock feeding purposes. It is impossible to find crops that will give greater returns for the fertilizer and small amount of time expended than the Mangels, Half-Sugar Mangels and Belgian Carrots. All are immense yielders under good cultivation and make an agreeable change of food for any animal kept on dry forage in winter. With dairy cattle the increased flow of milk and generally improved condition of the animals show the great value of these crops. Plow the ground deeply, then harrow well until smooth. Sow seed in this latitude early in the spring, rows 2½ to 3 feet apart, and let grow all season. Use a naturally rich, deep soil or else fertilize heavily. Mangels and Half-Sugar Mangels are equally valuable. Where their value is known almost every farmer plants them each year. **Plant 8 pounds of seed per acre.**

(41) Jumbo Long Red Mangel Largest and heaviest yielder in the South for all the true Mangel beets. If you have never grown Mangels, try them this year. Roots grow from one-half to two-thirds above the surface and are usually eighteen inches to two feet long and four to six inches in diameter. The tonnage, or yield, per acre on rich or well fertilized ground is something immense. The Jumbo Mangel or the White French Half-Sugar Mangel ought to be planted on every farm in the South where cows are kept through the winter. They are certainly the greatest stock feeds you can find and the increased flow of milk through the winter makes the growing and feeding well worth your while. **Ounce, 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 40c per Lb.**

(51) White French Half-Sugar Mangel
We would have a difficult task if we had to make a choice between this and the Jumbo Long Red



(50) Lentz's Extra Early Turnip Beet—Described on Page 10

to plant some of both. While possibly not quite as heavy a yielder per acre as the Jumbo Long Red its very considerable sugar content makes it especially valuable in fattening cattle and insuring a flow of richer milk in dairy or milk cows. It is as easily grown in the South as the garden variety of beet and should be left in the ground until frost to secure the largest yields. Roots are very large, of oval shape, with smooth, clean skin, and grow with the tops of the bulbs two or three inches above ground and consequently are easily pulled. We recommend a general planting of both this and the Jumbo Mangel for they are both worth while on any farm where cows are kept. **Ounce, 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 40c per Lb.**

HASTINGS' COMBINATION SALAD

(280) "Greens" or "Salad" is wanted more than anything else we sell for late summer and fall plantings. Most people like a variety of greens for both spring and fall plantings and just lots of our good customers in and around Atlanta come in our local store and ask us to mix them up a combination of several kinds of greens. They like to plant them all at the same time, either in rows or broadcast, and have good tender greens for boiling for a long time.

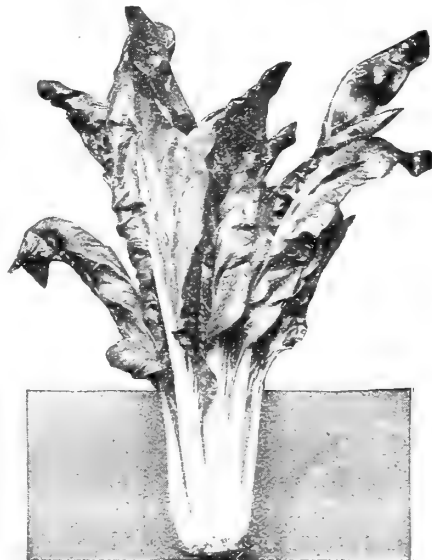
There really is a distinct advantage in having a combination. A whole lot of Turnip Greens or a whole lot of Mustard or Rape or Kale easily gets tiresome to eat when it is on the table every day. When the four salad vegetables are served together you not only have your favorite but also you have an entirely different salad, a flavor of each but a combined taste that will make you like "greens" more than ever.

Upon request by so many local customers we mix in well balanced proportions these four splendid "greens" and now keep it in stock already mixed at all times. This is so much more satisfactory than taking a packet of each and pouring them together. More Rape comes in a regular packet than Kale or Mustard and so the proportions would be wrong, and also a person desiring only a dime's worth wants and should have just as good a mixture as another who might want several pounds of seed.

Our customers with small gardens, and most town gardens are small, haven't space enough for several kinds of greens when they also want beans, peas, tomatoes, squash, peppers, beets, carrots, radishes, Brussels sprouts, lettuce, etc. To these we particularly recommend Hastings' Combination Salad. However, our farm customers also want a variety of greens and many of them prefer to grow as well as to boil them together. The big majority of home gardens on the farms are so small that many town gardens put them to shame, and it sure is a shame, but in a small or a large home garden we believe you will like this nicely balanced Combination Salad for some mighty good boiled greens this summer and fall. Hastings' Combination Salad is our own mixture of Turnip, Mustard, Kale or Borecole and Rape—properly proportioned to give you some fine boiled dinners within a few weeks and many more until you've eaten them all up.

Price—Ounce, 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

Notice Take full advantage of our Free Flower Seed offer on the inside front cover page and be sure to get your full money's worth in extra Seed Premiums. See this valuable offer on the back of the yellow order sheet.



(43) Swiss Chard Beet—See Page 10



(41) Jumbo Long Red Mangel

Hastings' Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants

These cabbage plants will stand frost with little or no damage and will generally stand light freezes, but when a hard freeze comes, or when we have a fall drought followed by continued winter rains as in 1919-20 we lose all our plants and have none to sell. However, we don't expect any such winter this year and we do expect to provide our customers with a plenty of these hardy plants this year.

In 1919 we only sold these plants in small postpaid quantities, not believing that we had enough growing to sell in express lots. Nevertheless, it took 16,868,700 cabbage plants to fill these small orders. In 1920 we received orders for over 40,000,000 and for this season we have prepared for 100,000,000. The Hastings' reputation is behind these cabbage plants the same as our seeds and you can depend on their "making good." We advise as early an order for cabbage plants as you consider safe in your particular locality.

To the Market Gardener who grows cabbage for shipment or nearby markets, earliness or quick maturity of the crop is a prime necessity if largest profits from the market are to be secured.

To the Home Gardener who wants earliness in maturity together with avoiding all the trouble of cabbage seed sowing and necessary protection of early sown seed and plants, our practically frost and freeze-proof cabbage plants are both a convenience and a necessity.

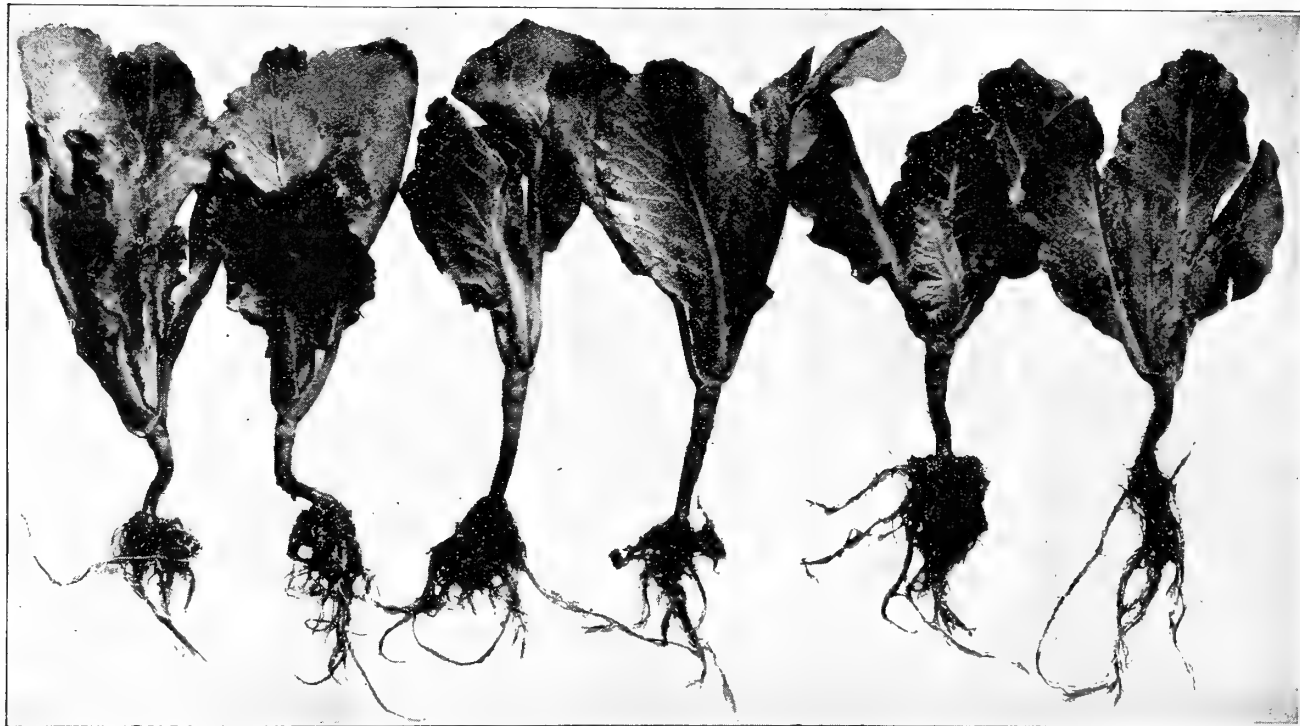
Along the South Carolina coast are a number of well protected islands that never feel the cold spells of winter as we do here in the Central South. In that locality the cabbage seed is sown in the fall and makes a slow and vigorous, hardy growth all during the winter in the open ground. These plants can be planted anywhere in the Central South between January 15th and March 15th with safety, which is impossible with hot bed or greenhouse grown cabbage plants or even those grown outdoors in Florida, South Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Texas.

The use of these open air, practically frost-proof plants often enables the gardener to put full-grown heads of cabbage on the market two or three weeks ahead, and naturally he gets the early season top prices for his crop.

To mature good heads the plant must not be too old when shipped. Over on the Carolina Coast Islands are a number of cabbage growers who plant for a surplus of cabbage plants so as to insure having enough plants for their own use in setting out their fields. If everything goes right they have more plants than they need and offer them for sale to you and others. What they get out of these surplus plants is so much clear money.

Here is the real important point, however. Once a cabbage plant gets too old before it is transplanted it is very apt to run to seed instead of producing a good head of cabbage.

You can't afford to take chances and you don't with Hastings'. Order plants about two weeks before time to set them out.



Hastings' Open Ground Grown, Practically Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants. They Are Hardy.

Varieties: Early Jersey Wakefield, Large Charleston Wakefield, Copenhagen Market, Succession and Early Flat Dutch Cabbage Plants---Parcel Post Prepaid

These are the early varieties to plant for the high price early market Cabbage and also for the earliest home garden Cabbage.

Notice! No C. O. D. Shipments

We will mail these plants at the "Postpaid Prices" named below to any address in the United States except in California. All plants must be paid for in advance. ABSOLUTELY No Plants will be sent C. O. D. by mail or express.

Postpaid Prices

100 Plants of any of the above varieties, 50 cents, postpaid. No order for less than 100 plants of the same variety filled. All orders for less than 500 of the same variety take the 100 rate.

500 Cabbage Plants, all of the same variety, \$1.60. 1,000 or more of the same variety, \$3.00 per 1,000, postpaid to your address.

Not Prepaid Prices

By express only, not prepaid—F. O. B. Growing Station—1,000 to 3,000 plants, \$2.00 per thousand. 5,000 or over, \$1.50 per thousand. ABSOLUTELY No Plants shipped by mail at these prices. Remember, these are hardy, outdoor, slow-grown frost-proof plants that will generally stand light freezes and down to 20 degrees. They are more than worth the prices named. Order them by the hundred, not 250 or 350, but 100, 200, 300, etc. We pay the postage to any address except in California. Plant orders are shipped direct from our growing station, immediately after being "pulled" or dug, and separate from seed orders.

Onion Plants

Hastings' Bermuda and Hastings' Prizetaker Onion Plants are listed on Page 36 at the same prices as our Cabbage Plants. They are even more hardy than Cabbage Plants and will stand light freezes without injury. The long cold and wet season further north, where onion sets are grown caused soft onion sets that would not carry in storage over winter. There will be an attempt to carry over some sets but it is impossible on Bermudas, barely possible on white sets and yellow sets will be extremely poor. Our Onion plants are far better anyway than any sets, good season or bad. Plant them this year.

250,000 PLANT HASTINGS' CABBAGE



(118) Copenhagen Market—Earliest Large Round Cabbage

A quarter of a million is a large number of people, yet a few thousand more than that plant Hastings' Cabbage Seed of different varieties every year. Since we started in business in 1889 we have made a specialty of the very highest grade of American grown cabbage seed. In our seed crops, every head of cabbage is most carefully inspected before it is allowed to produce seed for us. **We know it is right.** We have only one grade—the very best that can be grown—and the buyer of a 5 or 10-cent packet gets exactly the same quality as the big trucker or market gardener buying in 50 to 100-pound lots. We believe that the man planting a home garden for his family's use is entitled to just as good seed quality as is the market gardener who plants for market. If you want to be successful in growing cabbage, you must plant the right cabbage seed, and the Hastings' quality is exactly what will please you and pay you, this year and every year.

CABBAGE CULTURE For home gardens the seed for early cabbage can be sown in boxes very early, kept in sheltered spots and covered when there is danger of freezes. Later plantings may be made in open ground as early as ground can be worked. Work soil in seed beds as fine as possible. Beds should be slightly raised for drainage. Do not fertilize soil in seed beds to make it any richer than the open ground in which the crop is to be grown.

Sow seed in drills 6 inches apart across the bed, dropping the seed 5 or 6 to the inch. Thicker sowings than this means spindling, unhealthy plants. Cover seed about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in heavy soils, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in light sandy soils; firm the soil after covering and then water the bed thoroughly. Keep beds moist but not soaking wet. Seed germinates in 3 to 8 days, according to weather. Keep young plants growing steadily from the start. When plants have made the fourth or fifth pair of leaves transplant to open ground.

Hastings' Big 4 Cabbage Collection, 25c Postpaid

"Big 4" Finest Varieties Four varieties: Copenhagen Market, Long Island Wakefield, Hastings' Genuine Surehead and Centennial Late Flat Dutch have been known for years as HASTINGS' "Big 4" and planted by tens of thousands of Southern gardeners. It has given an all season's supply of cabbage, early, medium and late for everyone who has planted it. At catalog prices these four packets of the best varieties would cost you 40 cents. We will send you these four packets for 25 cents, postpaid. In buying our "Big 4" Cabbage Collection you get the biggest and best bargain in cabbage seed ever offered by any seed house. Include it in your order this spring. If you don't want to plant all the varieties this spring the seed will be all right for summer and early fall planting. While our Centennial Flat Dutch and Surehead are both first-class for early spring planting they are equally good for summer and early fall plantings. You will make no mistake in ordering HASTINGS' "BIG 4" Cabbage Collection this spring. It is great value for the money and you can't get HASTINGS' SEEDS anywhere but direct from HASTINGS'. Don't wait, expecting to go up to your merchant at planting time and get them. They won't be there. HASTINGS' SEEDS are never put up in boxes to be sold in the stores. Buy direct from us in Atlanta. You will then know exactly what you are getting—the BEST.

(118) Copenhagen Market Heads exceptionally large for this extra early variety, solid and of excellent quality. Growth vigorous but compact, short stem, upright and with few outer leaves. Heads nearly round, medium light green, thick and smooth. Practically as early as Early Jersey Wakefield and undoubtedly the best of its type, equally valuable for home and market gardens. Packet, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(110) Hastings' Centennial Flat Dutch Cabbage

Notice our illustration from a photograph of a head of our Centennial Flat Dutch. This cabbage during the last few years has made some wonderful records in Florida, Mississippi and Texas both from spring and fall plantings, and it will do the same for you. Hastings' Centennial Late Flat Dutch, the best main crop, heavy producing strain of Late Flat Dutch, is to cabbage growers what Hastings' Pro-life is to corn growers. While we do not recommend it for an early cabbage, for main crop and late it is about the best you can plant. The only objection we ever heard is that on very rich ground it grows too large. This can be controlled by planting rather close in the row. Good for either spring or fall planting, being remarkably hardy, vigorous and resistant to both heat and cold. We sell more of this to cabbage growers for shipment in Gulf Coast sections than all other varieties combined. For home gardens, Centennial is unexcelled for later use after early varieties are gone. Its vigor makes it especially valuable to grow under unfavorable conditions. If you have planted it before you know this. If not, plant some this spring and see what real good cabbage is. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.



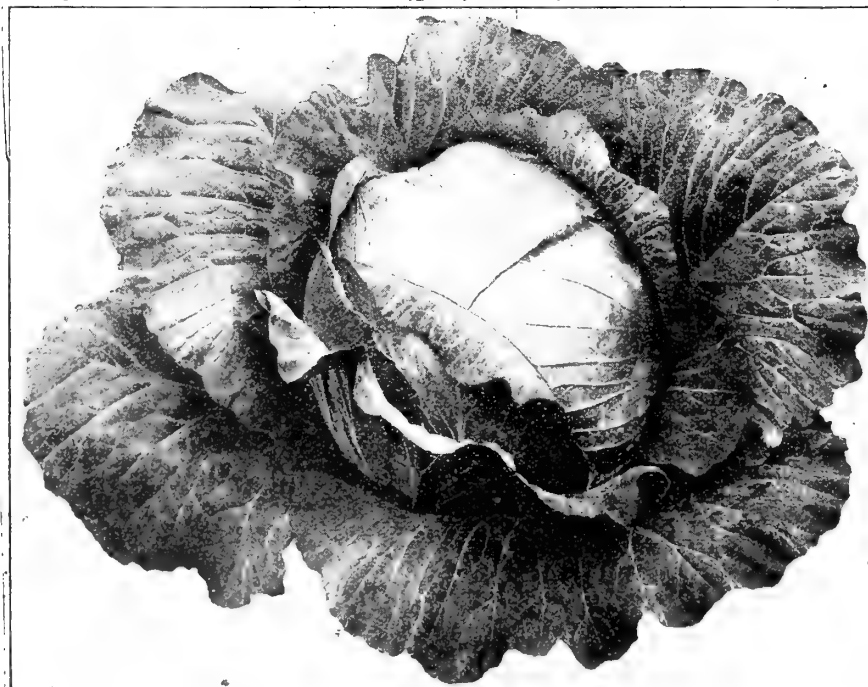
(110) Hastings' Centennial Late Flat Dutch—The Greatest Cropper Known

Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage Seed



(105) Hastings' Long Island Wakefield, the Best Large Early Pointed Cabbage of All

(105) Hastings' Famous Long Island Wakefield Cabbage Largest, earliest and surest header of all the larger Wakefield varieties. Earlier, larger and finer bred than other strains of Charleston Wakefield, 1½ to 2 pounds heavier, firmer, better shaped and more solid than our selected Early Jersey Wakefield. In good soil and favorable weather conditions in the spring it is often ready for use in 50 days from transplanting. It is the right variety for those desiring the best pointed cabbage for shipment and it makes a splendid first early cabbage for home use. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$2.75.**



(101) Hastings' Sure Crop—Our Largest Medium Early Flat Cabbage

(106) Early Jersey Wakefield cabbage has always been popular for a first early cabbage in the South. Our growers have worked with this variety for years and we now have a strain that is surpassed by none, regardless of price at which the seed is sold. If you are growing the Early Wakefield you need Hastings' strain of seed. Exceedingly hardy, resisting cold and other unfavorable conditions. Plants are compact, erect, slightly spreading and with few outer leaves that are smooth, thick and dark green. Heads are medium sized, very solid, uniformly pointed and of excellent quality. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$2.75.**

(107) Charleston Wakefield

Similar to the Early Jersey Wakefield, about two weeks later in maturing and weighs about one pound more to the head. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$2.75.**

(122) Early Summer Second early, round, somewhat flattened home garden and market cabbage coming in 10 days to two weeks later than the Jersey Wakefield. Solid; uniform in size and shape. **Packet, 5 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(115) Florida Drumhead

Earliest and best of all the early Drumhead varieties for the South. Resists well both heat and cold. A short stemmed, medium early variety; grows compactly, and a favorite for market, shipment and home use; large head, well flattened on top. Don't think that the name implies its use only in Florida. It is the earliest and best Early Drumhead for all the Southern States. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(100) All Seasons A favorite which improved in the past few years. A reliable header, resisting heat and drought well and valuable for spring planting. The heads are nearly round or somewhat flattened, very solid and of excellent quality. **Packet, 5 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(103) Perfection

Tenderest and finest flavored variety of cabbage. Does not head well in hot weather, hence should be planted in July and August for heading in fall and early winter. Leaves are savoyed or somewhat crumpled. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.**

(104) Early Winningstadt

An old favorite medium early, very pointed cabbage. For home garden use only. **Packet, 5 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(117) Blood Red

Best red cabbage for the South. Medium size and a sure heading variety. Most largely used for pickling purposes. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.**

(101) HASTINGS' SURE CROP MEDIUM EARLY

Earliest of all the large, round, flat varieties. We have sold Sure Crop since 1893 in every Southern State and it is planted every year by more people than any other variety with the exception of our Genuine Sure Head. Adapted for both spring and fall plantings, for shipment, for nearby markets and home use. On good soil, with proper cultivation, the heads weigh from 8 to 12 pounds, very firm and solid, uniform in shape and size, well flattened on top. In quality it is most excellent, being crisp and tender and when rightly cared for scarcely a plant will fail to form a good, marketable head. Color a very dark green, holding up splendidly in shipment. Well adapted for spring planting in all parts of the South, except South Florida, where fall planting only is advised. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

HASTINGS' GENUINE SUREHEAD CABBAGE

(120) We have sold tens of thousands of pounds of seed of this variety, and it is the most popular variety for main crop that we catalog. Our special strain of Surehead never fails to make fine, large, solid heads with few outer leaves, as shown in our illustration. Surehead is the result of a cross between the Early Flat Dutch and a hardy Drumhead variety and has the good points of both combined. A strong, vigorous grower, maturing for main crop, and is very uniform in size, shape and color. Good for spring planting everywhere in the South and one of the best for late summer planting in the Central South and fall planting in the Lower South for maturing in winter and fall. It is hardy, a splendid keeper and good shipper. Invaluable for home garden and one of the best for market use. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(125) Steins Early Flat Dutch Next to our Centennial Late Flat Dutch the most popular cabbage in South Texas and Gulf Coast sections for a market and shipping variety. This is a splendid strain of Flat Dutch cabbage, just a little later than other Early Flat Dutch varieties, just a little earlier than Centennial. For best results a trucker should divide his crop between the two, for it will insure a longer shipping season, the Centennial immediately following Steins in maturing. **Packet, 5 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(116) Succession Long a favorite with Southern market gardeners and shippers. A good second early, following in maturity varieties like our All Head-Early and Sure Crop, and is a splendid general-purpose cabbage for both spring and fall planting. Medium to large size, solid and a reliable header. One of our biggest sellers. **Packet, 5 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(102) North Carolina Buncombe A firm, solid header. A splendid keeper and favorite winter and spring cabbage in the Carolinas. **Packet, 5 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

(111) Danish Ball Head A handsome, hardy, late sized, very hard heads. A splendid cabbage to plant for late maturity. The only objection that can be raised to this variety is the irregular character of growth of the plant, which, however, does not seem to effect its valuable, hard-heading qualities. Delicious. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.**

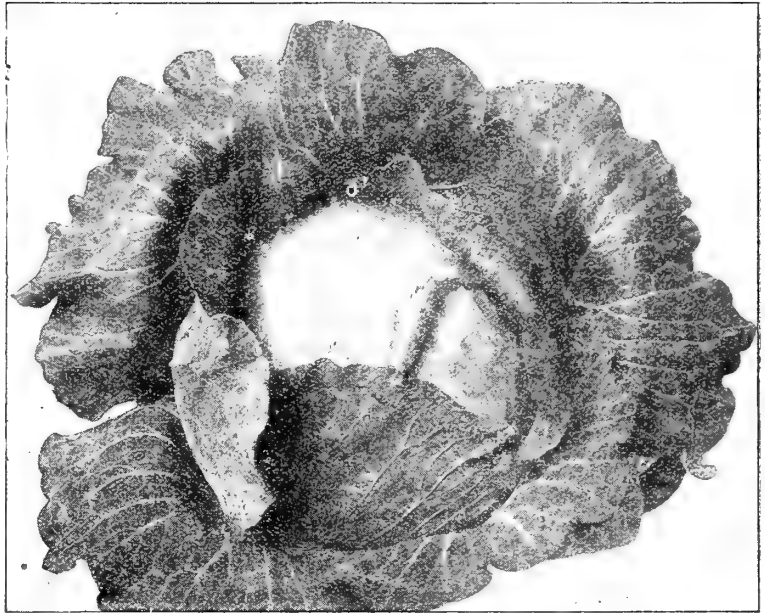
CHINESE CABBAGE

PE TSAI—Sometimes called **Wong Bok**, **Lun Ga Bak** and **Celery Cabbage**. This extra fine vegetable of the cabbage family from the Orient is in a class by itself, the finest in flavor and quality of all cabbages. The outer leaves are long but look like ordinary cabbage in texture. Stripping off the outer leaves, you have an appetizing picture of lettuce and celery combined—cool, crisp and inviting.

Shredded, it outclasses the finest cabbage slaw or dressed, it easily beats raw cabbage salad. It's fine for a combination salad and the midribs are just as enjoyable as celery, or asparagus. When cooked in any cabbage manner it is delicious and also sweet.

Hundreds of carloads of Chinese Cabbage are being shipped to Eastern markets and it has an all-year-round market sale. Planted early, it is easily grown in the home garden and if a little care is taken in tying up the leaves it blanches beautifully to a creamy white, has almost a sweet flavor, very mild and pleasant. The leaves have large, tender midribs to cut up for salads or to cook like asparagus. Cultivate like cabbage.

(126) Pe Tsai, Chokurei The leading and most popular and satisfactory variety for all Southern planting whether for home use or for market. Large outside leaves with a yellowish color; inner leaves well rounded, resembling Cos Lettuce when mature. The heart is pure white, tender, sweet and delicate in taste. The young leaves are very popular for salad use. It is very hardy and will keep through the winter to early spring if stored in a good cellar. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.**



(120) Hastings' Genuine Surehead Cabbage

(121) All-Head Early The illustration just below of All-Head was reproduced from a photograph of a single head of this variety grown by one of the market gardeners near Atlanta. You will agree with us that it is a head of cabbage hard to beat. All-Head Early is an early flat head variety, a sure header with half a chance and well named "All-Head" on account of its few outer leaves. One week earlier than the famous Early Summer and is the finest in existence for a medium-sized flat, early cabbage. We receive unsolicited testimonials from all over the South each year praising All-Head Early. The fact that so many market gardeners plant it every year should convince every cabbage planter that it is a cabbage worth planting for sure returns here in the South. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**



(121) Single head of Hastings' famous "ALL-HEAD EARLY," grown near Atlanta, Ga., by a market gardener, from Hastings' "PREMIER BRAND" Cabbage Seed—You can do likewise with Hastings' Cabbage Seed if you will plant them on your place.

CAULIFLOWER

Plant Cauliflower this year and grow just as fine heads as city markets charge 30 to 50 cents a head for. It is almost as easy to grow as Cabbage and very easy to tie up the outer leaves over the heads to keep the "curd" white, firm and tender.

CULTURE—Cauliflower should be planted in the South in very rich or well-manured soil. In the spring it should be planted in this latitude very early, but really does better planted in June and July for maturity during the fall months. Sow in seed beds in the same manner as cabbage. Transplant when 4 to 5 inches high and give an abundance of water in dry weather. Soil should be kept moist and cultivated thoroughly and often. In Florida and along the Gulf Coast sow seed in September, October and November. In early spring or late fall one ounce of seed will make 2,000 to 2,500 plants. For warm weather sowings double that quantity of seed will be required. Early varieties, as Gilt Edge and Snowball, mature in about 110 days. Late varieties in 140 to 150 days.

(85) Gilt Edge Cauliflower Gilt Edge in every respect. Largest, most perfect and surest header of all early varieties, and in quality it is unexcelled. One specimen head sent to our store weighed 7 pounds and 8 ounces. In general appearance like Snowball, but a surer header. **Packet, 25 cents. ¼ Oz., 75c. ½ Oz., \$1.25. Oz., \$2.25. ¼ Lb., \$8.00. Lb., \$30.00.**

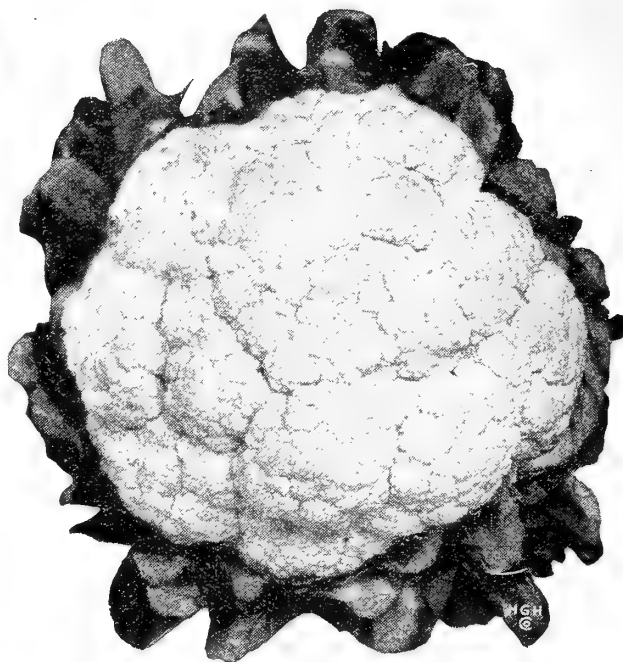
(86) Early Snowball An early variety, second only in value to Gilt Edge. **Packet, 20 cents. ¼ Oz., 65c. ½ Oz., \$1.15. Oz., \$2.00. ¼ Lb., \$7.50. Lb., \$28.00.**

(87) Extra Early Paris White Fine variety for family gardens. Heads medium size. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 60c. Oz., \$1.00. ¼ Lb., \$3.00.**

(88) Le Normand's (Short Stem) Large, late short-stemmed variety with very firm heads. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Ounce, 60 cents. Ounce, \$1.00. ¼ Pound, \$3.00.**

(89) Large Late Algiers A very large late maturing, yet heat resisting variety. Especially recommended for May and June plantings to mature in October and November for late fall and early winter use. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 60c. Oz., \$1.00. ¼ Lb., \$3.00.**

(90) Autumn Giant A favorite late variety of Cauliflower. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Ounce, 60 cents. Ounce, \$1.00. ¼ Pound, \$3.00.**



(85) Hastings' Gilt Edge—Best Early Cauliflower for the South

COLLARDS

An old-time standby for winter greens all over the South. Not in its best condition until touched by frost. Seed can be sown here from early spring up to August 1st. When plants are 6 inches high transplant to open ground, setting 2 feet apart. Cultivate like cabbage. Sow 1 ounce of seed to 200 feet of row.

(136) Georgia Cabbage-Collard

See picture of this new vegetable or Improved Collard. Be sure to plant it for its fine. A cross between Ga. Collard and Charleston Wakefield Cabbage, bred for the easy growth and hardness of the Collard and the flavor and heading qualities of the Cabbage.

It doesn't winter-kill with ice and snow and stands hot weather as well. Heads are rounded, not as firm as many Cabbages but of delicious flavor boiled or in cold slaw. Winter cabbage is a serious problem in the South but the Cabbage-Collard heads can be left on the plants and used as wanted through the winter. You will be delighted with this and like it much better than any Collards you ever ate. Originated right here in Georgia and so is well adapted to the South. Our own introduction and for sale nowhere else. **Packet, 10 cents. 3 Packets for 25c.**

(135) Southern or Georgia Collard This variety is the old-time favorite. Stands all sorts of adverse conditions without injury and will make a good crop where the soil is too poor to grow cabbage. Hardy, standing usual winters without serious injury as far north as Atlanta. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**



(136) Head of Hastings' New Georgia Cabbage-Collard, Hardy as Collards with Cabbage Quality

"Last year's Gilt Edge Cauliflower made heads weighing 4 pounds, which sold for 10 cents per pound at home."—Otto Kriegel, Kleberg Co., Texas.

"The Davis Perfect Cucumber seeds we bought of you made the finest I ever saw—wish you could only see them. I also planted Black Valentine Beans and shipping Squash. Our vines are green and still growing while lots of other farms are all dead down."—Mrs. M. T. Ballard, Baldwin Co., Alabama.

CELERY Celery needs comparatively cool weather for proper maturity and should be matured during October and November. To do this seed should be sown from April 25th to June 1st in shaded beds, the transplanting about August 1st. Celery seed is very small and at time of year noted above, the seed should be sown in partly-shaded beds where the soil has been worked down very fine. The seed should be scattered thinly on the surface, then barely covered with finely sifted soil, not covering over a quarter inch. Keep bed well moistened but not soaking wet. Transplant to open ground when about 6 inches high and set 6 to 8 inches apart in the row. As plants grow keep hilling up to bleach. 1 ounce of seed makes 5,000 or more good plants.

(77) GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING A variety for market gardeners. Any but French grown seed of this variety is worthless. We have imported seed direct from originator. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 60 cents. Oz., \$1.00. ¼ Lb., \$3.25.

French Grown Seed

(78) Easy Blanching A new variety of exceptional merit and it is meeting with great popularity. The plant grows rather dwarf and compact with foliage light green tinged yellow. It is a vigorous grower with thick stalks of excellent quality. Very desirable for the amateur because it blanches more easily than any other variety and even the first time you grow it, it should equal any celery you could buy at the market both in quality and looks. Easy Blanching is a medium early variety, one of the best keepers and fine for winter and spring use. Packet, 10c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

(80) Mexican Solid Celery Stalks rounded, crisp and solid. Its flavor is fully equal to that grown in the famous Kalamazoo (Michigan) celery district, having the rich, nutty flavor so desirable in celery. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(76) White Plume--(79) Giant Pascal Old, well-known varieties, preferred by many planters. Each—Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(75) CELERIAC or Turnip Rooted Celery. Cultivate the same as for celery except that it requires no hilling up. The roots are eaten instead of the leaf stalks. They are excellent for soups and stews, are also cooked and sliced as a salad. These roots are easily kept for winter use by packing in sand or earth in the cellar, or covering with earth and straw outdoors like beets and carrots. Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(131) CHERVIL Curled Hardy annual with aromatic leaves resembling Parsley but considered superior to it. Use the young leaves for flavoring soups and for garnishing meats and vegetables. Our Chervil is finely curled, double, early maturing and with fine fragrance and flavor. Sow very early in spring in good soil. Seed is very slow to start but plants are ready to use in 6 to 10 weeks from sowing. Thin or transplant to a foot apart when 2 inches high. Packet, 10 cents. 3 Packets for 25 cents.

(133) CRESS Water Delicious small salad plant that should be grown wherever possible. Sow seed shallowly in gravelly or mucky soil along small streams or brooks. It does best when roots and stems are slightly under water along flowing streams but will grow in wet soil or in tubs with water-covered soil. Plants increase rapidly and need no culture after planting. Cut shoots often, especially in summer for better growth and the finest salad. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25.

(132) Cress, Extra Curled or Imp. Pepper Grass For garnishing; leaves frilled and curled. Also eaten with lettuce for its warm, rather pungent taste. Grows rapidly a foot high and is a good salad plant. Plant seed every couple weeks in spring, summer and fall in good soil as plants soon run to seed. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c.

(194) CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS

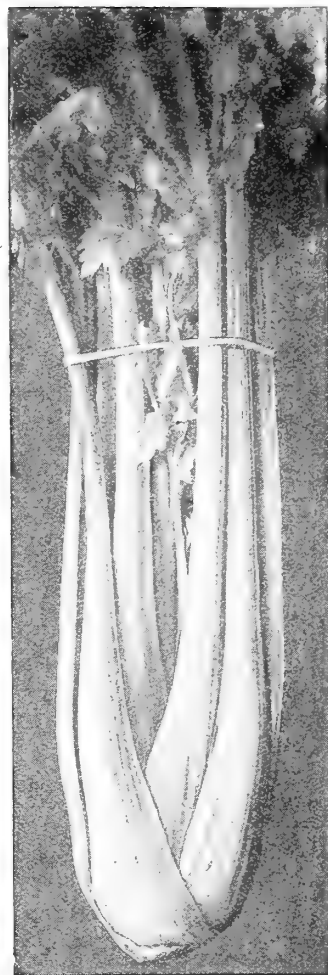
Large Green Cabbaging; also called Lamb's Lettuce. For spring salad or garnishing; a good substitute for lettuce or spinach. Doesn't do well in hot weather so plant early as possible in spring. Ounce plants thirty feet of row. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

ENDIVE Endive is one of the finest and best salads grown and also makes beautiful garnishing, splendid "greens" and fine flavoring for stews and soups. Every home garden should have Endive, both in spring and fall. Southern people don't know Endive very well or it would be very popular. It attracted more attention than any other vegetable growing in the Hastings' Garden Exhibit at the Great Southeastern Fair. Plant seed in early spring or fall in shallow drills about 18 inches apart and thin plants to a foot apart. When nearly grown and dry, leaves may be tied up over the center to blanch the heart of the plant. Cover fresh plants every few days for a succession of the finest and most attractive salad plants you ever grew.

(193) Early Green Curled Endive Our strain of this splendid Endive is hardy, vigorous growing, with bright deep green finely divided leaves and blanch very readily to a rich cream color. The midribs of the outer leaves usually are tinted rose and the large mass of leaves blanched in the center makes a very beautiful plant as well as a delightful salad. This variety is fine for market and highly recommended for the home garden. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

(192) Escarole, Broad Leaved Batavian This variety has wide, more or less twisted and waved bright deep green leaves with thick, nearly white midribs. The inside leaves form a rather solid head which blanches to an attractive deep creamy white. It is crisp and tender and like Early Green Curled is equally desirable for home garden or market planting. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

NOTICE—We urge all home gardeners to plant as many of the salad, garnishing, flavoring and boiling vegetables as possible. Some of the lesser growing kinds are delicious and add a variety to the home table that whets your appetite and makes the meal much more satisfactory. They take up very little space in the garden, are very interesting to grow and they are worth-while vegetables.



(78) Easy Blanching Celery

HASTINGS' TRIAL GROUNDS

Besides our many field inspections of seed crops and with the most careful and experienced growers in America growing these crops for you, every lot of seeds before sold is carefully double tested for germination under the supervision of Mr. H. S. Hastings, a qualified seed analyst, trained by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture after he finished college at the Georgia State College of Agriculture. He also makes the tests for purity and sees that no seeds leave Hastings' unless they are up to our high standards, which are in general much higher than any government requirements. We believe the Hastings' Seed Laboratory is the best equipped and most complete of any seed house in America.

Mr. Donald M. Hastings, an honor graduate from the Georgia State College of Agriculture, specializing in Horticulture and with practical experience on Seed Trial Grounds and Nursery work with Northern seedsmen and nurserymen, is in charge of the enlarged Hastings' Trial Grounds on the Hastings' Plantation—(1,509 acres). Hastings' Plantation Trial Grounds is one of the largest trial and breeding grounds in the world and the only one operated by a general seed house in the entire South.

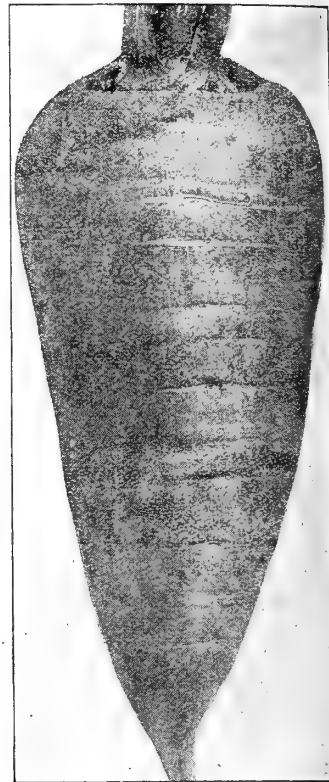
On these Trial Grounds new varieties and many different strains of old varieties are grown to show the very best of all the different types of vegetables, field plants and flowers. In this way we determine, year after year, the best of each type for the South and only the best and most satisfactory kinds will you find in a Hastings' catalog.

About four thousand trials were run and carefully noted in 1924. Of course there were many visitors who came to see them. Some were just sight seeing, some were government agents, some were from agricultural papers and colleges, some were flower lovers, some real farmers and some home and market gardeners. All are welcome and we want you to come and see just why Hastings' Seeds are "the best in the land."

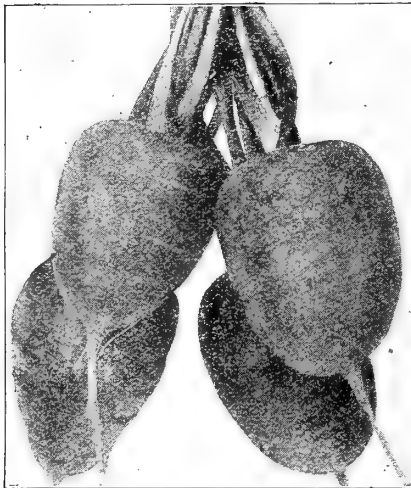
HASTINGS' CARROTS

Culture Carrots deserve a more general cultivation in the South. The young, tender roots are excellent stewed or boiled, either alone or with meat, as well as for seasoning and for flavoring soups. Select rich or well manured soil worked deep, because this is a deep rooted crop and the soil should be prepared deep enough to allow the roots to penetrate the soil without difficulty. Sow in shallow drills, 16 to 18 inches apart in early spring when leaves are starting out. In Florida and along the Gulf Coast sow seed from September to December. Make several sowings about two weeks apart so you will have a succession crop. When plants are well started, thin out to four inches apart in the row. Cultivate frequently; keep ground free from weeds and grass. Sow 1 ounce of seed to 100 feet of row.

(65) Chantenay Half-long. This beautiful stump-rooted variety we consider the best of its class. It's a half-long sort unexcelled in quality and productiveness. Very uniform in growth. Flesh deep golden orange color. Roots 3 inches in diameter at top, about five inches in length, gradually tapering in a very symmetrical manner to the base. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.25.



(65) Chantenay Carrot



(66) Oxheart or Guerande Carrot

(66) Oxheart or Guerande See illustration on left. This fine variety is the best of the shortened, thick-formed carrots. Roots are four inches wide at top and taper to a 2-inch diameter at bottom. Length from five to six inches. Roots are very free from hard core and of the finest quality for table use. Both skin and flesh are highly colored. Being very short they are easily pulled from the ground, where the long sorts have to be dug. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.25.

(67) Red St. Valery See illustration on the left. Roots very smooth and regular in growth, of large size, from 10 to 12 inches in length, and from 2 to 3 inches in diameter at the top, tapering gradually throughout. Rich, deep coloring, and free from hard core. A favorite with our customers, especially in sections subject to drought. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.25.

(68) Danvers Intermediate Bright orange color, very smooth and finely formed. Produces more weight to the acre than any other half-long variety. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.25.

(69) Improved Long Orange Old, well-known variety. Roots long and of a deep rich orange color. A very heavy cropper, so heavy, in fact, that it is profitable to grow for stock feed, while in quality it is a table carrot. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

(70) Large White Belgian Carrot The value of root crops for stock is just beginning to be appreciated in the South. One of the most valuable is the Belgian Carrot, an immense cropper, having produced as high as 20 tons of roots per acre. In the Central South they are easily kept for feed all through the winter, while in the Lower South they can be left in the ground all winter and pulled as needed. The use of carrots in connection with dry feed helps keep the animals in good condition and in milk or dairy cattle the flow of milk is largely increased. One thing must be remembered, when large crops are wanted, and that is the crop must be fed with manure or commercial fertilizers. Sow in drills 3 feet apart, using 4 pounds of seed per acre. When well up, thin out the plants to 6 inches apart. They should be grown on land that has been previously cultivated and worked deeply. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 45c per Lb.



This picture shows a portion of Hastings' Plantation Trial Grounds in 1924. Of Gladioli, seen in the foreground and on the left there were 939 different varieties. The arrow shows a bloom of the new Ser-rated or Lancinated type: bulbs of the first variety listed at \$1,000.00 per each bulb in 1924 by A. E. Kunderd, the originator. Vine crop trials are seen beyond the Glads and further back are Beets, Beans, Tomatoes, Peppers and other vegetables in nearly 3,000 vegetable trials.

HGH
©

(67) Red St. Valery Carrot—Long, Smooth, Tapering, Rich Deep Color—Popular Favorite in the South.

Hastings' Sweet and Roasting Ear Corn

Culture

The grains of sweet corn are shriveled and rather tender and cannot be planted quite as early as field varieties. Leaves on trees should be well out and the ground warm before planting. Make hills $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart each way, dropping 5 or 6 grains in each hill, thinning out afterwards to 2 or 3 stalks to the hill, according to the richness of your soil and moisture.

A continuous supply can be kept up by planting early, medium and late varieties at one time, or by making several plantings at intervals of 15 days. Seed required: One pound to 200 hills, about 14 pounds (1 peck) per acre.

(150) Truckers Favorite Not truly a sweet corn but if you want the finest "roasting ears" on your table in 65 to 85 days, 100

100-Day Corn want the finest "roasting ears" on your table in 65 to 85 days, 100 days to maturity, this is your variety. This makes a good sized ear of beautiful market and table appearance. One to two 8-inch ears per stalk; white, deep grains, sweet and exceptionally tender; perfectly formed ears. This corn is earlier than Adams Early and is particularly valuable to plant very early or very late, as it is very hardy against cold and heat. In Atlanta, Truckers Favorite always brings much better prices than others for roasting ears. Packet, 10c. Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not Prepaid—14 Lbs. (peck), \$1.25. 56 Lbs. (bushel), \$4.50.

(154) Adams Large Early Similar to Adams Extra Early but ten days later, and has much larger ears. Adams Early is very hardy and can be planted earlier than sweet corns. Has small stalk and can be planted close. More valuable for the market than for home gardens as it lacks fineness of flavor found in sweet varieties. Give the best cultivation and rich soil. Packet, 10c. Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 15c per Lb.

(151) Yexo Sugar, Earliest Large Sweet Corn Earliest true sweet corn for Southern plantings. Our own introduction, combining earliness and productiveness with fine flavor. Produces 2 to 3 medium-sized ears to each stalk, the ears being well filled with tender sweet corn. We recommend Yexo very highly to those who wish to combine earliness with best possible quality. Look at the illustration. Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.

(152) Country Gentleman The finest quality variety of all the mid-season sorts of sweet corn grown in this country. Makes 2 to 3 good sized ears to the stalk on rich ground. Grains small, much shriveled, but very deep. Quality unexcelled and no garden should be without a few rows. Just boil and spread a little butter on. It will make your mouth water. Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.

(168) Evergreen Golden Bantam This new variety we were very glad to introduce to the trade. It is a cross between Stowells Evergreen and Golden Bantam. Lighter in color than Golden Bantam but holds its most delicious flavor and adds the larger and better ears of Stowells Evergreen. Read the description under these two sweet corns and you have Evergreen Golden Bantam. We believe it is the finest sweet corn ever offered. Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.

(167) Golden Bantam A superb early sweet corn. For an extra early has a flavor all its own. Two ears to each stalk; ears six inches long and eight rows of grain. Golden Bantam is in a class by itself. Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.

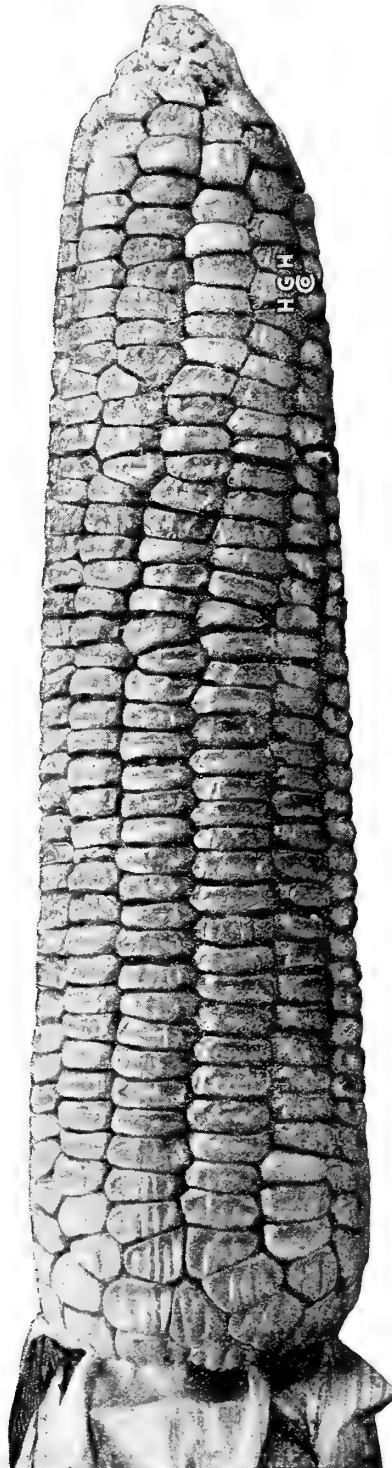
(153) Stowells Evergreen The standard main crop variety. Ears of large size, long and well filled. Under good cultivation produces three ears to stalk. Stalks large and strong, grains of good size, long and deep; cob small and slender. Holds in good eating condition longer than any other and adapted to all the South. Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.

(156) Black Mexican A late, dark-grained variety of finest flavor for home use. While its color is a little objectionable this is more than made up by the fact that it is less subject to attack of bud worms than other varieties. Packet, 10 cents. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 20c per Lb.

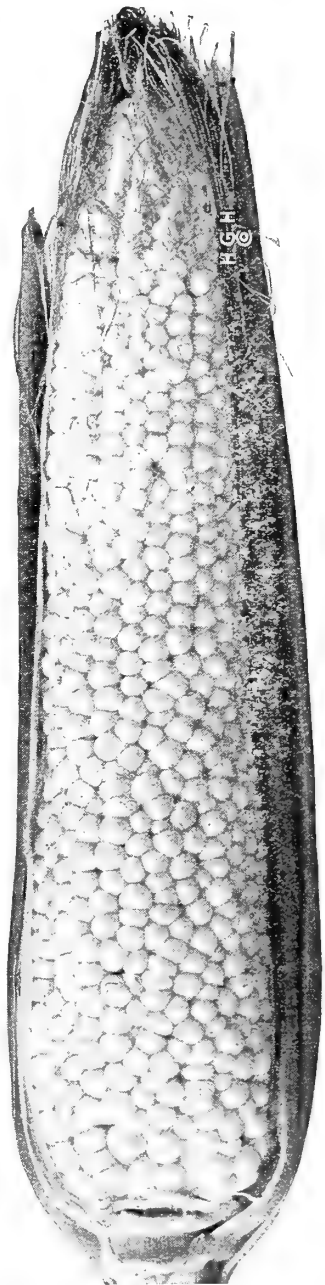
(160) Popcorn--Monarch White Rice Give the children a chance to have corn to pop during the long winter evenings. White Rice has white, large pointed grains that pop nicely, and it is the best white variety. Packet, 10c. Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 15c Lb.

(161) Popcorn--Golden Queen This variety has large yellow grains that pop nicely and it is the standard yellow popcorn for the South. Popcorn planted thickly also makes a fine feed for stock, many preferring it to sorghum. Packet, 10c. Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 15c Lb.

(140) Hastings' Prolific A splendid variety for "roasting ears." See pages 90-91 for this and other field varieties of corn. Packet, 10c. 1 Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not Prepaid—14 Lbs. (peck), \$1.25; 56 Lbs. (bushel) \$4.50. 112 Lbs. (2 Bushels), \$8.50.



(151) Yexo, Earliest Large Sweet Corn



(152) Country Gentleman Corn

Best Cucumber Seed

Culture Cucumbers are very tender and should not be planted until ground becomes warm. If planted earlier than this they should be protected. Plant in hills 4 feet apart each way. Where well-rotted manure is obtainable work a large shovelful of it into each hill. Plant 8 to 10 seeds in each hill and when plants are well up and have rough leaves formed, thin out to 4 in each hill. Cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in clay and heavy soils and 1 inch in light or sandy soils. Soil which covers seed should be worked down fine. Keep plants well cultivated up to the time they begin to run; after that confine cultivation to pulling out any large weeds that appear. Pick the cucumbers as soon as large enough for use, for if left to ripen the plants soon cease bearing. **Seed required:** One ounce to 60 hills; about two pounds per acre.

(180) Hastings' White Spine, Finest Extra Dark Strain

In the Hastings' White Spine we have obtained a deep, dark color, one that will be entirely satisfactory to anyone wanting a dark green White Spine variety, a dark green that will hold for days after the cucumbers reach markets in Northern cities. In color it is just right; it is the earliest; cucumbers average good size and under good cultivation produce few or no imperfect fruits. Skin is hard; holds up extra well in shipping. It is crisp and tender and retains its fresh, plump appearance long after being gathered. It has the good points that a cucumber should have and will be found perfectly satisfactory for market and home gardeners and a source of profit to the trucker who ships. **Pkt., 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.25 per Lb.**

(181) Improved Long Green

An old-time favorite in the South; fruits extra long and of good size, holding their dark green color until well matured. Crisp, tender and free from bitterness; fine for slicing. When 3 to 4 inches long they make an especially fine pickling cucumber. Good for planting at all seasons from early spring to late summer. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.25 per Lb.**

(175) Early Fortune Used extensively by many in Florida for Northern shipping. Of dark green color which holds for many days after picking. Early Fortune does not show up white color before maturing, as do most of the old strains of the White Spine. Stays plump and fine looking for days after reaching markets North. Has the right shape, has a regular growth and carries a dark green color seldom found in cucumbers. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.**

(184) The Klondike

ROCKY FORD
Cucumber (Hastings' Special Strain)—When the Klondike was first introduced we were much impressed with its many good points, but it was so irregular in growth that we did not care to catalog it until we had bred it up to a satisfactory condition. Our special strain of Klondike is very regular in size, color and growth and will be sure to please you. It's a very attractive dark green variety; with a green that stays for days after being picked and shipped. Cucumbers are from 7 to 8 inches long, 2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter; very regular in size and shape; extra early; very crisp and unsurpassed for slicing. It makes excellent pickles when young. Very hardy and prolific and a sure cropper. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.**

(176) Giant Pera Extra large and distinct variety from Asia. Fruits sometimes 15 to 20 inches in length. Skin very thin and the flesh is unusually thick, yet it produces very few seeds. Color light green with smooth skin. For home gardens only, as it does not stand shipment. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.**

(187) GHERKINS Small fruited, 2 to 3 inches long, well rounded and covered with small spines. Gherkins make the finest kind of pickles, are in demand for hotel and high class restaurant trade and many prefer them to Cucumber pickles. For pickling only. **Pkt., 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00.**

(180) The Finest Cucumber on Earth—Hastings' White Spine Cucumber for Market Gardeners, Shippers and Home Use

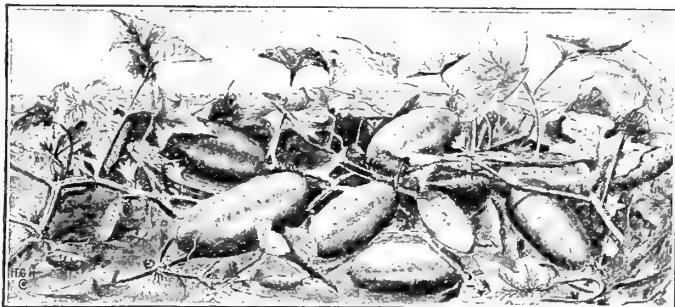
(184) Klondike Cucumber—One of Our Varieties That Always Stays Green—A Sure Cropper

For Home Garden or Market Use

(186) Our Everbearing This variety is entirely distinct from all others on account of its close, bushy growth and everbearing character as shown in our illustration. The first cucumbers are ready very early and the vines continue to flower and produce fruit continually until late in the season, whether the ripe cucumbers are picked off or not, differing in this respect from all other varieties of cucumbers in cultivation. A single vine will show at the same time cucumbers in every stage of growth, the smaller ones being perfect in shape, of a fine green color, just the right size for pickling. As they grow larger they are entirely satisfactory as a slicing cucumber. This is our most popular home garden variety, but is not for shipping. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

(183) Chicago Pickle The standard variety grown for pickling purposes. While they can be used when full grown for slicing, yet it is pre-eminently a pickling variety, its small size, dark green color and immense productiveness making it a favorite for that purpose. The pickling factories usually insist on this variety for uniform sized pickling work. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

(178) Early Green Cluster A standard, well-known variety. Good for both slicing and pickling. This is a mighty fine home garden cucumber that gives great satisfaction and is very popular. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.



(186) A Single Plant of HASTINGS' Everbearing Cucumber

(182) Early Frame Cucumber Old-time well-known and popular early variety for home gardens. Medium size, good for slicing and excellent pickling variety. Recommended for home use and nearby markets only. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.



(179) DAVIS PERFECT CUCUMBER—PROLIFIC FAVORITE WITH TEXAS AND FLORIDA GROWERS

(179) Davis Perfect An almost ideal cucumber in shape; rich dark green color; it is uniform and regular in size; exceedingly tender and as a slicing cucumber for the table is really delicious. This is a favorite with shippers in some parts of Florida and Texas. It is almost seedless one-third of its length from the stem end, and the seeds that are contained in it when in slicing condition are so small and tender that they are almost unnoticeable. It is an exceedingly prolific variety. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.25 per Lb.

(185) JAPANESE CLIMBING CUCUMBER The vines attain twice the length of common varieties. Young plants are bushy, but as soon as they are well established begin to throw out runners and climb, so may be grown on fences, poles or trellises, thus saving much valuable space in small gardens. Fruits 9 inches in length by $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches across when mature, of fine green color; flesh is thick and firm, never bitter, a superb variety for slicing. When young, makes fine pickles. Very prolific; fruits are raised well above the ground so seldom suffer from wet weather or insects. Vines are almost mildew-proof and continue in bearing until late in the season. This excellent climbing variety is noted for standing hot dry summers without serious harm and so is well adapted to our Southern climate, although it also does well further north. Plant some this year. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

"Your Truckers' Favorite is the greatest early corn I have ever seen. I don't believe there is one anywhere that compares with it."—W. R. Miller, Lamar Co., Alabama.

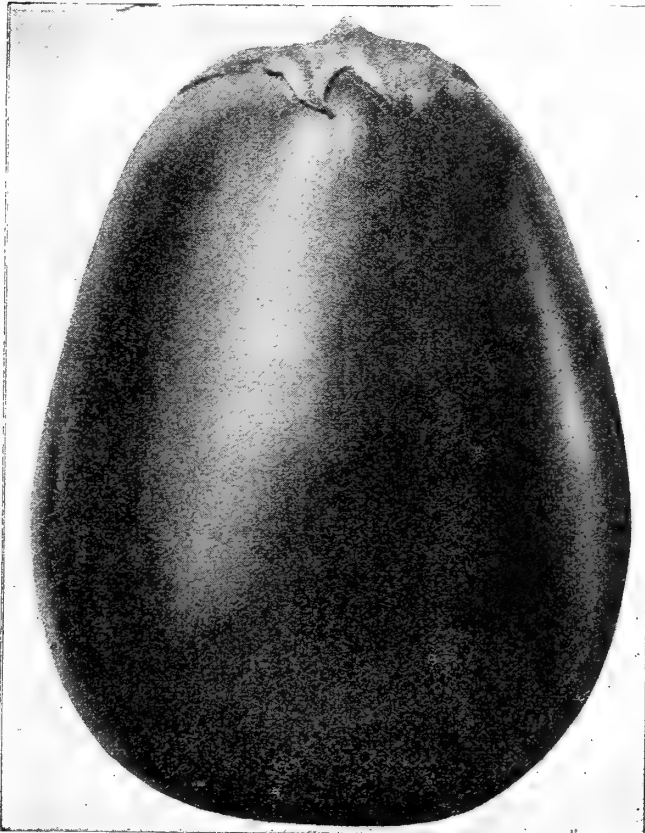
"I want to say that the Egg Plant that I purchased of you germinated nearly 100%."—R. H. King, Charlotte Co., Florida.

"We want to express our appreciation of your Kale or Borecole seed we bought from you. We think it far superior to any greens we plant. Thanking you for your high class seed."—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Clark, Yazoo Co., Mississippi.

(174) LEMON CUCUMBER This is one of the most pleasing and easily grown novelties that has appeared in years. A delicious, lemon-shaped and colored cucumber of finest flavor and texture. Exceedingly prolific, in fact we believe bears more than any other Cucumber, and a most delightful variety for your home garden. Fine for slicing and making salads or can be eaten like a radish. Lemon Cucumber has won its way as a great favorite wherever it has been grown. It can also be used for pickling and it is considered the finest in flavor of all Cucumbers. Notice the picture below. It gives an idea of the great prolificacy of this exceptionally fine variety and you will be more than glad you planted it. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.



(174) Plant of Hastings' Lemon Cucumber—Finest in Flavor



(190) Hastings' Improved Large Purple Thornless Eggplant

GOURDS, One Packet of Each, 25c

(197) Nest Egg Small white-fruited variety; makes splendid durable nest eggs. Do not plant in too rich soil because the fruits will grow too large. Do not plant any kind of gourd near squash or pumpkin. If they cross it makes the others bitter. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(198) Dipper Gourd The variety from which the old-fashioned long-handled dippers are made. **Packet, 10 cents.**

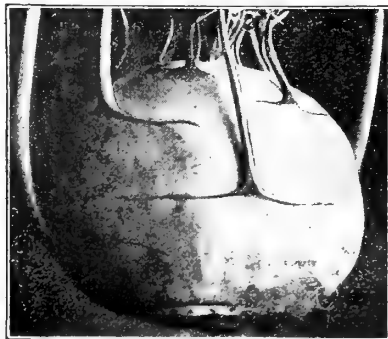
(195) Sugar Trough Immense gourd that can be made generally useful. With the neck sawed off can be used for buckets, baskets, nests, water dishes for poultry, etc. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(196) The Dishcloth The sponge-like interior is fine for dishcloths or to use in place of sponges. **Packet, 10 cents.**

GOURD COLLECTION—One packet each of these four useful Gourds, 25 cents.

(202) KOHL-RABI, Early White Vienna

Bulbs grow to the size of an apple when ready for use, and are of a pale, whitish green color. They are hardy and can be sown in drills as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, and with successive sowings you can have nice, tender bulbs all through the summer and fall. When well started, set out as cabbage plants, and for table use gather bulbs while skin is tender, slice, and cut off the hard lower portion. Bulbs are of very mild, delicate, cabbage-like flavor, most delicious. You will relish having them on your table. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**



(202) Early White Vienna Kohl-Rabi

EGGPLANT

Hastings' Eggplant is the finest that can be grown. It is becoming very popular in home gardens, especially as it is a good substitute for meat. When cooked in fat it has a fine food value and mighty good to eat when sliced, rolled in beaten egg yolk and bread crumbs, seasoned and fried. Also is fine to stuff.

Eggplant Culture In the Lower South seed should be sown in hot beds or frames in January or February. In the latitude of Atlanta hot beds should be started between February 15th and March 15th. Great care should be taken as eggplant will not germinate freely in an average temperature less than 65 degrees. When plants have made the fourth or fifth pair of leaves they may be set in open ground, if danger of frost is past, placing them 3 feet apart each way. Cultivate often, keeping free from weeds and grass. In June and July seed can be planted in Florida for fall and early winter shipping crop. **Packet makes plants for 200 feet of row. Use ½ Lb. seed per acre. Matures in about 120 days.**

(190) Hastings' Improved Large Purple Thornless Eggplant

Standard variety for all parts of the South for home use or shipment. We have sold this Large Purple since 1897, and there is no strain of eggplant sold by any house that is superior to it. Fruits are splendidly and evenly colored with rich, dark purple and 90 per cent or more of the plants are thornless. In no crop do we exercise more care than with this variety. In a properly cultivated crop, streaked or off-colored fruits are almost unknown. Plants are strong, vigorous growers, producing from 5 to 8 large fruits of dark, rich purple color. Earliest of large fruited varieties and always gives satisfaction under proper cultivation. The vigor and strength of this variety make it less subject to effect of "blight" and "dieback," which is so disastrous to this crop in many parts of Florida. All so-called spineless eggplants have some spines but Hastings' Improved has less than any other. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.50.**

(189) Florida High Bush

Desirable for home gardens and nearby markets. "Eggs" are borne higher off the ground, which is advantageous against "rot" and "blight." Plants strong, prolific, and of very fine quality; best for slicing. Dark purple in color, uniform in size and shape, thin skin and no waste in solid flesh. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.**

HASTINGS' HERBS

(980) Anise—Aromatic seeds used as a condiment. Leaves finely fringed and used in garnishing and flavoring. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(981) Balm—Leaves fragrant like Lemon Verbena. Add fine flavor to summer drinks. Useful for tea in fevers. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(982) Basil, Sweet—Seeds and stems have a strong flavor; used in soups and sauces. Hardy annual. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 25c.**

(983) Borage—Excellent bee food and honey plant; leaves used for flavoring cordials. Grows freely on all soils and the sky blue flowers are an addition to any flower garden. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(984) Caraway—Produces aromatic seeds used for flavoring bread, cakes, etc. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c.**

(985) Catnip or Catmint—Leaves used both dry and green for seasoning. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(986) Coriander—Agreeable tasting seeds used in confectionery and to disguise taste of medicines. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c.**

(988) Dandelion—Improved large leaved for greens and roots. Sow in May for leaves next spring. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 50c.**

(987) Dill—Seeds strongly aromatic with pungent flavor, for flavoring pickles and as a condiment. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 25c.**

(988) Horehound—Leaves are used for seasoning; also in making candy and cough medicine. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(989) Lavender—The common lavender; leaves used for seasoning. Dried flowers are highly esteemed for perfume. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(990) Marjoram, Sweet—Tender shoots and leaves are used for seasoning and can be dried for winter use. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(991) Pennyroyal—Low, creeping plant, ornamental for covering ground in damp, shady places. Furnishes the medicinal properties for menthol pencils and headache cures. **Packet, 10 cents.**

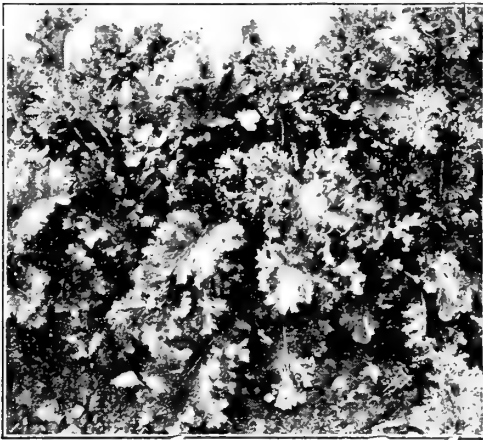
(992) Rosemary—Perennial with fragrant odor and warm bitter taste. Leaves used for flavoring; flowers for toilet waters. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 75c.**

(994) Sage—Most popular garden herb; used in flavoring or seasoning; supposed to have medicinal values. Cut leaves as plant flowers; dry quickly in shade. Hardy perennial; may be divided for an even better second crop. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c.**

(995) Summer Savory—Leaves and tender flower stalks used for flavoring. Much like Thyme, but milder. **Packet, 10 cents.**

(996) Thyme—Leaves and tender shoots used for seasoning during summer and dried for winter. Delicious flavoring for sausage and meats. **Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 50c.**

(997) Wormwood—The dried leaves are used as a tonic, vermifuge and dressing for fresh bruises; fine poultry tonic. **Packet, 10c.**



(277) Hastings' True Stock of Chinese Mustard

It is slightly pungent, crisp and tender and can be eaten like lettuce or boiled for "greens." The Hastings' strain of Southern Curled is the same as offered by one or more of the Northern seedsmen as "Ostrich Plume." If you like mustard for either spring or fall planting you will be pleased with this variety. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

(277) Chinese Mustard An entirely distinct, yet thoroughly good variety of mustard of which we have sold thousands of pounds during recent years. It is of much larger growth than the Curled, about the same quality for salads or boiling and remains in condition for use a long time. The quick, almost rank growth of the Chinese, insures tenderness, mildness and freedom from bitter flavor. The engraving above from a photograph shows the general appearance of the leaves. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.**

(279) White Mustard This is the variety the seeds of which are used in pickling for family use, and the seeds when ground up compose what is known as "mustard" in the stores. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.**

OKRA: HASTINGS' GEORGIA GROWN

Okra is a close relative of the cotton plant and grows splendidly anywhere and everywhere in the Cotton Belt. After considerable experimenting we found a place up near the northern line of possible cotton production in Georgia that develops okra and okra seed to perfection and at the same time insures an earliness of maturity not found in okra seed grown further south. Every pound of okra seed sold by us is produced in north Georgia.

Okra or gumbo is a most healthful vegetable and ought to be plentiful in every Southern garden. In our seed growing work here in Georgia we have developed two splendid strains of the White Velvet and Perkins Mammoth, both being far superior to what is offered under these names by other houses, and we are sure that seed of either of these two varieties will please you. Plant one ounce of seed to 50 feet of row; about 8 pounds per acre.



(305) Hastings' White Velvet Okra

(305) Hastings' White Velvet Okra

A standard variety throughout the South for home use and local shipment; ready to use in 55 to 60 days. We have a specially fine, early, very round, smooth-podded strain of medium size, the pods being almost altogether free from ridges and are not prickly to touch. This strain of White Velvet we find to be the very best of all the White varieties. See illustration just to the left. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 45c per Lb.**

(306) Perkins Mammoth

This distinct green-podded okra is by far the best variety for market and shipping purposes, ready to use in 50 to 55 days, and is being used by many Southern truckers exclusively for this purpose. The original strain as originally introduced has been greatly improved by us, and its productiveness is simply wonderful, the pods starting to shoot out within 3 or 4 inches from the bottom of the stalk and the whole plant is covered with them to the height of a man's head (5 to 6 feet). Pods of an intensely dark green color, of unusual length, frequently 9 to 10 inches long. Pods are very slim and do not harden up as is usually the case with other varieties. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 85c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 60c per Lb.**

(304) Hastings' Dwarf Okra

The great demand for a good Okra with dwarf plant growth has been realized. We thought another Seedsmen had one about 1915 and we bought stock seed and planted the Dwarf White. About half came dwarf; about half the pods were white and half green. Our whole seed crop was dumped. Now we have a fine, large, green podded, very prolific, tender and good quality extra early Okra of uniform low or dwarf growth. The pods are thickly set on the plant and pods begin to form almost as soon as the plants show above the ground. Hastings' Plantation grown seed. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c.**

(304) Hastings' Dwarf Okra

LEEKs

The leek is a very hardy onion-like plant that does not make a bulb. It has a long, well-thickened neck somewhat resembling the growth of young onions in spring but much longer and thicker. The leek thrives under the same general conditions as onions and should be cultivated in the same general manner except that when the plants begin to get some size, the earth should be gradually drawn up around the plants in order to blanch the stems or necks white and increase the tenderness and fine flavor. Sow seed as early in spring as ground can be worked.

(203) Large Carenten Leek Grows to large size, the stems being proportionately large and thick. In rich soil, well earthed up, the edible portion is from 6 to 8 inches long by 2 to 3 inches in diameter. **Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

MUSTARD FOR SPRING SALAD

Culture Sow thickly in any good garden soil in drills 14 to 16 inches apart. Give clean culture, keeping free from grass and weeds. Leaves are large enough to use as a salad in from four to six weeks from sowing, and can be cut all through the spring. Sow from January to April. Use one ounce of seed to 200 feet of row.

(278) Giant Southern Curled Mustard

No spring garden is complete without a patch of mustard for early salad. Our Giant Southern Curled is the very best of the finely curled leaf strains, really beautiful enough to grace a flower garden.



(306) Perkins Mammoth Long Pod Okra

Hastings' Lettuce Seed For Home and Market Crops

Lettuce seed is one of our great specialties, and in addition to supplying over two hundred thousand family gardens each year we sell thousands of pounds of highest grade lettuce seed to shippers and market gardeners. Our great market varieties, **BIG BOSTON**, **HASTINGS' DRUMHEAD**, **FLORIDA HEADER**, **DIXIE HARD HEAD** and **CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER** are supreme. The high quality of **HASTINGS' Lettuce Seed** is known everywhere in the South where lettuce is grown, for purity, hardness of heads and slowness to run to seed. Our lettuce seed is all grown in California by our grower, whom we consider the most careful lettuce seed grower in the world, and the growing crops are personally inspected by our Mr. Hastings or Mr. Freeborn so as to insure the quality being kept up to the Hastings' standard. Do you know of any seed firm where the head of the house, or even an employee, will travel over 6,000 miles each year to see that every possible care is taken to have the lettuce seed just right?

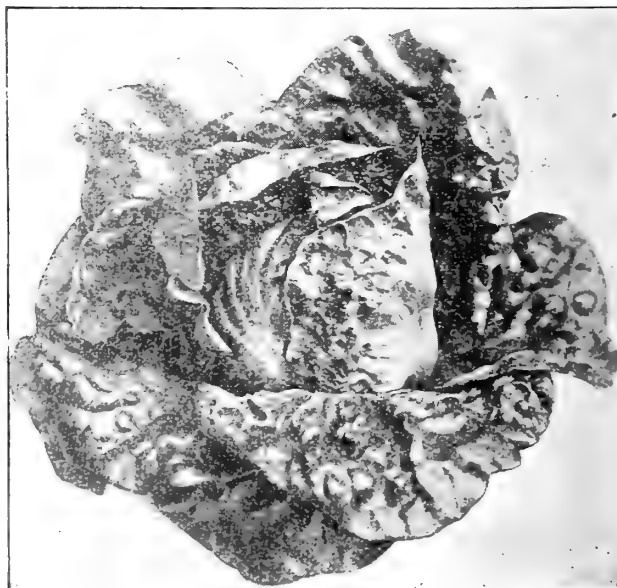


(210) One End of a Field of **BIG BOSTON** Lettuce Ready for Shipment—Note the Regularity of Growth—Right Seed Does it

(210) BIG BOSTON Big Boston is of the Butter Head type. Ours is perfection in this variety, and you cannot buy any Big Boston Lettuce at any price that is superior to our strain. The heads of this strain are so firm and solid that almost every head has to be cut open before the seed stalks can grow. It is a standard market garden and shipping variety, being grown almost exclusively in many sections for shipment and for market. Extra large, round, firm heading variety, and makes a good appearance in market. Our seed of this variety is grown for us by a lettuce seed specialist whom we consider the best in the world. Our seed of **Big Boston** is the surest and hardest heading stock that you can obtain. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00. 5 Lbs., \$8.75.

(211) HASTINGS' DRUMHEAD CRISP LEAF TYPE — Also
WHITE CABBAGE LETTUCE called New York or Wonderful, Los Angeles Market, and several other names in other localities since it has become so popular. No variety that we have ever carried has had a steadier sale. Superb for home gardens and for market. When properly grown it reaches large size. One gardener near Gainesville, Florida, produced a single head weighing nearly 4 pounds. It is always large, with outer leaves a clear, light green color; inside of the head almost pure white. Leaves are large, extra crisp and tender and entirely free from all bitter taste. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00. 5 Lbs., \$13.75.

(216) HASTINGS' ICEBERG CRISP LEAF TYPE
LETTUCE —For forcing or home gardens. A beautiful as well as useful variety. Exceedingly crisp and tender, growing a long time before running to seed. Known as a "crisp-leaved" hard-header. Splendid for open ground planting or for forcing. Heads of conical shape and medium size. Heads tightly fold and blanch to a beautiful white. Outer leaves are crinkled and light green, growing closely up around the head. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00. 5 Lbs., \$13.75.



(211) Hastings' Drumhead White Cabbage Lettuce

(215) Hastings' Florida Header

BUTTER HEAD TYPE—Florida Header is one of our favorites that has stood the test of time, recognized as a leading variety for market or home use. No better variety exists for anyone who wants large solid heads; heads quickly, yet is slow to run to seed. Very resistant to both heat and cold, passing through severe freezes practically unharmed. Crisp and tender, and its fine appearance adds greatly to its selling qualities. It does fine in field tests and is slower than any other variety except Dixie Hard Head to run to seed. Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c.

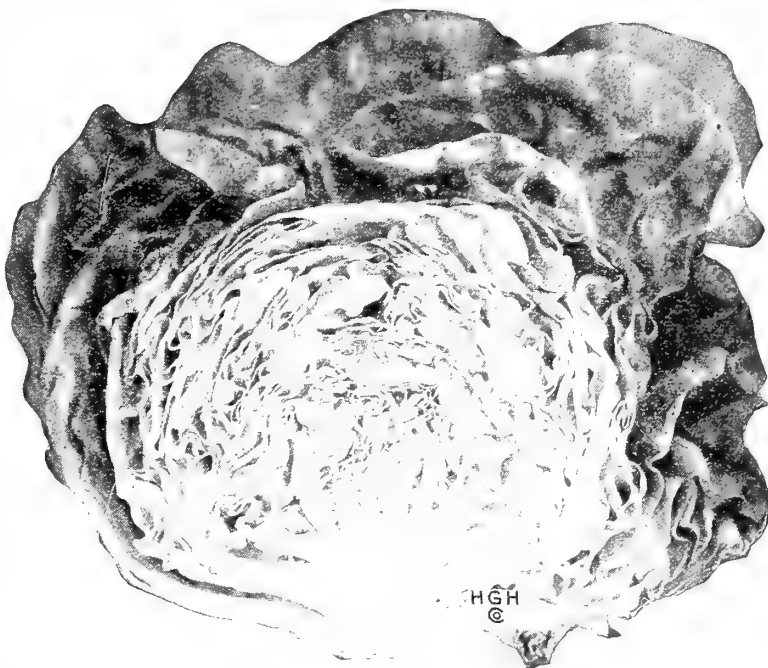
(212) Hastings' Superba Lettuce

BUTTER HEAD TYPE—The biggest lettuce of all, a most beautiful solid, extra large heading variety, especially resistant to heat. Outside leaves light green, becoming more and more yellow towards the center. Especially desirable for home gardens and nearby markets; not a shipper. For crispness, tenderness and freedom from bitterness it is unexcelled. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. 5 Lbs., \$7.50.

(221) New Dixie Hard Head Lettuce

BUTTER HEAD TYPE—It is such a hard header that it is very difficult to get it to produce seed. Each year we are more and more impressed with its great value for home and market gardeners.

In general character it is much like the California Cream Butter, but is much harder header, presents better appearance in market, and is slower than any other variety to run to seed. Heads large and solid. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. 5 Lbs., \$7.50.



(215) Hastings' Florida Header—A Superb Shipper



(221) New Dixie Hard Head Lettuce

(220) California Cream Butter

BUTTER HEAD TYPE—Also known as "Royal" in some localities. Good for open ground planting at all seasons in the South. Fine variety for market gardeners and shippers. Heads large and solid, the inside bleaching to a beautiful cream yellow when properly grown. The pure strain of this variety can be distinguished by the small spots on the outer leaves. Our stock is strictly the purest strain. You will be delighted with this sweet juicy lettuce. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. 5 Lbs., \$7.50.

(214) Grand Rapids

LOOSE LEAF TYPE—Best of all for forcing. Quick growing, hardy, upright, making a loose cluster of large savoyed or crimped leaves. Very attractive for garnishing and leaves hold up well after cutting. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. 5 Lbs., \$7.50.

Well Known Varieties of Lettuce

(222) Improved Hanson. (219) Prize Head. (223) Black Seeded Simpson. (213) Brown Dutch—bronze leaf. Each—Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. These are all standard varieties and all good.

(217) White Paris Cos This is true Romaine, the Celery Lettuce. Crisp, tender leaves and delicate flavor. Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(225) May King **BUTTER HEAD TYPE**—Medium small, light green, tinged very slightly at edges with brown. Early and especially suitable for all outdoor culture in the South, heads attaining a size suitable for use before other sorts in open ground. Also extensively used for forcing, forming very firm heads of medium size and excellent quality in the shortest time. May King is a very compact grower and is very desirable for home garden use as well as for marketing. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00. 5 Lbs., \$8.75.



(220) California Cream Butter or Royal Cabbage Lettuce

MUSKMELONS OR CANTALOUPE

Plant These in Your Garden -- They Resist Insect Attacks

Rockyford, Colorado, and its surrounding country has a world-wide fame as a producer of the finest Cantaloupes. Our personal experience and investigation on the ground leads us to believe that the fame of Rockyford is fully deserved and that of all the varieties grown there our Eden Gem Cantaloupe leads them all.

Mr. H. G. Hastings went to Rockyford several years ago and made a thorough investigation of all the varieties and the Rockyford growers. He selected the Eden Gem as the best type of Cantaloupe. He arranged for special acreage of Eden Gem to be grown exclusively for us and this has continued ever since.

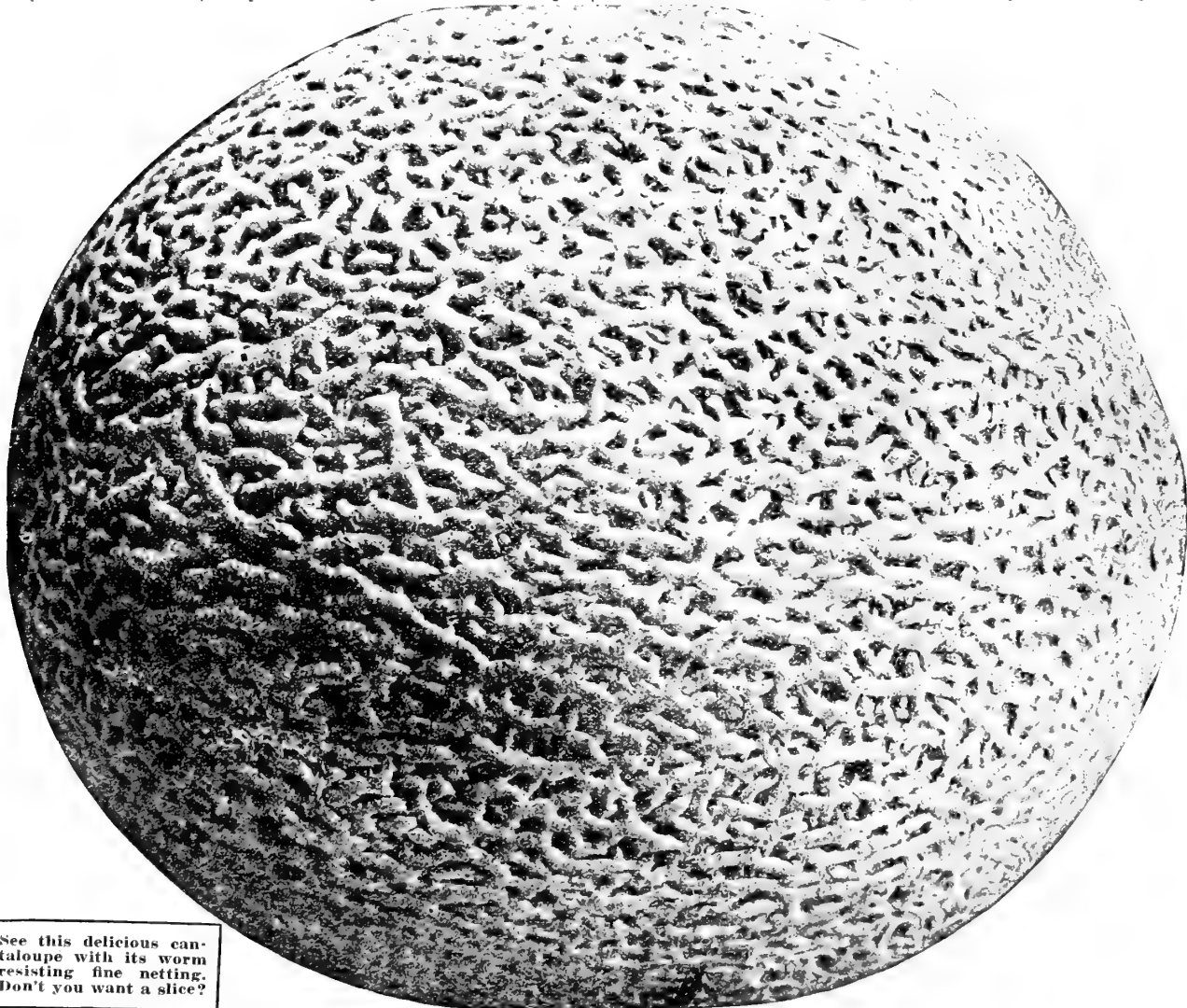
We have absolutely no connection with any other seed house or any other seed grower on our own acreage. It's entirely an exclusive acreage for H. G. Hastings Co.

About the time the crop matures our representative goes to Rockyford and carefully inspects the crop and the Cantaloupes

as gathered. Our representative sees every melon cut and no melon is allowed to be cut that does not come up to the Hastings' standard of quality. Our representative is on the ground and stays there until all the seed is washed, dried, sacked and on the cars headed for Atlanta.

Eden Gem is a sure money-maker for the Cantaloupe grower for shipment. For the home gardener or the grower for nearby markets it is unexcelled in appearance and eating quality. Eden Gem has a vigor of growth that keeps the vines green from two to three weeks longer than any other variety. It is most resistant to "rust" and other plant diseases, while the density of its perfect netting makes it especially resistant to insect attacks.

It costs more than double to produce seed quality like our Eden Gem, but it's money well spent by the Cantaloupe grower that wants to be sure of high quality Cantaloupes in his crop.



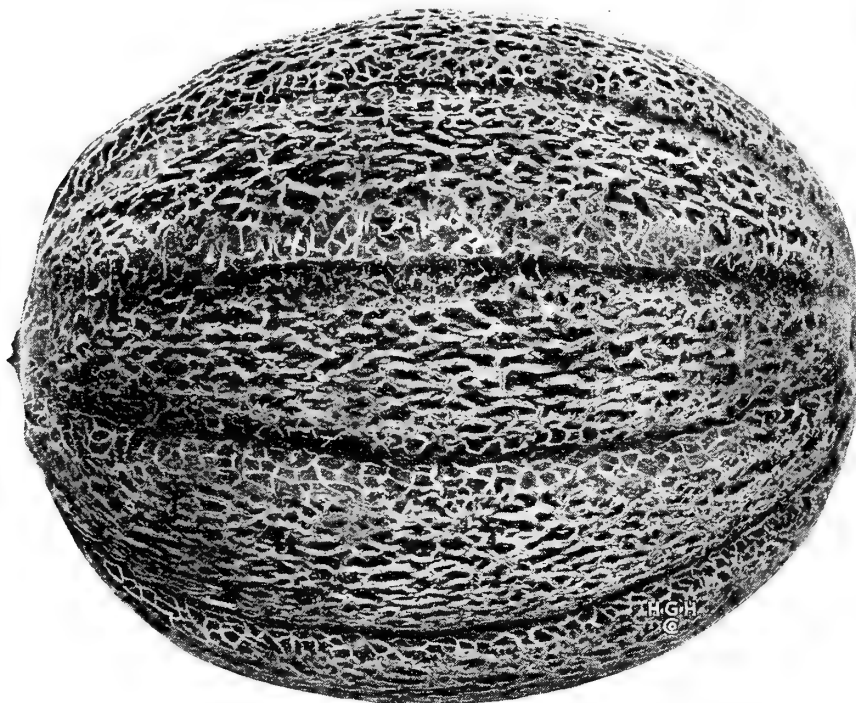
See this delicious cantaloupe with its worm resisting fine netting. Don't you want a slice?

(231) Hastings' Eden Gem Cantaloupe

Our introduction. The illustration above shows the average size and perfect netting of our Eden Gem Cantaloupe (green fleshed), the real true money-making variety for the shipper and market gardener as well as the most satisfactory of all for home use. Its dense netting helps greatly in resistance to insect attacks. Flesh is very thick and firm and the rust-resisting vines produce enormous crops of very uniform fruits. Entirely satisfactory. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.50 per Lb.

(243) Hastings' Salmon Flesh Eden Gem

Also known as Pollock No. 10—25 and Hastings' Pink Meat. Since our introduction of Eden Gem there has been a big demand for the same type of melon with pink or salmon flesh. Our Salmon Flesh Eden Gem is the same hardy, rust-resisting, prolific, finely netted fruit as the Eden Gem and 90% are with pink meat—the finest pink meat melon for home use, market and shipping. This is just as fine a Cantaloupe as Hastings' Eden Gem. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.50 per Lb.



(241) Burrell Gem Cantaloupe (Formerly Called Pink Meated Rockyford)

(237) ROCKYFORD, A popular, early variety of cantaloupe adapted to the entire South for market and home use. True type of the original Rockyford as shown by the illustration and if you are only growing for home use or nearby markets you will find this a satisfactory variety. For the shipper where standard size and heaviest netting are all important we do not recommend this variety as it is far inferior to the Eden Gem, shown on the preceding page. The Rockyford is regularly ribbed, well netted, good size, has thick green flesh of delicious flavor. Our seed is from crops grown exclusively for seed purposes and is not the seed from the tail end of Southern and Colorado shipping crops such as is commonly sold. This "cull" seed is offered to us regularly every year at from 10 to 25 cents per pound and is sold to seedsmen and dealers every year who are thus able to make cut prices. You should be just as careful with your seed buying as you would in buying a herd bull. Buy seeds you know are good. The personal inspection work given our crops every year saves you from getting trash of that kind not only in Rockyford cantaloupes, but hundreds of other items found in this catalog. Genuine Rockyford cantaloupe, original strain. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 75c per Lb.

(230) Early Hackensack

One of the best for home use and nearby markets. Fair size, 3 to 5 pounds, quality extra fine, meat thick with rich, spicy flavor. Flat shape with distinct ribs and netting; very prolific; extra early. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

AS LONG AS I GARDEN

"I have used your seed for 13 years and have found no fault yet. As long as I garden I will use your seed."—Sallie A. J. Madison, Tuscaloosa Co., Alabama.

MUSKMELONS

(241) BURRELL GEM Formerly called Pink Meated Rockyford. This is a good variety for shipping or home use. While meat or flesh is known as "pink meated" in color it is really an orange salmon. These melons are heavy in weight, owing to the thick meat, which is firmer and more solid than other varieties, and have become quite a favorite with many as a shipper. Netting is heavy, coarse and prominent with indistinct ribs. It is growing in popularity every season. Seed cavity is triangular and exceedingly small with thick firm flesh or meat of the very best flavor; sweet and spicy. Medium late in maturity; much improved over original introduction. The only objection to this variety is a tendency to split at blossom end in rainy weather. Genuine Rockyford Colorado grown seed. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.50 per Lb.

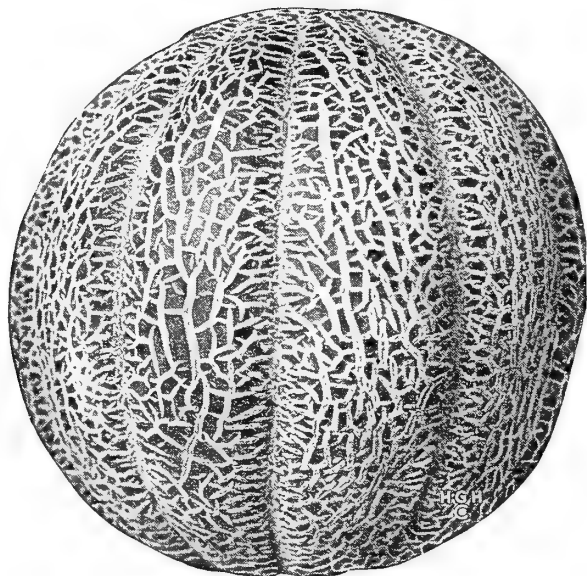
(233) Banana Cantaloupe

We have a good supply of this splendid variety with its banana-like flavor and shape. Melons grow about 14 inches long and 3 to 5 inches in diameter; stand summer sun as no other cantaloupe and will continue to bear until late in the season. It should be in every home garden in the South for late use. This sort is not a mere curiosity but will command extra prices on the market, 30 cents to \$1.00 sometimes being paid for a single specimen. The thick, rich flesh is orange in color with delicious eating qualities. The real garden sort and not the coarse, tasteless kind often sold. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

(240) Montreal Market One of the largest, finest flavored and spiciest of cantaloupes. Green fleshed; very deep ribs and heavy netting, roundish shape; very prolific; late maturing. Requires attention for finest results. The melons frequently weigh 10 to 15 pounds each. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.



(237) Genuine Rockyford Cantaloupe—The Original Strain



(242) Nixon—the Real Georgia Muskmelon

(242) NIXON, A GEORGIA MUSKMELON

This is a real Georgia muskmelon with a great reputation in Georgia, where it has been known locally for many years. In size it is large to extra large and with a delicious flavor. Single specimens weighing 12 to 15 pounds are nothing unusual. In flavor and quality it is a superb variety and it is sun and insect-proof to a marked degree. For home use and nearby markets for medium and late maturity it has no equal, and if you want a genuine Southern muskmelon that far excels all others in quality and as a late crop plant Nixon. Melons for home gardens or nearby market use do not need tough skin and rinds. Nixon has an unusually fine flavor, is excellent in quality of flesh and exceedingly tender. It will be very popular on your table. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.50 per Lb.

HONEY DEW MELON

(244) Introduced to the South by us as a novelty in 1917, "Honey Dew" made good from the start. There was a little doubt in our minds at first as to what this melon, being a native of an arid country and always grown under irrigation would do under rainfall conditions. All over the South it has done fine and proved to be as easily grown as ordinary bush squashes. It does not grow satisfactorily except in the South.

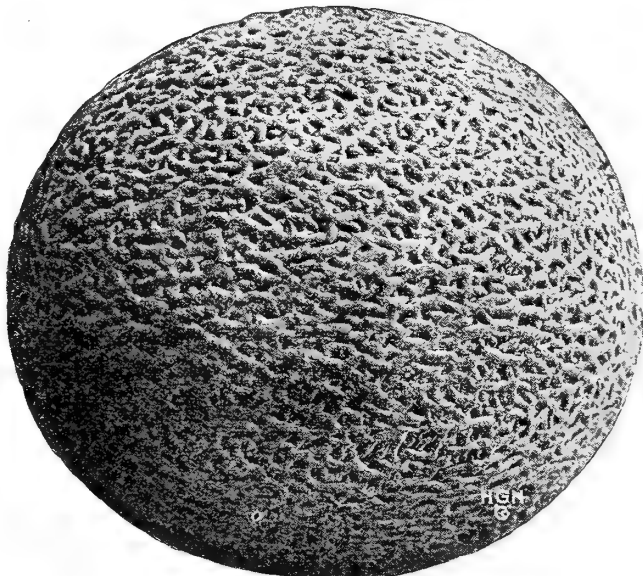
While very much of the type of the Casaba melons of the Pacific Coast its delicious honey like flavor when fully ripe has made it a favorite with all who have tasted it. The melons are round, of good size, weighing 6 to 8 pounds each; smooth light cream colored skin with thick, very rich, sweet spicy flavored flesh of light green color. Rind is thin but tough and so close in texture that the rich flesh is practically sealed up and will keep in fine eating condition for many weeks after being pulled.

Good sized "Honey Dews" have regularly sold on the Atlanta market from 50 cents to \$1.00 each. As one enthusiast said: "It has the sweetness of honey and the freshness of morning dew."

It's seldom the case that the most delicious melons that could possibly grace a millionaire's table are at the disposal of the humblest, but it is certainly the case with "Honey Dew" on any reasonably good garden soil. Many growing it for the first time condemn it because they will not let it get ripe enough before eating. Let fruits go until you think they are ripe, then let them go several days longer, pull and let stand until the blossom end shows some softness.

Many have asked how to tell when ripe. The time to pick for full flavor is when brown lines begin to show running from the stem outwards and skin begins to show brown specks on the surface. Genuine Honey Dew Seed. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.75 per Lb.

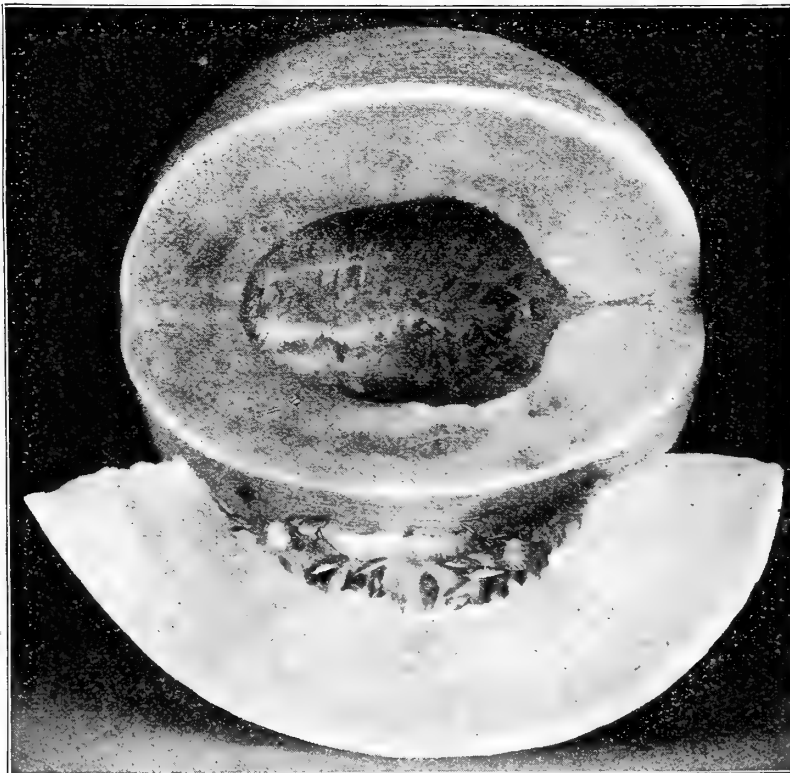
NOTICE—Take full advantage of our Free Flower Seed offer on inside front cover page.



(232) Texas Cannonball—Really Insect-proof and Sun-proof

(232) Texas Cannonball Cantaloupe

We have sold this splendid cantaloupe of Texas origin for many years. It is very desirable for home use and nearby markets in all parts of the South. Medium in maturity and size and of round shape. In flavor it is first-class, and its dense netting makes it almost sun and insect-proof, this being an immense advantage where insects are troublesome and melons liable to sunscald. It is almost all meat; seed cavity small. Very prolific and hardy, producing an abundance of fine nut-like flavored, sound-fleshed melons that taste delicious. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.



(244) The Wonderfully Popular "Honey Dew" Melon

HONEY BALL MELON

(245) This new and exceptional melon, originated by Mr. W. H. Parker of Tarrant Co., Texas, is a cross between Honey Dew Melon and Texas Cannonball Cantaloupe. It bids fair to take the place of Honey Dew in popularity and as a money-maker for the grower for market or distant shipping. It is very desirable for home gardens because of its exceptional sweetness, ease of culture, hardiness, freedom from sunscald and best of all, it can be left on the vines to mature to its finest eating condition. It is early and very prolific.

On the Hastings' Trial Grounds we find that Honey Ball is very prolific, runs very regular and uniform in size, is almost ball shaped, has very thick light green flesh and is fairly well netted as shown in the picture we took of one of the average melons. The seed cavity is small and the seeds don't shake loose in rough handling to injure the flesh. The rind is tough, the flesh is exceptionally sweet but not the "sickening sweet" some say of Honey Dew. The melons ripen early, about the same as Hastings' Eden Gem and Rockyford, can be picked a little green and allowed to ripen off the vines, keeps exceptionally well in storage and stands shipping as well as any melon.

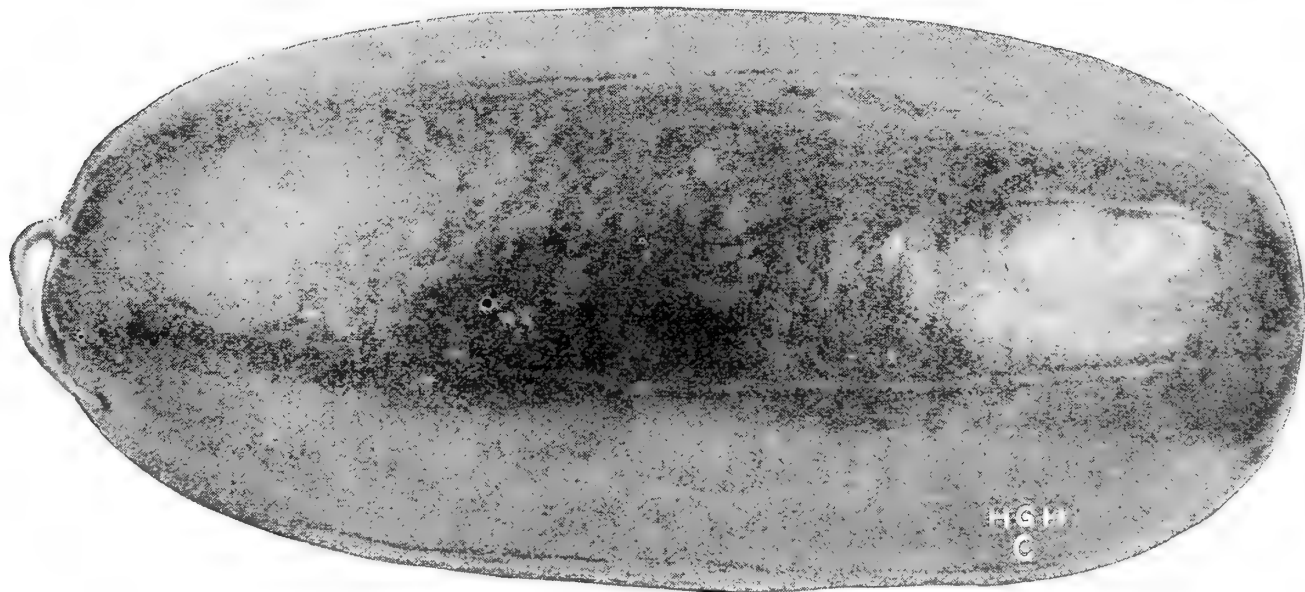
In Texas, where it has been grown for a couple years, it is very popular and wonderful reports have been received from markets, hotels and railroad agents for dining car service as to the popularity gained through handling or serving Honey Ball Melons.

With the first melon we cut on the Hastings' Trial Grounds we saw that Honey Ball was good and that it has possibilities of a great future. However, it should be allowed to ripen before eaten. The home garden is what we are primarily interested in and Honey Ball is delicious when allowed to thoroughly ripen on the vines. The melons will keep about three weeks after ripe so don't worry about their spoiling. Leave them on the vines or store or keep them until the blossom end is soft or easily pressed in with the thumb before cutting open to eat. When thoroughly ripe, serve as cold as you can and you'll agree that you have had a wonderful fruit dish.

Seed is very scarce as yet but be sure to plant a few hills this year. Be one of the first to have Honey Ball in your garden or to send to market. **Packet, 15c. Oz., 45c.**



(245) Melon and a Slice of the New Honey Ball—It Will Make Your Mouth Water



(260) IMPROVED KLECKLEY SWEET---HASTINGS' 1925 WATERMELON

This New 1925 Hastings' Watermelon Introduction will be gladly received. For a long time the old variety, Kleckley Sweet, has been the standard home garden melon in the South and is popular all over the country. It is not as good as it once was but at its best it could not compare with this fine new variety which we shall call Imp. Kleckley Sweet. This new melon is regular in shape, larger, sweeter, of better quality and better in every way than the old Kleckley. It is large, heavy, oblong, an even dark green skin, rather thin rind, rich bright scarlet flesh and an all-round fine melon for home and nearby market use. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.**

HASTINGS' WATERMELON COLLECTIONS

HASTINGS' HOME GARDEN COLLECTION

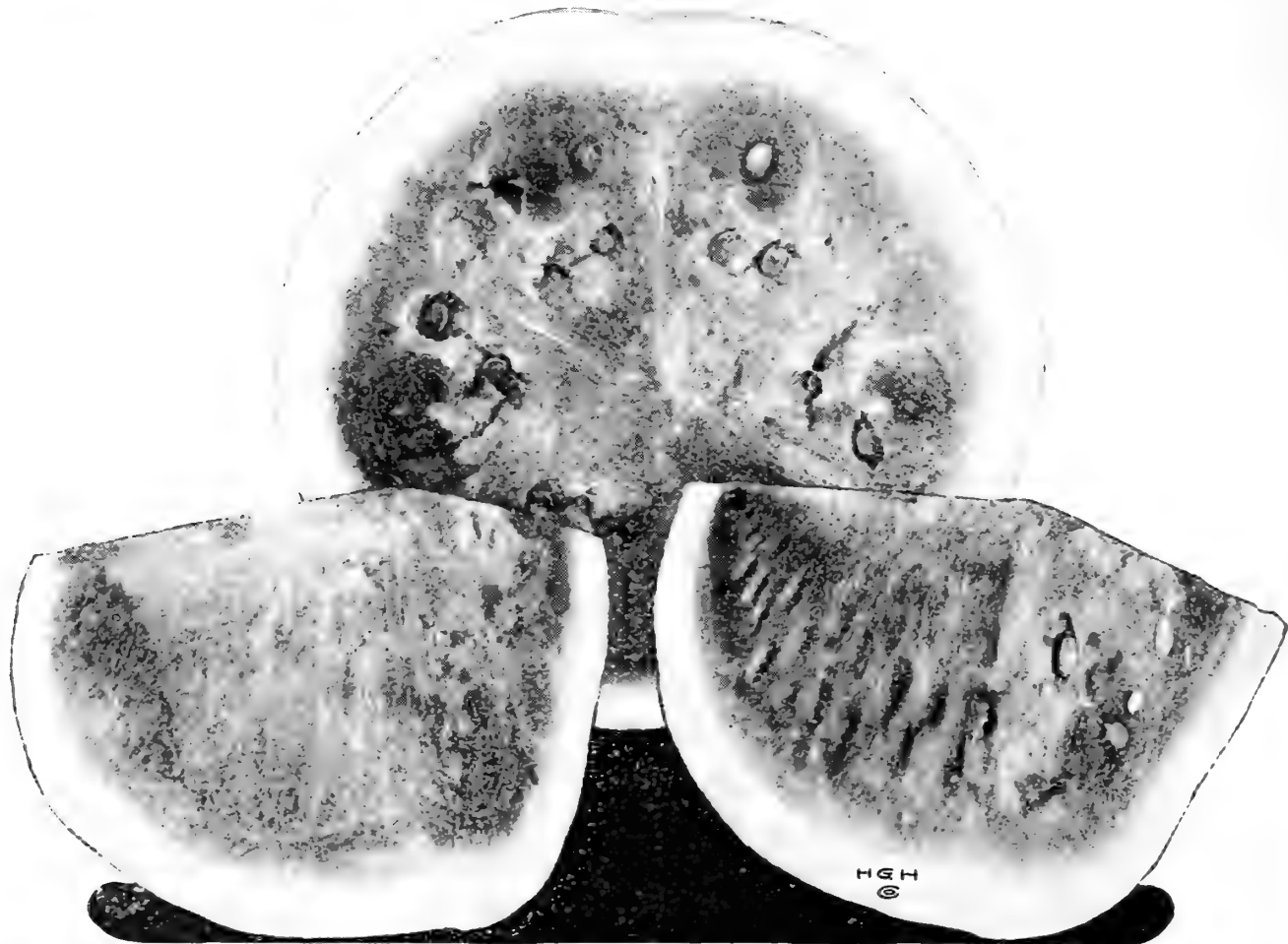
SIX PACKETS 25 CENTS, POSTPAID—One full-sized packet each of Augusta Rattlesnake, Watson, Irish Gray, Florida Favorite, Halbert Honey, and Kleckley, all exceptionally fine varieties for home use. This collection will furnish any ordinary family a plenty of first-class melons all season.

HASTINGS' 4-OUNCE MELON COLLECTION

FOUR OUNCES POSTPAID, 35 CENTS—Some prefer fewer varieties but more of each kind. For 35 cents we will send you, postpaid, one ounce each of Florida Favorite, Augusta Rattlesnake, Watson, and Kleckley Sweet, and one packet of Eden Gem Cantaloupe. See Page 26.

HASTINGS' ONE-ACRE MELON COLLECTION

LOTS OF OUR FRIENDS like to plant about an acre of assorted varieties. A little over a pound of seed will plant an acre nicely. For \$1.50 we will send you, postpaid, $\frac{1}{4}$ pound each of Improved Kleckley Sweet, Augusta Rattlesnake, Halbert Honey, Irish Gray, and Watson. You couldn't get a finer assortment if you tried. Send us \$1.50 and have the best acre of melons in your section.



(254) HASTINGS' NEW STONE MOUNTAIN WATERMELON

SEE FRONT COVER FOR FULL COLOR PICTURE—The Greatest Watermelon in Existence. Our own introduction and for sale nowhere else. We take the greatest pleasure in offering this new melon, the finest of all, sweetest of all, largest of all; almost round or square-shaped, richest dark green, medium rind, richest scarlet flesh. It weighs 50 to 80 pounds on good melon land and because of its size, shape and color will outsell any other melons at about double their price. When eaten once it is not forgotten—the finest and sweetest flavor of them all. For home and nearby markets it is the best there is—that's all. It is too large and fine for ordinary shipping but for local use don't fail to plant Stone Mountain. It has very few seeds, is solid through, almost all heart and the most delicious you have ever tasted. It sells for almost double any other melon, takes twice as many melons to make a pound of seed, is prolific and stands up under very trying conditions, making fine crops of late melons when others fail. We are naming this greatest of all melons for famous Stone Mountain, near Atlanta, the largest outcrop of granite in the world. Here the huge Confederate Memorial, to be the greatest piece of art in the world, is being carved, and we got our start with the melon near the base of the mountain. Packet, 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50. (Order early to be sure of seed supply.)

(268) Citron, Green Giant (Fla. Stock Melon)

This is the melon for sweet pickles. Any surplus can be fed to hogs and cattle, but do not plant close to water-melons for they will cross and ruin the watermelons. Plant some citrons this year for the finest sweet pickles you ever tasted. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 80c per Lb.

HASTINGS' WATERMELON SEED

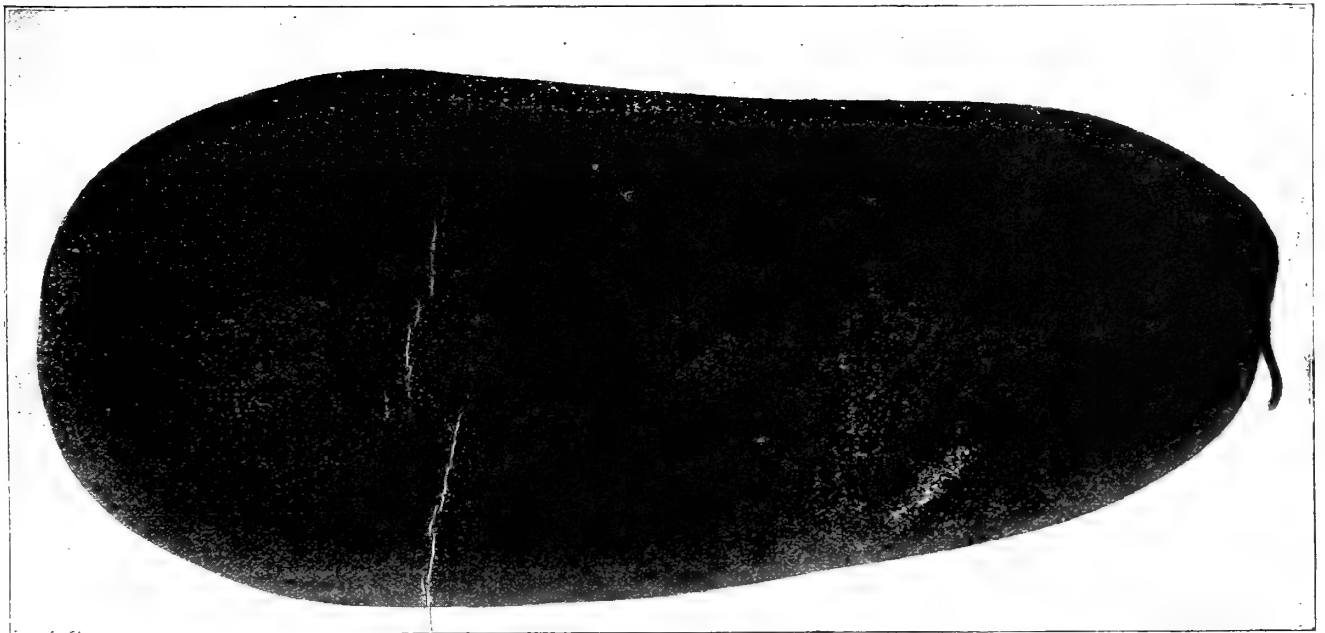
Is Strictly Southern Grown and Saved from Crops Grown Exclusively for Seed. All Seed Taken from Selected Melons Only. No Melons Sold or Shipped from Our Crops. Hastings' Melon Seed Will More Than Satisfy You



(252) A Good, Sweet, Juicy Old-Time Augusta Rattlesnake Watermelon Grown From Hastings' Seed

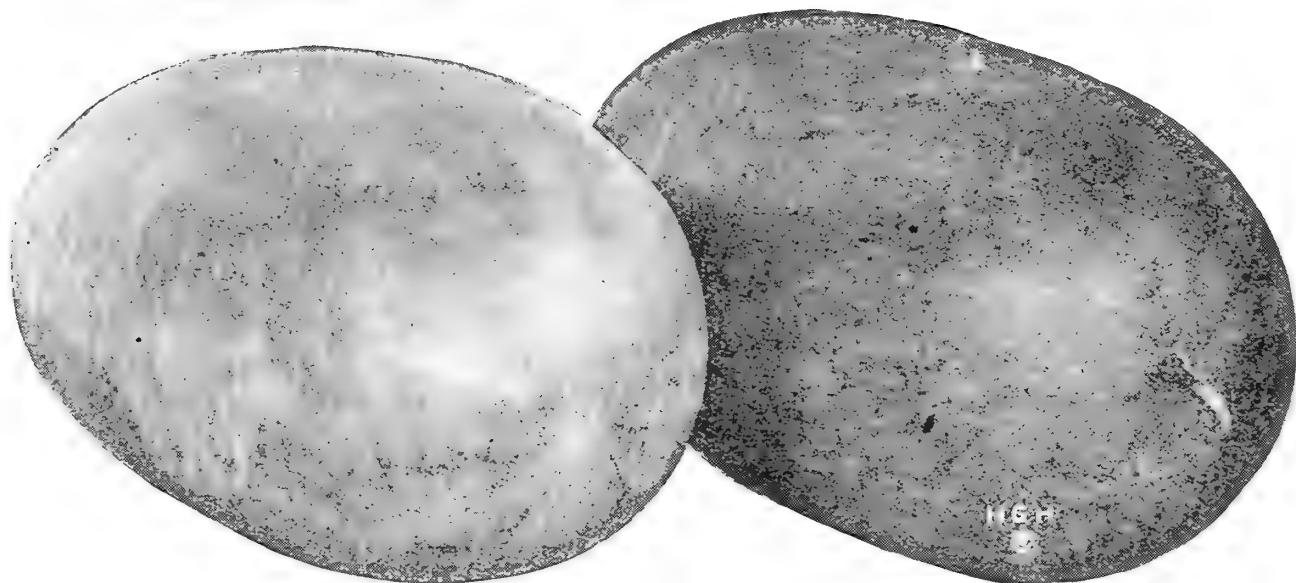
(252) Hastings' Augusta Rattlesnake Watermelon

This melon made Georgia famous as the finest melon-growing State. In no place in the world are finer, sweeter melons grown than the Rattlesnake in certain Georgia localities, especially suited to it. No one has such pure seed of this famous variety as ourselves. It is simply perfection of the Rattlesnake strain. Every seed we offer is taken from melons weighing 25 pounds or more, and 60 to 75-pound Rattlesnake melons are nothing unusual in our seed crops. If you have been buying seed of the Georgia Rattlesnake, as commonly sold, you do not know how good a Rattlesnake melon can be. Melons grown from our seed of this are so fine that they cannot fail to give you satisfaction. We consider Augusta Rattlesnake the best second early melon there is. Plant, at least, a few of them this year. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.



(253) KLECKLEY SWEET---THE GREAT BIG, SWEET JUICY WATERMELON

Just Remember the most delicious watermelon you ever tasted. It must have been Kleckley Sweet. If this melon doesn't make your mouth water, there's something wrong. No other melon has ever attained such general popularity for home use and nearby markets as our Kleckley Sweet shown above. It's a fine melon for that purpose and has been the most popular home garden melon for many years. Vines strong and vigorous; melons medium to large in size; oblong, 18 to 24 inches in length, 10 to 12 inches through. Skin a very rich dark green color; flesh extra sweet and of brightest rich scarlet, ripening right up to the thin rind; medium early. Also called Monte Cristo. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 80c per Lb.



(259) Hastings' Selected Florida Favorite Watermelon (The Very Best)

Our special selection and growth of Florida Favorite has given us an unsurpassed extra early, good quality, medium-sized melon, just the right kind for home use and nearby markets. It's a large, smooth, beautifully shaped melon, of dark green color, irregularly striped with lighter green; very early and prolific. Rather tough rind of medium thickness, making it a fairly good shipper. Flesh red, very crisp, tender and juicy. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 80c per Lb.

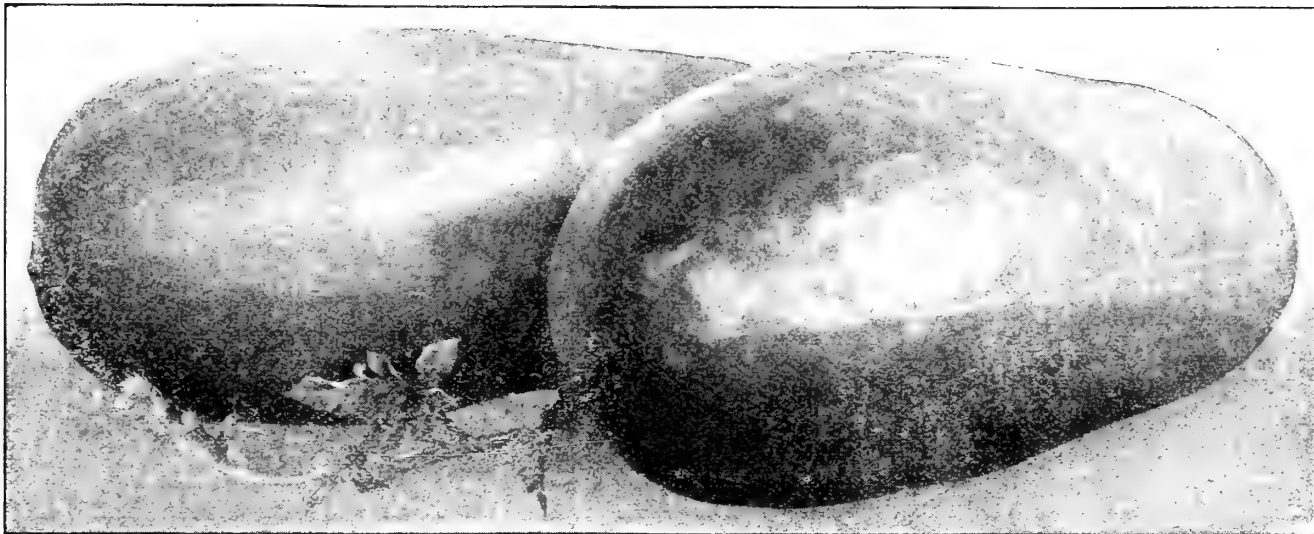
QUALITY "Our strain" means a whole lot to growers of watermelons, whether the growing is for home use or market. It is common knowledge that quality of seed stocks of all melons have been on the decline since the World War started. We believe we are doing more for actual improvement of our strains of varieties and that our seed stocks are better than any others in America. You notice that we list only really good varieties, kinds worth growing, and then try to give you the best seed possible to produce.



(255) Halbert Honey--Famous Sweet Watermelon

For a long time we accepted Kleckley Sweet as the sweetest melon grown, but, as most all records are broken, in Halbert Honey was produced a sweeter melon and one without strings in the flesh. No stringy pulp is left even after the largest bite of "heart." This melon has been put through our tests and has been found a mighty good melon for home and nearby market use. It is the sweetest of all melons with the exception of our new Stone Mountain and its delicious crimson red flesh extends nearly to the skin, the rind being very thin and brittle. It is more evenly shaped than Kleckley Sweet, as shown in the above illustration from a photograph, and the dark green skin makes it a very attractive melon. It is early, prolific and grows to rather large size. Halbert Honey is a wonderful eating melon for you to plant and any surplus can be easily sold on local markets. The rind is not tough or thick enough for long distance shipping. Just grow them for all you can eat and sell locally. They are simply delicious. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.

FINEST ALL-PURPOSE MELON IN THE WORLD



(258) THE "WATSON" OR "TOM WATSON" WATERMELON

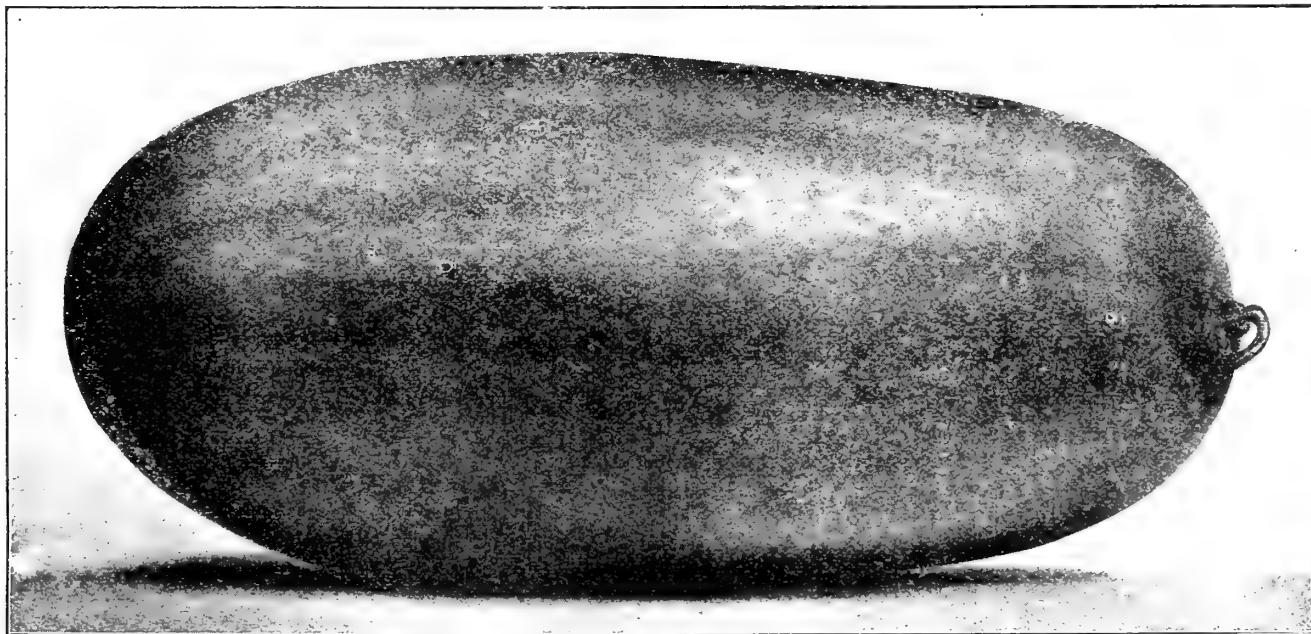
Seed grown from the original stock, which we have kept pure, and not the "run-out" seed now generally sold.

(From Photograph of Average Seed Crop Melons in Hastings' Seed Crop—No Seeds Saved from Melons Weighing Less Than 25 Pounds)

The Watson has rightfully been the most largely planted melon in the South for shipping purposes. It's a splendid melon for shipping, for nearby markets and for home use. It is an excellent combination all purpose melon for you to grow.

There has been much complaint about the Watson "running out" and this is absolutely true of a large part of the Watson seed on the market. It is seed saved from the tail end of the shipping crop, seed from malformed, rotten-ended runts and culls. You can't afford to plant such seeds. Plant Hastings' Seeds, the very finest you can buy.

In eating quality the Watson is good and its tough, medium thick, elastic rind makes it the finest shipper. Medium late; cylindrical shape, averaging 10 by 20 inches. Its dark green color and generally handsome appearance makes it a seller at top of the market prices. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.



(256) New Watermelon "Irish Gray"

New and good watermelons don't come often but this new South Georgia variety is one that has attained great popularity on its merit. It's a combination melon equally good for shipping or home use, being equal to or better than the Watson in that respect. It's sweet; the flesh is red, crisp and free from stringiness and in color of rind a mottled light gray-green, entirely distinct. Rind is thin but very tough. Long distance shipments go through perfectly. Vines very vigorous, healthy and hold up and produce fine melons late into summer when other sorts die out. Plant Irish Gray for home or market use and you will be delighted. It's as satisfactory a Melon as there is grown. Packet, 10 cents. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, \$1.00 per Lb.

ONIONS

The onion is the most healthful vegetable on the list. The onion is recognized as a necessity in feeding armies. It's a promoter of health and good physical condition. A reasonable amount of onions eaten is worth more to you than a whole drug store full of patent medicines. You need onions the year round. Why not grow them in sufficient quantity in your own garden to have them at any time without buying Northern grown onions from your storekeeper most of the year. Onions grown direct from the seed are good keepers for months.

CULTURE For home use onion seeds, sets or plants should be planted in any good garden soil just as early as the ground can be worked to advantage in the spring. Ground should be thoroughly broken, well fertilized or manured and then worked down very fine; all trash, clods or grass roots being removed. The use of sets is absolutely unnecessary except as a matter of earliness. Where well shaped, long keeping, marketable onions are desired plant the seeds instead of sets as the seeds make much better onions in every respect. Sets vary considerably in size, but the average will run about one pound of sets to 50 feet of row. Onions from seeds will mature in 100 to 140 days, according to variety; from sets in from 80 to 100 days; from plants 2 weeks still earlier.

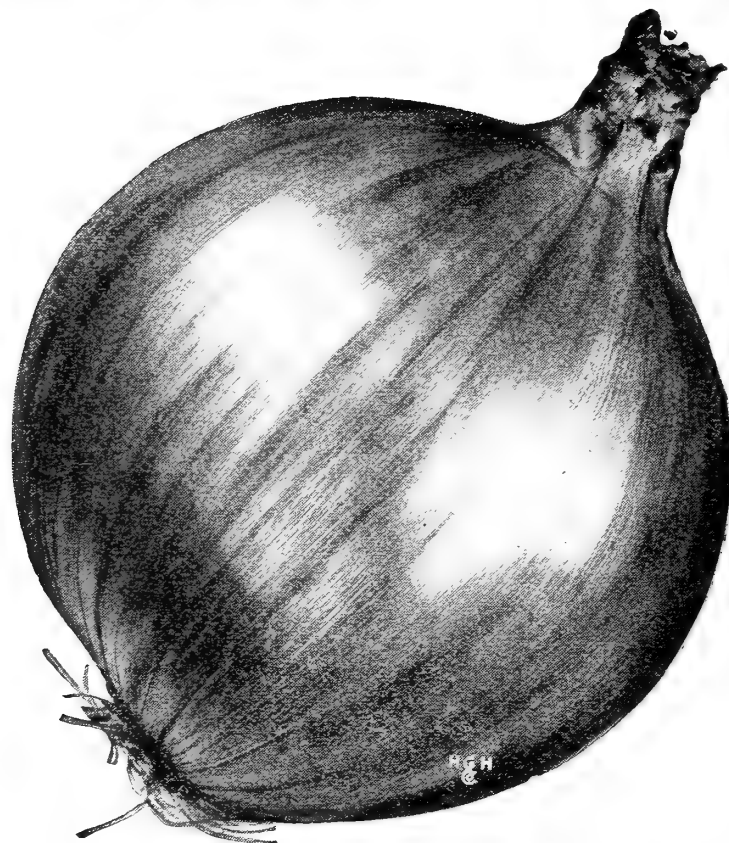
Cover seeds in clay or heavy soils about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch; in sandy soils 1 inch. If weather and soil are dry firm the soil after planting; heavy or clay soils should not be firmed when wet. As soon as seeds are well up begin a light surface cultivation and keep this up every week or ten days. Never let grass or weeds get a start, for young onion plants choked with weeds or grass die down in the "set" size and will have to be held over until the following fall. Cultivation (always shallow) should be kept up until bulbs are well formed and matured as indicated by the dying down or dropping over of the tops. When matured dig or plow up and store in a dry place, leaving tops on until you are ready to use or market them. Ounce plants 200 feet of row.

(296) Hastings' Prizetaker Onion

We offer Prize-taker Onion for sale on Page 35. Our Prizetaker Onion is of the very best American growth, far superior to all imported seeds. It has been successfully grown in all parts of the Central South from both spring and fall sowings. Our illustration, reproduced from a photograph, shows the shape of this variety perfectly. It is very large, frequently measuring 12 to 18 inches in circumference, and fine bulbs have been raised weighing from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 pounds each. During the last several years we have seen some splendid market crops of Prizetakers raised even under very unfavorable conditions, not only in Georgia but in practically every one of the Southern States, showing Prizetaker to be well adapted to our entire section. Prizetaker is a light straw-colored onion with a pure white flesh, very fine grain with rather mild flavor, and will keep for any reasonable length of time. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(295) Extra Early Barletta An extra early pickling onion. Pure white, growing about one inch in diameter and just the right size for pickling. Packet, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00.

(290) Giant White Tripoli Also known as El Paso, or Large Mexican. A large, flat, pure white, mild onion. Onions can be grown in one season from seed and on good ground will weigh over a pound. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.



(296) Hastings' American Prizetaker Onion Grown Direct from Seed

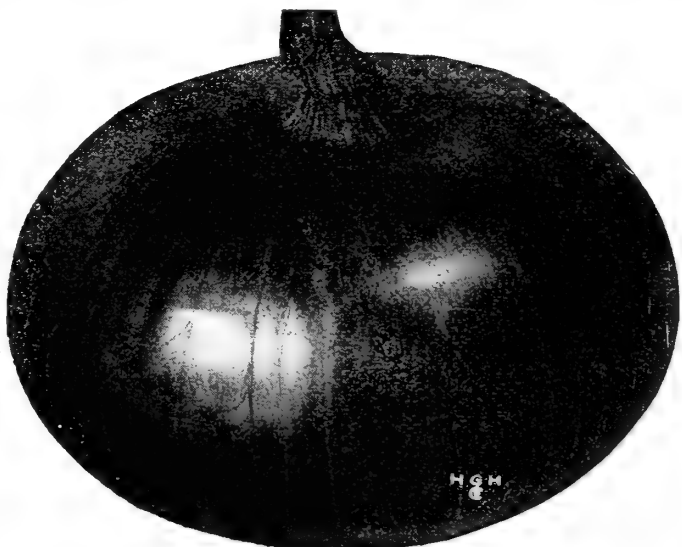
(297) Australian Brown For a late maturing, long keeping onion to last into and through winter if stored in a dry place, Australian Brown has no equal. If you plant the Bermuda, Prizetaker or the Hastings' Globe varieties and Australian Brown, you can count on a supply practically the year round. About a month later in maturing than the earlier sorts but of neat, round shape, very firm and solid in texture and the longest keeping onion known for warm climates. Of somewhat pungent flavor; skin is amber brown although a little variable in color. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00.

(286) Extra Early Red Earlier than Red Wethersfield and somewhat smaller. Flat shaped, close grained, strong flavored and a good keeper. A good early market sort. A favorite variety. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(285) Large Red Wethersfield One of the oldest varieties and has easily retained its popularity. It's easily grown to full maturity from seed and is a fairly good keeper into winter. Almost round, of large size and deep red color. In flavor decidedly pungent. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00.

(294) Yellow Globe Danvers Very productive and most extensively used for both home use and market. A fairly good keeper, solid, rather mild, earlier than the Hastings' Globe Onions. The bulbs are medium to large sized; flesh crisp and creamy white with rich coppery-yellow skin. Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00.

(300) Hastings' Silver Skin White Portugal. A famous variety for raising sets because the little bulbs are so uniform. Also a splendid pickling onion with mild flavor and silvery white skin. It is flat on the bottom and thick towards the top, very firm and hard, and an excellent keeper. Packet, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.



(297) Australian Brown—The Long Keeping Onion

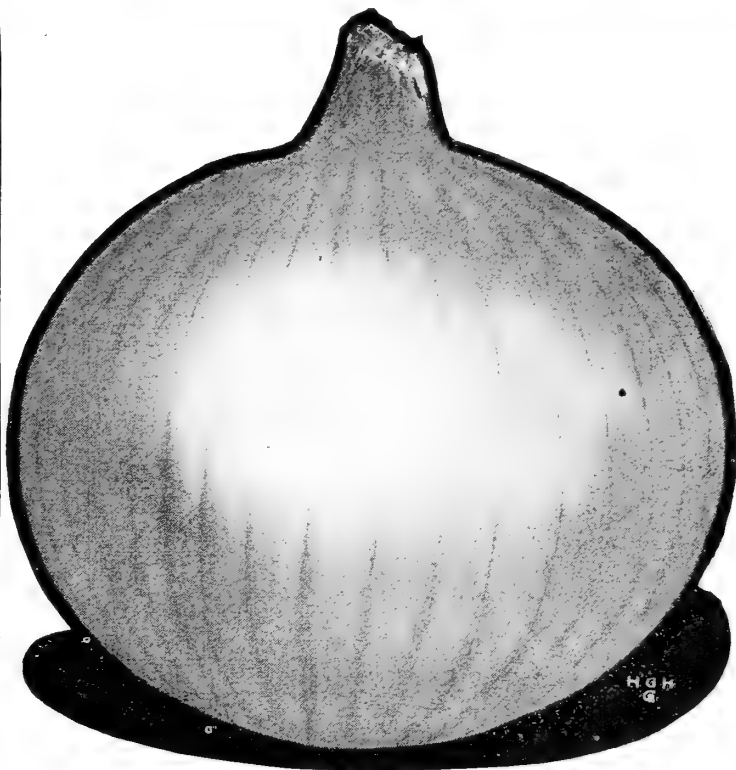
Hastings' Big Globe Onion Collection

ONIONS FOR ALL THE YEAR--25c

You can't find a better year-round selection than this. Four large packets of the finest onions in cultivation: varieties early, medium and late in maturing and the most popular varieties on our whole list. Three globe-shaped onions and also Hastings' Genuine Imported Yellow Bermuda Onion Seed.

This splendid collection gives you a welcome variety and a selection that will last you practically the whole year. Yellow Bermuda comes in very early, with the sweetest and most tender of all onions; Hastings' White Globe and Hastings' Prizetaker are medium in maturing, of good size, and are well suited to the whole South except Florida and Southwest Texas, where they should be planted in the fall; and Australian Brown is late in maturing and will keep longer than any other onion. These four varieties are standard, well-known varieties and make this a very valuable and satisfactory collection. They can all be grown readily from seed and bring high prices in any market.

Our illustrations give you a perfect idea of their handsome shape and appearance. You can't afford not to have one or more of them in your garden this year. We recommend them fully for every garden in all the Southern States except Florida. You will be more than pleased with them. One packet each of Hastings' White Globe, Prizetaker, Australian Brown and Yellow Bermuda Onion Seed, postpaid, 25 cents.



(292) One of Hastings' Big Globe Onions Grown Direct From Seed

(292) Hastings' White Globe Superb, large, pure, waxy white globe-shaped onion. Flesh crisp, fine grained and of very mild flavor. This globe onion brings the highest price on the market. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(293) Hastings' Yellow Globe Handsome pale-yellow globe onion, slightly larger than the White Globe. Of fine flavor, very mild, and a good keeper. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

(291) Hastings' Red Globe The handsomest and most richly colored of all red onions. A typical globe onion of great market value, nice appearance, mild flavor, fine quality and a good keeper. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Bermuda and Prizetaker Onion Plants

GENUINE YELLOW BERMUDA AND HASTINGS' PRIZETAKER ONION PLANTS—NO OTHER VARIETIES IN PLANTS

You no doubt know how easy and satisfactory it is to grow Onions from sets. Now, we are able to supply you with Genuine Yellow Bermuda and Hastings' Prizetaker Onion Plants. They are much more satisfactory than sets and grow better shaped onions that keep much better than onions from sets. They are even more hardy than Frost Proof Cabbage Plants, standing heavier frosts and even light freezes without being killed.

You can have green onions for pulling in your garden and you can have fine matured onions from these plants ten days to two weeks ahead of onions from sets and 'way ahead of onions from seeds. Growers claim, too, that it is a big advantage not to have their onions run to seed. Onions from plants seldom run to seed while onions from sets do run to seed.

These Onion Plants hold up well in shipment and start growing as soon as they are planted. We recommend them particularly for home gardens, and market gardeners will also find them a

great advantage in maturing onions for the high earliest market prices.

HASTINGS' ONION PLANTS POSTPAID

PRICES—100 plants of one variety, 50 cents, postpaid. No order for less than 100 plants of the same kind will be filled. Orders are filled by the hundred. All orders for less than 500 of the same variety take the 100 rate.

500 Onion Plants, all of the same variety, postpaid, \$1.60; 1,000 or more of the same variety, \$3.00 per 1,000; postpaid to your address. Write for Not Prepaid prices on large quantities.

NOTE—We will mail these two varieties of Onion Plants to any United States address, postpaid, except in California. Plants cannot be shipped to California because of Plant Quarantine Laws causing delay and damage to plants.

Plants are shipped direct from our Growing Station—separate from seed orders. ABSOLUTELY No Plants Shipped C. O. D.

GARLIC SETS

Pure Italian Garlic, so essential for flavoring, etc., but it has many valuable uses.

Only a small amount is needed at a time for roasts. Pound, 40 cents. 3 Lbs., \$1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICE ON 1925 ONION SETS

We are at all times looking to the good of our customers. Although we sell great quantities of Onion Sets each year and would like very much to have them for sale in 1925 we have decided not to list them at all in this spring catalog.

The set growing district, where practically all sets in this country are grown, suffered from a long, cold, wet summer. The result was that all onion sets grew too large and were very soft. They were even dug in wet ground and had no chance to become hardened or firm. White sets were not good last fall and there was no chance to keep them in storage over winter. Yellow sets were in a little better condition and perhaps a few will carry over the winter but they, too, are soft,

too large and generally unsatisfactory. Most of them will rot before planting time and they will not be worth planting—certainly not worth the price they would necessarily have to bring.

It is to your best interests, whether in the home garden or for market growing, to plant Onion Plants instead of Onion Sets this spring. The plants are far more satisfactory even with the best sets at your disposal and we believe you will continue to use plants every year after you try them once.

Send us your order for Onion Plants this year and you will have earlier onions, better onions and the kind that does not run to seed. Read about them just above. Hastings' Onion Plants are far better than any Onion Sets.

BERMUDA ONIONS

Plant For Earliest Mild-Flavored Onions

Over 33 years ago this firm introduced the Bermuda Onion as a commercial crop to Florida. Later to South Texas and still later to Southern California. It has made good to an extent that no other onion type ever has. Each year millions of dollars' worth of Bermuda Onions grown from fall planted seed are shipped to Northern markets from Texas, Florida, California and Gulf Coast sections. The great value of the Bermuda varieties for spring plantings is in the more northern sections of the South where it gets too cold for these varieties to live through the winter.

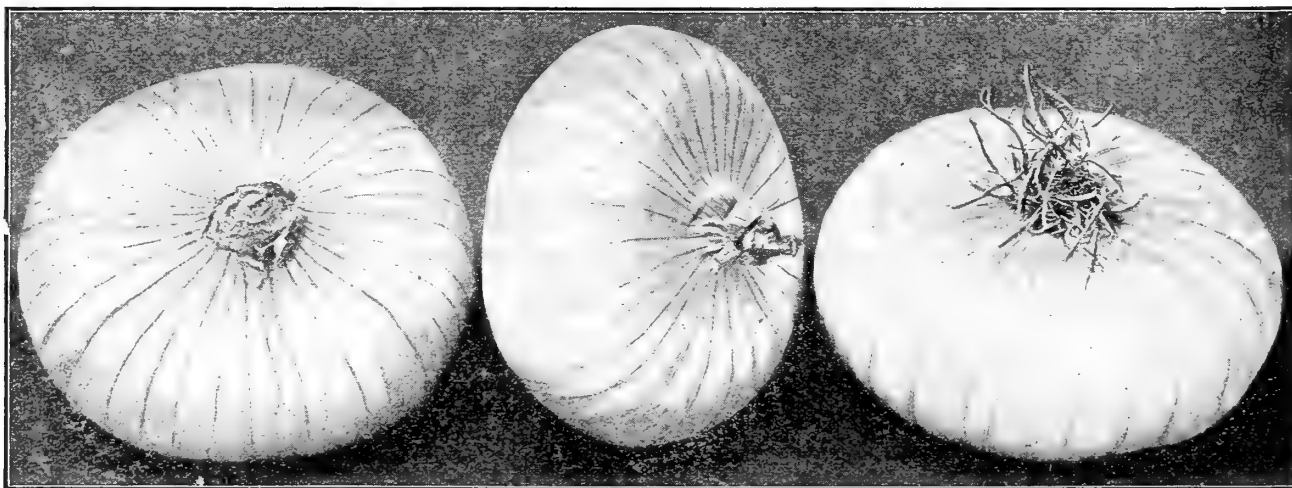
We recommend the Bermuda varieties to you unreservedly for earliness, good yields and mildness of flavor. They are equally good young for pulling green or after fully matured. They are so mild in flavor that many people eat them raw, like an apple.

(288) Yellow Bermuda Onion The most widely and largely planted of the Bermuda varieties. Before we introduced our Crystal Wax this was generally called White to distinguish it from the Bermuda Red although it is a light yellow or straw color. Since the appearance of Hastings' Crystal Wax on the markets the produce trade of the country began calling this variety "yellow" to distinguish it from the pure white Crystal Wax. This is the variety that has made Texas famous as an onion growing State and we have always rightfully claimed that Hastings' is the finest seed in the world. The higher quality Bermuda Onions grown from Hastings' Seeds bring the highest market prices and often premiums above the best market prices.

Our illustration shows Yellow Bermuda as grown from October planted seed. Less than six months from seed sowing (and mostly slow growing winter months) to the fully matured onions. No onion grown compares with the Bermuda in mildness of flavor, and for this reason it is immensely popular with millions of people who dislike the strong flavor of most of the varieties. You will make no mistake in planting the Bermuda Onion this spring. Large packet, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(289) Hastings' Crystal Wax Bermuda The most attractive onion in the world. Our own introduction and one of which we have been exceedingly proud. It is an absolutely pure white Bermuda Onion with a most beautiful waxy appearance that makes it sell on sight in the retail markets. In New York and other large markets our Crystal Wax sells at 25 to 50 cents per crate above the Yellow Bermuda. In Atlanta markets it has largely displaced all other onions during spring and early summer. Except in color it is identical with the Yellow Bermuda; has all its desirable qualities combined with much more handsome appearance. Hastings' Crystal Wax is an excellent home garden Onion as well as for market gardens and shipment. Being such a mild and beautiful Onion and so easily grown it is especially suited to home garden use. Every garden should have a few rows of Crystal Wax. It should appeal to everyone who likes Onions because of its superior quality and particularly to those who hesitate to eat Onions because of the strong flavor. This is the mildest and earliest of all Onions. Packet, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. Seed Crop Very Short.

Remember! Hastings' Bermuda Onions are the finest Onions that can be grown. Plant them this year.



(288) Hastings' Bermuda Onions—Earliest, Mildest Flavored—Most Attractive Onions in the World

HALF YOUR LIVING WITHOUT MONEY COST

The store bill is the biggest burden that the average Southern farm family has to carry during the year. The store bill is largely made up of items that can be easily produced on home acres if there is the will to produce them by the farm owner. Further, such production can be largely had through the use of time and land not needed for the so-called "cash crop" that so frequently turns out to be a "debt crop" when one depends entirely on it.

The South can never and the individual farm owner can never be really and permanently prosperous until our farm folks become producers of the food they consume instead of buyers of food from the store at prices two to three times what such food would cost made on home acres.

Profits can't be made on the "cash crops" when it takes all the "cash crops" sell for to pay the store bill. This is especially true when the food and grain is bought at high "credit" prices.

It's time to figure on and plan for food production on your farm and in your garden now. If you put off planning until planting time you will get nowhere. Give your best acres instead of the "sorriest" to garden, food and grain production.

A good, well planned and well prepared home garden is the biggest and best step you can take towards cutting down your store bill. Some folks claim to get half their food out of their gardens. Be that as it may—a good home garden, a quarter acre or more, planted with good seeds and kept replanted through the season will punch some big holes in that burdensome store bill that worries you every year.



(308) Moss Curled Parsley Leaf

PARSLEY

needed for flavoring.

CULTURE—Parsley succeeds best on a rich, mellow soil. The seed usually take 3 to 4 weeks to germinate and it is best to soak seed in water 12 hours before planting. Plant in rows 1 to 2 feet apart and cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch with fine soil pressed down. When plants are about 3 inches high thin out to 4 to 6 inches apart, and if the leaves of the curled varieties are cut off at this time, the plants will start a new growth of brighter and better curled leaves. If the leaves start to turn brown, cut off; each cutting improves the growth. **Plant one ounce to 200 feet of row; 3 pounds per acre in early spring or in the fall.**

(308) Extra Moss Curled Parsley

Our fine strain of Extra Moss Curled is the most ornamental of all varieties. It is handsome enough to have a place in your flower garden, a favorite sort for garnishing, flavoring and to supply hotels and markets. It is planted almost exclusively by Atlanta market gardeners for that purpose. It's a compact growing parsley; leaves are a dark green color, very finely cut and so closely curled as to resemble bunches of moss. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

(309) Double Curled Parsley

Plants of dwarf compact growth, and the young leaves have the edges heavily crimped, giving a general appearance of coarse moss. Especially planted by market gardeners. **Packet, 5 cents. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.**

(310) Plain Leaved Parsley

A very hardy, perfect growing variety, most excellent for seasoning, for which purpose it is grown almost exclusively. The leaves are flat, deeply cut, of very dark green color and not curled. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.**

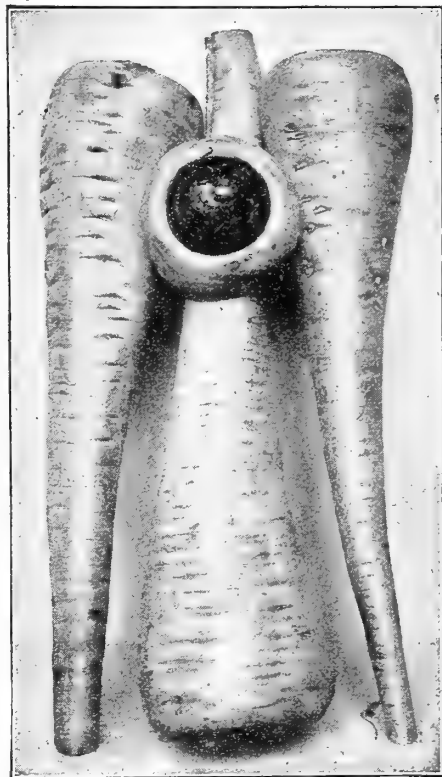
PARSNIPS

Excellent for table use; prepared like turnips or carrots, and parsnips produce an immense crop of roots on favorable soil. They are more nutritious than turnips and any surplus will be found very valuable in stock feeding, especially for milk cows.

CULTURE—Parsnips succeed best on deep, rich, sandy soil but do well on any good, deep, mellow soil. Fresh manure makes coarse roots of uneven shapes. Sow seed from January to April in the cotton belt for spring and summer crop; in Gulf Coast section and Florida, from September to December for winter and spring crop. Plant in rows 2 feet apart and cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, pressing down soil. When well up, thin plants to 6 inches apart. **Plant one ounce to 100 feet of row; 5 pounds per acre.**

(311) Improved Hollow Crown

The best all-round variety of parsnips. The leaves start from a depression in the crown of the root, thus giving it the name of "Hollow Crown." Rich, with smooth white skin, very-sweet flavor, immensely productive; ready for use in 80 to 85 days. Roots are smooth; in good soil 15 inches long by 3 inches across the shoulder; tender and sugary. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**



(311) Hastings' Imp. Hollow Crown Parsnips

HASTINGS' MAINE GROWN POTATOES

Hardest, Most Vigorous and Productive of all Irish Potatoes for the South

Hastings' three great Southern Varieties—Bliss Red Triumph, Irish Cobbler and Hastings' Improved Early Rose or Rose 4—are the hardest, most vigorous and most productive of all Seed Potatoes for the South. All are Maine grown.

Irish Potatoes are very successfully grown well over the South and with good Seed Potatoes to plant, there are many reasons why Southern production for both home and market should be encouraged. Grow Potatoes in your home garden this year, making sure that you have real Maine Grown seed potatoes. We do not handle any other kind.

Bliss Red Triumph

The South's most popular Potato and we sell 5 times as many as all others combined. It's adapted to the entire South; it's an extra early; it's a sure producer; its handsome appearance when first dug makes it a ready seller at top prices; it withstands heat and drouth well, making a crop when others burn up and make nothing. This is the most satisfactory Potato to plant but you must plant good seed Potatoes. **Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Irish Cobbler

In shape very similar to Red Triumph but with creamy white skin, slightly netted. Cooks quickly, is almost pure white; mealy, but not too dry. A good shipper and keeper for home use. **Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Hastings' Improved Early Rose or Rose 4

This is the favorite in the great Potato growing districts of Florida, especially around Hastings, Florida. Over 300,000 barrels have been shipped in one season from that district. It is an improved strain of early Rose. **Write for best prices.**

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT ROOTS

Rhubarb is about the earliest plant you can use in the spring for pie making and stewing. It also has great medicinal qualities; extract of Rhubarb is largely used to aid digestion. It is not recommended for Gulf Coast sections but it does well in the Central South and farther north in moist, rich, heavily fertilized, partly shaded locations. Set out roots in early spring. **ROOTS—30 cents each. 4 for \$1.00—Postpaid. Write for quantity prices. Roots are sent separate from seed orders as we wait for seasonable time to ship to prevent damage in transit.**

Horseradish Roots

There are very few people who don't need, at some time or other during the year, horseradish for seasoning. You can usually buy it at the stores but so adulterated as to be almost worthless. Horseradish can be grown almost anywhere in the South successfully, but gives best results in rich, rather moist, partly shaded locations. **Prices: 25 Roots or sets, 35 cents. 50 Roots, 60c. 100 Roots, \$1.00—Postpaid. Roots are sent separate from seed orders as we wait for seasonable time to ship to prevent damage in transit.**

Write for Potato Prices

At the time this part of our catalog goes to the printer, prices on seed potatoes have not settled. It is impossible to make prices that will stand through January, February and March. When in the market write us for prices on the quantity and variety you want, using Quotation Sheet in back of this catalog. Our seed potatoes are right quality and prices will be as low as we can make them.

Garden or English Peas for Planting in the South

Prices include Postage
Prepaid on Packets, 1-2,

1 and 2-lb. Packages. Larger quantities by
Express or Freight at Purchaser's Expense

Culture The extra early, round seeded varieties, John L. and Alaska, can be planted very early as it takes a hard freeze to kill them. Other varieties have wrinkled seed and these must not be planted until the ground begins to warm up. All Peas may be planted in Florida and along the Gulf Coast through the winter. In the Central South, plant round Peas from January to about March 15th and then the wrinkled varieties.

Make sowings every 10 days to keep a succession of Peas through the season. Tall varieties, as Telephone, Marrowfat and Champion of England, need brushing or staking. Others may be planted in double rows, 6 inches apart, with 2 feet between the double rows. This allows running together in double rows and usually gives sufficient support. Keep working the soil up around the stems and all varieties will bear much longer. Cover seed in rows 2 to 3 inches deep. 56 pounds of wrinkled and 60 pounds of smooth peas make a bushel. Plant 2 Pounds of Peas to 100 feet of row.

(316) Hastings' John L.---Earliest Extra Early Pea

Earliest of all the extra early varieties; for home use, market or shipment. Since 1898 it has held the record for earliness against all of the best strains of early peas sold by other American seedsmen and during that time no pea has been introduced that equals it for earliness and productiveness in the extra early class. John L. is a standard with Southern gardeners, both for shipping and home markets, and every year we sell hundreds and hundreds of bushels of this variety to Florida shippers. The earliest time on record in early maturity was made with this variety years ago by C. J. Montgomery, St. Augustine, Florida. He planted 15 pounds of John L., and on the 30th day

from planting gathered one bushel of well developed pods therefrom. This really is a wonderful first early pea and a variety that always makes good when the highest prices are obtained. Packet, 10c. ½ Pound, 20c. Pound, 40c. 2 Pounds, 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.

(317) Alaska Extra Early

Next to John L., week later than John L. in earliness and is the best quality and heaviest bearer of all the round-seeded extra early varieties. A splendid shipper and one of the very best you can plant in the garden for home use for an extra early. Foliage and pods light green; pods 2½ inches long, round, straight and square ended, containing six peas. Seeds are of bluish shade, well rounded out and the fresh peas are about equal to the wrinkled peas in quality. There are a great many peas being sold under the name of "Alaska" that are from run-out stock or else not kept true to name. These dwarf varieties have to be "rogued" very carefully each year to keep them true to type. This we do very carefully and you can depend on us. For canning, marketing or home use you will find them absolutely satisfactory. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Pound, 20 cents. Pound, 40 cents. 2 Pounds, 75c. 10 Lb. lots, not prepaid, 20c per lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per lb.

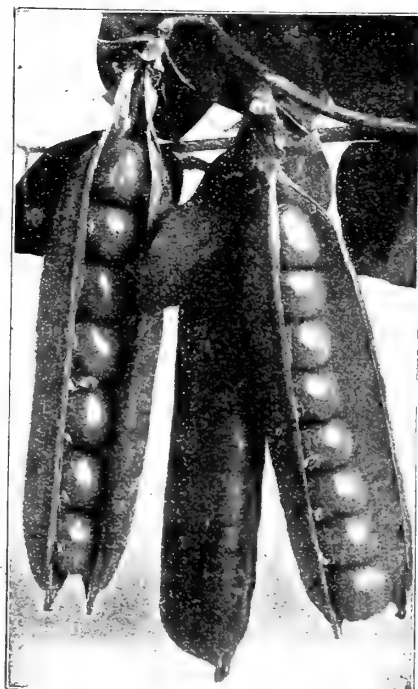
(316) Hastings' John L.
Extra Early Peas

(315) Hastings' Extra Early Surprise Pea

This extra early, wrinkled pea beats them all in combining in one variety, earliness, heavy-bearing and most delicious eating quality. While a true wrinkled variety it is a very early bearer. Vines grow 20 to 24 inches high and require no "staking" or "brushing" when planted in double rows according to our culture directions. Foliage and pods are light green; round pods containing 6 medium sized green peas are 2½ inches long, with blunt ends. Uniform in maturity and yet very productive makes this pea popular with the canners. It has also developed into a splendid shipping variety and many prefer it for this reason. However, if you want an early pea for good eating at home, for sale at nearby markets, for canning or shipping, this variety will please and pay you well. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Pound, 20 cents. Pound, 40 cents. 2 Pounds, 75 cents. 10 Pound lots, not prepaid, 22 cents per pound. No larger quantities offered. This variety is very short this year.

(330) Gradus or Prosperity

This garden pea is a superb extra early wrinkled variety with immense pods, is hardy and can be planted almost as early as Alaska. Grows 2½ feet high, strong and vigorous. Quality delicious, 3¼-inch medium green pods with 6 to 8 large, very sweet peas. Packet, 10 cents. ½ Pound, 25 cents. Pound, 45 cents. 2 Pounds, 80c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.



(317) Type of Alaska Extra Early Pea

(323) Thomas Laxton This pea is considered the finest pea in cultivation. It is early but a heavy bearer and professional growers as well as home gardeners say it is the greatest pea of today. Closely resembles the Gradus or Prosperity but hardier and slightly earlier. Pods with 7 peas are about $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches long, straight, well filled, rounded with rather a blunt end. The large wrinkled peas are of a greenish cream color and the plants are very vigorous growing. This is a very popular variety among the Florida and Gulf Coast growers. The flavor is very pleasing and the peas retain their tenderness. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 22c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 20c per Lb.

(319) Notts Excelsior An extra early, dwarf-growing wrinkled variety very similar to American Wonder, but one-third larger; of the same earliness and delicious flavor. Pods are more closely packed with peas than any other variety. Stout and heavy; $2\frac{3}{4}$ -inch round pods with blunt ends; 6 light green peas of high quality; productive. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 22c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 20c per Lb.

(322) Market Surprise New large podded extra early. Vigorous growth with stocky vines, growing $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. Very prolific for an extra early pea, the pods containing 8 to 9 fine peas of rich green color. You will like Market Surprise for it's equally good for home gardens or for market. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.

(331) Premium Gem A dwarf, wrinkled, extra early variety, growing about 15 inches high, and is one of the earliest of the good quality varieties for home gardens. This is an older variety that certainly deserves its great popularity. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.

(314) Little Marvel An excellent dwarf sort for the market and home garden. The pods average a little longer than those of Premium Gem, are more attractive in shape and color and the peas are of superior quality. The vines are heavily set with large, straight, deep green pods which are square ended and are well filled with 7 large tender peas. Peas dark green, wrinkled and very prolific. This is a recent introduction which trials show us to be of exceptional merit. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.

Second Early—Heavy Bearers

(329) Bliss Everbearing The greatest favorite among our customers for home gardens and nearby markets. Height of vine 2 to 3 feet. Pods 3 to 4 inches long, each pod containing 5 to 6 wrinkled peas of very fine table quality. Size of peas large to very large, frequently $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter. Its habit of growth is of peculiar branching character, forming as many as ten stalks to a single root. The individual or separate branches are of extraordinary strength and substance so that when killed up properly they stand up well without "brushing." This variety is especially noted for its continuance of bearing, a characteristic which gives it special value. Even after repeated picking the vines continue to develop buds and blossoms which mature into fine peas. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. No larger quantities offered. Seed crop very short.

(328) Hastings' Home Delight Pea Planted by tens of thousands of our customers with entire satisfaction. Earliest bearer of the second early or heavy-bearing varieties; a strong, vigorous grower, coming in right after the extra early sorts, and while enormously productive is of such stiff, stocky growth that it can be grown without "brushing" when planted in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart, rows running together as soon as high enough. The sweetness and tenderness and heavy-bearing qualities give entire satisfaction. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.



(328) Hastings' Home Delight—Fine Second Early



(329) Hastings' Bliss Everbearing Peas—Fine for Gardens

(327) Hastings' Improved Telephone Pea One of the best tall-growing, wrinkled varieties, that has been found exceedingly profitable by both home and market gardeners. Grows 4 to 6 feet tall and must be "brushed"; immensely productive, bearing 25 to 30 extra large pods to each vine. It has that excellent, sugary flavor, so desirable in garden peas. Vines and foliage strong and heavy, medium green. Pods $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, medium light green, straight, broad and pointed, containing 8 large, light green peas, main crop, productive. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.

(321) Large White Marrowfat Old, well-known very strong growing variety that is a favorite. When properly "brushed" it is an exceedingly heavy bearer and very profitable. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 17c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 15c per Lb.

(332) Champion of England One of the very richest, best flavored late peas. Well-known and popular; tall growing, 5 feet, peas with wrinkled seeds; a heavy bearer. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. No larger quantities offered. Seed crop very short.

(326) Sugar or Salad Pea A distinct variety with edible pods, cooked and eaten in the same manner as snap beans. These are great favorites with those who have once used them. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 20c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, 18c per Lb.

HASTINGS' SEED SERVICE

The H. G. Hastings Co. is, we honestly believe, the best fitted of all the seed houses of this country to serve those who plant in the South. Our business was 35 years old in October, 1924. The record is an honorable one through the years. The service that we have rendered has inspired confidence in us on the part of nearly a half million seed buying customers. We are proud of this confidence and each year we try to add to our seed service. The generality of our seeds are not only tested but double tested in one of the best equipped seed laboratories for germination this country affords.

On the Hastings Farm, twenty-five miles from Atlanta (1500 acres) we are not only farming and seed growing but are continually trying out all the new sorts, comparing them with the old and standard sorts, so as to know by actual growth whether they are worth recommending to you. Seed growing, crop inspection and testing both in laboratory and field, are for your protection, a part of the Hastings' Seed Service. It pays to plant Hastings' Seeds, Bulbs and Plants in field, garden and flower bed.



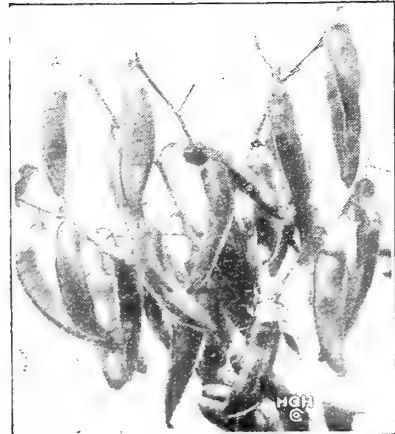
Mixed Peppers

de Georgia on a large scale since 1915, one cannery alone contracting for 3,000 to 5,000 acres a year. It can be eaten raw like an apple; can be stuffed with meat and baked; can be used as a salad and also canned for use at any time of year. It has thick, firm flesh which permits its being scalded and peeled. Our illustration shows the appearance and is little over half natural size of our greatly improved strain. Hastings' Perfection Pimiento. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(356) Large Bell or Bull Nose The standard large variety for home use, also for market and shipping to Northern markets from Florida, Louisiana and Texas. Rather mild flavor, is comparatively early and a heavy producer of fruits, 3 to 3½ inches long and 2 to 3 inches across the shoulder. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

(352) Ruby King A leading variety of sweet pepper for home and market use. Very vigorous grower with large, sweet, mild fruits. A close favorite with Large Bell or Bull Nose, slightly larger in size and certainly much sweeter and milder than that variety. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

(350) Hastings' Golden Prize Large, bright golden-yellow variety; very sweet and mild. In some places this is said to cure chills and fever. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25.



(349) Long Cayenne Hot Pepper

PEPPERS

Culture Pepper seed does not germinate freely in a temperature of less than 65 degrees, hence should be started in hot beds, in protected boxes or else planting deferred until the ground gets well warmed up in the

spring. When plants have 6 to 8 leaves and danger of frost is past they can be set in the open ground in rows 3 feet apart, 14 to 16 inches apart in the row. As the plants begin to produce fruit draw the earth up around the stem as a partial support. Sweet peppers can also be sown in July and August in Florida for the fall shipping crop, many finding this more profitable than spring shipping crops. In spring planting, 1 ounce of pepper seed will usually make about 1,000 good strong plants if properly handled. Most gardeners prefer to plant seed at the rate of about ½ pound per acre to make sure of a sufficient quantity of plants.

(351) Hastings' Mixed Peppers Almost all home gardeners want both sweet and hot peppers in their garden and with this end in view we make each year a mixture of the seed of all varieties catalogued by us:

hot and sweet, large and small. This mixture gives you some of every kind in your garden. In no other way can you get so large and useful an assortment as in our packet of mixed peppers. We sell thousands upon thousands of packets of Mixed Peppers every year and they give the greatest satisfaction. At least one packet of this ought to have a place in every seed order for the home garden in the South. Packet, 10 cents. 3 Packets, 25 cents.

(358) Hastings' Perfection Pimiento This superb mildest flavored of all peppers is fast becoming well known to the people of the Southeastern States, and it is the variety for every one desiring mildness of flavor, for it is absolutely free of the pungent flavor that so many consider undesirable. Pimiento was first introduced in Southern California in 1911, and has become a staple crop for home and market use, and for canning as well. It has also been grown and canned successfully in Mid-

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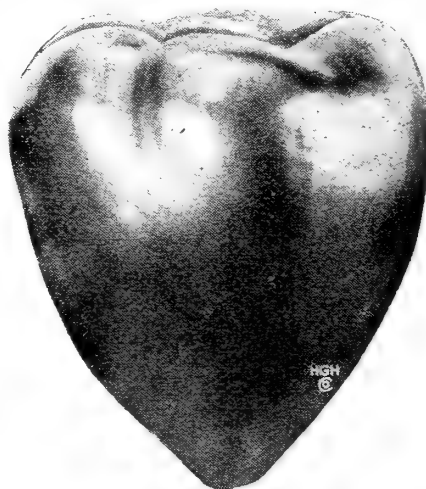
A leading variety of sweet pepper for home and market use. Very vigorous grower with large, sweet, mild fruits. A close favorite with Large Bell or Bull Nose, slightly larger in size and certainly much sweeter and milder than that variety. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

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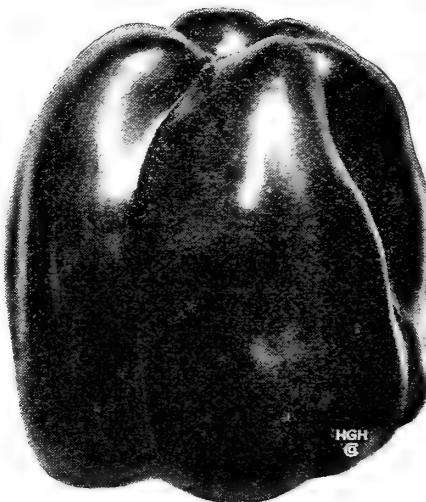
(349) Long Cayenne HOT. Our Long Cayenne is a burning hot pepper. Larger than Red Chili but just as hot and pungent. Cayenne is a long red pepper and this is the true type. Plant some of these for dried peppers during the winter. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25.

(353) Red Cluster HOT. Deserves a place in your flower garden. Very ornamental, with hundreds of small red peppers of hot, pungent flavor. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25.

(354) Red Chili HOT. A well-known very hot, pungent variety. Fine dried for winter use. If you want very hot, pungent peppers for flavoring, Red Chili is fine. It is small and very bright red and exceedingly prolific. If you want the hottest peppers and a plenty of them, plant Red Chili. This is the best hot pepper we can possibly offer and it will please you if you want the hottest peppers. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25.



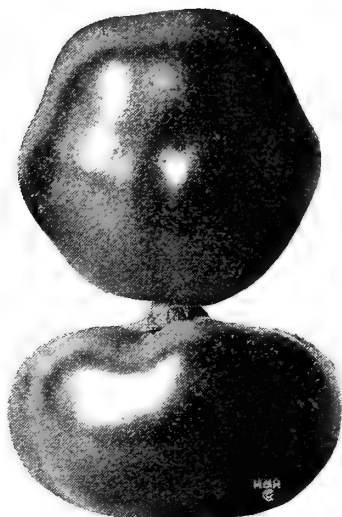
(358) Hastings' Perfection Pimiento



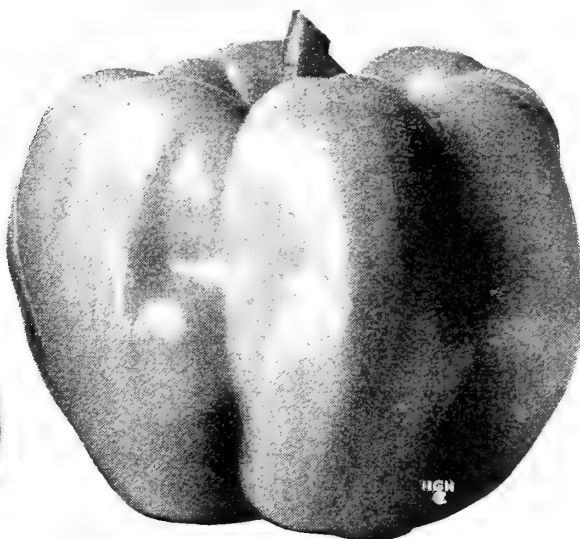
(356) Large Bell or Bull Nose



(354) Red Chili—Our Best Hot Pepper



(358½) New Tomato Pepper



(355) Chinese Giant Pepper—Biggest of All



(359) Ruby Giant—Large, Mild

(358½) HASTINGS' NEW TOMATO SALAD PEPPER

See Picture Above. In 1917 we introduced Royal King, the finest bell type Pepper known. Now we are offering to our trade another new Pepper that we believe will be extremely popular, especially for home gardens. This new variety, shown above in its natural size, is a Pimiento selection, very mild or "sweet" and with very thick flesh. It is very prolific, the plants being loaded with these uniformly shaped and sized Peppers that look like tomatoes in shape and color. They are fine for canning because the uniform size and flat, round shape pack well in cans or jars and bring a very fancy price when shown in glass jars. They are delicious eaten raw or chopped in salads and the skin may be scalded or charred and rubbed off without hurting the thick flesh, just the same as with Pimiento, if you like. Be sure to try this new variety this year. Be the first one in your locality to grow, eat, can and show it. We believe you will agree with us that it is the Salad Pepper you have been looking for. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

HASTINGS' ROYAL KING—BEST PEPPER OF ALL

(357) Introduced by us in 1917. While it is a superb sweet pepper for home and market use we want to especially call the attention of the trucker or shipping market gardeners to its regularity of size and shape, making it an exceptionally desirable variety for good packing and fine appearance on arrival in the markets. This will insure its being a top price seller at all times.

This new sweet pepper is an exceptional introduction and has taken the place of our popular Ruby King. It is very prolific, bright and glossy, of large size (the illustration to the right shows the natural size and type of this new variety); the flesh is mild and thick and the lobes well filled out. It runs remarkably true to type and uniformity of size for a pepper, and the plants are of strong, stocky, erect growth. It is a native Southern pepper, originating right here in Georgia, and has made good from the start. When we say it is better than our Ruby King we are saying a great deal, but we want you to plant this variety this year. Taste it raw, stuff it with meat and bake it and fill it with salads for the table; we believe you will like it and agree with us that it is the bell type pepper you have been looking for. We recommend it as the best bell pepper in existence. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

(359) Ruby Giant If you want an exceptionally large, mild pepper, here it is. Hastings' Ruby Giant is a cross between Ruby King and Chinese Giant, having the good qualities of both yet without the undesirable qualities of either. It is very attractive, grows to large size, is exceptionally mild, and when ripe is of a bright scarlet color. Flesh exceedingly thick, sweet, and so mild that it can be eaten raw.

Ruby Giant is early in maturing; the plant is vigorous and upright, taller than the Chinese Giant, much more productive and an excellent large sweet pepper for stuffing. It makes a satisfying table pepper, an ideal home garden sort, and is a quick basket filler, that will sell on sight for the market gardener. See Picture Above. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

(355) Chinese Giant A monster of the pepper family. single specimens of this having been grown weighing 18 ounces. Plants of strong, stocky, bushy, erect growth, 18 inches to 2 feet high. Very prolific, setting 3 to 4 of the extra large fruits at the base which ripen while a second crop is setting on the branches. Fruit is much larger than Ruby King and Large Bell; almost square in shape with few seeds, while the flesh is very thick. In flavor it is very mild. Chinese Giant is a very popular home garden variety because of its monstrous size and thick flesh, making a wonderful table appearance as well as good eating, especially when stuffed with meats or salads. See Picture above. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.



(357) Hastings' New Royal King Pepper—The Best of All

HASTINGS' PUMPKINS

Pumpkins should be grown more largely on every farm in the South. Many sorts are splendid for pies and baking; others make a wonderful feed for stock during the winter months. Pumpkins are easily sold in the towns and cities when not wanted for use on the farm. Plant them on the farm this year—it will pay you.

Culture Usually grown in cornfields, but if grown as a separate crop, seed should be planted in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way after weather and soil get warm. Plant about 10 seeds to a well fertilized hill, thinning to 3 plants per hill after well started. Don't plant near squash or the squash will be crossed and ruined. Hoe often till vines begin to run. Cut pumpkins from vine after the leaves die, leaving 3 to 4 inches of stem attached, and store in dry place. Handle carefully and avoid bruising. Use one ounce of seed to 20 hills of most varieties; 3 to 4 pounds per acre.

(360) Southern Field Famous old-time Pumpkin. Strong, vigorous grower and very prolific. Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 75c.

(361) Tennessee Sweet Potato Pear shaped and a little ribbed; color creamy white, sometimes striped with green; hardy, productive and keeps till late spring. Looks like a sweet potato when cooked and has a delicious taste. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

(364) Sweet or Sugar First-class sweet yellow fleshed variety for pies and baking. It is small, being 10 to 12 inches in diameter, but its quality is the finest. Heavy bearing and unexcelled as a table variety. Sugar or Sweet is one of the most popular Pumpkins grown for home use. It is so easily grown that every garden should have it for the famous and delicious Pumpkin Pies. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(366) Japanese Pie Pumpkin Distinct Japanese variety adapted to all parts of the South. Very meaty and solid and in general appearance resembles the Cashaw, but is earlier and usually larger. Meat is rather free from water and is easily cut and dried if desired. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

(365) Improved Green Striped Cashaw This is our favorite of the Cashaw type of Pumpkin for the South. Attractive in appearance, a distinct mottled green striped with white. Flesh is a rich yellow color; solid, fine grained and very thick. Sweet and most excellent for both pies and baking. Can be grown in the corn, makes heavier yields than the old Yellow Cashaw and is better for stock feeding. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

(363) Hastings' Big Jumbo Pumpkin See illustration of this monster variety. Do you want to grow the biggest Pumpkin in your county? Our Jumbo is the variety with which to do it. The Pumpkin from which the picture was made weighed 220 pounds. It is nothing to grow them weighing from 100 to 125 pounds on unfertilized ground. Under good cultivation it's a monster. Quality is good, considering the size. Flesh a bright yellow; fine grained. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 20 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50 cents. Pound, \$1.50.

Raise the
Biggest
Pumpkin in
Your County



(363) Hastings' Big Jumbo Pumpkin, the King of All the Big Pumpkins



Sandwich Island Salsify

SALSIFY

VEGETABLE OYSTER.

Salsify is one of the most desirable and nutritious winter vegetables. The roots when cooked are delicious and may be served in many ways. The flavor is very much like oysters and especially where it is difficult to get fresh oysters, Salsify is very popular. Let them grow until frost and stay in the ground until needed. They are greatly improved by remaining in the ground during freezing weather.

CULTURE—Salsify succeeds best on a rich, light, deep soil. Avoid fresh manure as it makes badly shaped and uneven roots. Sow seed early in spring in rows about 18 inches apart and thin plants to 3 inches apart. Cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Cultivate frequently and let grow all summer. Dig when needed through the fall and winter but all should be dug before growth begins in the spring. They may be dug and stored in a pit or cool cellar. Sow one ounce to 100 feet of row.

(404) Mammoth Sandwich Island Easily the best variety. It is a large and strong grower with long, smooth, white tapering roots, excellent in quality and less likely to branch than other sorts. Equally desirable for home and market gardens. Packet, 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

Hastings' Summer Bush Squash

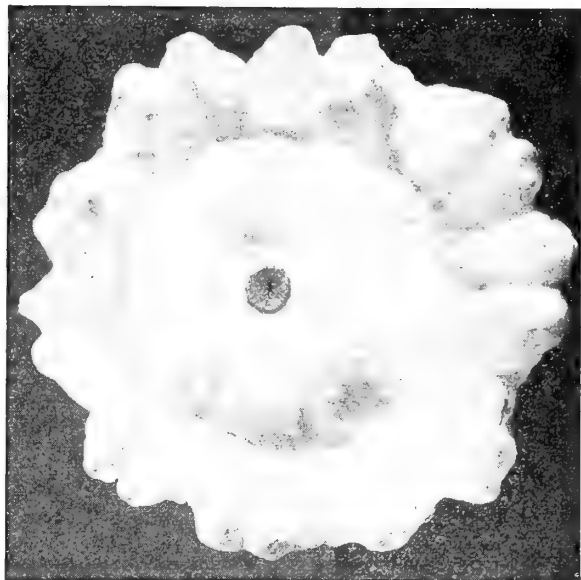
Culture Squash will not stand frost and cold nights, hence plantings should not be made until danger of frost and cold nights are over. Work the soil deeply before planting. For the bush varieties, hills should be 3 to 4 feet apart each way; 6 to 10 seeds in each hill, covering seed about 1 inch. Thin out to 2 plants after rough leaves are formed. One or two shovelfuls of well rotted manure to each hill, thoroughly worked into the soil, is advantageous. Hoe often, keeping down all weeds and grass. Keep surface soil loose, but do not disturb the plants while bearing. Keep the squash picked off as soon as ready for use, as this keeps the plants bearing longer. Running squash for fall and winter use should not be planted until June or July in this latitude. Hills for these should be made 8 to 10 feet apart. Hoe frequently but do not disturb the runners. Plant one ounce of seed to 25 hills, two to three pounds per acre.

(420) Hastings' Mammoth White Bush A marked improvement over the Early White Bush, being nearly double the size and more regular in shape. Early, uniform and prolific; has beautiful clear white skin and flesh and grows 10 to 12 inches in diameter. Fine for family gardens and nearby markets, and when picked young can be used for shipment. Packet, 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

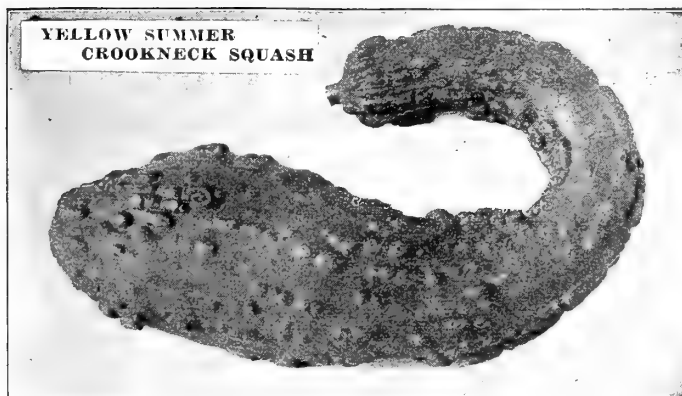
(425) Early White Bush The well-known White Scalloped or Patty Pan Squash. One of the earliest to mature, very productive; skin and flesh a light cream color. Similar to Mammoth White Bush except finer grained and not so large. A very popular variety for shipment to Northern markets from Florida as well as being a general favorite for home gardeners everywhere. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

(422) Golden Custard Much larger than any other scalloped variety. It's nothing unusual to have them reach a size of 2 feet in diameter when planted on a rich, moist soil. In color, a rich, dark golden yellow. This variety has smooth skin, is very evenly scalloped and uniform in growth. Of the regular bush form, immensely productive and of fine quality. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

(424) Early Yellow Bush Identical with Early White Bush except in color, which is bright golden yellow. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.



(420) Hastings' Mammoth White Bush Squash



(426) Giant Summer Crookneck In this extra large variety we have one containing the good qualities of the crooknecked squash and at the same time giving nearly double the size of the Yellow Summer Crookneck. For market gardeners growing for nearby markets and home gardens it is especially desirable. It is rather too large to ship, but with this variety you can sometimes double the yield from same area that you do with the other sorts. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

(421) Yellow Summer Crookneck Old, well-known crookneck variety for home and market gardens. Fruits small, of bright orange yellow color and covered with warty excrescences. It makes an excellent shipper, is fine grained and of good quality, especially desirable for its rich, buttery flavor. We consider this the best squash. The sweet buttery flavor and prolificity beats them all. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

Market Gardeners, Attention!

For special prices on 5 pounds or over of vegetable seeds, use the Yellow "Quotation Sheet" in the back of this catalog. It will pay you well to plant Hastings' Seeds entirely, and the price will be Right.

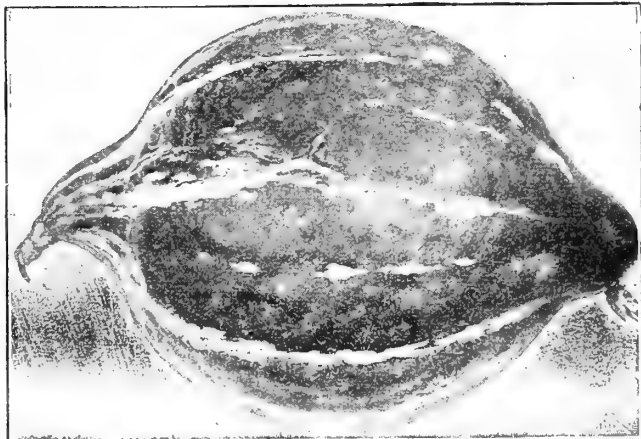
RUNNING OR MARROW SQUASH

Distinct from the Bush or Summer squashes, the vines running 10 to 12 feet long and the squashes are 6 to 12 pounds in weight. In flavor much richer than the Summer Squashes. For fall and winter use plant in June or July, and after cutting, store in cool, dry place until wanted for use.

(428) Boston Marrow Most popular running variety. A very productive fall and winter squash of medium to large size, oval shape (as shown by the illustration), and thin skin. It is generally used for canning and making pies. The fruits when ripe are bright orange with a shading of light cream color. The flesh is of rich salmon yellow color, fine grained and of excellent flavor, and not as dry as the Improved Hubbard. A good keeper and shipper. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

(423) Early Prolific Marrow Very similar to the Boston Marrow, rather more prolific and about one week earlier. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

(427) Improved Hubbard Not recommended for general planting in the South but does well in a few localities. One of the best of the winter squashes where it does well. Vines are vigorous and very productive. The fruits are large, heavy, and moderately warted; they have very hard shells. Skin is dark, bronze green; the flesh is bright orange yellow, fine grained, thick and finely flavored. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.



Type of Marrow and Hubbard Squash

HASTINGS' RADISH SEED

Culture For best results radishes require a rich, loose, moist soil, so they can be grown quickly. The crisp, tender flesh of early radishes depends almost entirely on rapid growth. Successive plantings should be made every 10 days or two weeks to keep up a continuous supply of crisp and tender radishes. For quick use plant the round or button radishes and olive shaped. For later use plant the long and half-long varieties, as they root much deeper and better resist heat and drought. What are known as winter radishes should be sown in August and September. All radishes should be sown thinly in drills one foot apart, seed covered $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and kept clear of grass and weeds. Our radish seed is of the very best, grown from carefully selected and transplanted roots. Radishes are very easy to grow. Sow one ounce of seed to 100 feet of row; 10 to 12 pounds per acre. Radishes mature in 3 to 6 weeks.

(376) Hastings' Early Long Scarlet This is the most popular of all radishes in the South for general garden use and market. Our illustration shows the remarkable regularity and fine shape of our strain of this variety. It's a favorite everywhere, no vegetable garden being complete without it. Tops rather small, roots long and tapering to a decided point; color an intense bright scarlet. Flesh is very crisp and tender and when grown rapidly, as all radishes should be, it is free from all pungent taste. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

(388) Long White Vienna or Lady Finger An early maturing and attractive, long white, summer radish of most excellent quality. The tops are of medium size. The roots are clear white, slender, smooth and average when mature 6 to 7 inches long by about $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{7}{8}$ of an inch in diameter at thickest part. The flesh is very crisp and tender. This variety is desirable for market and home garden use. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

(382) Long White Icicle Excellent and profitable; a new and distinct sort; ready for use as soon as Hastings' Early Long Scarlet and has fewer leaves. Admirable alike for open air and under glass. The Icicle is a clear white in color, very long, slender and tapering shape. It quickly grows to market size, is crisp and brittle, and of mild, sweet flavor. A fine variety for both market and home gardeners who want an early, long radish. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

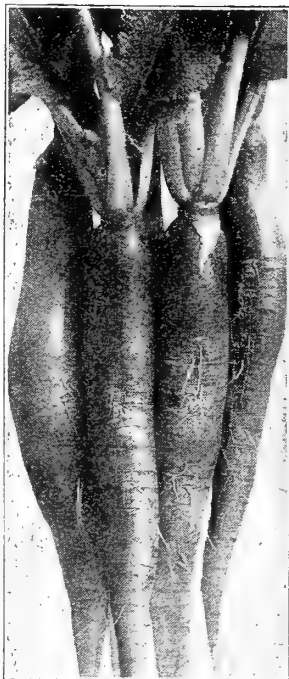
(373) Chartier Grows to a large size, but not very uniform in shape. Red at the top, pink in the middle, white at the tips; handsome appearance when pulled at the right time. It is especially fine flavored when grown quickly in the South. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

(389) French Breakfast A very tender and mild radish, favorite for an early half-long variety in the South both for home and market use. Color bright red with white bottoms. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

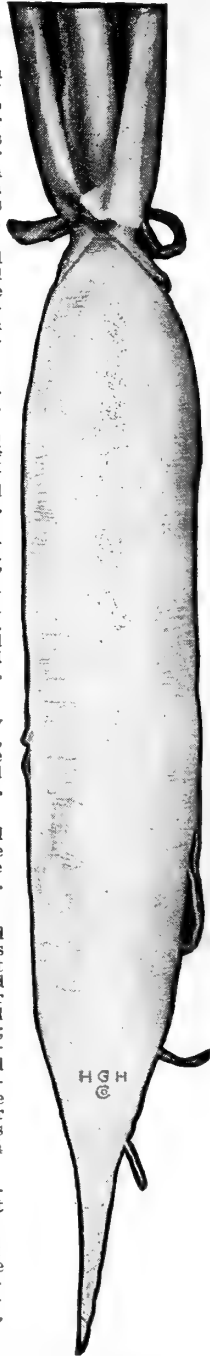
(383) Hastings' Glass or Cincinnati Market After we introduced this radish it was called the "Cincinnati Market Radish" by a Northern seed house and is generally catalogued by Northern houses under that name. We consider it one of the finest of the long red or pink radishes. It is of bright pink color with white tips; very regular and uniform in size and shape. Flesh transparent, giving it the name of Glass Radish, always crisp and brittle, with mild flavor even when grown to large size. Desirable for both market and home use. The illustration above shows how nicely these fine radishes bunch and pack for market. In Cincinnati and other city markets it is always in popular demand. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.



(376) Hastings' Early Long Scarlet Radish



(383) Hastings' Glass Radishes



(382) Hastings' Long White Icicle Radish

(385) White Strasburg Oblong, tapering shape, skin and flesh pure white; firm, brittle and tender, retaining its crispness even when the roots are old and large. Best variety for summer use and an excellent all-around variety. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

(384) Half Long Deep Scarlet You see as its name implies it is about half way between Scarlet Button and Long Scarlet in shape. Of most beautiful appearance and in market brings high prices. In color, skin is a brilliant scarlet throughout; flesh a clear white; crisp, tender and free from pungency or hotness, so common in many radishes. An extra early variety, and is thoroughly satisfactory to Southern gardeners who plant it. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(390) California Mammoth White WINTER RADISH. Largest of all the winter radishes and extensively grown by the Chinese gardeners in California. Grows 10 to 12 inches long and from 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Pure white skin and flesh; solid, crisp and of good flavor. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(377) China Rose Winter WINTER RADISH. Distinct handsome variety of winter radish. Skin a deep scarlet, flesh pure white, solid, of fine flavor. Good keeper well into spring. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(386) Black Spanish Winter WINTER RADISH. Best variety of black skinned winter radish. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(387) HASTINGS' MIXED RADISHES Many don't want to make more than one radish planting to last all season and our mixed radishes fill the bill exactly for this purpose. Hastings' Mixed Radishes contain some of each variety catalogued by us, except the winter varieties. There are early, medium and late varieties, the round, the half long and long. For home garden use we sell tens of thousands of packages of this justly celebrated mixture every year. It is deservedly popular, giving as it does a succession of crisp, tender radishes throughout the season from one sowing. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

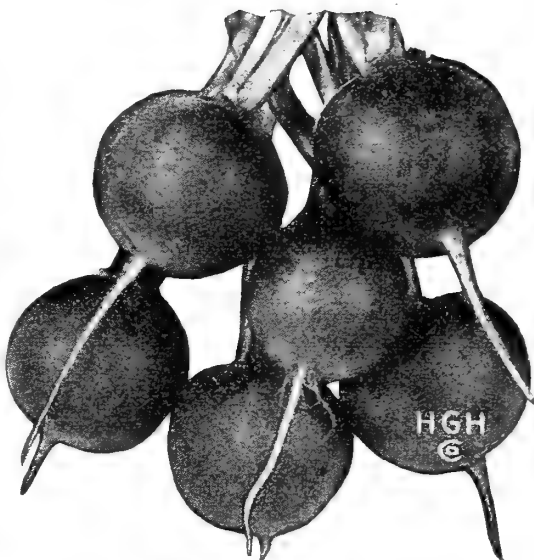
ALWAYS THE BEST

(381) Scarlet Button Radish A favorite extra early radish; round form and deep scarlet skin; mild flavor, crisp and very tender; short narrow leaves, making a very small top. Scarlet Button is a popular radish, resembling Rosy Gem, except it hasn't the white tips. The round or button type is the most popular garden radish and our Scarlet Button leaves nothing else to be desired. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(375) Rosy Gem Radish Also called "White Tipped Scarlet Ball." A favorite among market gardeners for forcing as well as for open ground growth. We have seen it ready for market here in Atlanta in 18 days from the time seed was sown. A most desirable variety for home gardens and almost identical with the Scarlet Button except has white shading at the base of root. One of the earliest varieties; globe shaped, with rich, deep scarlet top, shading to pure white at the bottom. Very tender and crisp, never becoming pithy until very old. Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30c. Pound, \$1.00.

(374) Earliest Carmine, Olive Shaped Very handsome and considered by many as the best of the extra early olive-shaped radishes. Olive-shaped, smooth skin, dark carmine color. In 20 to 22 days the crisp, tender little radishes are ready for use. Top small and of rather upright growth. This is a fine radish. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.

(378) Crimson Giant A large sized extra early turnip radish, a little longer in shape than the Scarlet Button but brighter color; twice the size. It grows quickly and even when it attains large size remains tender and of fine flavor to the last. Will prove a money-maker for the market gardener, as its bright crimson color makes it a seller on first sight. Equally valuable for home garden use. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 30 cents. Pound, \$1.00.



(381) Hastings' Scarlet Button Radish

HASTINGS' SPINACH

No vegetable or plant makes better or more nutritious greens than Spinach. No doubt you've read about vitamins, and there are thousands who eat yeast cakes and tablets to get that body building item—fat soluble vitamins. Of course your body needs vitamins but you may be interested to know that a couple bites of Spinach contains more vitamins than any yeast cake you ever saw. The reason people need more vitamins is because people don't eat enough green vegetables.

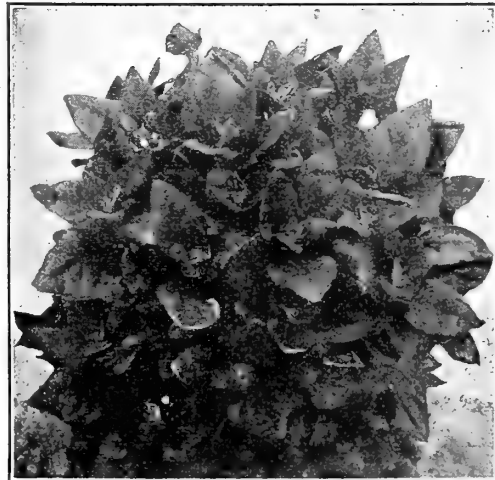
Spinach greens are much more delicious than Turnip, Beet, Rape and Dandelion greens. Plant Aragon or Bloomsdale for early use and New Zealand for a plenty of fine greens all summer long.

Our specially grown spinach is far superior to the spinach seed commonly sold. Its germination is stronger and better, the growth larger, more vigorous, and hardier.

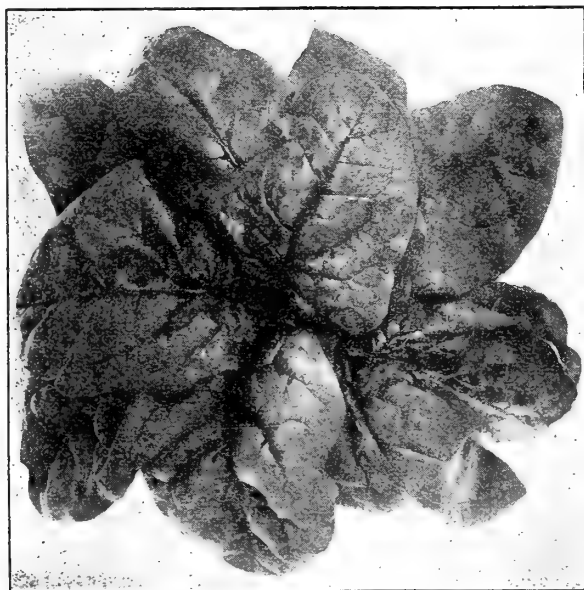
CULTURE—Spinach requires rich soil, the richer the better, and can be sown during January, February and March, while the ground is not frozen. It germinates freely in cold weather and is a rapid grower. Leaves are usually large enough for eating in 8 weeks. Sow one ounce of seed to 100 feet of row.

(411) Hastings' Aragon Spinach Very best variety for the South. Fine market size, with large, thick, green leaf, lightly crumpled or savoyed and stands a long time before running to seed. The hardest of all varieties, standing an ordinary cold winter without damage in this latitude. At the same time it is one of the best heat-resisting sorts for late spring use. This variety has been thoroughly tested and pleases all market gardeners who use it. Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, 10 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20 cents. Pound, 60 cents.

Hastings' Aragon Spinach was named for the Aragon Hotel in Atlanta, where it was served in its famous Southern dinners. Also called **Monstrous Leaved Viroflay**.



(416) Hastings' New Zealand Spinach



(411) Hastings' Aragon Spinach

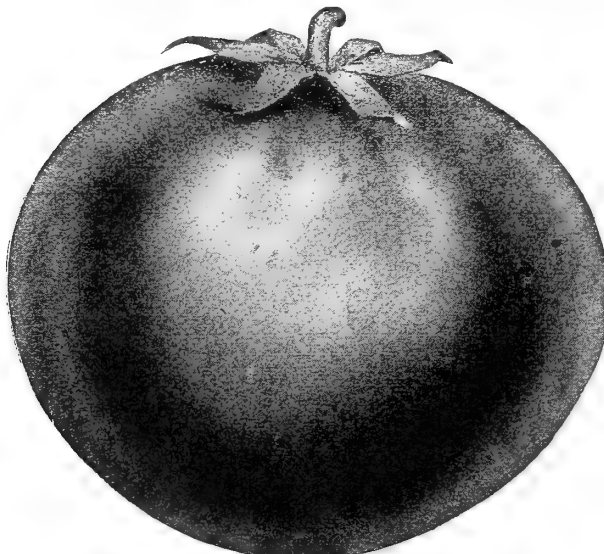
(412) Bloomsdale A valuable variety which is extensively grown, producing large crops of thick-leaved spinach. Very early and hardy; one of the best for market and canning. Plants of upright growth, leaves of medium size, crumpled or blistered; color glossy medium green. Also called **Norfolk Savoy Leaved**. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. 10 Lbs. or over, 45c per Lb.

(416) NEW ZEALAND SPINACH An all summer variety growing luxuriantly in hottest weather. Cut and it comes again, a few plants furnishing the finest flavored "greens" all summer for an average size family. Plant in March or April where plants are to stand.

It does well on poor or rich soil; the plant grows large and spreading and the tender shoots are of fine quality with small, broad, pointed leaves. Seeds start growth quicker if soaked in warm water for 24 hours. New Zealand Spinach should be in every Southern garden as an all summer vegetable. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 15 cents. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40 cents. Pound, \$1.25.

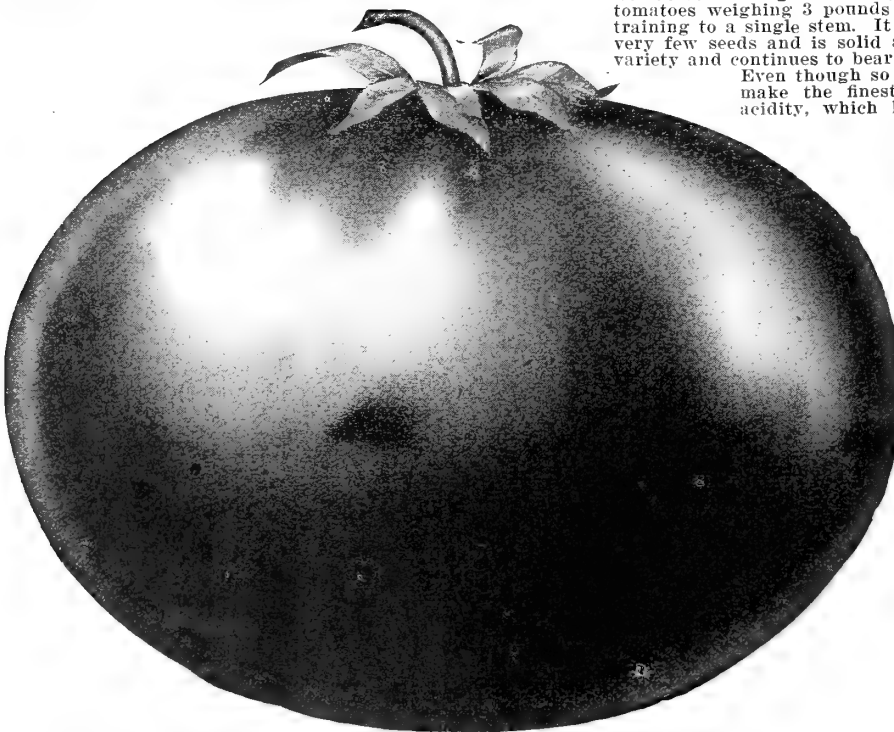
Small Seed Cost---Heaping Returns

"I might say that I took one single cutting from your New Zealand Spinach (15 cents worth) to the grocer the other day and it weighed fifteen pounds. He paid me \$2.25 in cash, more than all my garden seed cost me this season. I had at least 250 heads of lettuce from a 5 cents packet of seed."—Alexander McPherson, Tampa, Florida.



(452) Hastings' Dwarf Champion Tomato

Attention! Good gardens are made from good seeds. It always pays to plant the best.



(445) Hastings' Redfield Beauty, the All Right Tomato for You All Times of the Year

(445) HASTINGS' REDFIELD BEAUTY TOMATO

the right earliness, the right shape, the right color, the right bearing qualities, the right shipping and eating qualities; in fact, it's an all right tomato in every respect. It has been planted since 1895 in Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, and in all tests it has proven its superiority over all other famous varieties. Its vigorous growth, heavy and long bearing qualities and its comparative freedom from rotting under the most trying conditions of growth, make it a favorite everywhere. Its color is glossy crimson with a slight tinge of purple. Grows in clusters of three to five fruits and is the most regular in size and shape of fruit of any variety known. Retains its large size until all are picked. Of perfect shape and unexcelled for toughness of skin and solidity. Especially valuable for market gardeners who have to ship long distances or carry in wagons over rough roads. The skin does not break easily. In competitive tests it has excelled all the noted varieties put out by Northern houses; not one of them has proven equal to it. For the shipper and market gardener it is fine; for the home garden it is none the less valuable, combining as Hastings' Redfield Beauty does, every desirable quality in tomatoes. Large packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00. Not prepaid—5 Lbs. or over, \$3.50 per Lb.

HASTINGS' TOMATOES

Hastings' tomato seed has a reputation surpassed by that of no other house in this country. It leads all others in the tomato shipping sections of Florida, Mississippi and Texas. Even in Cuba and Mexico planters want none but our seed for shipping crops. Our seed stands the test of time. It's not a case of good one year and poor the next, but it's good all the time. Makes paying crops for the men who grow tomatoes for shipment in the South; makes paying crops for local market gardeners; it gives all home gardens a bountiful supply of delicious, large sized, smooth tomatoes all through the summer; it's exactly the seed you want for your use this year, no matter whether you garden for market or for home use.

Culture Tomatoes vary considerably in time of maturity according to both variety and season. Extra earlies such as Hastings' Extra Early Prolific mature from spring plantings in 85 to 90 days; second earlies such as Redfield Beauty in 95 to 100 days; late sorts like Stone in 110 to 115 days. In the Atlanta latitude start seed in hotbeds or boxes in the house between February 15 and March 1. Give plenty of light and space between the plants or they will be weak and spindling. Scatter seed in bed or box thinly and cover with about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Transplant to open ground as soon as danger of frost is past. Before transplanting, break the soil deeply and work in stable manure or fertilizer thoroughly. Set plants 3 feet apart each way; give clean cultivation. As plants grow it is best to tie them to stakes and thin out the leaves so the sun can penetrate and ripen the fruit quicker. A second seed planting made in May will make plants that begin to bear in August and continue until frost. One ounce of seed makes about 1,500 good plants. Plant about four ounces of seed per acre.

(463) HASTINGS' BRIMMER TOMATO The largest of all Tomatoes. Many wonderful claims have been made for Brimmer and it is a wonderful tomato for home use. It is claimed to be the "Greatest Tomato in the World" with none to compare with it in size, weight, solidity, meatiness and splendid flavor. Vines are vigorous and healthy and bear a tremendous load of fruit right up to frost, the Tomatoes holding their large size to the end of the season. Single tomatoes weighing 3 pounds and 18 inches around have been grown by training to a single stem. It must be staked. The Brimmer has no core, very few seeds and is solid and nearly all meat. It is a medium early variety and continues to bear the large sized fruit all through the season.

Even though so large, fruit are well shaped, bright red and make the finest slicing Tomatoes, remarkably free from acidity, which keeps some people from eating Tomatoes.

Grow the biggest and best Tomatoes in your neighborhood this year with Hastings' Brimmer. They are delicious. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 35c. Oz., 60c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$2.00. Lb., \$7.50.

(452) Hastings' Dwarf Champion Tomato Our special strain of Dwarf Champion is the only first-class tomato of sufficient stiff growth to stand up clear of the ground without staking, thus keeping fruits off the ground. Growth stiff, upright and compact; second early; fruits medium size, of purplish pink color; regular in size and shape and very smooth skin; one of our most popular and desirable varieties. We consider our seed crops of Dwarf Champion the most uniform and beautiful fields of tomatoes ever grown. They are a beautiful sight with acre after acre of absolutely uniform height and width, tree form, plants. Proper seed selection, year after year, makes our strains improve. We want the best grown. It is a thoroughly satisfactory tomato. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

(462) Livingston Manyfold Exceedingly prolific very early new cluster tomato. Brightest red inside and out and very largest early cluster tomato, averaging five to the cluster. Appeals strongly to canners, makers of catsup and for home gardeners. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

THE MOST SATISFACTORY TOMATO THAT YOU CAN GROW. Our Redfield Beauty is the right size,

Hastings' Extra Early Prolific Tomato

(444) Earliest, most prolific, smoothest, and largest size of all the extra early tomatoes. For the market gardener it insures earliest in market; for the home garden the first ripe tomatoes in the neighborhood. Vigorous grower and "sets" fruit from the first bloom. It has open foliage, and fruit, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches across, colors quickly to a deep, rich red. Very great and valuable is its cluster habit and we have seen as many as 34 good-sized smooth, ripe tomatoes on a single plant. Plant this heavy-bearing early tomato for the first tomatoes of the season. It's a wonder. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

(442) JOHN BAER Very fine extra early scarlet Tomato of real merit. Fruits are the largest of all extra early varieties and the color is particularly good. The quality is excellent and the flesh is firm. The shape is smooth and nearly round. Vines are very hardy and exceptionally productive, John Baer being one of the earliest to ripen its first fruits and it continues to make marketable tomatoes much longer than other very early varieties. It has a mild flavor, does not burst its fruits when dead ripe, has a tough skin which is easily removed and has very few seeds. 6 to 8 bushels of fruit being required to make one pound of seed. This is a valuable variety, especially for market gardeners, canners and shippers. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(439) Bonnie Best A fine variety for the home garden and early market. Vines are vigorous and produce a good crop of exceptionally round and deep fruits, bright deep scarlet in color and of good quality. Crop ripens more uniformly than other early scarlets and is of superior solidity and interior color. Very desirable for gardeners whose trade demands beautiful shape and color. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

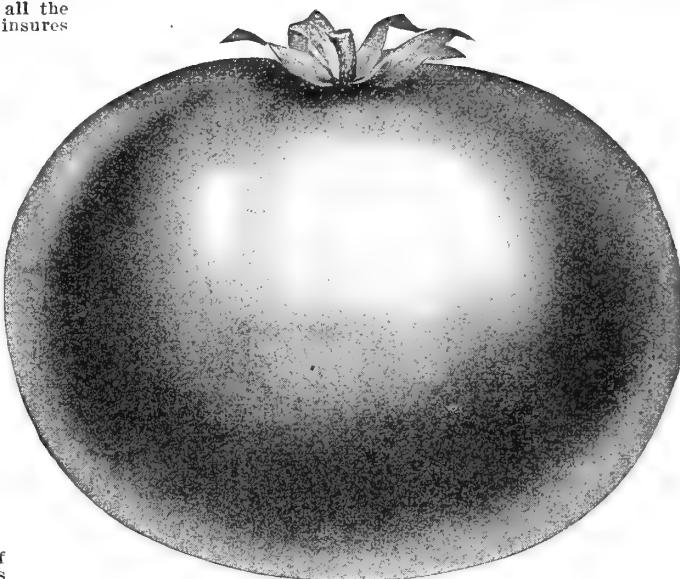
(451) Chalks Early Jewel One of the very best of the second early class of tomatoes, ripening soon after varieties like Hastings' Extra Early Prolific. Fruits are uniformly larger, thicker, more solid and of much finer quality than most of the extra early varieties. Fruits very deep through, being almost round or apple shaped; about three inches in diameter and bright deep scarlet red. The inner part is very solid and fleshy, with very few seeds, the seed cells being very small and fruits nearly all solid flesh. Quality exceptionally sweet and free from acid. Very productive and vigorous grower, this is one of the most satisfactory varieties for the home garden. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

(457) Sparks Earliana Extra early tomato of good size and flavor. Plants hardy, with rather slender open branches; moderate growth well set with fruits, all of which ripen early. Bright deep scarlet color, growing in clusters of 5 to 8 fruits, averaging $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. This large, smooth fruited very early variety is very profitable for market gardeners and is also very desirable for the home garden. It has been improved over the old Sparks Earliana, which itself was a standard and very popular tomato. You will be very pleased with it for local use. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

(460) June Pink A Pink Earliana. Often brings 25 per cent higher price in markets where pink varieties are preferred. Enormous bearer, frequently bearing clusters of six to eight medium size, uniform, smooth and attractively shaped fruits. Bushes are compact yet branch freely. Excellent for shipping, a favorite with the market gardener for an extra early purplish pink tomato and always a delight in the home garden. This is really a very fine variety, beautiful in appearance, and many Southern and Eastern markets are glad to receive it. It is an all-round good kind to plant. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

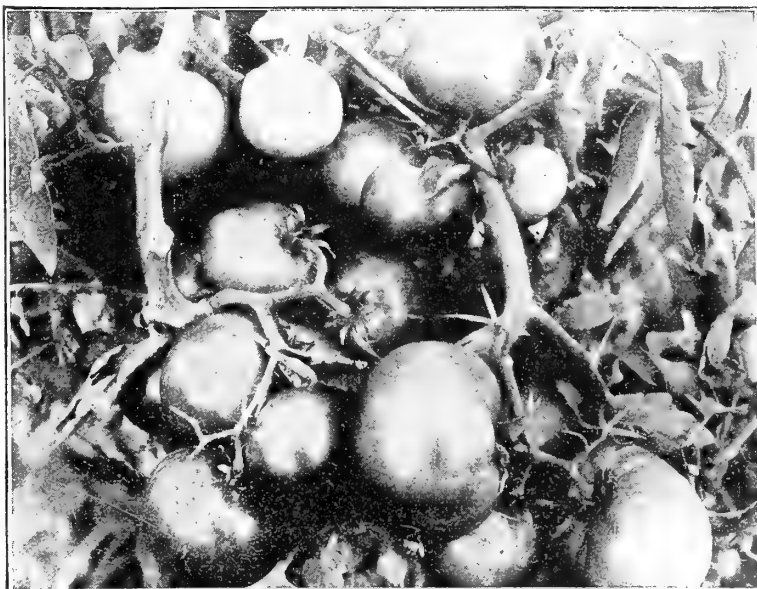
(459) Early Detroit A valuable second early variety for home use, market or shipping. Vines vigorous and productive. Fruits medium size, good form and have a purplish pink color. Fruits rather thicker than most tomatoes. Firm and of good quality. Excellent quality and one of the most valuable shipping varieties yet introduced. Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(448) GREATER BALTIMORE A mid-season variety of great merit. Red in color, very heavy, due to its extreme firmness and very thick meat. The fruit ripens very evenly and is free from ridges and cracks, making it one of the best canning tomatoes in existence. Many claim that it is the best of all for canning. It is dependable, producing crops under bad weather and soil conditions where many would fail and is one of the biggest croppers, even outyielding the Stone Tomato, to which it is similar. This is a variety that we are compelled to carry because our trade demands it. It is a great tomato and we recommend it highly. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.



(464) Gulf State Market—The Shipping Wonder

(464) GULF STATE MARKET Wonderful New Variety. This excellent new variety was developed in Mississippi and found to be the best shipping Tomato ever grown. It is earlier than any other good purplish variety. The vines are very strong and withstand bad weather; it is resistant to blight. The fruits are almost true globe shaped and entirely free from cracks and blemishes at the blossom end. Fruits in the same cluster ripen uniformly, making them economical to pick, and color a rich purplish pink right up to the stem after picking. In trials it outyielded in number of fruits and in bulk all other shipping varieties. While this new Tomato has been developed chiefly for the shipper, its many fine qualities make it desirable for the home and market gardener. We particularly recommend this exceptional new variety. We offered it in 1924 for the first time and reports from its success have exceeded expectations. It is primarily for growers who ship but its many desirable characteristics make it a wonderful tomato for local market and also for the home garden. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.



(448) Greater Baltimore—The Great Canners' Tomato

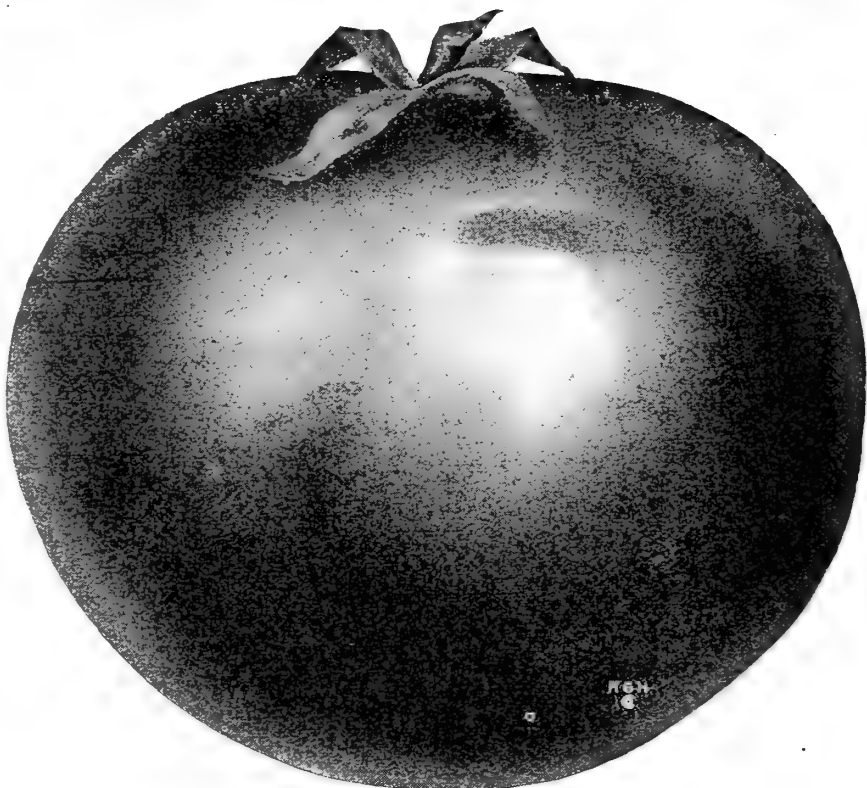
RED ROCK, THE BIG RED SOLID MEATY TOMATO

(455) Red Rock is beyond question the best large late red tomato for home use, nearby market or for canning. Red Rock matures in from 110 to 115 days. It is extraordinarily solid—hence the name of Red Rock. Perfectly smooth, has no superior in texture or flavor and is as red as a tomato can be. It's a red that goes all the way through. The meat is solid without being hard, and is of the finest flavor. Practically no waste tomatoes in a crop of Red Rock. Plant Red Rock this year. You will like it and it will repay you many times for planting it. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.**

(446) Livingston Globe A most popular tomato with Florida shippers. Our seed stock of this variety is grown from Livingston's original strain and kept absolutely pure. We find it one of the earliest; fruits are smooth and of good size, firm flesh and few seeds. Very productive, fruit being short jointed and clusters of fruits form at each joint. Fruits are of right size and shape to pack well for shipment. Color of skin purplish red, about the same shade as our Redfield Beauty. Seen both in our own crops and by observation of market gardens is that almost all come true globe shaped, certainly thicker than almost any other variety. Being thick, many slices may be made and with its good color and few seeds it is a fine tomato. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.**

(447) Hastings' Matchless

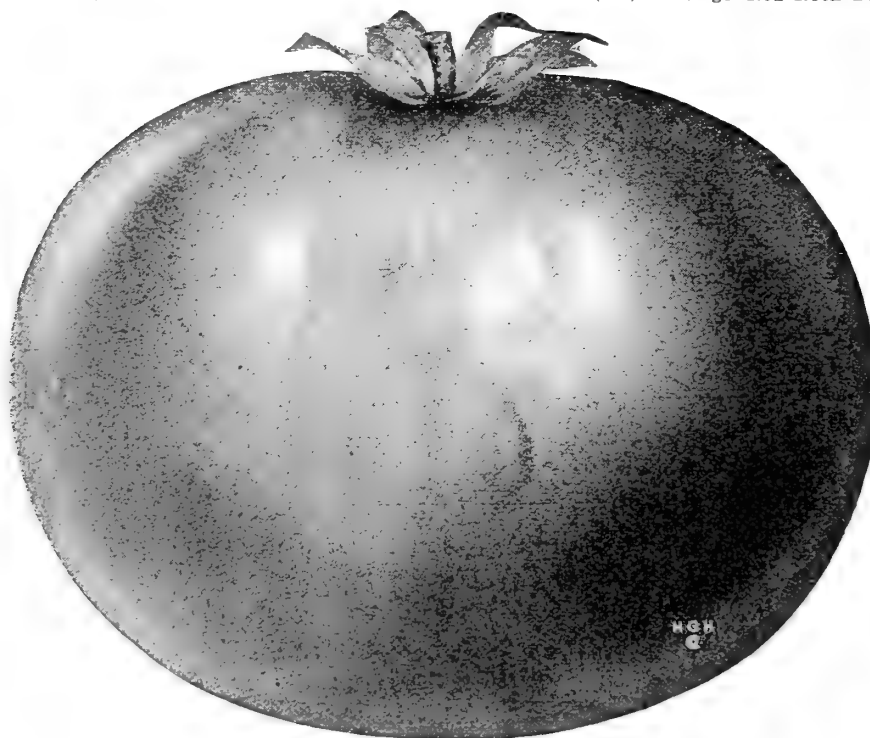
This variety is well named, for it has no equal as a large second-early, whether for home use, nearby markets, or canning. Vigorous grower, very productive and continues to produce large sized fruits until frost. Its luscious fruit is large to extra large; very meaty and solid, with few seeds. Its color is a brilliant red and one of the most beautiful tomatoes we have ever seen. Foliage heavy, protecting the fruit from sun-scald during late summer. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.**



(455) Hastings' Red Rock Tomato for Home Use and Canning

(440) NORDUKE--New Wilt Resistant

The newest and best wilt resisting variety to date. Developed by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture to combat the wilt, which causes a yearly loss of over 100,000 tons of Tomatoes in the South. A wilt resisting strain of "The Stone" Tomato was developed and called "Norton." This was crossed with "Duke of York," a resistant variety, and from this cross was selected and developed this new "Norduke" Tomato, the best of all wilt resisting varieties. Medium early; large, smooth red fruits; heavy bearer. This is not a tough variety so will not stand distant shipping but is the best wilt resisting kind of them all for local markets and home garden use. Since this is the best so-called "Blight Proof" or wilt resistant variety, we are dropping our famous "Duke of York," which was crossed with "Norton," a rather new sort that we have never catalogued because the Norduke was established and seed stock was being worked up before Norton was ready to be introduced. If you are in wilt infested territory be sure to plant Norduke this year in your home garden or for nearby market sale. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.**



(449) The Stone Tomato—Large Solid, Smooth, Round, Deep Red

(449) The Stone A first-class main crop; extra large, smooth variety of bright red color. Used in some sections for winter shipment, and a standard sort for those who grow tomatoes for canning. A large, smooth, solid, meaty tomato for all purposes and a splendid variety to furnish late tomatoes everywhere. The vines are large, vigorous and very productive of uniform sized fruit of deep oval shape, fine for slicing and canning. Ours is improved over the old type and far superior. **Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.**

HASTINGS' IMPROVED PURPLE ACME TOMATO

(441) Notice the heavy bearing quality of this splendid tomato in the picture from a photograph. One of the finest varieties on our list. A big improvement over the old Acme, which was so popular everywhere. It is early, almost round and has a thin but very tough skin. Our Improved Acme is a very heavy bearer, ripening evenly all over. Has a lovely purplish pink color, making it especially desirable as a market and shipping variety. Has few seeds; is thick, meaty and solid, smooth, uniform and medium in size. Fruits are generally in clusters of four or five, free from cracks and of fine quality. It makes a desirable sort for either market or home use with its fine color and flavor. **Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.**

(443) Ponderosa Exceptionally large in size. It must have rich soil to be a success, but fruits are very large, purplish pink in color, solid, meaty, and very sweet. Our selected strain of Ponderosa, while not nearly so fine a tomato as Hastings' Brimmer, is less rough and ribbed than the ordinary Ponderosa and is quite popular. Our strain has only a few seeds, over ten bushels of fruit being required to obtain one pound of seed. It makes fine large slices and is a very good variety. Fruits being large and ribbed, are for home use only. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.**

(458) Mansfield Tree Tomato Very strong growing variety, which has to be well tied to stakes to keep from sprawling on ground. Fruits extra large, average one pound in weight, and of fine quality. **Packet, 10 cents. 3 Packets, 25 cents.**

(453) Golden Queen Very handsome and the best large smooth yellow tomato. Meaty, solid, and sweet, with bright golden-yellow color. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.**

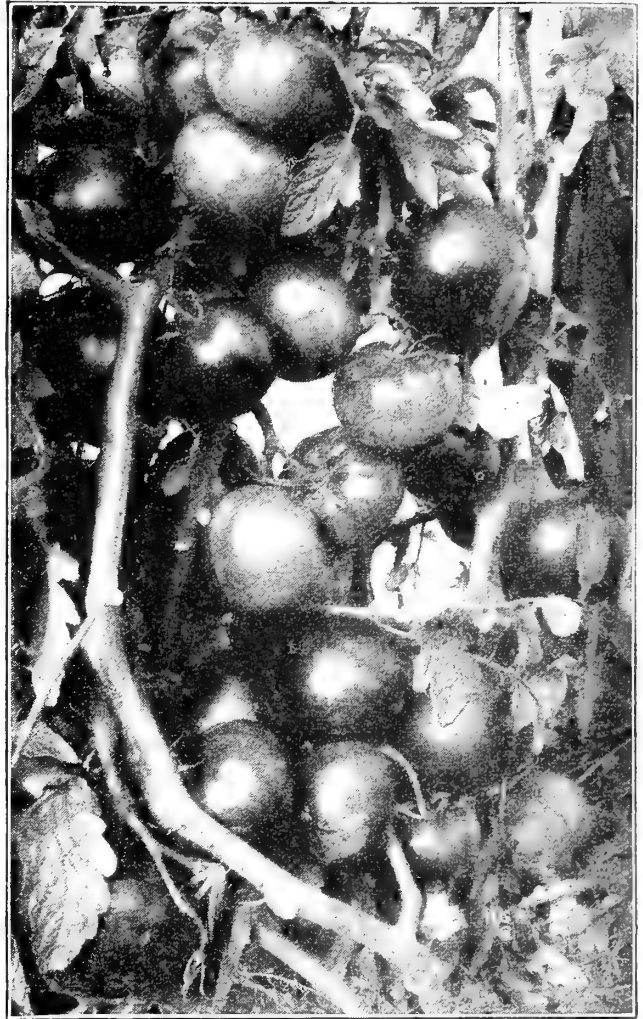
(454) Red Pear Shaped Small odd looking tomatoes. Very strong growers and very productive. Suitable for preserves and pickling. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.**

(450) Yellow Pear Shaped Same as Red Pear Shaped except beautiful golden yellow color. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.**

(461) Yellow Plum Tomato Similar to the Pear shaped but larger and plum shaped; sweet, meaty and prolific. A Girls' Canning Club favorite for preserves. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.**

TOMATO COLLECTION 25c

For an all season supply our Special Tomato Collection will please you. Good, smooth, large tomatoes from the beginning of season until frost. One full size packet each of Redfield Beauty, Dwarf Champion, Hastings' Extra Early Prolific and Matchless, four splendid varieties for 25 cents.



(441) Hastings' Improved Purple Acme Tomato

HASTINGS' TOMATO SEED BEST

We could sell Tomato Seed much cheaper, even though it takes from about five bushels of fruit of a few of our cheaper varieties to twelve bushels of Hastings' Brimmer to make one pound of seed. But, we do not use the refuse from canneries and catsup mills. Hastings' Seeds are grown from re-selected seed stocks, then carefully rogued. No fruits are sold from our seed crops.

HASTINGS' TOBACCO

Southern farmers, their tenants and employees consume every year several million dollars of smoking and chewing tobacco. Be sure of having a good supply of pure, unadulterated natural leaf for either smoking or chewing that has not been "doped" or "doctored" by the manufacturer. Most of the tobacco used is grown in the South. Why not grow yours? A packet of seed will supply almost anyone.

CULTURE—Use clean land for Tobacco plant beds. It is customary to burn off a piece of land in the woods. This kills weeds, grass and insects, adds potash fertility from wood ashes and leaves soil in good shape. Sow seeds about February and protect with a plant-bed cloth from tobacco flies. Transplant after weather is settled, latter May or early June, to well fertilized or manured soil. 3 feet apart in 3½ foot rows. Give constant attention to cultivating, suckering and worming. Tobacco may be sun or flue-cured. **One ounce will plant 50 square yards.**

(435) Hester--for Smoking Has size, shape, texture, yellow color. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.**

(436) Yellow Pryor--for Chewing Fine variety to grow in the South for chewing purposes. Makes, when sun cured, the best natural chewing tobacco. Leaf is of medium size with good body and exceptionally fine grain and silky appearance. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.**



(436) Type of Yellow Pryor Tobacco for Chewing

PLANT A FEW SPRING TURNIPS

Culture Spring plantings of turnips are important although the general crop for winter is usually sown late in the summer or fall. The spring sown seed germinate rapidly and turnips are ready for use very early. Being grown under more favorable conditions of temperature than in the fall, they are more tender, sweet and more juicy than those grown in the summer and fall. Sow thinly in drills from January to March, according to locality, covering seed lightly. They make best on new ground

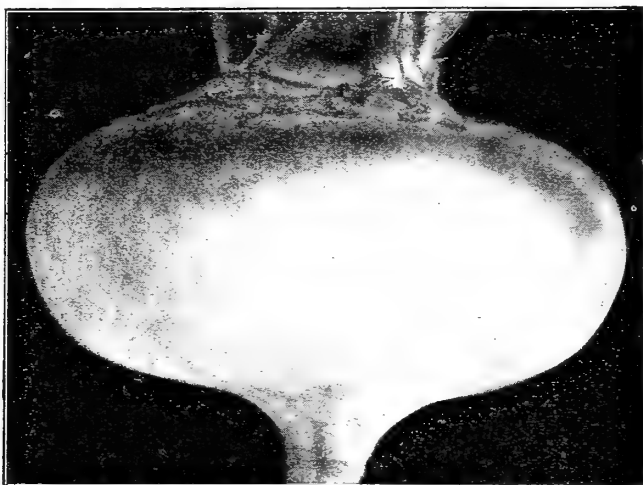
or ground that has not been cultivated for several years. If stable manure is used it should be applied several months before the crop is planted as fresh manure makes spotted turnips, inferior in quality and with a rank flavor. For fall or winter use sow rutabagas July 15th to September 1st; turnips August 1st to October 15th in this latitude; farther South they can be planted later, and in Florida plantings can be continued all through the winter. Sow 1 ounce of seed to 200 feet of row; 2 to 3 pounds per acre.



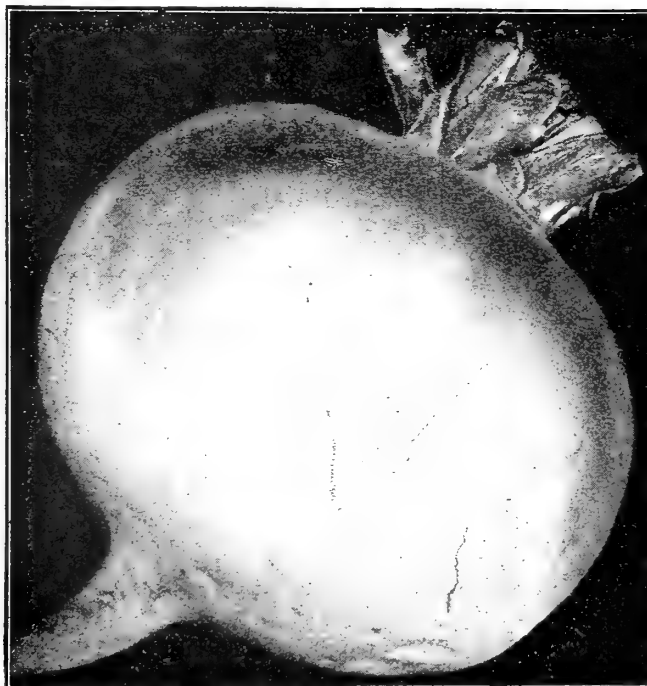
(467) Hastings' Early White Flat Dutch Turnip

(467) Early White Flat Dutch One of the most popular varieties for either spring or fall plantings. Medium size and a quick grower. It is flat, as shown in the illustration above, with very small, fine taproot. Flesh and skin pure white, fine grained and sweet. Especially fine flavored when grown quickly in fall or spring. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 50c per Lb.

(466) Early Red or Purple Top See the illustration of this variety above on this page. Another popular variety of early flat turnip, being almost identical with Early White Flat Dutch except for the deep red or purple color of the skin at top of bulb; known in many sections as Purple Top Flat Dutch and Purple Top Strap Leaf. A very quick grower, with fine-grained, sweet-flavored flesh. The red top of the bulb extends down to where it rests in the ground. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 50c per Lb.



(466) Hastings' Early Red or Purple Top Turnip



(475) Hastings' Purple Top Globe Turnip

(471) Southern Snow-White Globe Color pure white, shape round, size large, solid, quick growing for a turnip, producing great weight to the acre. Rapidly growing in popular favor, more especially as a late winter and spring variety. In the autumn and early winter it is apt to be hard, but mellows like an apple in keeping. It is productive, hardy, and closely resembles Purple Top Globe. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 50c per Lb.

(474) Golden Ball A splendid and distinct yellow variety. Fine grained, medium sized, as round as a ball with a clear, deep, orange color. Bulbs of medium size, a rapid grower, maturing early. Has small tap roots. This is the finest flavored yellow variety. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(470) Long White or Cowhorn Roots long and carrot-shaped one-third showing above ground. It roots deeply, resisting drought and cold. Flesh pure white, fine-grained, sweet and of excellent table quality. Frequently planted together with Dwarf Essex Rape for winter stock food. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(475) Purple or Red Top Globe Our most popular variety. Medium early, globe shaped, handsome appearance and heavy cropper in all parts of the South. You cannot plant too many of them either for home use or market. Always of good quality, a good keeper and seller in the market. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(476) Extra Early White Egg Favorite spring variety. Finest flavored of all early turnips, and with favorable season is ready for use in 6 weeks. Skin and flesh a pure, snow white; solid, fine-grained, sweet, and a good seller. Looks very attractive bunched for sale, and gardeners sell at top prices. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepared—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(465) Extra Early Milan Earliest of all turnips. A flat, purple-topped variety, resembling Early Red or Purple Top, but one to two weeks earlier. Perfect in shape and color; sweet and fine grained. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.50

HASTINGS' BIG 7 TURNIP COLLECTION 35c

The most popular of all Turnip collections. Hastings' "Big 7" gives each family in the South its chance to have a full supply of early, medium and late turnips. For 35 cents we will send you, postpaid, one full ounce each of Extra Early White Egg, Purple or Red Top Strap Leaf, Early White Flat Dutch, Purple or Red Top Globe, Yellow or Amber Globe, Improved American Rutabaga, and Seven Top Turnip. Seven ounces of Turnips, all different, of the very best seed for 35 cents, delivered at your postoffice. No other varieties will be sold at this price and no changes will be allowed in this collection. If you do not want to plant all this seed this spring what you hold over is perfectly good for next fall's sowings. This superb turnip collection is now a standard for all turnip planting in every Southern State. This collection will give all the turnips any ordinary family can use and more. Remember: These are full ounces of Hastings' Turnip Seed.

7 Ounces, 7 Varieties, 35 Cents Postpaid

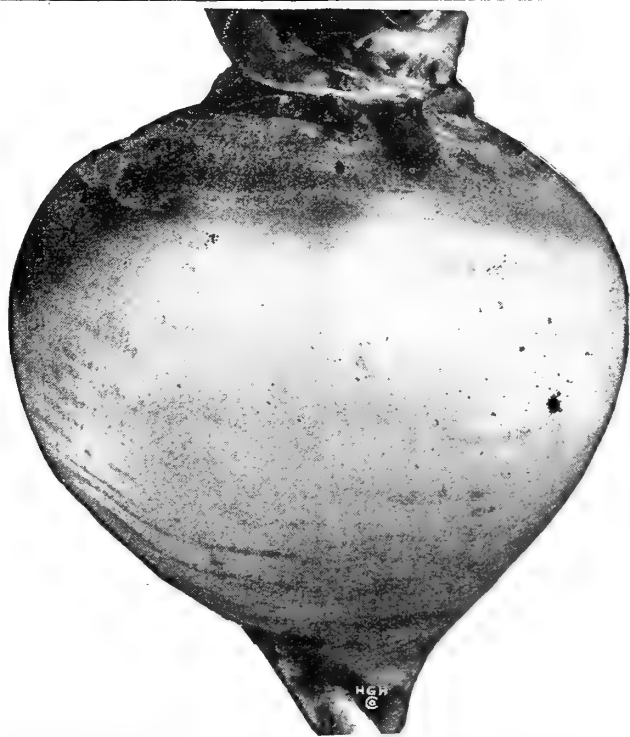


(477) Hastings' Seven Top or "Salad Turnip" for Greens

(469) Yellow or Amber Globe Sometimes called Yellow Stone. Undoubtedly the best of the yellow fleshed sorts. Globe shaped, light yellow colored skin and flesh. Fine grained, sweet and a good keeper. A heavy cropper. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(472) Early Snowball A splendid extra early white skinned and fleshed turnip that is fine for spring planting. Flesh snowy white, crisp and tender. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(477) Seven Top The "salad" variety so largely planted in fall for greens during winter. Sown in earliest spring it furnishes "greens" very quickly. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Seed supply of Seven Top is very short this year.



(468) Hastings' Improved American Rutabaga—Finest in the World

(479) Hastings' Mixed Turnips A mixture of all varieties of turnips and rutabaga listed by us, giving a variety of turnips from one sowing, root varieties as well as "turnip greens." Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

(468) Hastings' Improved American Rutabaga Best and heaviest cropper of all rutabagas for the South. Of fine form, with rich purple colored top and light yellow flesh of most pleasing appearance. The flesh is tender, sweet and exceptionally free from hard, stringy nature. Has comparatively small tops, fine feeding roots, and is the surest and heaviest cropper. We have sold this special strain of American Rutabaga since 1894 and we have never had a variety of vegetable that has given such general satisfaction in all sections and in all kinds of seasons. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, 50c per Lb.

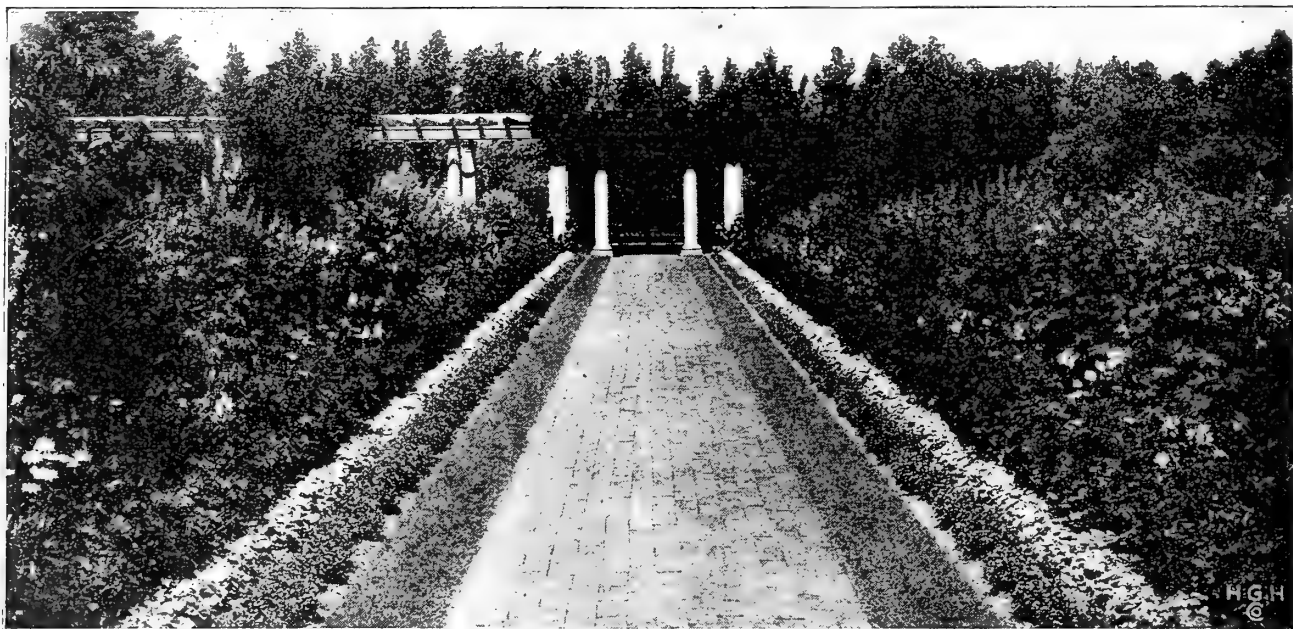
HASTINGS' FALL CATALOG

Vegetable, field and flower seeds listed in this catalog are commonly planted in the South during the spring and summer months. For our full list of seeds, plants and bulbs for late summer, fall and early winter planting write for our 1925 fall catalog which will be ready for mailing about July 20th. If you have ordered from us during the past year we shall send the fall catalog next August without your writing for it. Kindly notify us of any change in your address.

In all our catalogs we try to give you honest and true descriptions and illustrations from actual photographs. Prices are as low as they can possibly be made for the highest grade of pure vital seeds. There is great pride in planting Hastings' Seeds.

HASTINGS' "HOME BEAUTIFUL" FLOWER SEEDS

Only varieties adapted to planting in the Southern States are here catalogued. Make your home a "Home Beautiful" with flowers. **LIBERAL PREMIUMS**—With an order for One Dollar's worth of Flower Seeds, you may select 25 cents' worth of Flower Seeds Extra. For \$2.00 you may have 50 cents' worth extra, and for \$4.00 you may have \$1.00 worth extra. This offer does NOT include Bulbs, Roots, Plants or the special seed collections. Read carefully and please don't confuse it with field seeds, plants and bulbs. This Special Offer is for Flower Seeds and Vegetable Seeds in packets and ounces only.



HASTINGS' FLOWER SEEDS

Have no superiors and few equals. We use just as much care in the production of the finest strains of flower seeds as we do in vegetable seeds. We do this because it pays us. Our business experience has shown us that our best advertisement is a satisfied customer, and our special high-grade strains of seeds are bound to make every one who plants them satisfied. The increase in our sales of flower seed in the past ten years has been enormous. Our customers find that the quality of our seed and the size and brilliancy of the bloom from our special strains of flower seeds surpass anything they have ever had. Until recently little flower seed was grown in the United States, and we import much of ours direct from the largest and best flower seed growers of France, where great attention has been paid to the production of the finest strains of flowers. We spare no trouble or expense to get the very best for our customers—the finest varieties of all flowers adapted to planting in the South. Our list of flower seed is small compared with that of several Northern seedsmen. The reason for this is that there are comparatively few flowers grown from seed that do well in the South. You may depend upon the fact that you can plant any variety in this list with the assurance that with proper treatment and favorable seasons you will succeed.

Our packets of flower seeds are larger than those of most seedsmen. There are enough seeds in Hastings' packets to give plenty of plants of each kind. We have no 1, 2 or 3-cent packets such as are offered occasionally. Our packets contain good seeds and plenty of them. We do not put in 6 or 7 sweet peas, or 12 or 15 poppy seed, as fine as dust, and call it a packet. Our business is not conducted on that basis. We charge you a reasonable price, just what the goods are worth, and give you value received for every cent you send us, and then add to your order the extra seeds allowed in the offer at the top of this page.

Flower seed is one of the leading features of our business, and we lead in that just as we do in vegetable seed. Hastings' Seeds of all varieties are Successful Seeds.

PLANNING THE FLOWER GARDEN

Before ordering flower seeds or plants it is best always to make a plan for final or lasting results. You don't have to be a landscape gardener to make a beautiful home place. You can make a log cabin home beautiful as well as the grounds around a costly mansion. Unsightly places, as back yards, fences and house foundations should be screened from view—all other views left unobstructed except by low-growing plants. Plan to show off the home as a pleasing sight. Don't jump in and patch up your place for immediate results. Plan to add to the beauty of your home each year.

HOW TO SOW FLOWER SEEDS

With few exceptions flower seeds are very small, and sowing them by the inexperienced often results in failure, either partial or complete, because a few simple rules are not followed. There is nothing mysterious about success with flowers. They require care and a little common sense. With these failure is almost impossible. It is work that can not be left to a farm hand or laborer. It must receive your careful personal attention. By observing closely the following rules for sowing flower seed you will have little cause for complaint or failure.

The Soil A mellow loam, which is a medium earth between the extremes of clay and sand, enriched by a compost of rotten manure and leaf mold, is adapted to the generality of flowering plants. Previous to planting flower beds or borders care must be taken that they are so arranged that the ground is a little elevated in the middle, allowing the water to run off, this also showing off the plants to better advantage.

Planting the Seed Make the surface as fine and smooth as possible. Cover each sort of seed to a depth proportionate to its size; very small seeds, like petunias, should be merely sprinkled on the surface of the ground, and barely covered with finely-sifted, light mellow soil; press the soil down firmly over the seeds with a brick or a short piece of board. For larger seeds the depth should be regulated according to the size of the seeds, those the size of a pinhead, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep, and those the size of a pea, $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch or more. Get a piece of lath (it would be better if planed smooth) about two feet long, press the edge down into the soil evenly, so as to make a groove as deep as the seed is to be planted, scatter the seed along this, allowing 4 or 5 of the larger to 15 or 20 of the smaller seeds to the space one plant is to occupy when grown. Cover the seeds by pressing; turn your lath flatwise and press the soil down firmly. On light, sandy soils flower seeds should be covered twice the depth that they should be in stiff or heavy clay soils.

Sowing in Boxes Almost all flowers will stand transplanting. Many of them grow better for having been transplanted. In sections liable to late spring frosts or where drought comes in spring, it is advisable to sow seeds in shallow boxes which can be placed in a warm, sunny window or on a porch. This is always advisable with the expensive seeds and those of a tropical nature, such as coleus, salvia, etc. These need a warm soil to start the seeds. Sow the same as in open ground, and keep the soil moist, but not soaking wet. If surface of soils show tendency to cake or crust, scratch it lightly to break the crust. Small seeds cannot force their way through a crusted surface. As soon as plants reach a height of 2 or 3 inches they may be transplanted, taking as much earth as possible with each plant, so as not to disturb the roots more than necessary.

ASTERS

Culture The China Asters, in the beautiful double varieties, are unsurpassed for bedding and cut flowers. They are very profitable for the florist and also one of the most satisfactory for the home garden. The many delicate shades and beautiful colors, the size, form and long blooming season, all make for the great popularity of these charming flowers. Asters are very hardy and may be planted outdoors as soon as the soil is warm and dry. You can start them indoors or in a cold-frame in January or February and transplant outdoors after killing frost danger is past. Plant in well prepared good garden soil in rows 18 to 24 inches apart; cover seed with $\frac{1}{4}$ inch fine soil firmly pressed down and when plants are 2 inches high, thin to 15 inches apart in row. Seeds may be planted in beds outdoors and transplanted when 2 or 3 inches high. Keep plants well watered in warm and dry weather, watering in morning or evening 2 or 3 times a week. For late flowering, seed may be sown in May or June. By disbudding, letting only a few flowers come on each plant, much larger flowers will form, as large as and more beautiful than ordinary chrysanthemums.

HASTINGS' UNRIVALED MIXED

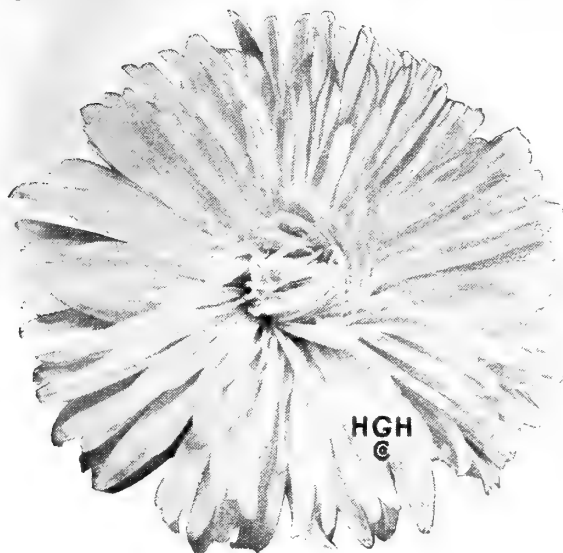
(No. 1060) Well worthy of the name unrivaled; Hastings' Mixed Asters have no rival. We make it up of over 20 varieties of the finest asters grown and the greatest aster specialists in the world grow these seeds for you. All types, the early Queen of the Market, the later Giant Crego or Comet and the late strong growing Branching varieties are included in this superb mixture in many shades and colors. It makes a magnificent display and should be in every flower garden in the South. The exquisite blooms make delightful cut flowers for all occasions, last a long time in water and the bedding or border display is simply beautiful. Packet, 10 cents. 3 Packets for 25 cents. Ounce, \$1.25.

AMERICAN BRANCHING ASTERS

A type of very strong growing Asters, blooming in late July and August in this latitude. Full petalled extra large flowers of fine form are produced on long stems. The petals are long, rather broad, of good substance and the flowers last a long time after being cut; shipping well. The plants grow 24 to 30 inches high and are branching in habit. These are the latest varieties to come in bloom and they produce very large flowers of the deepest and finest colors and are very prolific. Separate colors make most beautiful beds and borders.

- (1066) AMERICAN BRANCHING, MIXED—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1068) AM. BRANCHING, ROSE COLOR—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1070) AM. BRANCHING, FLESH COLOR—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1072) AM. BRANCHING, WHITE—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1074) AM. BRANCHING, PURPLE—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

QUEEN OF THE MARKET ASTERS



(1084) Comet or Giant Crego Aster



(1066) Hastings' American Branching Asters

COMET OR GIANT CREGO ASTERS

Also known as Ostrich Plume because of their attractive, light, feathery appearance. There are no finer Asters than these. They bloom in mid-season with flowers of the largest size, fully double, and their graceful forms on long, strong stems are made even more beautiful by having very long petals that are decidedly curled and twisted. They are very prolific and the large blooms are unsurpassed for cut flowers. The plants are branching and very vigorous growers. These Asters stay beautiful a long time, are very prolific and make the most exquisite cut flowers.

- (1080) GIANT COMET ASTERS, MIXED—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1082) GIANT COMET, CRIMSON COLOR—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1084) GIANT COMET, WHITE COLOR—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1086) GIANT COMET, LAVENDER COLOR—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

Also called Queen of the Earlies, this type is very desirable because of extreme earliness and profusion of bloom. They grow 15 to 20 inches high, of rather compact form though of a branching habit, with many full double blooms of medium size on long stems. They come in a wide range of colors and are fine for cutting. These are especially satisfactory for early cut flowers for the home as well as market. While the blooms are not as large and are flatter than Comet and Branching Asters, the many delightful early blooms demand full space in Aster and all flower gardens.

- (1096) QUEEN OF MARKET, MIXED—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1098) QUEEN OF MARKET, CRIMSON—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1100) QUEEN OF MARKET, WHITE—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.
- (1102) QUEEN OF MARKET, LAVENDER—Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$1.50.



(1086), (1084) Queen of the Market—Best South



(1030) Amaranthus Caudatus

ABRONIA More commonly called "California" or "Sand Verbena." Especially adapted to the light, sandy and clay lands of the Lower South. A trailing plant that grows luxuriantly in dry, open soils. Sow seeds in April where plants are to stand. (1004) **ABRONIA—Mixed**—Best shades of yellow and rosy pink in the best varieties of the larger flowered sorts. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$1.00.

ABUTILON More commonly known as "Flowering Maple." Splendid bedding plant for partly shaded locations or for pot culture for porches or indoors. Our Royal Prize strain is of the finest mixed colors. Varied in form and color of flower, leaf and growth. Easily grown from seed, which should be sown in boxes in March or April.

(1006) **ABUTILON—Mixed Colors**—Packet, 10c. Oz., \$4.00.

AGERATUM A favorite garden flower for bedding and borders in the South. Native of Mexico that easily withstands heat of our summers. It blooms all summer, also if seed is sown in the fall it makes splendid box or pot plants for winter. Sow seed in open ground in April, or earlier in boxes for transplanting. Plants grow 1½ to 2 feet high, with light green foliage and clusters of small, tassel-like flowers.

(1010) **AGERATUM, IMPERIAL WHITE**—Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, \$1.00.

(1011) **AGERATUM MEXICANUM, BLUE**—Packet, 5 cents. Ounce, \$1.00.

(1012) **AGERATUM, BLUE AND WHITE MIXED**—Packet, 5 cents. Oz., \$1.00.

(1020) **ALYSSUM, Sweet** Free flowering annual of quick growth, beginning to bloom in early spring and continuing for a long time. Excellent for borders of flower beds, as it is of close, compact growth and even in height. Sow seed thinly, in shallow drills where plants are to stand. Grows 5 to 10 inches high. The small illustration gives you an idea of this type of flowering plant, showing how well suited it is for showy borders to beds or along walks. Packet, 5c. ½ Ounce, 30c. Ounce, 50c.

(1022) **ALYSSUM, Little Gem** Plants very dwarf, spreading and uniform in growth, 3 to 4 inches high. Plants begin blooming when two inches high and continue along through the season. Plants are literally covered with small spikes of fragrant bloom, as many as 400 clusters having been produced on a single plant. Fine

for borders. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 35c. Oz., 60c.

AMARANTHUS Annual plants, grown for foliage and the showy flower clusters. There are two types, one valued for the brilliant coloring of the leaves, the other for large feathery plumes or sprays of rich crimson flowers. Sow in March and April.

(1030) **AMARANTHUS CAUDATUS**—(Love Lies Bleeding). Of stiff, erect growth, 3 feet high, with numerous sprays of rich crimson flowers, which hang gracefully over, as shown in the illustration, giving the romantic name of "Love Lies Bleeding." Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 50 cents.

(1032) **AMARANTHUS CRUCENTUS**—(Prince's Feather). From Asia. Tall growing, with purple or purplish-green leaves. Heavy feathery heads, drooping like a large ostrich plume, with beautiful effect. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1034) **AMARANTHUS SALICIFOLIUS**—(Fountain Plant). Grows 2 to 3 feet high, of pyramidal form.

(1036) **AMARANTHUS TRICOLOR**—(Joseph's Coat). Has a single erect stalk and brilliant colored leaves when full grown. The rich yellow and red markings are very distinct. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

ANTIRRHINUM--Snap Dragon

Snap Dragons have become immensely popular lately and great attention is being paid to them both for outdoor displays and cut flowers. Our large-flowering varieties of medium height are very popular because of their grand displays in beds and borders outdoors with no need of staking as well as for cutting. You will be delighted with this bedding and border plant with its long blooming seasons. The long, showy spikes of tubular flowers are very beautiful and showy. They make splendid cut flowers, florists getting about \$3.00 a dozen for them in the cities, and they last a long time after being cut. They grow 18 to 24 inches high and though a perennial, will bloom the first year. Sow very early in boxes in the house or under glass and transplant outdoors when ground is warm and dry for earliest blooms. Transplant to a rich, loamy soil in a sunny place and give a plenty of water. They are semi-hardy and stand Southern winters with slight protection. Set plants a foot apart each way. They are easily grown and the flowers are beautiful.

(1040) **SNAP DRAGON, Finest Mixed Colors**—Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1041) **DAPHNE**—Deep rose pink with white tube, a beautiful Snap Dragon. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

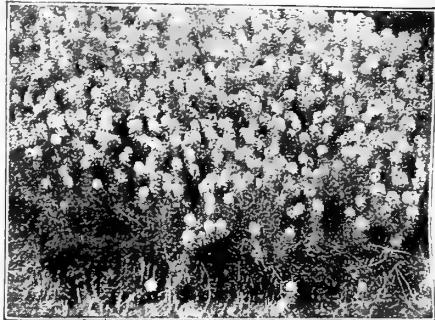
(1042) **DEFIANCE**—Richest orange scarlet, very expensive to us but the finest fiery red. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1044) **MONT BLANC**—Large pure white, very attractive and popular. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1046) **GIANT YELLOW**—Rich yellow coloring so valuable in cut flowers as well as fine outdoors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1050) **ARISTOLOCHIA--Siph Dutchman's Pipe Vine** Vigorous and rapid growing climbing plant that is perfectly hardy in the South. Its very large light green leaves, for which it is chiefly grown, hold their color from early in the spring to late in the fall. This popular climbing plant produces flowers of a singular brownish color and shaped also like a Dutchman's pipe, hence the name. While the flowers are a curiosity, this is one of the best vines grown, with its large, showy foliage, growing about thirty feet tall. Packet, 10 cents.

FREE FLOWER SEEDS—See inside front cover and take full advantage of this splendid offer.

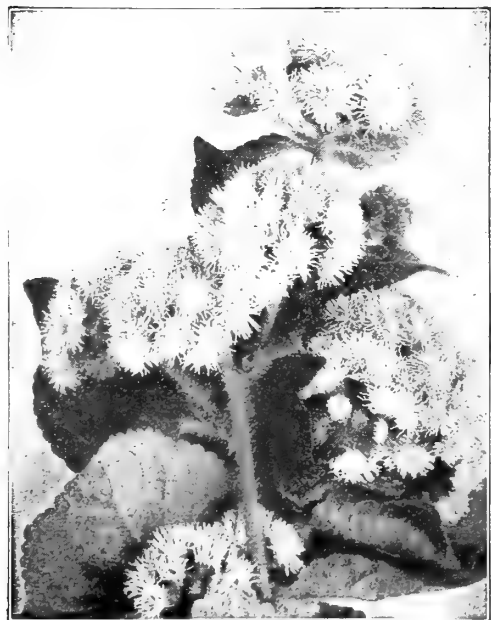


(1020) Sweet Alyssum for Borders



Abronia or Sand Verbena

Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.



(1010) Hastings' Ageratum Mexicanum



Antirrhinum--Snap Dragon

(1190) BALLOON VINE Interesting climber from the East Indies. A general favorite. Rapid growing annual climber delighting in warm situation. Small white flowers, followed by inflated seed vessels like miniature balloons. This most interesting climbing plant is fine for shading sunny porches or outdoor seats and the novelty of its little balloon-like fruits never wears off. Try a packet of it this year. Packet, 10 cents. 3 for 25c. Oz., 50c.

BALSAM THE OLD FASHIONED FLOWER Touch-Me-Not or Lady Slipper

The old and familiar Touch-Me-Not or Lady-Slipper improved until those familiar with the old forms would hardly recognize the large waxy flowers with their elegant shades of color and variegations as belonging to the same class. They grow luxuriantly all through the South with little attention in any good garden soil, and well repay one for the little trouble. Sow in open ground after danger of frost is past, or earlier in protected boxes. For the best growth, plants should be set about 18 inches apart.

(1177) BALSAM—Extra Fine Mixed—Very fine double flowers from the very best balsam growers. Packet, 10 cents.

(1178) BALSAM—Hastings' Royal Prize Camellia Flowered Mixed—One of our special strains, surpassing all others in brilliancy of colors, size of flowers, freedom of bloom. Should be planted from 1½ to 2 feet apart to allow space for full development of strong and vigorous plants. They will surprise you. Packet, 15c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1179) BALSAM—Camellia Flowered, Scarlet Color—Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1180) BALSAM—Camellia Flowered, Pure White—Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1181) BALSAM—Camellia Flowered, Blue Color—Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1175) BALSAM APPLE Quick growing climber, ornamental foliage, interesting and valuable fruits which are esteemed for medicinal purposes. The fruits burst and throw the seeds a considerable distance, a source of amusement for the children. It is often used with other climbing plants for shading porches, balconies, and outdoor seats. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1201) CACALIA Tassel Flower or Flora's Paint Brush. A pretty annual of easy culture with tassel shaped flowers, blooming from May to September. Flowers are like miniature paint brushes of orange scarlet produced on long wiry stems, making it an excellent cut flower and it is a good border plant. It grows 18 to 24 inches high. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

CALENDULA--POT MARIGOLD One of the best and showiest free-flowering hardy annuals, growing well in any garden soil. They make fine cut-flowers; attractive beds and borders and bloom profusely until frost. In Florida and along the Gulf Coast they do well into the winter and the large, double flowers on bushy plants make a nice display. Calendulas, in their yellow, orange and primrose colors have become very popular. Florists use them for cut flowers and they make a splendid display outdoors as well as for cutting. They are much prettier than Marigolds. Plants, 12 to 20 inches high.

(1202) HASTINGS' MIXED—All Calendula colors of the finest named double varieties.

(1203) DOUBLE METEOR—Large imbricated double flowers; creamy white, petals edged or striped orange. Bright showy plants, growing with great profusion in any good garden soil. Plants 1 to 2 feet high, covered with brilliant and showy flowers, both double and single. Sow in early spring, in open, where plants are to stand. Colors are bright yellow and rich brown with shades of red. Notice the illustration, showing the different forms of this popular and easily grown garden flower. All old-fashioned gardens should have it and the modern ones should use it for mixed wild color effect and for the splendid cut flowers.

(1217) TALL MIXED—Grow 1½ to 2 feet high. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

(1218) DWARF MIXED—The finest full double blooms of rich, brilliant colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

CANDYTUFT Showy, branching or **IBERIS** plants bearing in profusion terminal clusters of beautiful single cruciform flowers in a wide range of colors. Especially desirable for cutting and also very effective in beds, masses or rockeries. A well known garden favorite and very popular. Larger flowers are made if some of the branches are removed and the plants given a plenty of water. Sow seed as soon as soil can be worked in spring. When well up thin out to 4 or 5 inches apart; especially desirable for early summer beds, masses and cut-flowers. Grows 12 to 15 inches high and blooms from June to September; very hardy.

(1220) CANDYTUFT, Mixed—All shades and colors of the annual sorts. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1222) CANDYTUFT, Dark Crimson—Darkest shade of crimson. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

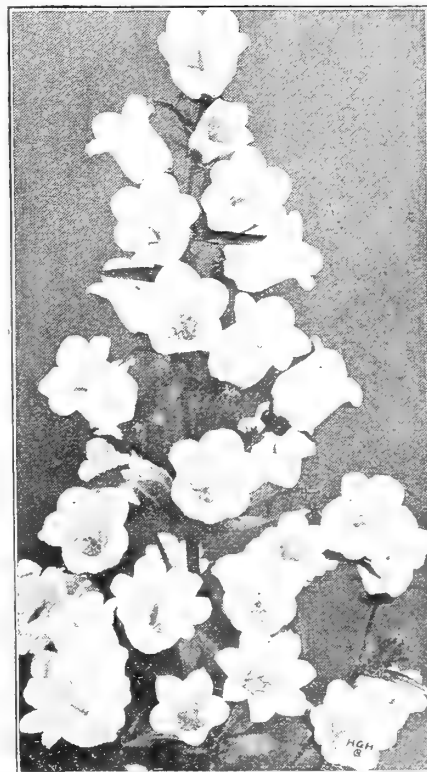
(1224) CANDYTUFT, Empress—Extra large spikes with pure white flowers. Fine for cutting. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1226) CANDYTUFT, Rose Cardinal—Bushy habit, fine for beds; deep rosy-carmine. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.



(1178) Royal Prize Camellia Balsam

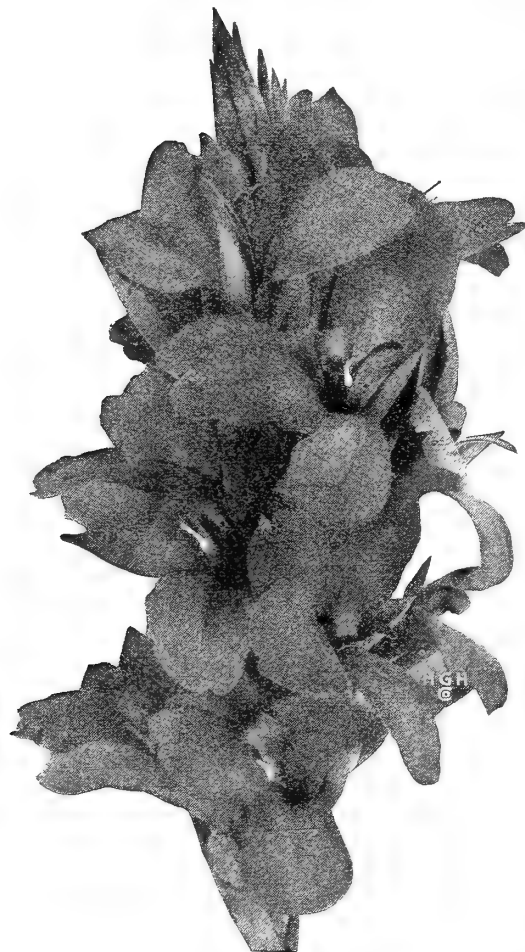
Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.



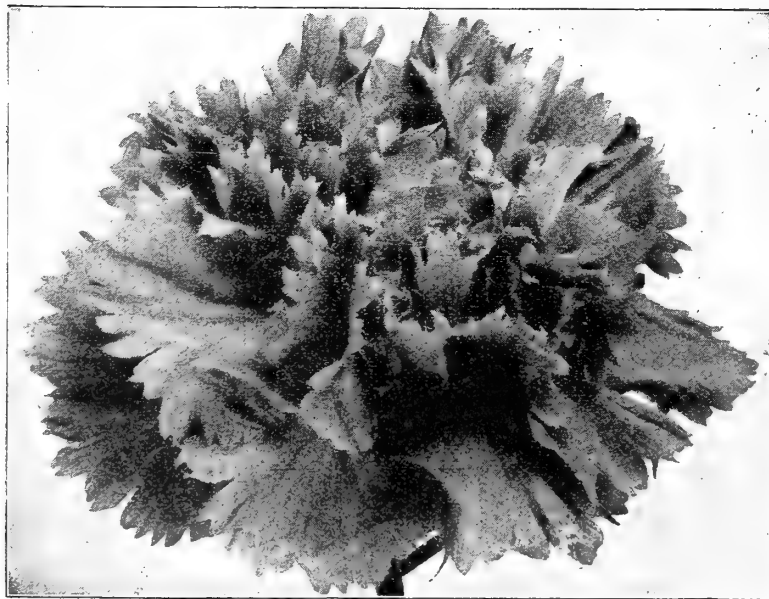
(1260) Canterbury Bells—See Page 56 for description of this fine flower



(1217) Hastings' Mixed Calliopsis



Hastings' Large Flowering Cannas—See Page 74



Single Flower of Hastings' Double Carnation—Greenhouse Grown

HASTINGS' LARGE FLOWERING CANNAS

(1230) Few plants have shown so great improvement in recent years as the Cannas. They retain their value as a tropical looking foliage plant and at the same time the magnificent bloom of these newer varieties, in many instances, is equal to that of the most costly orchids. They are easily grown anywhere in the South, and bloom the first season from seed. Start the seed in boxes in February and March in a warm place. These boxes should be shallow and filled with rich garden soil sifted fine. The seeds have a hard outer covering. This must be either filed or cut through so that moisture can reach the germ. If not filed or cut they often remain dormant for many years. When seedlings show four or five leaves they can be transplanted to open ground, if all danger of frost is past and the ground is warm. Make soil very rich and set 1½ feet apart each way. We have seed saved from the finest introductions, embracing all the finest shades and colors. The continuous bloom of Hastings' Large Flowering Cannas on the Hastings' Plantation is a source of endless praise by hundreds every day through the summer. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, 50 cents.

Canna Roots See Pages 74, 75. We have the finest canna bulbs or roots it is possible to produce. They are grown right here in the South and are unsurpassed for brilliancy and abundance of bloom. We grow many varieties on the Hastings' Plantation and we offer you the cream of all varieties on Pages 74 and 75. It is much more satisfactory to plant the roots than the seeds and our Canna roots give an abundance of bloom from June until killing frost every year.

CANTERBURY BELLS *CAMPANULA MEDIUM*—See picture on Page 55. Sown early in the South, these will bloom the first season. They are handsome, easily grown plants of stately branching habit and many blooms, useful for beds and backgrounds. They grow long racemes of beautiful bell-shaped flowers of rich colors and plants grow 2 to 4 feet high. To keep them over for blooming the second year, sow seed in early spring in rows 2 feet apart in light, rich soil with good drainage and transplant or thin out plants to 18 to 24 inches apart in the fall, giving some protection with straw or leaves for freezing weather. Flower colors are white, lilac, rose, blue, purple and violet in various shades.

(1260) **FINEST SINGLE MIXED**—Packet, 10 cents. Oz., \$1.00.

(1261) **FINEST DOUBLE MIXED**—Packet, 10 cents. Oz., \$3.00.

CARNATIONS Carnations are now one of the most popular flowers and are easily grown from seed. The Doubles are not in their full development until the second year; the Chabauds and Marguerites come in full bloom in from 4 to 6 months from the time seed is sown. (1240) **FINEST DOUBLE MIXED**—The true double carnation. Our strain of this is rather early; from seed sown in early spring some blooms will be had the following fall. Our seed is saved from the choicest double colors. Packet, 15c. 2 for 25c. Oz., \$4.00.

(1242) **CHAUBAUD**—A superb strain. Strong, healthy, vigorous plants, bearing large, very double, deliciously fragrant flowers of the finest colors. Blooms in five months from seed. Packet, 15c. 2 for 25c. Oz., \$4.00.

(1244) **GRENADIN**—Double red. Not quite as double in flower as Chabaud but a beauty. Its color is the brightest shade of scarlet, brilliant and a great favorite. Packet, 15c. 2 for 25c. Oz., \$4.00.

(1246) **MARGUERITE**—An everblooming carnation, blooming in 4 months from seed. While the flowers are smaller than the regular carnations, their earliness and abundance more than make up for the difference in size. Mixed—Packet, 10c. 3 for 25c. Oz., \$2.00.

CLARKIA One of the most popular of annual flowers. Better for Central South than for Florida and the Gulf Coast regions. They are semi-hardy, standing considerable cold, and of the easiest culture. Sow in good garden soil as early as ground can be worked. They are rapid growers and constant bloomers in delicate but very brilliant shades of rose, white and purple from May to September.

(1300) **SINGLE MIXED**—All colors. Packet, 5c. Oz., 75c.

(1302) **DOUBLE MIXED**—All colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

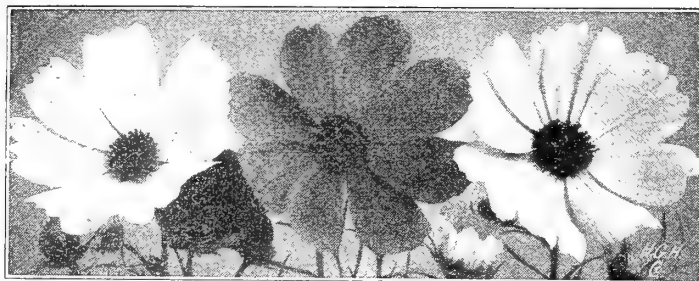
(1304) CLEOME or Spider Plant

A very free flowering hardy annual of branching habit, growing 4 to 6 feet in height; each plant terminates in a large spike of rosy-pink flowers. Plants grow freely from seed sown in open ground early in summer and continue until cut off by frost. Fresh flowers appear constantly at tops of the branches as they increase in height; they have long, slender stems, making them feathery in appearance. The flowers are succeeded by long seed pods on slender stems, and as they are set thickly on the stalks, have slight resemblance to a giant centipede or spider. Fine bee plant. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

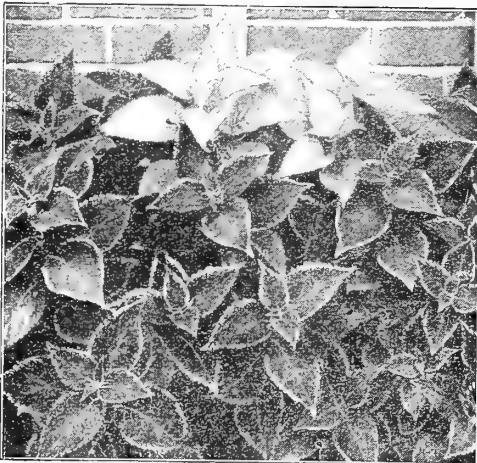
Why Plant the Fine Varieties?

Not very many years ago the few commonly planted flowers were generally small or medium in size, not very productive in bloom and of dull colors. Many days and years of consistent work in breeding and selection have rewarded us with Hastings' Flowers of today—the richest and rarest colors, strong plants full of large flowers and plump, vital seeds that grow. It's a joy to plant them.

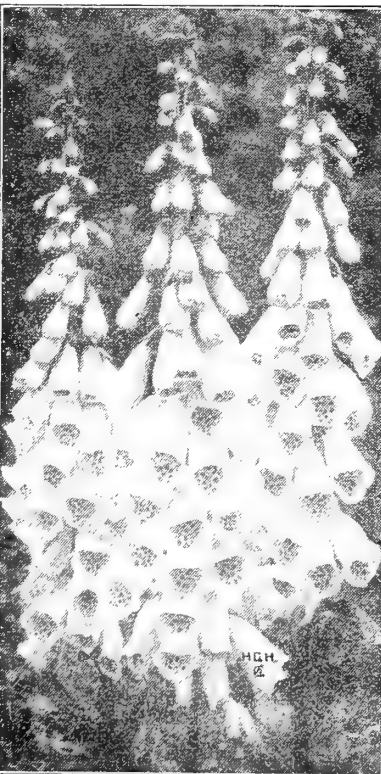
(1284) Centaurea—Sweet Sultan



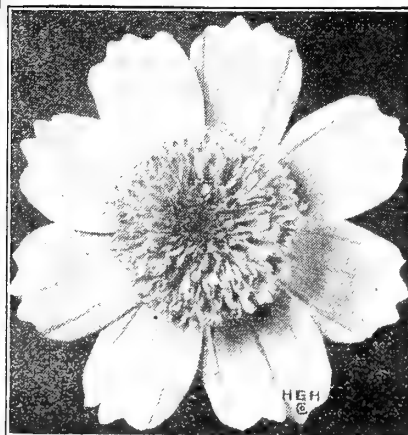
(1328), (1321) Hastings' Giant Cosmos—Very Free Growing



(1310) Hastings' Decorative Hybrid Coleus



(1440) Digitalis or Fox Glove



(1321) Double Flowered Cosmos

(1310) HASTINGS' HYBRID COLEUS

There are no finer decorative foliage plants for the South than our fine Hybrid Coleus; easily raised from seed sown in boxes in February and March and placed in a warm, sunny window. The seeds are small and should not be covered more than $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch. Keep moist, but not wet. When young plants are 3 or 4 inches high or when danger of frost is past set in open ground. For beds, edging and porch or window boxes, coleus make magnificent ornamental foliage plants. Our mixture of seed of coleus is saved from some of the finest exhibition plants and contains all the best fancy striped and blotched leaved kinds. The leaves are of many shapes and the shades and colors are of remarkable beauty. Many homes have hundreds of these luxuriant fast growing plants. They are tender perennials and perhaps the most showy plants we have. **Packet, 25 cents. Oz., \$7.50.**

COSMOS

Handsome, very free flowering annual, originally from Mexico. Adapted to the entire South. Do not plant in soil too rich, as it makes too tall a growth. Sow as soon as danger from frost is past in open ground. They grow 4 to 6 feet tall and are covered with white, pink and crimson flowers from August until frost.

(1320) FINE MIXED—All colors. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.**

(1322) GIANT OF CALIFORNIA—The early mammoth flowering strain, flowers being twice the size of common Cosmos. Pink, white and crimson mixed. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.**

(1324) COSMOS, GIANT CRIMSON—Crimson flowers. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.**

(1326) COSMOS, GIANT PINK—**Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.**

(1328) COSMOS, GIANT WHITE—**Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.**

Cosmos, Double

There are two types of Double Cosmos. The first type showed a double crest in the center, usually called "Anemone Flowered" which is variable but rather well fixed. The ideal of this type is shown in the picture below. Now, also, we have a further improved type which is also crested but more double and some flowers are almost fully double. We offer this newest strain or type in each of the three Cosmos colors. These double Cosmos are becoming extremely popular and you will surely want them in your garden.

(1321) COSMOS, ANEMONE FLOWERED MIXED—**Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.**

(1330) COSMOS, DOUBLE FLOWERED CRIMSON—**Packet, 15c. Oz., \$3.00.**

(1332) COSMOS, DOUBLE PINK BEAUTY—**Packet, 15c. Oz., \$3.00.**

(1334) COSMOS, DOUBLE WHITE QUEEN—**Packet, 15c. Oz., \$3.00.**

(1340) CYCLAMEN

Cyclamen Persicum or Alpine Violet. Popular, free blooming, bulbous plant for home culture. Seeds produce the bulbs which flower the following spring. These should be grown entirely in boxes and pots, never in the open ground. Colors range from pure white to deep crimson. **Packet, 25c. Oz., \$100.00.**

CYPRESS VINE

The most graceful of all small vines and easily grown anywhere in the South. For a neat trellis or ornamenting the trunks of trees it is unexcelled. It has a profusion of scarlet and white star-shaped blossoms, and its finely cut foliage is particularly adapted to ornamental work. Grows 10 to 12 feet high and if planted thick in good soil will make a dense growth. We can supply the colors, scarlet and white, separately or mixed.

(1342) CYPRESS VINE, MIXED—**Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.**

(1344) CYPRESS VINE, SCARLET—**Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.**

(1346) CYPRESS VINE, WHITE—**Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.**

(1440) DIGITALIS---Fox

Glove Fox Glove is one of the easiest plants to grow. In the South it prefers partially shaded locations, but does well in open. It is a beautiful plant, and leaves are also valuable for medicinal purposes. Showy, bell-shaped flowers of white, lavender, rose and spotted. Hardy perennial. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.**



(1400) Hastings' Superb Mixed Dianthus or Garden Pinks—All Colors—See Page 59

HASTINGS' SUPERB DAHLIA SEED

No flower in recent years has shown such great improvement as has the Dahlia. The present strains produce flowers of largest size and striking brilliancy of colors. The more we grow the improved strains the more we are convinced that it is one of the greatest of all flowers, a real rival of the chrysanthemum. Easily raised from seed in the South, blooming late the first season. Sow seed in February in shallow boxes; place in a warm, sunny position. When plants are 3 to 4 inches high, and danger of frost is past, transplant to open ground, 3 feet apart. Plant in rich or well manured soil, cultivate frequently, and keep free from grass and weeds. After frost kills the tops, cut them off within a few inches of the ground and cover several inches with a mulch of stable manure, leaves or grass. This is sufficient protection for the bulbs anywhere in the South in ordinary winters. We just wish you could see the Dahlia fields on the Hastings' Plantation. For Dahlia Roots see Page 76.

(1360) **Dahlia, Double Mixed**—A splendid strain of double flowers, including all colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$3.00.

(1362) **Hastings' Superb Double Mixed**—This is the best strain of large, double flowering Dahlia. Seed saved from the finest named varieties, including all shades and colors. This will give you a magnificent collection of the best varieties. Packet, 15c. 2 Packets for 25c. Oz., \$3.50.

(1364) **Cactus Dahlias**—The new strain is very popular wherever grown, being especially valuable for cut-flower work. Petals of the large flowers are beautifully pointed and the range of coloring is remarkably fine and satisfactory. Mixed colors. Packet, 15c. 2 Packets for 25c. Oz., \$3.50.

(1366) **Dahlia, Single Mixed**—Seed saved from named single varieties. Flowers not so large as the double varieties, but bloom earlier and more freely than the double sorts. Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1380) **DAISY, Double English--** The true English Daisy, perfectly **Bellis Perennis** hardy and suited to cool, rather moist locations. Blooms in earliest spring and late fall. Sow seed early in boxes or shallow drills; then transplant to permanent location. Treat same as violets. Can be flowered through the winter if placed in boxes in pits or planted out in cold frames. Flowers very double. Plants spread rapidly in rich soil and last for years. They make the finest low borders and margins and are beautiful in clumps about the lawn. Grow 6 to 10 inches high. Rose-pink and White, Mixed. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$4.00.

(1384) **Daisy, Shasta** See illustration. Shasta Daisy plants on Page 81. Our choice Alaska variety with flowers of purest glistening white with broad overlapping petals, one of the finest and most attractive flowers grown. These flowers are much larger than common daisies, often 5 inches across, and make fine cut flowers with long stems, lasting a week or two after being cut. Grows 2 to 2½ feet high and excellent for beds, borders, clumps and cut-flowers. It lasts for years and makes fine borders and clumps. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$3.00.

DIANTHUS--Hastings' Superb Garden Pinks

Our famous Garden Pinks add delight to many homes. They are extremely popular all over the South and we offer you the very finest varieties that can be grown. They are very similar to Carnations but with more varied colors. They are well adapted for bedding, borders and for cut-flowers. Stems are of good length, flowers are often 2 inches across and leaves are narrow bright light green. They grow about 1 foot high.

Sow seed where you want the plants to bloom, in well worked sandy loam if possible. Cover seed ¼ inch and press down soil. When 2 inches high, thin to 6 inches apart.

(1400) **HASTINGS' SUPERB MIXED**—Many of our friends prefer a few plants of many varieties of Pinks instead of buying each variety separately. This magnificent mixture contains all the Chinese and Japanese Pinks, having the widest range of form, color and markings imaginable. Double flowers chiefly with some fine singles. Large packet, 10c. 3 for 25c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1402) **DOUBLE CHINENSIS**—All shades and colors of free flowering double China Pinks, mixed. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1434) **HEDDEWIGI ALBUS**—Double flowered Japanese (Heddewigi) variety. Very popular white. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1436) **HED. ATROPURPUREUS**—Double dark purple Japanese variety of great charm and distinction. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1412) **HED. ATROSANGUINEUS**—Nanus Compactus. Double crimson red; beautiful Japanese type. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.50.

(1406) **HED. CRIMSON BELLE**—Large single flowers of richest glowing crimson, beautifully fringed. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1408) **HED. DIADEM**—The double "Diadem Pink" with various shades of purple, lilac and crimson with white fringed edges. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1410) **HED. EASTERN QUEEN**—Large single flowers; exquisite coloring in a bizarre or marbled rose and mauve effect. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

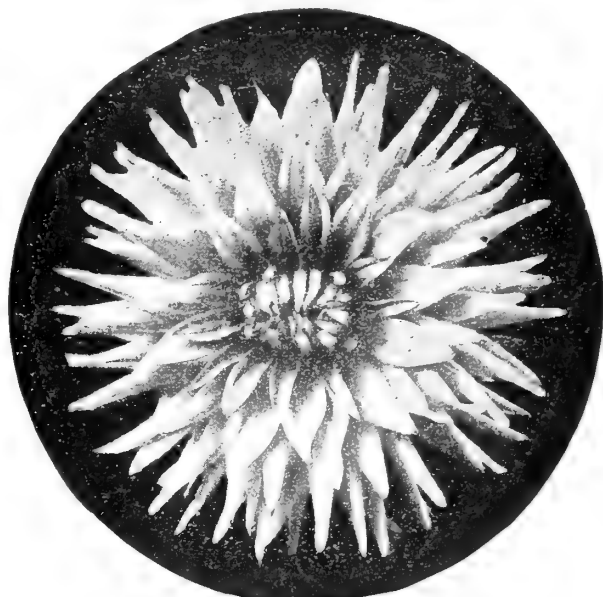
(1426) **HED. MOURNING CLOAK**—White Frills. Extra double with rich, dark velvety mahogany, nearly black, body color in striking contrast to finely fringed pure white edges. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1428) **HED. SALMON QUEEN** (Laciniatus type)—Well formed nicely fringed flowers of brilliant salmon color which changes to salmon rose, a rare shade in Pinks. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1430) **HED. THE BRIDE** (Laciniatus type)—Large handsome flowers of silvery white with rich purplish red eye surrounded by a still darker crimson ring. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1432) **HED. VESUSIUS** (Laciniatus type)—Like the flames of the volcano, a fiery orange scarlet. Effective single flowers for beds or borders. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1438) **IMPERIALIS STRIATUS**—The double Imperial Pink in striped flowers of red and white. Odd and very attractive for cut flowers as well as outdoors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.



(1364) Open Flower of New Cactus Dahlia



(1380) Double English Daisy—Bellis Perennis



(1384) Shasta Daisy—Plants on Page 81



(1450) Eschscholtzias or California Poppies



(1474) Gaillardia or Blanket Flower—Profuse Bloomer



(1490) Helichrysum—Everlasting Flower

ESCHSCHOLTZIA—California Poppy

The State Flower of California, chosen because of its brilliant display and wonderful growth. Also called **Gold Cups**. This brilliant and beautiful annual is very easily grown and does especially well throughout the South. It does not want to be transplanted, makes very showy borders and beds and also makes pretty cut flowers when cut in the bud stage. The plants will grow nicely and bloom profusely over a long season in any sunny location. The foliage is finely cut and blue-green in color, while the flowers are very shiny or satiny and various shades of yellow, orange and white. Scatter seed thinly over the surface and rake in very lightly, where the plants are to stand, as soon as the ground becomes warm in the spring. Plants grow about 1 foot high. See the picture and imagine an orange blanket of the flowers somewhere in your yard.

(1450) **ESCHSCHOLTZIA, SINGLE MIXED**—Single, cup-shaped flowers; shades of yellow, orange, and white. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1451) **ESCHSCHOLTZIA, DOUBLE MIXED**—Beautiful double flowers in white and yellow colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1454) **ESCHSCHOLTZIA, GOLDEN WEST**—Single, yellow with beautiful orange center. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1455) **ESCHSCHOLTZIA, AURANTIACA**—Rich, orange, single large flowers, the true California Poppy. Very prolific bloomer. Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1460) **FLAX, Scarlet Flowering--** You will be glad for this Linum most brilliantly colored summer annual. The flowers are scarlet or glowing crimson-rose and are simply

beautiful in beds and borders. By successive sowings you can have them in bloom from early May to October. Plants 1 foot high. Pkt., 5c. Oz., 50c.

FORGET-ME-NOT--Myosotis Favorite everywhere for beds or borders. This excellent old-fashioned flower blooms profusely in spring and fall with clusters of dainty blue and white flowers, doing best in a moist, shady position. This is a perennial but may need protection during the winter, especially farther north than Atlanta. It blooms the first year from seed. This is the National Flower of Belgium. Sow outdoors, thinly, as soon as ground can be worked, thinning to 5 inches apart.

(1466) **ALPESTRIS BLUE**—Packet, 5c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1468) **ALBA**—White. Packet, 5c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1470) **FORGET-ME-NOT MIXED**—Blue and white. Packet, 5c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1473) **FOUR O'CLOCKS** MARVEL OF PERU, MIRABILIS JALAPA. Showy, large free-flowering hardy annual adapted all over the South. A good old-fashioned plant with erect bushy habit and brilliant tubular flowers that open about four o'clock in the afternoon and usually close by noon of the next day. They bear hundreds of white, yellow, red and violet colored flowers and some with spots, flakes and splotches of several colors. Fine for borders and backgrounds, growing about 2 feet high and blooming late in summer and fall. Sow after danger of frost is past in spring or transplant at that time to 2 feet apart each way. All Colors Mixed—Packet, 5c. Oz., 25c.

(1474) **Gaillardia** Also known as **Blanket Flower**, and well adapted to our section. It thrives in the poorest and driest of soils, and the plants are covered with large showy flowers during the season. Plants are of strong, spreading growth, 18 inches in height. The large, brilliant flowers are borne singly, on long stems, making attractive cut flowers but the chief use is for the blanket or great mass of blooms for borders, clumps or beds of purplish crimson and yellow shades. This is a hardy annual but will live through the winter with protection. It is one of our very best Southern flowers and easily grown. See the full color picture on inside front cover page. Sow broadcast in early spring, covering seed lightly with a rake. Gaillardia Picta—Mixed colors and finest shades, fine for cut flowers or for display bedding. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1486) **GLOBE AMARANTH** TRUE BACHELOR'S BUTTON—Everlasting or Straw Flower. Several flowers are known as Bachelor's Button, like Centaurea Cornflower, and there are several Everlasting or Straw Flowers, like Helichrysum. This one, Gomphrena or Globe Amaranth, resembles the red clover bloom, grows 12 to 18 inches high, is very desirable for beds and is a real good everlasting. Cut the flowers when well matured and they will last through the winter, retaining their beauty without water. Seeds start slowly so soak them in warm water to soften the woolly husk. They may be transplanted or thinned to a foot apart. Tender annual. Colors are reddish purple, white and striped. Mixed Colors—Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1484) **Godetia** The Godetias are little known in the South, but are well worthy of attention, being a splendid bedding plant. Sow in the open ground, in the early spring like Gaillardia and Eschscholtzia. They are profuse and constant showy bloomers, and their delicate tints of crimson, rose-pink, mauve, carmine and white make them very attractive when in full bloom. In appearance they are not unlike an Azalea bloom. They grow 1½ feet tall and do well on poor soil. Tall Double Grandiflora, Mixed—Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1490) **HELICHRYSUM** EVERLASTING OR STRAW FLOWER. This beautiful flower is easily grown, about 2½ feet high, with most attractive, white, pink, yellow and red flowers that last for months after being cut. A fine introduction for the South and a wonder. This novelty in the flower line is a real find. For table center-pieces and cut flowers they are invaluable because they retain their brilliance of color, stand rough handling and need no water even for them to last for weeks and months. This should not be confused with Globe Amaranth, also known as Straw or Everlasting Flower and Bachelor's Button. It is by far better and with much larger and more beautiful flowers. Cut with long stems when blooms are a third open, strip off foliage, tie in bunches and hang heads down in a dark, dry place to cure and they last much longer. Set plants or thin to a foot apart in any garden soil. Hardy annual. See illustration. Packet, 10c. 3 for 25c. Oz., \$1.00.



(1500) Hastings' Fragrant Heliotrope

an old-fashioned flower of our Southland and perhaps no other flower leaves such an impression of the Old South as does the Hollyhock. The beautiful long spikes filled with tissue paper-like blooms, 3 inches across, crushed closely together, give a beautiful and artistic background or tall border. There could hardly be an old-fashioned garden without them. Plant some this year and you will have them for years to come. You should plan your flower garden and lawn for permanency and Hollyhocks are very valuable as they can fit in with most any plan. You cannot find a more beautiful flower for the garden than our new and vastly improved varieties of Chater Hollyhocks. They are simply marvelous. Be sure to plant some this year.

(1510) **DOUBLE MIXED COLORS**—Our mixture of the finest Chater double varieties. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1512) **DOUBLE CRIMSON**—Deep rich crimson flowers. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1513) **DOUBLE MAROON**—Beautiful rich maroon. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1514) **DOUBLE SALMON ROSE**—A rich and rare shade. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1515) **DOUBLE SULPHUR YELLOW**—Exquisitely beautiful. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1516) **DOUBLE PURE WHITE**—Looks like crepe rosettes. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1532) **JAPANESE HOP** *HUMULUS JAPONICUS*—This is a rapid growing summer climber, making a dense covering with its luxuriant foliage. It grows 20 feet high and heat, drouth and insects do not bother it. Especially for the South this Hop is excellent for shading porches and trellises. The rough lobed leaves of variegated white, yellow and green colors and the small flowers and very rough leaf stems make this plant very attractive. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

(1527) **HYACINTH BEAN** *DOLICHOS, JACK BEAN, AUSTRALIAN PEA VINE, LIGNOSUS*. Known under all these names, a rapid growing and free flowering annual climber, growing 10 feet high, with pea-shaped blooms, white to rich violet purple in color. Flowers freely in erect racemes, followed by ornamental seed pods. Sweet scented. Sow the seed in April or May, after ground is warm, where the plants are to remain. Plant growth is rather similar to a pole bean. Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1525) **ICE PLANT** *Mesembryanthemum Crystallinum*. Handsome trailing plant, particularly fine for hanging baskets, rock-work, vases, edgings, etc., and very valuable plant for dry, sunny positions on banks. The leaves and stems can be eaten and are prized for garnishing, appearing as though covered with ice crystals. Tender annual. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1534) **KENILWORTH IVY** *LINARIA*—Also called Cymbalaria and Mother of Thousands. Showy, free flowering plant of trailing habit, suitable for baskets, vases, pots and rock work. Hardy perennial with lilac to purple flowers. Easily grown and lasts for years either in the house or outdoors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.



(1502) Single Hibiscus Bloom

(1500) **HELIOTROPE** This garden favorite, easily grown from seed, is always a favorite. Start seed in February, in boxes in warm sunny situation, covering seed about 1/4 inch. When danger of frost is past transplant to open ground in partially shaded location. A single spray of the deliciously fragrant bloom will perfume a whole room. Half hardy perennial growing 18 to 24 inches high for borders and beds. It will usually stand Southern winters outdoors with slight protection. All shades mixed, including Dark Blue, Light Blue, White and Rose Shades. These are from large flowered varieties. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1502) **HIBISCUS ROSE MALLOW OR MARSH MALLOW**—Mixed Colors. Grows 2 to 5 feet high, branching freely. Large flowers, 3 to 5 inches across are white, yellow, carmine and striped. These can be grown in pots or tubs and kept blooming all winter as well as summer—anywhere the temperature is above 50°. The flowers are extremely showy and saucer-shaped. Plant early and thin out to a foot apart outdoors. See illustration. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

HOLLYHOCKS Our Double Hollyhocks are far superior to the old single and semi-double sorts. Once established they grow and bloom freely for years. Sow in early spring, in boxes or beds, and when 6 to 8 inches high transplant to their permanent place in open ground, placing them 1 1/2 to 2 feet apart. Give them rich soil in a moist location, or where plenty of water can be given and they will grow 5 to 8 feet tall. The Hollyhock is

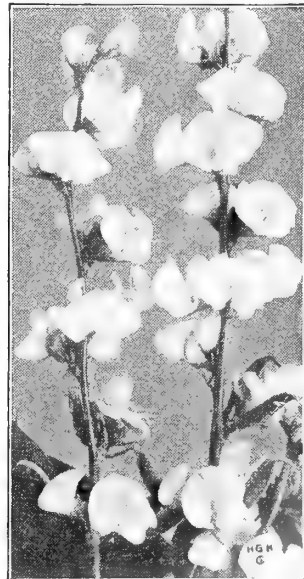


(1516) Double Hollyhocks

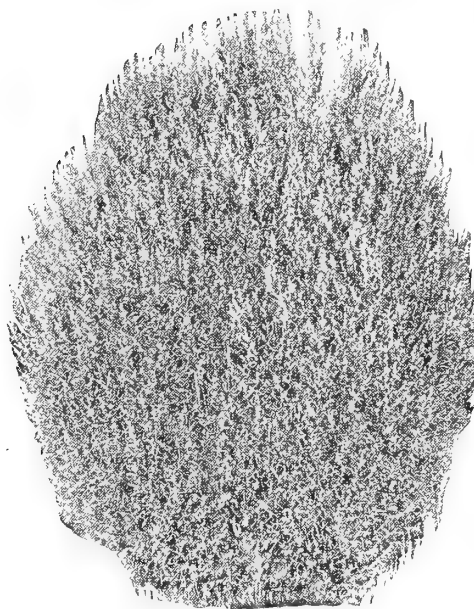
WHY PLANT HASTINGS' SEEDS

We might ask why plant Good Seeds. In seed buying you are obliged to take the seedsman's word for what you are going to grow, whether it is vegetables, flowers or field crops. When you spend your money for seeds, fertilizers, and the like and put your hard labor in the garden or field you should expect, with a fair season, to get something really worth while for your energies.

Hastings' Seeds are thoroughly reliable, good seeds, that will produce for you as much as your land and season will allow. On the Hastings' Plantation and Trial Grounds, thousands of trials are grown to maturity each year, and very carefully noted. We are one of the very few general seedsmen in America who maintain a real trial grounds and the only one in the South. Selecting and breeding for improved strains of varieties and new varieties are going on all the time on the 1,500 acre Hastings' Plantation as well as tests of seeds from other seed houses. We know our seeds and know they are the best you can get, regardless of price. Plant good seeds and be willing to pay for them. It will pay you many times over.



(1527) Hyacinth Bean



(1536) Kochia or Burning Bush

(1541) **DELPHINIUM XXX HYBRIDS** Perennial Larkspur that last for years. These are the newest and largest flowering hybrids and the finest varieties in existence, much better than the "Gold Medal" Hybrids. Flowers are various shades of blue. These may be planted in the fall, outdoors or in boxes indoors and transplanted in the early spring. Set plants about 2 feet apart outdoors and manure and reset, giving more room, every 2 or 3 years. They grow about 5 feet tall in good soil. Packet, 15c. Oz., \$3.50.

(1545) **LOBELIA** Very popular edging or border plant, suitable also for pots or hanging baskets. Sow seed in open ground in April. Flowers, $\frac{5}{8}$ inch across, are white and blue with lighter centers and borne in neat clusters that stay in bloom a long time. This annual grows about 6 inches high. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

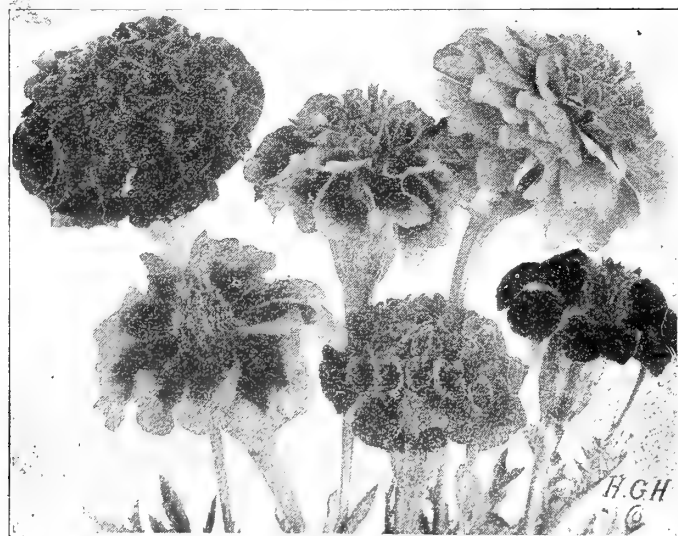
MARIGOLD Free flowering, garden favorites, doing splendidly all over the South. The new and improved types are far superior to the small flowers of the old forms. Sow seed thinly in open ground when leaves of trees are out in early spring. The illustration here shows the French type, which has smaller but many flowers while the Double African is much larger, a free bloomer and perfectly double. They are all hardy annuals and stay in bloom until frost comes. No garden should be without them.

(1553) **TALL DOUBLE AFRICAN, MIXED**—Extra large flowers, grows 15 to 30 inches tall. Various shades of yellow and orange. A bed of these will please you. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1554) **DWARF FRENCH**—Grows 6 to 8 inches high, small highly colored flowers. Pkt., 5c. Oz., 75c.

(1555) **TALL FRENCH MIXED**—Smaller sized flowers, deeper color than the African. Pkt., 5c. Oz., 50c.

(1558) **MATRICARIA FEVERFEW**. A free flowering half hardy perennial, growing 18 inches in height. Sow seed in the early spring in open ground. In the fall the flowers appear in clusters on long stems. Flowers very double, pure white and fine for cut-flowers. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 50c.



(1555) Hastings' French Marigolds—Brilliant Assorted Colors

(1536) **KOCHIA--SUMMER CYPRESS** A splendid and novel plant. An easily grown annual suitable for all parts of the South. Sown thinly in spring when leaves begin to appear on the trees, it soon forms a cypress-like hedge of symmetrical form and of lively green color; by midsummer it attains a height of about 3 feet and on approach of cool weather the whole plant becomes a deep red. One of the most novel and interesting plants than can be grown from seed in any flower garden. Packet, 10c. 3 packets, 25c. Oz., 50c.

(1540) **LANTANA FRENCH HYBRIDS**. Shrubbery verbena-like plants; of flowers that change color and then green berries that turn deep blue. It delights in the warm sunshine of Southern summers. Sow early in boxes or sheltered beds, transplanting after danger from frost to open ground, 1½ to 2 feet apart. Grows 2 feet high. French Hybrids, Mixed—Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

LARKSPUR--Delphinium The annual kinds are generally called Larkspur and the perennial sorts are usually termed Delphinium. With their long clustered spikes of beautiful flowers, often with long spurs, these flowers are especially desirable for cut flowers and for bedding. The Delphiniums are fine for planting in shrubbery, lasting for years. Sow in early spring, thinly in shallow drills and thin out to a foot apart.

(1542) **EMPEROR MIXED**—Dwarf, branching, double Stock Flowered, about 2 feet high, spikes thickly set with flowers; many distinct colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1544) **TALL DOUBLE MIXED**—These are most popular, especially valuable for their shades of blue but also with rose, violet, pink, lilac and white flowers. Tall, branching, double, Stock Flowered. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1543) **TALL SKY BLUE**—Double Stock Flowered; exquisite and most popular flower color of today. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.



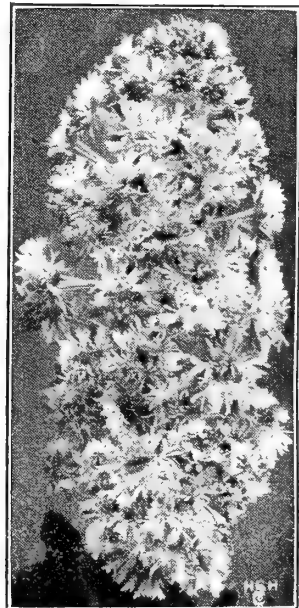
Delphinium or Larkspur

MIGNONETTE

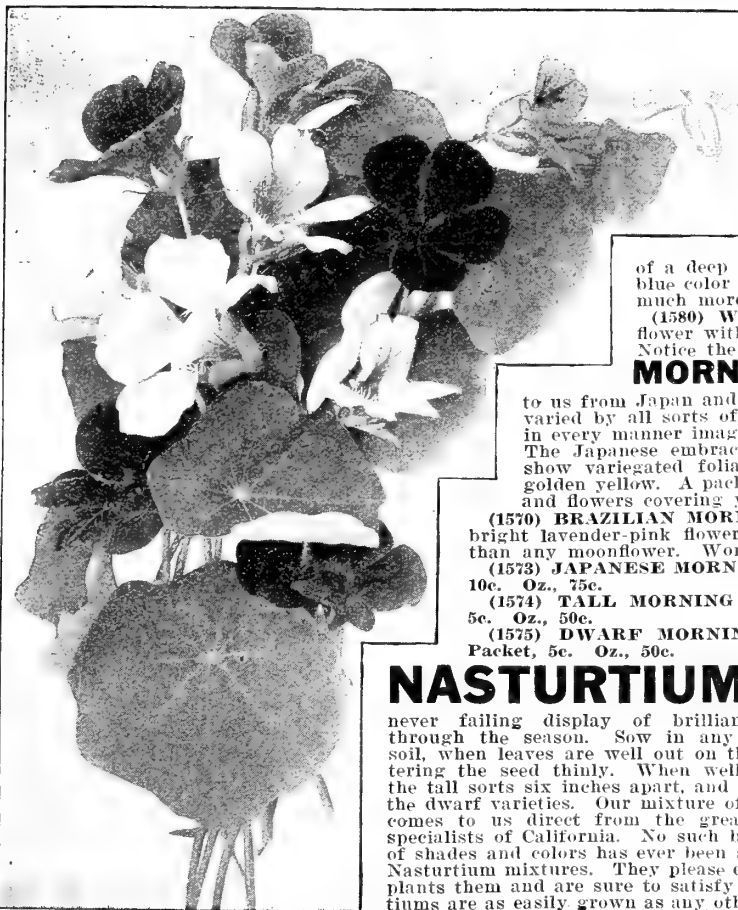
(1560) **RESEDA ODORATA**. The pure sweet scented Mignonette, delightfully fragrant and very popular. No garden is complete without this fragrant, yet unassuming plant. One of its principal uses is for cutting and combining with more showy flowers in bouquets to give a delightful fragrance. Hardy annual; 1 foot high; dense cone-shaped flower spikes of white, yellow and red shades. Notice the illustration from our mixture of the finest varieties. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

(1562) **MIMULUS TIGRINUS MONKEY FLOWER**.

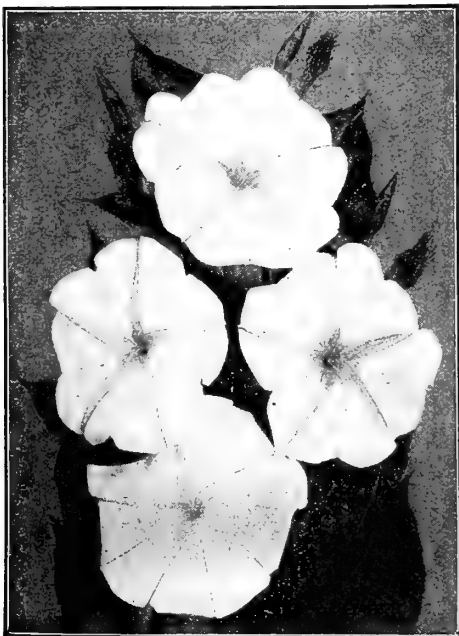
Showy, profusely flowering plant; fine for indoors or moist, shady situations. Blooms first year from seed into many peculiar flowers. Spotted and tigered varieties mixed in colors ranging through white, pale yellow, golden, flesh, rose, crimson and maroon. The dwarf bushy plants have large gloxinia-like flowers and do best in partial shade. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.50.



(1560) Mignonette



(1590) Hastings' Mixed Nasturtiums



(1580) Hastings' White Mexican Moonflowers

MOONFLOWER The Ipomeas (Moonflowers) are popular everywhere in the South as climbers for shade on porches, trellises and arbors. They make a rapid growth and a dense shade, protecting porches from the hot rays of the sun. They grow 20 feet high in good soil, branching freely, and at night and during cloudy days are covered with large flowers. Seeds should be planted after all danger of frost is past, where plants are to stand, about 10 inches apart. They can be planted earlier in pots in the house and transplanted when 6 inches high. The seeds are very hard, and to insure germination cut or file through this hard outer shell before planting. Cover one inch deep.

(1578) **HEAVENLY BLUE MOONFLOWER**—A splendid companion plant for the white. Flowers very large and of a deep sky blue with reddish purple rays. There is nothing in a blue color excelling the shade of the "Heavenly Blue." It is becoming much more popular than the white. Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1580) **WHITE MOONFLOWER**—The true white Mexican Moonflower with its immense white bloom four to five inches in diameter. Notice the illustration. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

MORNING GLORY CONVULVULUS MAJOR—In recent years new races of Morning Glories came to us from Japan and Brazil of such large size, vigorous growth and rich colors, varied by all sorts of remarkable and beautiful variations, striped and blotched in every manner imaginable, that we can hardly recognize in it the original type. The Japanese embrace something over 30 distinct shades and colors and some show variegated foliage, the rich dark green being blotched with white and golden yellow. A packet of them will surprise you with the rich return of beauty and flowers covering your porches, trellises and fences.

(1570) **BRAZILIAN MORNING GLORY**—*Ipomea Setosa*. Grows 40 to 50 feet high; bright lavender-pink flowers are often 5 inches across and makes more dense shade than any moonflower. Wonderful. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1573) **JAPANESE MORNING GLORY**—Excellent; large flowers of all colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1574) **TALL MORNING GLORY**—The old favorite in all colors, mixed. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

(1575) **DWARF MORNING GLORY**—Bush form, 1 foot high; all colors mixed. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

NASTURTIIUMS

These may be termed everybody's flower. No flower garden is complete without them. Perfectly at home in all parts of the South; they furnish a never failing display of brilliant bloom all through the season. Sow in any good garden soil, when leaves are well out on the trees, scattering the seed thinly. When well up thin out the tall sorts six inches apart, and ten inches for the dwarf varieties. Our mixture of Nasturtiums comes to us direct from the great Nasturtium specialists of California. No such brilliant range of shades and colors has ever been seen before in Nasturtium mixtures. They please every one who plants them and are sure to satisfy you. Nasturtiums are as easily grown as any other flower and the dwarf varieties make the most beautiful beds, borders, edging, and porch boxes, while the tall varieties are unsurpassed to cover stumps, flower stands and low fences.

(1595) **HASTINGS' TALL MIXED**—All shades and colors of the tall growing varieties; only large flowering varieties in this. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

(1590) **HASTINGS' BUSH OR DWARF, MIXED**—Flowers large, gorgeous and brilliant. All shades and colors of dwarf growing varieties. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50. 5 Lbs., \$6.00.

TOM THUMB NASTURTIIUMS—These are the same type as Hastings' Dwarf Mixed. The best individual varieties you can plant are offered below.

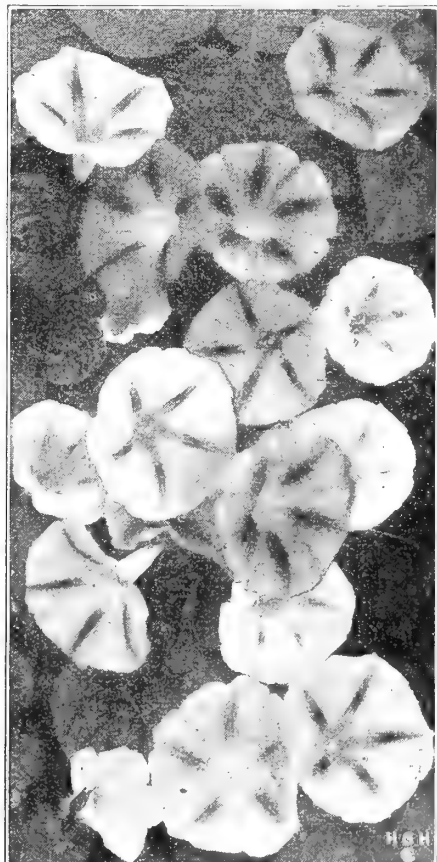
(1584) **BEAUTY**—Yellow and Scarlet. Fine green leaved variety with two-color flowers. Very fine brilliant display sort. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1585) **EMPRESS OF INDIA**—Dark Scarlet. Dark leaved with very rich fiery red flowers. Pkt., 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

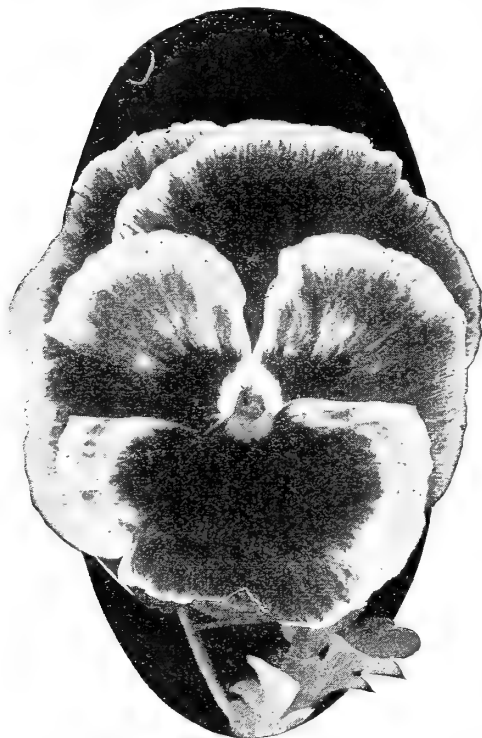
(1586) **KING THEODORE**—Purple-Garnet. Dark leaved and the darkest in flower color, almost a deep crimson maroon. Very choice. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1587) **SPOTTED KING**—Indian Yellow. Also called Ladybird. Spotted cardinal red with calyx and spur ruby red, a striking variety. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1588) **VESUVIUS**—Salmon Rose. Also called Salmon Queen. Beautiful cut flower color, also showing well in artificial light. Exquisite shade and with dark foliage. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.



(1573) Imperial Japanese Morning Glories



(1603) Hastings' Superb Pansy—Finest Known

(1598) Oxalis ROSEA AND CORNICULATA—Our own mixture of Rosea, Rosea Alba and Corniculata atropurpurea, giving you a splendid assortment of these small, free-flowering plants so useful for edging, pots, baskets, and urns. The leaves resemble clover leaves, which are thickly starred with small, bright flowers from June until killed by frost. The Rosea are rose colored and white, while the Corniculata has yellow flowers and rich brown or bronzy foliage. Sow thinly in pots, or in drills to make a fine low edging for flower beds. **Packet, 10c. Oz., \$3.00.**



Picture of Hastings' Petunias—Single Varieties Mixed

(1597) Nigella LOVE IN A MIST, DEVIL IN THE BUSH—Also known as Lady in the Green because the flowers are partly concealed by the finely cut foliage. The blooms are of good size and odd in shape, surrounded by a very dense fringe or wreath of mossy fibers, making them extremely attractive and we might say curious looking. The plant with its finely cut foliage and the flowers also are handsome and are very easily grown. Hardy annual; requires little care in any garden soil and the flower colors are blue and white. You will like this compact growing, free-flowering plant with curious looking seed pods. Grows about 18 inches high. **Blue and White, Mixed—Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.**

HASTINGS' PANSIES

Pansies have long been a very popular favorite with flower lovers and they make delightful beds where a little care is taken with them. For proper results you must start with a good strain of good seeds. The finest Pansies are shy-seeders, as a rule, and that accounts for the difference in price of the different types.

The seeds germinate best in the cool days of early spring and will bloom freely during the summer. Prepare your bed deeply and well and level it. Soil with a proportion of leaf mold and decayed cow manure gives best results. The seeds germinate in about 10 days and must not dry out during this period; laying newspapers over the bed prevents drying out. Thin out when large enough to handle or transplant to stand nine inches apart in the rows and cultivate frequently, allowing no weeds or grass in the bed. During dry weather, water the bed daily and in extreme drought twice a day. About the first of September is the best time to sow Pansy seeds for early spring blooming, allowing the plants to go into the winter in vigorous condition. They need only slight protection to stand our winters perfectly.

(1600) FINE MIXED PANSY—Our own mixture of a large assortment of the more common varieties. This contains a wide range of colors and markings that will be sure to please you. **Packet, 5c. Oz., \$1.50.**

(1601) FRENCH MIXED—A good mixture of the best French varieties. Especially satisfactory for early spring plantings and with frequent cultivation and a cool moist soil flower profusely. **Packet, 10c. 3 Packets, 25c. Oz., \$2.00.**

(1602) ENGLISH "FACE" PANSY—Our mixture of the best large-flowering varieties of English "Face" Pansies. These are all very beautiful. **Packet, 15c. 2 Packets, 25c. Oz., \$2.50.**

(1603) HASTINGS' SUPERB MIXED PANSY—Our own mixture of the finest and largest exhibition strains in the world. These huge Pansies are the wonder of everyone who sees them. They are simply immense and whether you want them for home or florist's use, you will know these are the finest in existence. These have been especially selected for the most exquisite colors and largest flowers known—much improved over the finest of a few years ago. These are wonderful. **Packet, 25c. 3 for 50c. Oz., \$6.00.**

(1606) Passion Flower PASSIFLORA, COERULEA GRANDIFLORA—Southern Beauty. A beautiful vine, climbing about 15 feet, covering a rather large space in a very short time and blooming throughout the summer and fall, followed by an abundance of handsome fruit. Few effects are more charming than Southern Beauty, with its exquisitely formed sky-blue flowers and rich green foliage climbing a trellis, by a window or inside a greenhouse. Sow seed in pots indoors if convenient and transplant after ground is warm. Blue flowers are rather scarce and the popularity of "Blue Gardens" makes our Passion Flower in demand also for climbing fences and arches around the flower gardens. It is very pretty. **Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.**

FINEST PETUNIAS

Petunias are very popular in the South; easily grown, and make most beautiful flower beds of showy colors. No garden is complete without them. They are tender perennials; heat, rain, drought do not affect them. They bloom in a very short time and continue blooming from early summer to late fall.

We want to call your attention especially to the named sorts for solid colored beds or window and porch boxes. These are the most satisfactory varieties we have found and produce their handsome, sweet-scented flowers in their delicate and gorgeous colors throughout the whole summer and can be cut back and transplanted in pots or boxes to take indoors during the winter. The Giant Fringed and Double Petunias, (1612) and (1613), are selected from the finest and largest of the new creations by the greatest hybridizers. They are the very best grown—But, they are for large specimens, seed is expensive, packets are small and they are not satisfactory for ordinary planting. They must have great care and attention and are for florists' use, particularly although good success may be had with plants. **See Page 80.**

Sow the small seeds in a warm, sunny, open place outdoors, thinning to 15 inches apart, or in frames for transplanting. Scatter seeds thinly, barely cover and firm soil over them; water seedlings with a fine spray to prevent drying out. Especially with the Giant Singles and Doubles, Petunias have one peculiarity: the weakest looking seedlings produce the finest flowers so save the weak plants for transplanting or when thinning. Petunias grow about 18 inches high and are unsurpassed for massing, in beds, borders along walks and driveways and for window boxes.

(1610) FINE MIXED—Solid Colors. **Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.**

(1611) STRIPED AND BLOTCHED—A splendid mixture of finest striped, blotched and variegated sorts. **Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.**

(1614) ROSY MORN—Pink with white throat. Selected strain of Nana Erecta; very popular and beautiful. **Packet, 15c. Oz., \$4.00.**

(1615) PURPUREA—Richest crimson red. **Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.50.**

(1616) SNOWBALL—Pure white, very compact. **Packet, 15c. Oz., \$3.50.**

(1617) VIOLACEA—New deep violet; fine. **Packet, 15c. Oz., \$5.00.**

(1612) GIANT SINGLE FRINGED, MIXED—Immense single fringed flowers of finest shades and colors. Surpass anything ever before offered in petunias. **Packet, 20c. Oz., \$40.00.**

(1613) DOUBLE MIXED PETUNIAS—About 50 per cent come double. Those that come single are most highly colored and blotched. Sow seed of these and Giant Single Fringed in boxes, in the house, transplanting afterwards to open ground. **Packet, 25c. Oz., \$80.00.**

ANNUAL PHLOX

PHLOX DRUMMONDI—The easiest grown of all the annual flowers in the South and one of the very best. Unequaled in the magnificent display of their many and brilliantly colored flowers. Plants are hardy bushy annuals growing about one foot high and are particularly attractive in large masses or clumps and ribbon beds of striking or contrasting colors. They are useful plants for window and porch boxes and make splendid cut flowers, giving life to mixed bouquets as well as being attractive by themselves.

Sow seed broadcast as soon as soil can be worked in the spring, cover about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch and firm soil. Thin out to 4 inches apart. A sunny position is desirable. Early flowers are obtained by starting seed indoors and transplanting or sowing seed in the fall. Our varieties are noteworthy for brilliance of colors and large size, a single floret often covering a fifty-cent piece.

(1630) **PHLOX, FINE MIXED**—All shades and colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.50.

(1631) **GRANDIFLORA MIXED**—Large flowers, twice the size of the common type; borne in large clusters. It is well worth the slight difference in price to have the greater brilliancy of display. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1632) **CUSPIDATA—STAR PHLOX**—All colors of the phlox family in star-shaped flowers, each petal being pointed. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.50.

(1633) **NEW DWARF MIXED**—Small plants growing 6 inches high, literally covered with trusses of large, brilliant flowers. When in full bloom the beds are a mass of color, the green of the plants being almost entirely covered. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.50.

POPPY

PAPAYER—These well-known flowers are extremely in favor all over America and in Europe as well. They just naturally do well and bloom profusely in the South. The fine new varieties are of course great improvements and the gorgeous display in their wealth of colors makes Poppies one of the most valuable flowers in cultivation. Both the hardy annual kinds and the perennials bloom in great profusion all through the summer. The single and double varieties are equally desirable for beds, masses and borders. The flowers are noted for their large size, delicacy of tissue and their wide range of bright, dazzling colors.

Sow the seed as soon as you can work the soil in the spring where the plants are to stand. The annuals do not stand transplanting. Light sandy loam is best but any good garden soil will do. Broadcast the small seeds thinly or drill in rows 16 inches to 2 feet apart, covering lightly. When well out of the ground, thin out to about 10 inches apart. Cut the flowers regularly, not allowing seed pods to form, to insure continuous blooming over a long season.

(1650) **HASTINGS' SUPERB MIXED**—Gorgeous is the only word that can describe the brilliancy of a bed of our Superb Mixed Poppies. They contain all the famous varieties, both single and double annual Poppies of the Shirley, Regular Single, Tall Double Carnation Flower and Tall Paeony Flowered Double types, in the widest range of color and shape. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1664) **AMERICAN FLAG**—White, margined scarlet; tall double Carnation flowered. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1666) **CARDINAL**—Glowing cardinal red; tall double Paeony flowered. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1658) **MIKADO**—Rich red with white stripes; tall double Carnation flowered. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1660) **THE BRIDE**—Or White Swan. Purest white; large and fringed. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1680) **TULIP**—Glaucous. Intense scarlet, with black blotch at base of petals; single Shirley tulip or cup-shaped; flowers 2 inches across. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1654) **CARNATION FLOWERED MIXED**—Double, large fringed flowers in a great range of colors, white, red, pink, violet and yellow shades. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1662) **PAEONY FLOWERED MIXED**—Double, large ball-shaped flowers of many colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1672) **SHIRLEY MIXED**—Very large single flowers in the newest delicate colors and combinations. See color picture on inside front cover. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

(1661) **ORIENTALE**—Hybridum Splendens. New Perennial Poppy lasting for years. Immense single scarlet red, 6 inches across. One of the most showy garden perennials. Packet, 15c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1690) **RICINUS--Castor** (Ornamental Mixed)—Also known as Palma Christi. Large tropical plants, grown for the highly ornamental foliage. A plentiful supply of these, grown near houses, is said to keep away mosquitoes. Plant in open ground, after ground gets warm, three to four feet apart each way. This is the bean from which castor oil is made, but do not eat the raw beans. Bushes grow five to ten feet high, depending on richness of soil and are fine for massing or center plants in beds. The beans are brilliant colored and the large picturesque foliage produces an elegant subtropical effect. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.



(1631) Hastings' Grandiflora Mixed, Phlox Drummondii

PORTULACA--Sun Plant

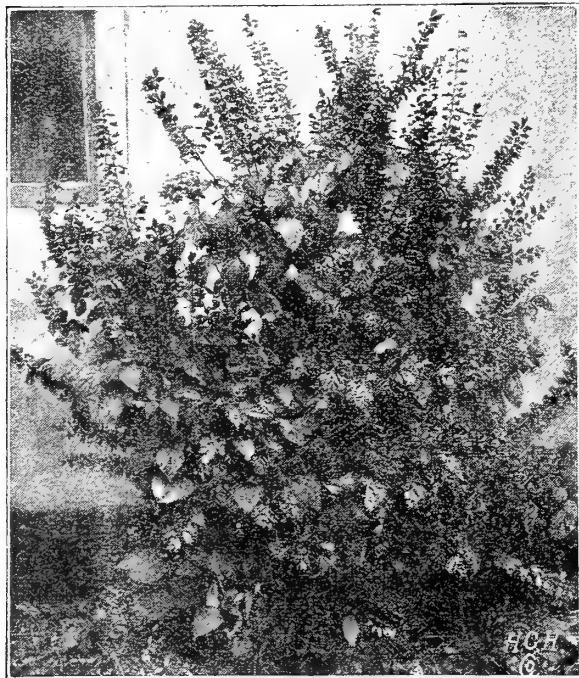
Luxurious free-flowering tender annual with richest colors of great brilliancy for beds, borders and edgings. Easily grown and cared for, yet blooms freely all through the summer. This exquisite little creeping plant grows about 6 inches high and is frequently used for covering rock-work and sunny banks, when the seed is sown broadcast. Colors range through orange, rose, scarlet, white, yellow and striped. The plants have thick, fleshy stems tinged with red and small quill-shaped leaves that are as interesting as the glossy cup and rose shaped flowers. Sometimes called Moss Rose.

(1648) **PORTULACA, SINGLE MIXED**—All colors. Pkt., 5c. Oz., \$1.00.

(1649) **PORTULACA, DOUBLE MIXED**—All colors. Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$3.00.



(1650) Hastings' Superb Mixed Poppies—Best Double and Single



(1691) Salvia Splendens or Scarlet Sage—Fiery Red

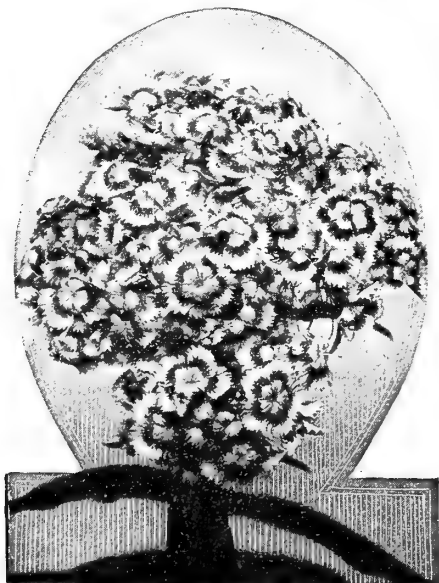
(1698) STOCKS LARGE FLOWERING. TEN WEEKS. The Stock (or Gilliflower) is one of the most popular annuals, blooming it is unsurpassed. These give you many blooms all during the summer and early fall and the blooms are blood-red, light blue, bright pink, purple, pure white and canary-yellow. You could hardly find a more pleasing diversity of brilliant colors nor a more satisfactory annual than our Ten-Weeks Stock, whether you want a pot flower or bedding dandy. Packet, 10c. 3 Packets, 25c. Oz., \$1.50.

SWEET WILLIAM DIANTHUS BARBATUS. Beautiful profusely flowering plant. Although this is a hardy perennial plant it is better to sow seed each spring than to divide the old plants. A well-known, attractive, free-flowering, hardy flower, producing a splendid effect in borders and beds with its rich and varied flowers. The flowers are handsomely colored and marked, are borne on stiff stems in profusion and form round heads or clusters 3 to 4 inches across. Colors range from white through rose, lilac, red, carmine, crimson, maroon to nearly black, usually 2 shades to each plant. Grows 1½ feet high. Sow seed very early and transplant or thin to 6 inches apart in rich, mellow soil.

(1775) SINGLE MIXED—Brilliant flowers, all colors mixed. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

(1776) DOUBLE MIXED—Fine double flowers with bright colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

FREE FLOWER SEEDS—Notice the Japanese Sunflower and Scabiosa pictures in full natural colors on the inside front cover page. They are included in our free flower seed offer.



(1775) Sweet William—Double Coloring

(1691) SALVIA SPLENDENS--SCARLET SAGE Universally popular. A strong grower and free flowering beauty, bearing long spikes of intense scarlet bloom from midsummer till frost. No flower makes a more showy appearance in beds and borders. It delights in the warmest, sunniest situations. Sow seed after trees are in full leaf and the ground is warm, but may be started earlier in boxes in sunny windows, and transplanted as soon as the soil is warm. A bed of Salvia will give a perfect blaze of scarlet. Salvia is admirably adapted for glowing red beds, borders and sunny porch and window boxes. It grows two to four feet high, depending on the richness of soil and is considered by many the most satisfactory flower to grow in the Sunny South. For plants see Page 81. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$5.00.

SCABIOSA--Mourning Bride Sweet Scabious. Very attractive old-fashioned flower, producing a great profusion of beautiful flowers over a long season. The double flowers are pin cushion shaped, about 2 inches across. The richly colored, fragrant blossoms on long stems make it very desirable for beds, borders and for cut-flowers. Sow seed as soon as ground can be worked, or earlier in boxes indoors to transplant 1½ feet apart when soil is warm. Hardy annual growing 24 to 30 inches high.

(1700) SCABIOSA, MIXED—All colors. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1701) SCABIOSA, AZURE FAIRY—Azure Blue. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 75c.

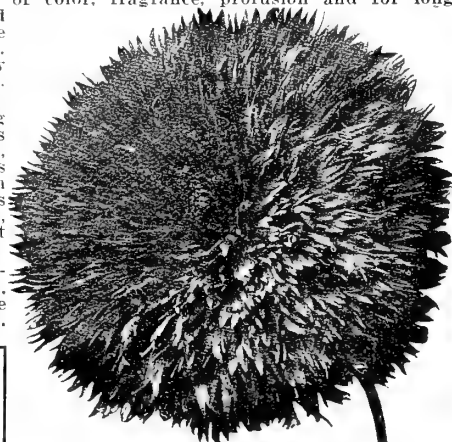
(1702) SCABIOSA, FLESH PINK—Delicate tone. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1703) SCABIOSA, CHERRY RED—Very rich. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 75c.

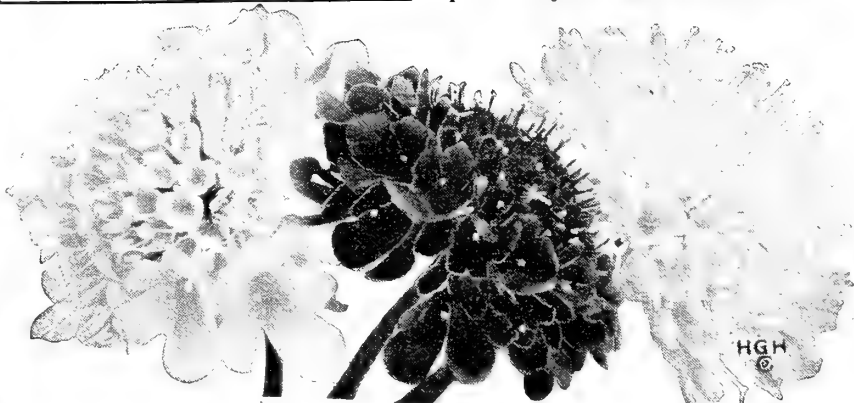
(1704) SCABIOSA, SULPHUR YELLOW—Glowing. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1705) SCABIOSA, SNOWBALL—Pure white. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 75c.

(1694) SUNFLOWER, JAPANESE This superb Japanese variety was discovered in California about 1914 by Mr. H. G. Hastings. There is scarcely any resemblance to the coarse, ungainly common sunflower. It is often called the Chrysanthemum Flowered Sunflower and it is worthy of the name. The flower heads grow 4 to 6 inches in diameter on stalks 4 to 6 feet high according to the richness of the soil. The entire flower is a rich golden yellow color and a solid mass of petals as finely cut and fringed as any of the famous varieties of chrysanthemums. These beautiful Japanese Sunflowers make one of the most beautiful sights imaginable on the Hastings' Plantation. A large field of them, each plant with several to many beautiful yellow or golden-orange flower balls is certainly easy to remember. They make good cut-flowers, too, and are magnificent. Packet, 10c. 3 Packets, 25c. Oz., 75c.



Japanese Chrysanthemum-Flowered Sunflower



(1700) Scabiosa, Pin Cushion, Mourning Bride or Sweet Scabious

HASTINGS' MAMMOTH VERBENA

Free flowering, half hardy perennial of low spreading growth, usually treated as an annual. Plants grown from seed are much cheaper than cuttings and more vigorous. They make fine beds and edging. Hastings' Verbenas have been carefully selected and improved and we can recommend them as the very best you can obtain. The trusses and individual flowers of our Mammoth Verbenas are of the largest size, of brilliant colors, free-blooming and are vigorous growers. Sow in early spring in boxes or in open ground after danger of frost is past. Transplant when 3 or 4 leaves are formed or thin out to 2 feet apart each way in a sunny location with good soil. Plants grow rapidly to a foot high and spread to 2 feet across the top. About a dozen single flowers in each cluster or truss and colors and stripes range from white to deep purple and red.

(1781) **HYBRIDS, Best Mixed**—Extra fine strain, all colors. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$1.50.

(1782) **HASTINGS' MAMMOTH MIXED**—Our illustration shows four of the attractive flower clusters. Colors very rich. This is the finest strain of Verbena known. Packet, 15 cents. Ounce, \$3.00.

(1784) **CANDIDISSIMA**—Largest white variety. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$2.00.

(1786) **SCARLET DEFIANCE**—Intense glowing scarlet that makes wonderful brilliant beds. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$2.00.

(1788) **ITALIAN STRIPED**—Each petal striped. Gives pleasing effect. All colors mixed. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$2.00.

(1789) **MAYFLOWER**—Exquisite self pink. Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$3.00.

(1790) **PURPLE MANTLE**—Richest purple. Pkt., 10c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1796) **VINCA PERIWINKLE**. Very free flowering bedding plant, adapted to the entire South. It produces handsome round single flowers and luxuriant foliage of dark green, suitable for pots, boxes, beds and borders. It is a tender perennial but treat as an annual. Does best started early and transplanted after ground is thoroughly warm; blooms until frost. Grows 15 inches high and is free from all insect attacks; flowers white and rose and many with crimson eyes. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$3.00.



(1784) Hastings' Mammoth Verbena—Finest Strain Grown

(1800) **WALLFLOWER** Well-known fragrant perennial usually hardy in the South. Blooms early in the spring and when rightly cared for will last for years. We have made up a delightful assortment of the finest doubles and mixed colors and the long, fragrant terminal flower spikes are conspicuous in beds, borders and bouquets with colors of chocolate, orange, yellow, red and purple. Grows 1½ feet high. Packet, 10c. Oz., \$1.00.

HASTINGS' MONSTER ZINNIAS

Zinnias are most popular because they bloom with greatest profusion from spring until killed by winter frosts, even with practically no cultivation. The colors are of many very brilliant shades and a great mass of blooms is surprisingly beautiful around any home. They make delightful beds and our improved types of these old-fashioned flowers make hospitable looking, pleasing and attractive homes.

We have two types of Zinnias. Our tall and half dwarf double are the delicate shaded type that almost cover the entire plants with a blanket of blooms throughout the summer. The flowers are smaller than our Monster or Giant White, Yellow, Scarlet, Crimson, Pink and Purple Zinnias but they make most pleasing dense beds or borders, are very easily grown and are sure to delight you.

Our Monster, in the colors below are simply grand. They are rich and brilliant and make not only the grandest beds and borders but rank with the finest chrysanthemums as cut flowers. They are profuse bloomers, rank growers and literally cover the bushes with huge, fully double flowers 4 to 5 inches across. We believe anyone who passes through the Hastings' Plantation during the summer can tell you truthfully that these big display Zinnias made the most brilliant and pleasing color array ever seen. Plant a few of these Monster Zinnias and you will be delighted. They are twice as large as the ordinary Zinnias and the picture to the left shows how the bushes are covered with blooms all summer long and right up to frost.

CULTURE—Sow the seed in early spring in good soil. Thin out or transplant 1 to 2 feet apart in rows 2 to 3 feet apart when plants are about 2 inches high. Plants grow 2 to 3 feet high; half hardy annual.

(1810) **TALL DOUBLE MIXED**—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 75c.

(1812) **HASTINGS' MONSTER MIXED**—All colors of these Giant Zinnias, the finest and largest grown. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$1.50.

(1814) **HALF DWARF DOUBLE MIXED**—All colors of regular sized Zinnias. Packet, 10 cents. Ounce, \$1.50.

(1820) **MONSTER CRIMSON ZINNIA**—Giant deep crimson-red flowers. Packet, 15 cents. Ounce, \$2.00.

(1822) **MONSTER PINK ZINNIA**—Pkt., 15c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1824) **MONSTER PURPLE ZINNIA**—Pkt., 15c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1826) **MONSTER SCARLET ZINNIA**—Pkt., 15c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1828) **MONSTER YELLOW ZINNIA**—Pkt., 15c. Oz., \$2.00.

(1830) **MONSTER WHITE ZINNIA**—Pkt., 15c. Oz., \$2.00.



HGH
©

(1812) Hastings' Monster Zinnia Plant—On Hastings' Plantation

NOTICE—We solicit your continued orders on the merit of Hastings' Seeds and the fairness of our prices. Compare our seeds with all others. We're glad to abide by results

Sweet Peas

Plant from December to March in rows. Stake or run vines on wires. For long flowering, dig rows out 12 inches deep, fill in 6 inches with well-rotted manure and soil mixed, drop seeds and cover 2 to 3 inches, gradually filling trench as growth starts. Culture directions are on each package. One ounce plants 50 feet of row.

HASTINGS' SWEET PEA VARIETIES

There are several thousand varieties of Sweet Peas that have been introduced or known. Most of them have been discarded today and it is interesting to know that Abbe Gregor Mendel, discoverer of the Mendelian theory of plant and animal life first worked on Garden Peas and then on Sweet Peas. The new types and finer varieties have only been known in recent years and each year seems to bring new varieties from the famous hybridizers to cast aside some of the older ones that are not as large, nicely formed nor as pretty. It is our business to try the new ones as they appear and select for you the varieties that do exceptionally well outdoors in the South. We list the best, as we see it, of each color in each type, and our mixtures are of many varieties, many grown as separate named varieties of the newer introductions to give you as fine a selection of colors and worth-while varieties as you can obtain. Our Sweet Pea grower is a world-famous hybridizer of Sweet Peas and has won many Gold Medals, Certificates of Merit and other awards all over America and also in England at the Royal Show. You can grow the finest exhibition blooms with the proper care and have the finest outdoor displays also with Hastings' Sweet Peas. Be sure to plant at least a few rows and keep on cutting the flowers as they open so they will keep blooming longer. To grow the largest flowers, plant early in good soil worked deep, run rows north and south, if possible, remove the early growth of all but two branches and thin plants to at least 8 inches apart. Water thoroughly when needed.

well outdoors in the South. We list the best, as we see it, of each color in each type, and our mixtures are of many varieties, many grown as separate named varieties of the newer introductions to give you as fine a selection of colors and worth-while varieties as you can obtain. Our Sweet Pea grower is a world-famous hybridizer of Sweet Peas and has won many Gold Medals, Certificates of Merit and other awards all over America and also in England at the Royal Show. You can grow the finest exhibition blooms with the proper care and have the finest outdoor displays also with Hastings' Sweet Peas. Be sure to plant at least a few rows and keep on cutting the flowers as they open so they will keep blooming longer. To grow the largest flowers, plant early in good soil worked deep, run rows north and south, if possible, remove the early growth of all but two branches and thin plants to at least 8 inches apart. Water thoroughly when needed.

GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS

The Grandiflora type is the common Sweet Peas that have been so popular for years. This type produces more flowers and stands indifferent treatment better than the newer type but the flowers are not as large and stems are not as long.

(1713) **AMERICA**—Striped. Variegated carmine on white, open form, good size.

(1710) Hastings' Grandiflora Sweet Peas

Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.
(1714) **DOROTHY ECKFORD**—White. The best Grandiflora. Magnificent shell shaped pure white. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1715) **KING EDWARD VII**—Crimson. Pure red of the largest Grandiflora size; open form. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1716) **LADY GRISEL HAMILTON**—Lavender. Large soft lavender, tinted mauve. Hooded form; extra. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1717) **NAVY BLUE**—Blue. Richest deep violet blue, almost as fine as Spencers. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1718) **PRIMA DONNA**—Pink. Clear, delightful soft pink self colored. The best pink Grandiflora. Packet, 5c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

(1710) **GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS MIXED**—All Colors. Made up of 60 of the best varieties of this type, selected after careful observation of nearly 500 named varieties. These have been selected for rich colors, shades and tints to give a proper blend of color and varieties that are particularly resistant to hot sun. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

EARLY OR WINTER FLOWERING

Especially adapted to the lower South for outdoor planting and for florists for greenhouse culture. They bloom a week or ten days sooner than regular Spencer Sweet Peas planted at the same time, though don't bloom as freely. The Early Flowering type is the newest thing in Sweet Peas and great strides have been made in the last few years in giving it the most beautiful of all color shades.

(1766) **ENCHANTRESS**—Deep Pink. Bright rose-pink, deeper at edges. Large, waved flowers, usually borne in fours on long stems. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1767) **FIRE KING**—Cerise. Scorching fire-red, the winter flowering Fiery Cross. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1768) **GLITTERS**—Orange-scarlet. No other variety can compare in richness, brightness and fiery effect; glitters and scintillates. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1769) **LAVENDER KING**—Lavender. Rich true deep lavender, large size, beautifully waved, long stems. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1770) **LOVELINESS**—Light Pink. Suffused soft pink, edges picoté rose-pink. Free flowering and strong growing. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1771) **SNOWSTORM IMPROVED**—White. By far the finest white. Extra large, boldly waved, flowers in fours on long stems. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1765) **HASTINGS' EARLY FLOWERING MIXED**—All Colors. Just the right proportion of many different varieties to produce the most pleasing and harmonious color effect. These are all Early or Winter Flowering Spencer Sweet Peas, the newest race or type. Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.



(1771) Early Flowering Sweet Peas

SPENCER SWEET PEAS

This is the most popular type of Sweet Peas of today. They produce the largest flowers and on the longest stems. They take most all the prizes at the shows and give the greatest satisfaction with flower growers. The Early Flowering Spencers are also Spencers but a little earlier to bloom and so are really a new type. They are indispensable to florists and are excellent for the lower South but the regular Spencers, listed on this page, is the dominating type, the finest kinds of today. New varieties of great charm and beautiful form are being developed and introduced each year. The exquisite colorings of this year's list are the best yet and we believe you will find that we list the very best variety to date of each color. These Sweet Peas will do best in your flower garden and the finest blooms are grown from these varieties.

(1724) **ASTA OHN**—Lavender or tinted mauve, with pinkish tinge, wings showing a little more clear lavender than the standard. Good size and best Spencer form. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1725) **COMMANDER GODSALL**—New Dark Blue or deep violet blue. Flowers large, of heavy substance; attractively waved and fluted; produces mostly four-flowered sprays. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1726) **COUNTESS OF SPENCER**—Deep rose-pink, the original Spencer type. Standard and wings beautifully waved. Strong grower and bears numerous fours. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1728) **DOBBIE'S CREAM**—Cream or self colored primrose. Grand color and form, strong grower and profuse bloomer of large, wavy flowers. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1729) **DOBBIE'S IMPROVED ORCHID**—Lavender flowers of largest size and most exquisite form. New and fine improvement over "Orchid" and best pinkish lavender. Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

(1730) **FIERY CROSS**—Deep cerise or bright red orange cerise with some salmon in it might let you imagine this most brilliant color. Practically sun-proof. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1731) **HAWLMARK PINK**—Deep salmon pink, unsurpassed for exhibition or garden cutting. Large well-waved blooms. Wings bright rose pink; standard lighter and toned salmon. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1732) **KING EDWARD SPENCER**—Rich crimson with large waved flowers of fine wide open form. Vigorous grower and grand exhibition and garden variety. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1733) **KING WHITE**—White of glistening purity and perfect finish. Vigor, form and gigantic size remarkable. No color tints. Excellent with dry weather while blooming. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1745) **MARGARET ATLEE**—Cream pink. Giant buff or apricot pink on cream ground, suffused perfectly. Strong grower for garden or exhibition. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1746) **MRS. ARNOLD HITCHCOCK**—New pale cream pink, flushed salmon, an exquisite coloring. Easily the best cream pink today. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1747) **PINK PEARL**—New pearly pink. The best pale pink, right in class with Margaret Atlee. Delightful delicate coloring. Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

(1735) **RAVENSWING**—Deep maroon. Certainly an exceptional new variety of large wavy flowers that adds distinction to any collection. Special. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.

(1734) **ROBERT SYDENHAM**—Orange salmon self color doing best if shaded. Large and very beautiful wavy flowers; 4 to stem. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1736) **ROYAL PURPLE**—Best purple; strong grower and very floriferous, excellent for exhibition and garden. Color improves with age. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1740) **SENATOR**—Chocolate and claret striped and flaked on light heliotrope ground. Fine waved Spencer and odd coloring. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1739) **SUNSET**—New bright rose on amber ground, a very beautiful new variety and distinctive rose coloring. Exceptional. Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

(1741) **TANGERINE IMPROVED**—New glowing orange, the finest orange Sweet Pea yet introduced. Be sure to try this wonderful variety. Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

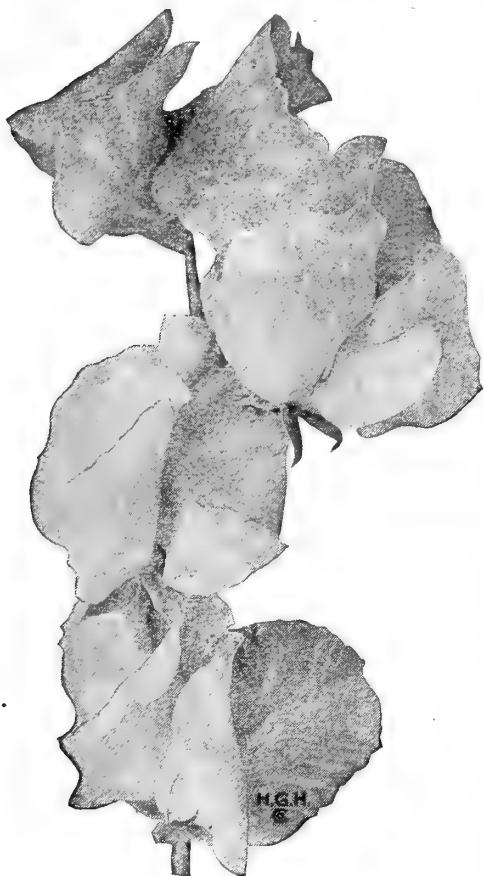
(1742) **WEDGWOOD**—Azure blue with a little mauve tint in standard. Large wavy flowers and fine form in this bright blue. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1744) **WHITE SPENCER**—White, beautifully waved and fluted flowers of enormous size now developed into excellent variety. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

(1720) Hastings' Mixed Spencers This superb mixture is a beautiful blend of only the largest and brightest colored Spencer Sweet Peas. It includes all the above named varieties and standard Spencers of merit and many late novelties now being introduced. This we believe is the finest assortment and most pleasing and harmonious blend ever found in Sweet Peas or any other flower. It contains the most delightful array of colors you can imagine and the large, wavy and fluted flowers have almost an orchid-like appearance. Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

HASTINGS' MIXED FLOWER GARDEN

(1565) We have made a mixture of nearly 100 annual flowers. In this you get continuous bloom from early spring until late fall, something new and surprisingly beautiful every day. Make your flower bed in earliest spring. Sow the seeds carefully and nature does the rest. If you have never tried one of these mixed flower gardens do so this year. You will be well repaid. Large Packet, 10 cents. 3 Packets, 25c. Oz., 50c. (Simply fine for the children's garden, very educational and interesting to them.)



(1724) Spencer Sweet Pea—Asta Ohn



(1732) King Edward Spencer Sweet Pea



One of Our Canna Blocks on Hastings' Plantation—Dark Colored Blooms Don't Show

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

Perhaps our most attractive and widely grown flowers come from summer flowering bulbs or roots. In the South, Gladioli, Dahlias, Cannas, Tuberose and Elephant Ears grow luxuriantly, furnish a great abundance of beautiful flowers (except Elephant Ears) and last for years in open ground with only slight winter protection. We consider flowers from bulbs the most beautiful of all flowers as well as the most satisfactory and easily grown. Fall bulbs: Daffodils, Hyacinths, Crocus, Freesias, Tulips, Narcissi, etc., are listed in our fall catalogs.

The pictures of Canna and Dahlia fields on this page give only a faint idea of the bulb and root flower blocks on the Hastings' Plantation. The hundreds of thousands of Gladioli, Tuberose, Cannas and Dahlias and tens of thousands of Caladiums, Achimenes and other flowers from bulbs or roots make a sight never to be forgotten. New varieties for trials where bulbs cost us \$5.00 to \$50.00 apiece are grown side by side with our standard varieties and if found entirely satisfactory we will obtain more and grow a sufficient quantity to offer at reasonable prices. If not up to the standard of our other varieties they are discarded.

It will pay you to get your bulbs from Hastings'. We make a specialty of bulb growing on the Hastings' Plantation and you are sure of getting varieties that do best in the South, the richest in color, the finest grown, strongest blooming size bulbs and the cream of all varieties.

Hastings' is the only seed house in the South and probably in America that grows Cannas, Caladiums, Gladioli, Dahlias, Tuberose, Daffodils, Narcissi and other spring and fall bulbs. Some few others may grow one or two or maybe some trials of a couple others in a small way but it will pay you to get these beautiful flowers direct from Hastings' in Atlanta.

(3000) CALADIUMS OR "ELEPHANT EARS"

Splendid decorative, tropical-looking plants with immense green leaves resembling slightly in shape the ears of elephants, hence the name. For a group effect on a lawn or planted along in front of porches they are superb. They delight in rich soil and plenty of water. Other things being equal, the larger the bulb planted the larger the leaves grown. After they are killed by frost you can dig up the bulbs and store in dry sand until the next spring. Leaves often attain a length of three feet by twenty inches wide. Each year the bulbs grow larger, make more and larger leaves and of more magnificent growth. Small size bulbs, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. Second size, 35c each; \$3.50 per dozen. Extra large, 50c and 60c each.

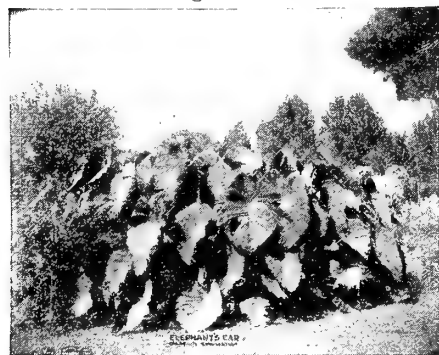
DOUBLE TUBEROSE

A favorite everywhere in the South. Suitable for culture any-where, in pots, boxes or open ground.

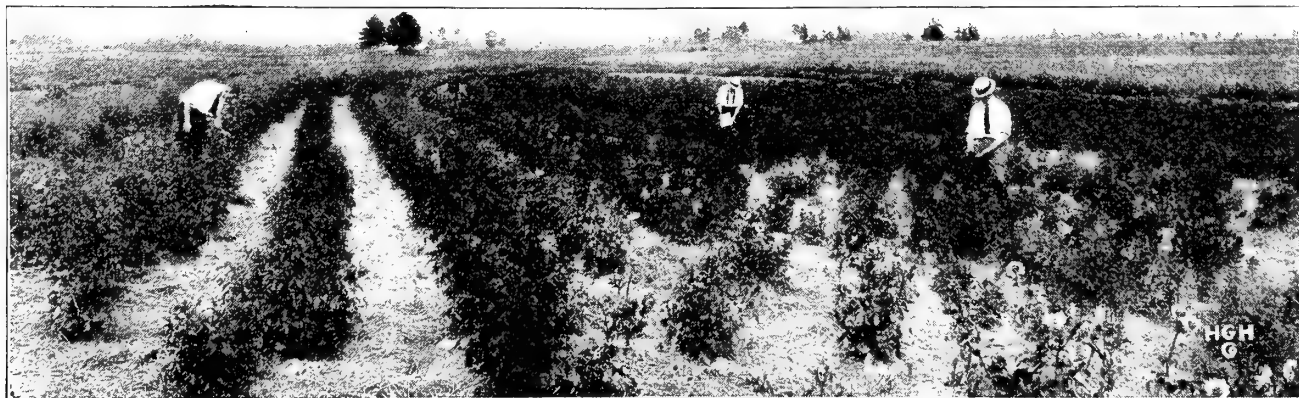
(3050) Excelsior Pearl In many parts of the South it is the favorite summer-flowering bulb, a single flower scenting the entire room. It grows vigorously in all parts of the South and our first size bulbs are always sure bloomers the first season. A succession of flowers may be obtained all the year round. For early flowers start in February in the hotbed. For flowering outdoors, plant as soon as the ground becomes warm. Our Excelsior strain has been improved in dwarf habit of growth so you won't have to stake or tie them up. In extreme doubleness of the large white fragrant flowers, and in early flowering they are unsurpassed. Atlanta florists charge 25 cents each for these blooms. They are exquisite. 3 Tuberose Bulbs for 20c. 6 for 35c. 12 for 60c. 50 for \$2.25. 100 for \$4.00.



Double Excelsior Pearl Tuberose



(3000) Caladiums or Elephant Ears



One End of Dahlia Trials on Hastings' Plantation—Tuberose, Caladiums and Gladioli May Be Seen in Distance

SOUTHERN GROWN GLADIOLUS BULBS



(3610) Single Bloom of Schwaben Gladiolus
Schwaben is the Most Popular Yellow Gladiolus
Grown in America Today.

SEE FULL COLOR PICTURES OF GLADIOLI ON BACK COVER PAGE

We believe that Gladioli (Sword Lilies) are the most satisfactory flowers to grow in the South. On the Hastings' Plantation they are a sight never to be forgotten and they are as easy to grow as potatoes or cotton. They make a beautiful sight in the garden and as a cut flower are unsurpassed. They bloom early and stay in bearing well, each bulb sending up a spike or shaft of the waxy, brilliant, richest colored blooms you have ever seen.

Plant Gladioli by the hundreds of the cheaper varieties but also plant the newer and most exquisite varieties in creation. We grow nearly 1,000 varieties on the Hastings Plantation and we offer the cream of the best to you here. Our Hastings' Grown Bulbs are superior to northern grown bulbs because they are, 1. Southern Grown. 2. Early Planted. 3. Not Forced. 4. Slowly Matured. 5. Self Cured. 6. High Crowned. 7. Late Harvested. 8. Carefully Dug. 9. Hand Cleaned. 10. Painstakingly Rogued. 11. Properly Graded and Stored. Giving—12. Earlier flowers. 13. Strongest Growth. 14. More and larger blooms of the richest colors and bringing out the deepest shades and intensifying the most delicate tints.

CULTURE—Plant bulbs 4 inches deep (at intervals of a week or two to prolong flowering season) about 6 inches apart in rows from March to June. Simple culture directions come with each order.

FINEST VARIETIES OF GLADIOLI

These famous varieties are of excellent stock, carefully selected and are all in first flowering size bulbs, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches or more in diameter. We are able to sell them at very cheap prices because we grow hundreds of thousands.

(3500) **AMERICA**—Soft Lavender Pink. The most popular Gladiolus in the world. A vigorous grower and profuse bloomer; about 14 good 3 inch flowers on each spike. 6 for 30c. 12 for 70c. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$5.00.

(3510) **CHICAGO WHITE**—White. 12 compact $2\frac{3}{4}$ inch blooms; 5 to 6 open at a time. Color creamy white; rich purple midrib on lower petals. 3 for 25c. 6 for 40c. 12 for 70c. 50 for \$2.50. 100 for \$4.50. 1,000 for \$35.00.

(3520) **EMPRESS OF INDIA**
—Maroon. Darkest of all. Medium height, good cutter; 15 compact alternate $3\frac{3}{4}$ inch triangular blooms; 5 open at a time. Color rich maroon flaked deeper at tips. 2 for 25c. 6 for 70c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.25. 100 for \$7.50. 1,000 for \$65.00.

(3530) **HALLEY**—Salmon Pink. Very early and a beauty. Tall; excellent cutter; 14 compact 4 inch wide open blooms. Color salmon pink, shaded purple and red on yellow. 3 for 25c. 6 for 40c. 12 for 70c. 50 for \$2.50. 100 for \$4.50. 1,000 for \$35.00.

(3540) **MRS. FRANCIS KING**—Light Scarlet. Tall fine growth; excellent cutter; 12 to 20 loosely alternate $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch wide open blooms; rather pointed petals. Color light orange-scarlet with rose tint; lighter throat, deeper to tips; lower petals with large carmine feather over bends. 6 for 35c. 12 for 60c. 50 for \$2.50. 100 for \$4.00. 1,000 for \$30.00.

(3550) **NIAGARA**—Primrose Yellow. Purple stippling in throat and often flakes pinkish towards tips; 11 extra large 5 inch blooms, 6 open. Heavy heads of blooms. 3 for 30c. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00. 1,000 for \$50.00.

(3580) **PANAMA**—Shell Pink. Stocky; fine cutter; 14 extra large 5 inch blooms; 4 open at a time. Color light to shell pink; translucent; lower petals faintly pencilled deeper pink. A Bargain. 6 for 30c. 12 for 50c. 50 for \$2.00. 100 for \$3.50. 1,000 for \$25.00.

50c Gladiolus Collection

One bulb each of the above 7 varieties, as illustrated in full color on the back cover. All these are very popular and satisfactory and each is a distinctive and very beautiful color, making a fine assortment. 50c. Postpaid.

(3565) **GRETCHEN ZANG**—Peach Color. Fine cutting spike; 14 large $3\frac{3}{4}$ inch wide open blooms. Color peach pink, lighter throat; lower petal blotches heavily stained carmine to geranium red. 3 for 25c. 6 for 45c. 12 for 80c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00. 1,000 for \$40.00.

(3636) **HERADA**—Mauve. Large purplish rose, feathered purple on cream ground in throat. Really a beautiful deep lavender. Worthy a place in any garden. Exquisite. 2 for 25c. 6 for 70c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.25. 100 for \$7.50. 1,000 for \$65.00.

(3638) **IDA VAN**—Orange Red. Darker crimson in throat; 13 compact, $3\frac{1}{4}$ inch wide open blooms. A delightful clear bright orange red; very productive. Highest awards at Cleveland and London shows. 6 for 35c. 12 for 60c. 50 for \$2.25. 100 for \$4.00. 1,000 for \$30.00.

(3570) **MRS. FRANK PENDLETON**—Rose Blotched Red. Greatest Gladiolus of today. Excellent cutter; 14 extra large $5\frac{1}{4}$ inch wide open flowers. Color flushed pink tinted lavender; lower petals heavily blotched richest carmine. Slightly waved petals; gorgeous. 3 for 25c. 6 for 45c. 12 for 80c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00. 1,000 for \$40.00.

(3585) **PEACE**—White. 14 wide open $3\frac{1}{2}$ inch blooms on tall, strong spikes. Color beautiful white with rich purple sprays to bends of lower petals. 3 for 30c. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00. 1,000 for \$50.00.

(3590) **PRINCE OF WALES**—Pinkish Salmon. Early; fine cutter. 12 compact, 4 inch wide open blooms. Color soft creamy pink, suffused salmon. Exquisite coloring. 2 for 25c. 6 for 70c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.00. 1,000 for \$60.00.

(3595) **PRINCEPINE**—Glowing Scarlet. Vigorous growth, 11 wide $3\frac{3}{4}$ inch blooms. Color rich fiery orange-red, lighter in throat, with huge cream blotches feathered carmine. 3 for 25c. 6 for 45c. 12 for 80c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00. 1,000 for \$40.00.

(3610) **SCHWABEN**—Sulphur Yellow. One of "Big 4" most popular Glads. Medium tall; excellent cutter; 16 compact, double rowed, wide open, triangular 4 inch blooms; 7 open at a time. Color soft sulphur yellow; wire red feather onto bends of lower petals. 3 for 25c. 6 for 45c. 12 for 80c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00. 1,000 for \$40.00.

\$1.00 Special Gladiolus Collection

One bulb each of the 15 varieties described above, including the 50c Collection, which gives you the most popular Gladioli grown. Each variety color is different, extremely beautiful and every bulb should bloom perfectly. We believe this the most popular and biggest money value collection of any house in America.

\$15.00 Glendale Collection

One each of the 65 Gladioli on Pages 71, 72 and 73, the greatest selection in America, and 5 bulbs of "GLENDAL" the new American Gladiolus Society Show winner (an exceptional orange-red)—70 bulbs, 66 grand varieties, only \$15.00. A Glad Lover's Paradise.



(3670) Kunderdi Glory Gladiolus

THE MOST EXQUISITE IN FLOWERING

(3611) **ALICE TIPLADY**—Salmon Apricot. Richest and finest of all Primulinus Hybrids. Burned orange penciling. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.00. 100 for \$9.00. 1,000 for \$80.00.

(3560) **BARON J. HULOT**—Purplish Blue. The only standard "blue" Glad. 12 rich 2¼ inch blooms per spike. Unique. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.00. 100 for \$9.00. 1,000 for \$80.00.

(3630) **EVELYN KIRTLAND**—Pink. Lower petals feathered carmine on cream ground; 18 blooms, 4 open. Exquisite. 2 for 25c. 6 for 60c. 12 for \$1.10. 50 for \$3.75. 100 for \$6.50. 1,000 for \$55.00.

(3633) **GOLDEN KING**—Lemon Yellow with ox-blood blotches on lower petals. Deep and rich coloring. 2 for 25c. 6 for 70c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.00. 1,000 for \$60.00.

(3670) **KUNDERDI GLORY**—Lavender Cream. Large, rich purple blotches on lower petals; 15 large ruffled blooms; 5 open. 3 for 30c. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.75. 100 for \$6.50. 1,000 for \$55.00.

(3644) **LE MARECHAL FOCH**—Soft Lavender Pink. Enlarged America and extra early; 17 blooms, 7 open. Immense. 3 for 30c. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00. 1,000 for \$50.00.

(3648) **MRS. DR. NORTON**—Carmine Pink. Flesh shade overlaid sulphur yellow on lower petals; 15 large 4 inch blooms. Water color appearance; the outstanding show winner of today. Exquisite. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.00. 100 for \$9.00. 1,000 for \$80.00.

(3600) **PRINCEPS**—Dazzling Cerise. Bright orange red, heavily torched rich purple on white. Strikingly beautiful. 2 for 25c. 6 for 70c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.25. 100 for \$7.50. 1,000 for \$65.00.

(3652) **1910 ROSE**—Deep Pink. Striking white midribs. Very rich and beautiful; very earliest bloomer. 20c each. 6 for \$1.10. 12 for \$2.00. 50 for \$6.00. 100 for \$11.00. 1,000 for \$100.00.

(3666) **WAR**—Dark Red, sprayed white on lower petals. Usually 16 large 4¼ inch blooms; 5 open. 2 for 25c. 6 for 70c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.25. 100 for \$7.50. 1,000 for \$65.00.

(3656) **WILBRINCK**—Flesh Pink. Halley sport, very early; 14 wide blooms, 5 open. Lower petals sprayed purple. 3 for 25c. 6 for 45c. 12 for 80c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00. 1,000 for \$40.00.

(3550) **YELLOW HAMMER**—Yellow. Good cutter and very satisfactory. 14 wide blooms; 5 open at once. 3 for 30c. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00. 1,000 for \$50.00.



(3611) Alice Tiplady—Finest Primulinus Hybrid Gladiolus

\$1.25 Gladiolus Collection

One bulb each of the above 12 varieties, a collection you may well be proud of. These are all exceptionally fine Glads and should sell even better than our \$1.00 Special.

(3613) **ARIZONA ROSE**—Salmon Pink. Deep color with rich purple duster blotch on lower petals. 15 large ruffled flowers. Strong grower; productive. 3 for 30c. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.00.

(3672) **BYRON L. SMITH**—Flushed Lavender. Delicate, delightful, beautiful tints and blends of lavender, white, greenish yellow and purple. 16 wide blooms; 6 to 8 open. 30c each. 6 for \$1.65. 12 for \$3.00. 50 for \$9.00. 100 for \$17.00.

(3624) **DOROTHY WHEELER**—Primrose Yellow. Primulinus Hybrid and the best ruffled or waved Prim. Exquisite, delicate pastel coloring. Straight spikes. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.00. 100 for \$9.00.

(3627) **E. J. SHAYLOR**—Deep Lavender Pink. Rich purple feather on lower petals. 15 well placed, wide open, reflexed, ruffled flowers; 5 open. Strong grower. 20c each. 6 for \$1.10. 12 for \$2.00. 50 for \$7.00. 100 for \$12.00.

(3632) **FLORA**—Clear Yellow. Beautiful, heavy spikes of 12 to 15 flowers in double row; 6 open. Almost self color except maroon throat markings. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3677) **LOUISE**—Richest Lavender. See picture. 16 large, wide open blooms; 4 open. Lower petals strikingly marked rich royal purple. Nothing more beautiful. Each, 25c. 6 for \$1.35. 12 for \$2.50. 50 for \$7.50. 100 for \$14.00.

(3640) **MARSHALL FOCH**—Cream Pink. Darker at tips, flesh at throat. Rich purplish red blotch smearing into a perfect blend. Extra large; ruffled. Superb. 40c each. 6 for \$2.20. 12 for \$4.00. 50 for \$11.00. 100 for \$21.00.

(3653) **MONA LISA**—Pinkish Lavender. Very delicate and beautiful. 14 large ruffled blooms; 5 open. Equal to Byron L. Smith and even more delicate color blending. 30c each. 6 for \$1.65. 12 for \$3.00. 50 for \$9.00. 100 for \$17.00.

(3643) **MURIEL**—Tinted Lavender Blue. Lower petals feathered violet with purple suffusion. Very popular color and very beautiful. 17 flowers; 5 open. 35c each. 6 for \$1.90. 12 for \$3.50. 50 for \$10.00. 100 for \$18.00.

(3683) **ROSE ASH**—Ashes of Roses. Most striking and variegated coloring, yet in splendid taste. Highest rating with 2 others in 939 trials. Entirely distinct. 35c each. 6 for \$1.90. 12 for \$3.50. 50 for \$10.00. 100 for \$19.00.

\$2.00 Gladiolus Collection

One each of the above 10 magnificent varieties for \$2.00. Notice the colors of these varieties—the ladies' choice—lavenders, pinks, and exquisite blends to suit the most fastidious, a grand choice.

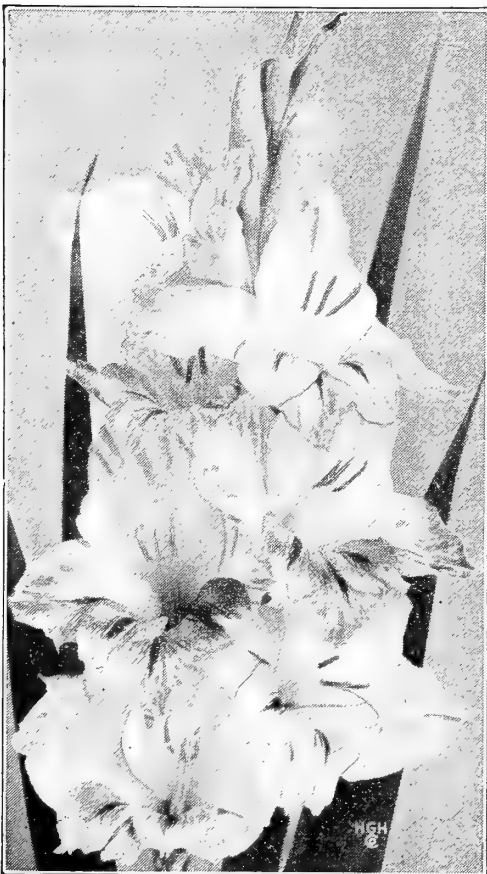
(3700) HASTINGS' FINEST MIXED GLADIOLI

While many of our customers want the finest individual varieties, such as described above, many also like a general assortment of many colors, and we sell many thousands of our "Hastings' Finest Mixed Gladioli" every year. We have tried to get a good assortment of colors and shades and you will find that these bulbs produce large showy spikes of the richest colored blooms in great profusion. There are early, medium and late varieties in this assortment so to give you a long flowering season and we are sure you will be delighted with these splendid Glads. Order them by the hundred for garden or border displays and have them for cut-flowers through the summer. It is well to plant some every week or two from frost-proof time until July to prolong the blooming season.

PRICE—6 for 30c. 12 for 50c. 50 for \$2.00. 100 for \$3.00. 1,000 for \$20.00.

(3710) Primulinus Hybrids Mixed

This is the new type of Gladioli with hooded flowers, excellent for cutting with their usually long slender spikes. They are the strongest growers, most productive and are noted for their pastel shades not found in other Gladioli. 6 for 30c. 12 for 50c. 50 for \$2.00. 100 for \$3.00.



(3700) Grown from Hastings' Mixed Gladioli

LUXURIOUS NEW GLAD CREATIONS

(3671) **ANNA EBERIUS**—Violet Purple. One of world's finest; heavily blotched richest purple. Wonderful rich coloring. Each, 30c. 6 for \$1.65. 12 for \$3.00. 50 for \$9.00. 100 for \$17.00.

(3612) **ANTHONY B. KUNDERD**—Creamy Blush. Heavily ruffled wide flowers, flashed violet purple. Nothing more beautiful. Superb. Each, 50c. 6 for \$2.75. 12 for \$5.00. 50 for \$14.00. 100 for \$26.00.

(3621) **CATHERINA**—Lavender Blue. Heavy throat tongues of blood-red. 16 wide blooms; 4 open. Exceptional "blue." Each, 20c. 6 for \$1.10. 12 for \$2.00. 50 for \$6.00. 100 for \$11.00.

(3626) **ESTELLA**—Deep Rose—Almost a fiery red. Purple spray on cream blotch. 17 extra large flowers. Each, 20c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.60. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3675) **GOLDEN MEASURE**—Golden Yellow. Finest yellow Glad in the world. Almost self color. 18 wide flowers; 6 open. Each, 60c. 6 for \$3.30. 12 for \$6.00. 50 for \$17.00. 100 for \$30.00.

(3641) **JOE COLEMAN**—Light Carmine. Deep purple feather on cream ground. 15 ruffled blooms; 7 open. Very showy. Each, 20c. 6 for 95c. 12 for \$1.75. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3679) **ORANGE GLORY**—Tangerine or salmon-orange. An exquisite rich blending. 14 wide, heavily ruffled blooms; 4 open. Each, 20c. 6 for \$1.10. 12 for \$2.00. 50 for \$6.50. 100 for \$12.00.

(3663) **SCARLET PRINCEPS**—Dazzling Scarlet. Almost solid color and grand display. Strong, bushy growth. Very brilliant. Each, 30c. 6 for \$1.65. 12 for \$3.00. 50 for \$10.00. 100 for \$18.00.

(3665) **TITANIC**—Purplish Red. Very dark with cream midrib flashes. 14 extra large flowers; 4 open. Best "maroon." Each, 25c. 6 for \$1.35. 12 for \$2.50. 50 for \$10.00. 100 for \$18.00.

(3682) **YOUELL'S FAVORITE**—Creamy Lavender Pink. Heavily flashed rich purple. 15 large, heavily ruffled blooms; 7 open. Exquisite blend. Each, 20c. 6 for \$1.10. 12 for \$2.00. 50 for \$5.75. 100 for \$10.50.

\$2.25 Gladiolus Collection One each of the above 10 superb varieties, really a very choice list and more actual value for your money than the \$2.00 Collection. A Glad Lover cannot overlook these wonderful varieties. (3671) is Diener's best introduction; (3612) Kunderd's choicest; (3626) largest of all. Grand selection.

(3635) **GIANT WHITE**—White. Creamy on opening, turning pure white; purple feathered midribs on lower petals. 17 large, lightly ruffled square blooms; 5 to 6 open. Strong grower; excellent substance. Each, 20c. 6 for \$1.10. 12 for \$2.00. 50 for \$6.50. 100 for \$12.00.

(3637) **GOLDEN GLORY**—Lemon Yellow. Deep blood-purple blotch over bends of lower petals. Heavily ruffled wide open blooms; strong grower; excellent substance; extremely productive. 11 blooms; 5 open. Each, 25c. 6 for \$1.35. 12 for \$2.50. 50 for \$7.50. 100 for \$14.00.

(3639) **GRANDEUR**—Deep Salmon Pink. Rose coloring; lower petal midribs with carmine pencillings. 21 very wide ruffled 3 3/4 inch flowers in whorls around spike. Strong grower; fine substance. Each, 25c. 6 for \$1.35. 12 for \$2.50. 50 for \$7.50. 100 for \$14.00.

(3645) **MR. H. A. HYDE**—White Flushed. Lavender-rose flakes towards tips; rich carmine stippling in throat. An exceptional Diener creation. 16 wide diamond, double row, flowers; 7 open. Each, 85c. 6 for \$4.65. 12 for \$8.50. 50 for \$35.00. 100 for \$60.00.

(3647) **MRS. H. E. BOTHIN**—Light Cream Pink. Lower petals blotched rich orange-cerise. 14 waved, wide compactly arranged flowers; 4 to 7 open; large, rounded petals. Excellent cutter. Each, 25c. 6 for \$1.35. 12 for \$2.50. 50 for \$10.00. 100 for \$18.00.

(3658) **POLAR STAR**—White Tinted Lavender. Lightly flaked pinkish lavender; lower petals shaded cream and lightly dusted deep lavender in throat. 15 wide, double row, blooms; 4 open. Excellent. Each, 50c. 6 for \$2.75. 12 for \$5.00. 50 for \$14.00. 100 for \$26.00.

(3659) **PURPLE GLORY**—Dark Purple. Considered Kunderd's largest and perhaps his best Gladiolus creation. Lighter to pinkish lavender in throat. 16 large to extra large, ruffled, wide open, compact blooms. Each, 85c. 6 for \$4.65. 12 for \$8.50. 50 for \$35.00. 100 for \$60.00.

(3661) **PYTHIA**—Bright Salmon Red. The highest rating Glad for size, growth, display, form, etc., in our 939 trials. 21 extra large flowers, in double row; 8 open. Exceptional. Each, 75c. 6 for \$4.10. 12 for \$7.50. 50 for \$20.00. 100 for \$37.00.

(3662) **ROSE GLORY**—Rose Pink. Heavy spray feathers of royal purple and darker midribs on lower petals. Heavily ruffled. Each, 30c. 6 for \$1.65. 12 for \$3.00. 50 for \$9.00. 100 for \$17.00.

\$3.00 Gladiolus Collection One each of the above 9 varieties, \$4.20 worth at our low prices, a grand collection of the finer and newer Gladioli.

Get your start with the expensive ones. They reproduce plentifully. (3623) **DIENER'S WHITE**—Creamy White. Similar to Metzner's "Polar Star." Faintly flushed pinkish lavender towards tips. Faint canary on lower petals and lavender dusting in throat. 17 blooms; 6 to 9 open. Each, 50c. 6 for \$2.75. 12 for \$5.00. 50 for \$14.00. 100 for \$26.00.

(3625) **DR. ELKINS**—White Blotched Violet. Absolutely beautiful Mrs. Pendleton sport, equal to it and more striking color. 16 wide, waved, extra large 5 1/4 inch flowers; 6 open. Best of all. Each, \$2.00. 6 for \$11.00. 12 for \$20.00. 50 for \$80.00. 100 for \$150.00.

(3634) **GOLD**—Rich Yellow. Slight carmine feather pencilling in throat; wide petals; recurved tips. 15 wide blooms; 5 open; almost double rowed. With Golden Measure, world's best yellows. Each, 75c. 6 for \$4.10. 12 for \$7.50. 50 for \$27.50. 100 for \$50.00.

(3642) **KALAMAZOO**—Violet Purple. Golden yellow midribs and lower petal blotches. Exceptional and striking new rich color. 16 wide, 5 inch, waved, lily shaped flowers. Simply gorgeous. Each, 95c. 6 for \$5.25. 12 for \$9.50. 50 for \$37.50. 100 for \$70.00.

(3651) **MAINE**—Pure White. Very slight, unnoticeable violet-purple dust in throat. 14 wide, waved, 3 3/4 inch blooms; 4 open. Finest pure white with highest rating for the South. Each, 50c. 6 for \$2.75. 12 for \$5.00. 50 for \$14.00. 100 for \$26.00.

(3655) **MRS. JOHN R. WALSH**—Tinted Salmon Pink. Extra large, heavy deep orange-crimson blotches; a Mrs. Pendleton seedling. 18 heavily ruffled, wide blooms; 8 open. Notice picture. Superb. Each, 85c. 6 for \$4.65. 12 for \$8.50. 50 for \$35.00. 100 for \$60.00.

(3657) **PINK WONDER**—Light Pink. Throat heavily sprayed richest violet-purple on cream ground. Beautiful delicate coloring. 13 large flowers; 5 open. A. G. S. highest award winner. Each, 75c. 6 for \$4.10. 12 for \$7.50. 50 for \$20.00. 100 for \$38.00.

(3660) **ROBT. J. KUNDERD**—Richest of All Reds. Orange-crimson. 17 large square flowers; 6 open; very vigorous and productive. Gorgeous display; grades very high. Excellent. Each, \$1.00. 6 for \$5.50. 12 for \$10.00. 50 for \$35.00. 100 for \$60.00.

(3664) **THOMAS T. KENT**—Pink. Shell pink towards throat. Lower petals flashed deep, rich purple. Excellent cutter and display Glad. 15 large, wide flowers; 5 to 9 open at a time. Each, 25c. 6 for \$1.35. 12 for \$2.50. 50 for \$10.00. 100 for \$18.00.

\$5.00 Gladiolus Collection One bulb each of the above 9 varieties, value \$7.55 at our low prices, the most actual money value and best "bargain" of all. The world's most meritorious new creations.



(3677) The Beautiful Louise Gladiolus—See Page 72



(3655) Mrs. Jno. R. Walsh

OUR ORCHID-FLOWERING CANNAS

We are making a great specialty in Cannas and anyone who has passed through the Hastings' Plantation on the railroad or highway can tell you of the unsurpassed gorgeous display these Cannas make and the beauty about them is that they show full heads of brilliant bloom through the summer and until killing frost, all the time. There is no other flower to compare with them for bedding or tall border effects. They make a wonderful display in any yard and stand the hottest of our summers with delight.

Our varieties are selected for the very best of the new and improved types and colors after being thoroughly tried out on the Plantation. In our descriptions we give you exact notes of the varieties as they grow. Different soils and climates cause varieties to vary and a variety from the North may be good there and poor here or a different shade or color. This applies to Dahlias, Gladioli, and other flowers too, so you might follow our descriptions closely and get perhaps a much better idea of, and make a much better selection from varieties that do best in the South.

Order by variety name so you can choose just what colors you like best and the relative height of plants for bed or border. Heights given are average on average land the first year. Cannas grow rapidly from roots planted in early spring and require no cultivation other than an occasional hoeing and weeding. Simple culture directions come with each order.

Special Offer for Canna Beds

The most striking color effect for canna beds is red and yellow and with this end in view we offer Richard Wallace, the best bedding yellow, and Pennsylvania, a striking fiery scarlet-red, both with heavy green foliage. The Pennsylvania is a little taller than Richard Wallace so is best adapted for the center of beds.

For Round or Oval shaped 2 row beds, single red center plant and one outside row of 6 yellow plants. 7 Roots, 50c.

For 3 row beds, 7 plants for 2 red inner rows and 12 yellow plants for outer row. 19 Roots, \$1.00.

For 4 row beds, 19 plants for 3 red inner rows and 18 plants for yellow outer row. 37 Roots, \$2.00.



(3130) King Humbert—The Greatest Red Canna Grown

CANNA PRICES Please notice our prices on this page in comparison with any and all others. Hastings' Plantation Grown Cannas are as fine as money can buy. We grow them ourselves, hundreds of thousands of them, so we can give you strong, 2 to 3 eye roots at what we believe to be the most reasonable prices of any recognized seedsmen, and send them postage paid.

Selected Individual Varieties

(3100) **ALLEMANIA—Orange and Gold.** 5 feet tall. Excellent growth and bloom. Heavy light green foliage; 3 and 4 wide open, very large ruffled and orchid-like blooms per head with very large petals blooming at a time. Color is mottled yellow; deep orange-red blotches and variegations on all 5 large petals. Great display. 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 60c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00.

(3102) **AMERICAN BEAUTY, METZNER'S—Cerise Red.** 5 ft. Similar to Wm. Boffinger. Green foliage with strong shaft of extra large blooms of very strong substance. Orchid flowering and color is velvety oriental carmine or translucent cerise. Rich, effective and new. Almost the same color as King Humbert but richer. 2 for 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50.

(3126) **GENERAL MERKEL—Scarlet and Gold.** 4 ft. Similar to Italia. Very good growth and bloom; green foliage; large trusses of medium large orchid flowering blooms with 3 to 6 open at a time. Color is scarlet red suffused yellow, giving a shiny salmon red appearance, with throat yellow. 2 for 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50.

(3127) **GLADIATOR—Yellow Spotted Red.** 4½ ft. Excellent growth and bloom. Light green silver edged foliage of robust habit. Heavy bloomer, 2 to 6 flowers open at a time on large heads. Color is deep yellow very brilliantly spotted with rich red, resembling a tiger lily. Petal edges are slightly crimped. Fine. 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 60c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00.

(3129) **INDIANA—Orange.** 5 ft. Heavy green foliage surmounted by large strong flower heads of a most vivid golden orange. Individual flowers are extra large, often 7 inches across. Orchid flowering and one of the most satisfactory Cannas in cultivation. Particularly adapted for tall beds, borders and back-grounds. 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 60c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00.

(3130) **KING HUMBERT—Fiery Red.** 5 ft. The most popular and satisfactory Canna ever introduced. It is considered best of all; excellent growth and bloom. Heavy deep purple-madder brown over bronze foliage with very large, somewhat heart-shaped leaves. Extra large compact flower heads with very large ruffled or orchid wide open blooms. Color is fiery red or velvety orange-scarlet with throat unnoticeably stippled yellow. 2 for 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50. (Very cheap for this excellent variety.)

(3140) **MADAM CROZY—Rich Red.** 3 ft. Good low growing variety with short spikes and medium heads with about 5 flowers open at a time. Green foliage; medium blooms with as many as 36 buds in one head. Color is darker red than King Humbert and very rich; faint yellow mottling in throat. 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 60c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00.

(3160) **ORANGE BEDDER—Blood Orange.** 4 ft. Excellent growth and bloom. Heavy deep green foliage; excellent bedder; 8 blooms open at a time. Color is the richest blood orange with a yellow throat and simply gorgeous. This is one of the finest display Cannas ever grown. 2 Roots, 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50.

(3170) **PENNSYLVANIA—Scarlet.** 5 ft. Almost identical with King Humbert except has green foliage. Excellent growth and bloom. Orchid-flowering with large petals and blooms. Color is a flaming red or scarlet; slightly tigered yellow in throat. A beautiful red and fine grower and bloomer. (Also called Uncle Sam, Louisiana, Altitude, New Chicago and Prince Wied.) 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00.

(3190) **RICHARD WALLACE—Canary Yellow.** 4 ft. Excellent bedder. Light green foliage; large attractive heads with 5 to 6 good sized blooms open at a time. Color is light yellow turning creamy white. This is the light colored or border display variety showing in the picture on Page 75, the finest yellow we know for bedding and one of the finest of all yellows. 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 50 for \$3.00. 100 for \$5.00.

(3220) **WYOMING—Orange.** 5 ft. Very strong growth and excellent bloom. Large trusses, 3 to 4 large wide open blooms, with all petals extra large, open at a time. Color is a very deep salmon or blood orange with faint red penciling in throat. Strikingly beautiful and as large as any Canna bloom. 2 Roots, 25c. 6 for 60c. 12 for \$1.00. 50 for \$3.50. 100 for \$6.00.

(3230) **YELLOW KING HUMBERT—Lemon Stippled Red.** 5 ft. Also called Queen Helen. Probably the most interesting Canna and very unique. Stocky green foliage but often shows bronze variations; very large flower-heads and 4 large wide open blooms at a time. Color is deep lemon yellow dotted red but shows red petals, half petals, sometimes whole heads of red flowers. Seeing part red and part yellow blooms and both green and bronze foliage seems uncanny but is often found. Extremely low priced. 2 Roots, 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50.

Note! Prices of Cannas on this page especially are extremely low because we have grown a wonderful crop of these popular varieties. Write for special prices on 1,000 lots and up.

THE BEST CANNAS IN EXISTENCE

You will be delighted and more than satisfied with the popular standard varieties on the opposite page but most of us also want some of the newer varieties. The Cannas below are very reasonably priced, some extremely low, and some of the new sorts are the most exquisite Cannas that have ever been produced. As one lady said, "I just can't look any more. I want them all. Why, I'd just go wild over them." You, too, will almost fall in love with these exquisite and gorgeous display flowers. They increase rapidly, other flower. Get started with the newer sorts. They're just as easy to grow and multiply just as fast as the older kinds. The first cost is all and soon forgotten with your own increase year after year.

(3103) **APRICOT**—Apricot. 4 ft. This is one of the finest Cannas ever introduced. New variety with green foliage; good sized flowers with large, broad, rounded petals of handsome shape; excellent thick and large trusses of exquisite flowers. Considered the finest in our trials, when introduced at \$1.50 each. Color buff, overlaid salmon-pink; mass effect of rich apricot. 1 Root, 50c. 6 for \$2.75. 12 for \$5.00. 50 for \$16.00. 100 for \$30.00.

(3105) **AUSTRIA**—Light Yellow. 4½ ft. Excellent growth and beautiful orchid bloom. Light green foliage; 2 to 6 flowers open at a time in a condense head; orchid flowering, fluted and creped edges to the large petals. A very refined flower of the richest possible yellow, turning creamy white. Similar to Buttercup and Burbank. Delicate tissue-like blooms. 2 Roots, 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50.

(3106) **CHEERFULNESS**—Red and Gold. 3½ ft. Green foliage, compact trusses on green shafted spike; 6 to 10 medium sized flowers open at a time. Color is flame red on golden yellow with mottled red on yellow in throat and hair-line petal margins of yellow. New low growing Canna of marked distinction. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3107) **CITY OF PORTLAND**—Deep Rose. 3½ ft. Very good low growth and beautiful bloom. Green foliage; small leaves; short spike; 8 to 10 medium large blooms open at a time. Color is a very beautiful deep rose pink throughout and this profuse bloomer makes fine low beds. A newer Canna becoming extremely popular for rich velvety coloring all over the U. S. 2 Roots, 40c. 6 for \$1.00. 12 for \$1.75. 50 for \$7.00. 100 for \$12.50.

(3108) **COLOSSAL, WINTZER'S**—Vivid Scarlet. 5 ft. Green foliage and perhaps the largest Canna in cultivation; flowers often 8 inches across. Petals droop or hang very beautifully, of course not being as stiff as the smaller flowers. Color is a vivid, striking scarlet that retains its brilliancy. Many pick this variety as the grandest of all Cannas. It is magnificent. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3113) **DR. E. ACKERNECK**—Carmine. 3½ ft. Excellent low bronze foliage; vigorous. Compact heads with about 8 large flowers open at a time. Color deep rose or watermelon red throughout. Practically same color as "Carmine Beauty" and with bronze foliage. Splendid. (Carmine Beauty withdrawn this year to increase stock.) 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3120) **EUREKA**—White. 3½ ft. Also called Mont Blanc, Snow Queen, Blanche Wintzer, Maros. Foliage light green; heavy, strong, low growth with large compact heads of large blooms. One of the very finest of all Cannas. Color creamy white, the whitest of all, with very faint lavender stippling in throat. Extra fine; wonderful bedder. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3122) **FIERY CROSS**—Scarlet Crimson. 4 ft. Excellent growth and bloom. Many open flowers of fine substance in large heads on long stout shafts held well above the blue-green foliage. Color is a very vivid, fiery, scarlet shading to crimson. Claimed to be the richest of reds and to be in a class by itself. Less than ½ price. 2 Roots, 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.00.

(3128) **HUNGARIA**—Rose Pink. 4 ft. Strong grower with green foliage and very large, heavy heads of large flowers borne erect on stout shafts well above foliage. Color is rich rose pink and very beautiful. Considered the finest pink and it is the best real pink in existence. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.

(3150) **MRS. ALFRED F. CONARD**—Salmon Pink. 4 ft. Stocky green foliage, surmounted by extra large trusses of 6 to 18 extra large flowers with large broad reflexed petals open at a time. Color extremely beautiful shade of very deep flesh pink to salmon pink; deeper in throat. A real beauty, magnificent for display. No finer Canna. 2 Roots, 40c. 6 for \$1.00. 12 for \$1.75. 50 for \$7.00. 100 for \$12.50.

(3156) **MRS. PIERRE S. DUPONT**—Watermelon Pink. 4 ft. Green foliage; huge trusses on strong spikes; excellent growth and bloom. Very similar to Mrs. A. F. Conard except stronger growth and slightly larger heads of a little deeper shade of pink. A brand new variety that beats them all. 1 Root, \$2.50. 3 for \$6.50. 6 for \$12.50. 12 for \$24.00.

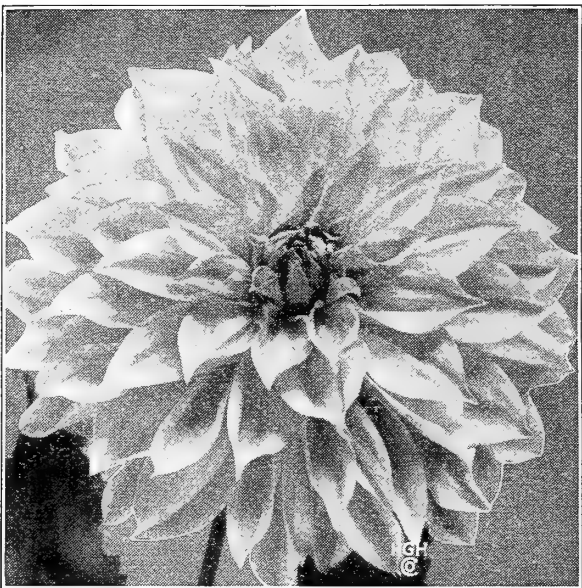
(3196) **SAN DIEGO**—Flame Red. 4 ft. Lustrous bronze foliage and long, stout shafts holding good sized trusses of large flowers with large, broad petals well above foliage. Color is the same rich red throughout. A very fine new variety with glistening sheen in the sun; a flaming beauty. 2 Roots, 40c. 6 for \$1.00. 12 for \$1.75. 50 for \$7.00. 100 for \$12.50.

(3198) **SCARLET DEFIANCE**—Light Carmine Red. 4½ ft. Strong growth with dark green leaves. Stout shafts with large, loose heads of wide open flowers. Rather slender petals gives an unique appearance in this duo-tone colored variety. Color is red with small carmine flakes sprayed uniformly on all petals. Reverse sides even richer with salmon-red. 2 Roots, 30c. 6 for 75c. 12 for \$1.25. 50 for \$4.00. 100 for \$7.50.

(3205) **THE PRESIDENT**—Glowing Scarlet. 4 ft. Green stocky foliage; extra large trusses on strong shafts well above foliage. Compact heads of about 7 gigantic blooms open at a time. Color is vermilion or glowing scarlet with a yellow pistil and the huge petals look like silk crepe; the great trusses are beautiful. The President is superior to any other red Canna we have seen, both in quality and quantity of bloom. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 50 for \$5.50. 100 for \$10.00.



Young Canna Field (15 Acres) Beginning to Bloom on the Hastings' Plantation, Near Atlanta. A Glorious Display of Gorgeous Colors From June Until Tops Were Frozen Down in November. Cannas Make the Best Bed and Border Displays of All.



(3430) Queen Mary, Decorative Dahlia—Cactus on Page 59

(3310) **BREAK O' DAY**—Sulphur White, Colossal Cactus. Good size flowers; full high centers; early; free flowering; excellent growth. Clear sulphur yellow shading to creamy white at tips with satiny sheen. Graceful curved petals. 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

(3304) **ALASKA**—White, Decorative. Very finest white decorative. Large size, finest form; erect on rigid stems. Wonderful exhibition or cut flower. Rare. 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

(3378) **LE GRAND MANITOU**—Variegated, Decorative. Immense size. Ground color white, beautifully dashed, striped and blotched reddish violet; sometimes pure purple self colored. Fine stems. 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

(3390) **MINA BURGLE**—Cardinal Red, Decorative. Vigorous; large perfect flowers in great profusion. Very beautiful; brilliant dark red. Most satisfactory Dahlia grown. 35c; 3 for 90c.

(3420) **OREGON BEAUTY**—Oriental Red, Decorative. Tall, heavy growth; early, continuous bloomer. Large, broad recurved petals to almost Giant Ball shape. Intense oriental red with suffusion of garnet and golden sheen. Extra fine. 35c; 3 for 90c.

(3450) **SEQUOIA**—Tinted Orange, Cactus. Medium large continuous bloomer on long stiff stems. Canary yellow overlaid with rose, turning rose with age; appearing tinted orange or golden bronze. Tubular petals; fine. 35c; 3 for 90c.

(3478) **YELLOW COLOSSE**—Canary Yellow, Giant Show. Large, showy flowers produced freely on long stems. A beautiful, perfect flower with cup-shaped petals daintily arranged. 35c; 3 for 90c.

"Perfect 7 Dahlias" One root each of the above seven Dahlias, beautiful and popular and the most satisfactory kinds grown. \$2.25. (Value \$3.15.)

(3350) **JACK ROSE**—Purplish Crimson, Decorative. Deep, velvety, brilliant crimson red; the best crimson for garden or cutting; profuse bloomer; medium large flowers. 25c; 3 for 60c.

(3400) **MISS MINNIE McCULLOUGH**—Gold edged Red, Decorative. Striking flowers of rich yellow, petals edged bright red. Excellent for cutting and garden. 25c; 3 for 60c.

(3410) **MRS. J. GARDNER CASSATT**—Mauve Pink, Decorative. Medium large, profuse bloomer; deep rose pink shading darker with tinge of carmine towards tips. 25c; 3 for 60c.

(3430) **QUEEN MARY**—Apple Blossom Pink, Decorative. See illustration. Excellent growth; medium large flowers; very prolific. Tender lavender pink with darker penciling along petals. Fine cut flowers on long stems. 25c; 3 for 60c.

(3460) **SYLVIA**—Pink and White, Decorative. Medium small flowers in great profusion; extra strong grower; early. Orchid pink with white centers and a great variety. 25c; 3 for 60c.

(3470) **WHITE SWAN**—Cream White, Show. The standard white Ball Dahlia with creamy softness in throats of cupped petals. Medium early; strong bushy growth. 25c; 3 for 60c.

(3480) **YELLOW DUKE**—Canary yellow, Giant Show. Rather large uniformly perfect rich canary or primrose yellow flowers; profuse bloomer; strong grower. 25c; 3 for 60c.

"Standard 7 Dahlias" One root each of the above seven, the greatest Dahlia value you can find anywhere for the price. \$1.25. (Value \$1.75.)

Hastings' Dahlia Collection

21 Varieties; the 3 "Sevens" described above, value \$12.65 at our prices which are very low. We believe this is the greatest value in Dahlias ever offered, a wonderful garden of the largest, finest and most exquisite Dahlias in America. \$9.00 Postpaid.

Hastings' Dahlias

Notice the picture of one end of the Dahlia Trial Grounds on the Hastings' Plantation on Page 70. All varieties we list should do well for you, whether it's a standard variety or a new introduction, because we have tried them out and found them the very best of their types in the South.

The American Dahlia Society and flower shows over the country in recent years have brought Dahlias right to the front and all the different colors, shapes, sizes and types to be found in our newer Dahlias make them probably the greatest of all flowers to work with and to grow.

Hastings' Dahlias are supplied in strong, dormant field-grown roots; very hardy, quick to grow and in the South bloom from late July until killing frost. With slight protection of leaves, straw or brush they stand winters perfectly and start early growth in spring with the finest blooms year after year. Remember, when you buy and plant these fine Dahlias that you will have them for years. Simple Culture Directions Come With Each Order.

Selected Individual Varieties

NOTE—Dahlias cannot be shipped safely before about March 15th but send your order in early. We will "book" your order and send it to you as soon as it is safe to ship without danger from cold. The demand is so great for Hastings' Dahlias that we ask you to order as early as possible before varieties you want have been sold.

(3345) **INSULINDE**—Suffused Gold, Decorative. Considered the grandest of all. Finest and most artistic; petals curled; extra long stems; gigantic flowers 9 to 10 inches across. Rich saffron yellow shaded russet orange. \$2.00 each. 3 for \$5.00.

(3406) **MRS. CARL SALBACH**—Mauve Pink, Decorative. Tinting lighter towards center. Immense flowers on long, stout stems. New and exceedingly popular lavender coloring. Magnificent. \$1.50; 3 for \$4.00.

(3340) **HORTULANUS FIET**—Shrimp Pink, Decorative. Flowers over 8 inches across; free bloomer on fine stems. Delicate shrimp pink or creamy salmon, petal tips touched gold. \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.

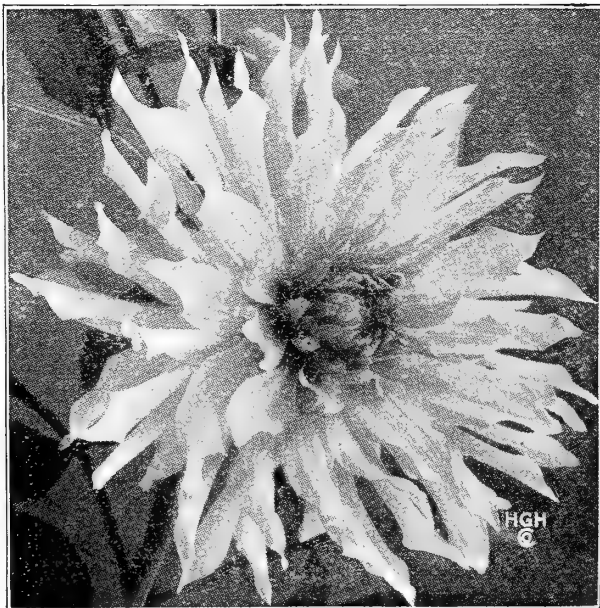
(3424) **PATRICK O'MARA**—Chrome Yellow, Decorative. Gold Medal by American Dahlia Society as best autumn shade in existence. Giant flowers, 7 to 9 inches, long stems, free bloomer; vigorous. Soft orange-buff, tinged Neyron rose. \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.

(3300) **ATTRACTION**—Lilac Rose, Colossal Cactus. See illustration. Large, elegant flower of soft silvery mauve-rose with white suffusion. Gracefully curled or twisted petals and of exquisite form, fully 6 inches across. No finer Dahlia. 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

(3325) **F. W. FELLOWS**—Coral Red, Cactus. Should be in every collection. Immense flowers of long narrow incurved petals of lively orange scarlet color. Finest of its type. 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

(3375) **KALIF**—Scarlet, Colossal Cactus. Very large pure scarlet red; undoubtedly the most popular red Cactus Dahlia today for garden and cutting. Free flowering giant flowers on long stiff stems. 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

"Special 7 Dahlias" One root each of the above seven Dahlias, the most exquisite new Dahlias of today. None finer. \$6.00. (Value \$7.75.)



(3300) Attraction, Colossal or Hybrid Cactus Type Dahlia

GENERAL PLANT LIST

WE PAY POSTAGE ON PLANTS—ORDER BEFORE APRIL 20TH—NO PLANTS SHIPPED C. O. D.

We sold over 600,000 of these plants last year, which shows how immensely popular these beautiful and delightful plants are becoming among our half a million customers over the Southern States. They are all superb types of flowering and decorative plants to please you, and they grow well in the South.

Plant orders, including collections, cannot be shipped after May 1st so please do not order after April 20th. Plant orders are always filled separately from seed orders, seeds being sent first, and plants sent as soon as weather permits digging and shipping. We won't ship plants in extremely cold or in hot weather and cannot send them outside of the United States.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME WITH FLOWERS

We want to see flowers in abundance around every Southern home, no matter whether it be a town home or a farm home. Our Special low-priced flower seeds and collections are a good starter. Our Rose, Geranium and Chrysanthemum Collections and the plants named in this catalog will surround your home with beautiful flowers. Even if you can't go all the way this year, make a start at least towards beautifying home surroundings at this time. You will be delighted with the results.

Ornamental Garden Guide

Make the garden your outdoor living room. Make it private; not snobbish, but personal, by surrounding it with a hedge or dense mass of shrubbery.

Keep it in harmony with its surroundings and with the house it adjoins. Follow the "line of least resistance" in using native, hardy plants that are sure to grow and look natural.

Avoid formality, excessive symmetry and monotony. This does not mean that straight lines and repetition are not in good taste, for direct paths are often best and a long border of Phlox, for example.

Keep the lawn spaces open, massing plants along the edges instead of all over the lawn. If the surroundings are pleasing, leave places to see them; otherwise screen them out with shrubbery.

Use originality. Few gardens can be successfully copied, and you don't want an imitation, anyway. It is very easy to plan permanent landscaping and add a little towards it each year rather than patching up your yard yearly.

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Aloysia Citriodora or Lemon Verbena

This splendid plant ought to be in every plant collection in the South. It is well adapted to our section and has the greatest fragrance of any plant grown. This fragrance is entirely that of the lemon, hence its name. One large plant will scent up an entire yard with a most agreeable odor. Grows rapidly and is easily wintered over in pits or cellars. Plants, 20 cents each. 3 for 50c.

Antigonon leptopus Also called Queen's Wreath and Mexican Mountain Rose—A splendid climbing plant from Central Mexico, producing rose-colored flowers in racemes two feet long. The profusion of bloom is such as to give resemblance of a rose at a distance, hence its name, Rosa de Montana, or Mountain Rose. Strong bulbs, 20 cents each.

Asparagus Sprengeri Also called Emerald Feather. A magnificent porch or basket plant in the South. The fronds or leaves grow 4 to 5 feet long. Hundreds of magnificent plants of this are seen every summer on the porches in Atlanta, and when cold weather comes it makes a splendid house plant. It succeeds under almost any conditions. Plants, 15 cents each. Extra strong plants, 40 cents each.

Asparagus Plumosus Nanus The delicate climbing Lace Fern. Grown for its delicate lace-like foliage, whole greenhouses being devoted to its culture. Good plants, 15 cents each. Extra strong plants, 40 cents each.

Ibodium Privet New hardy hedge privet more hardy and attractive than California Privet; very vigorous, bushy, upright; no disease nor blight affects it; round foliage. 12 to 18 inch plants. 20 cents each. \$1.90 per dozen. \$15.00 per 100. \$120.00 per 1,000.

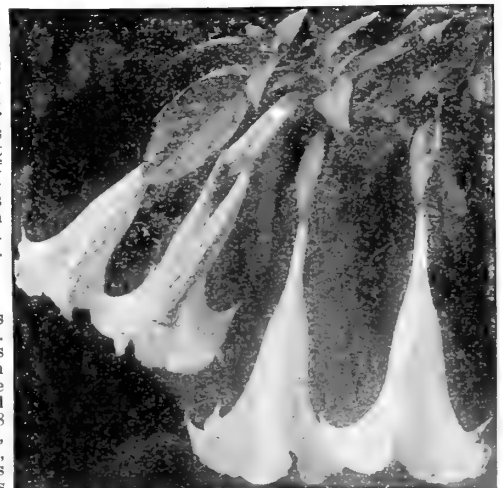
Boston Ivy *Ampelopsis Veitchii*—One of the most attractive strong growing vines of all and does well planted on the north and east sides of houses almost anywhere in the Cotton Belt and further north. The vines are covered with clinging tendrils that cling closely to walls, chimneys, etc. Makes a solid mass of dense, dark green, turning to brightest shades of crimson, red and yellow after being touched with frost. The entire north side of one of our seed warehouses here in Atlanta is covered from two plants of Boston Ivy, making a beautiful appearance. 25 cents each. 2-year plants, 50 cents.

Bougainvillea Sanderiana

Chinese Paper Plant. This magnificent plant is splendid for house culture and for an open ground climber in comparatively frostless regions. A full-grown plant will often contain tens of thousands of the odd-looking purplish pink flowers and seen in full bloom in warmer climates it is a sight never to be forgotten. Strong plants, 35c each.

Brugmansia

Angel's Trumpet. Grows easily and blooms freely. The Brugmansia blooms indoors in winter and in the garden in summer. The plant has large, tropical leaves, with blooms 8 inches wide at the mouth, resembling a trumpet, hence the name, "Angel's Trumpet." Pure white; as fragrant as a Jasmine. 35 cents each. 3 for 80c.



Brugmansia or Angel's Trumpet



Acalypha Sanderii

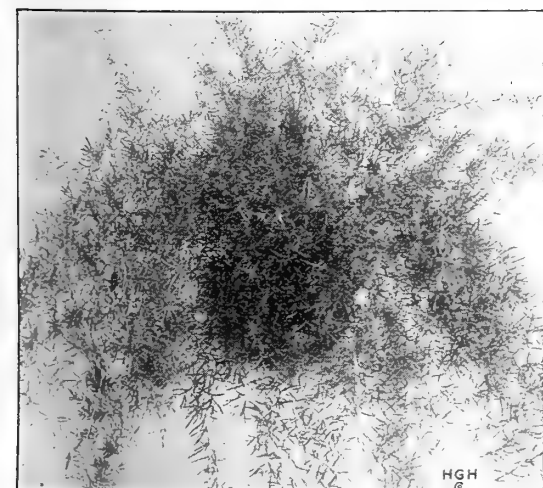
seldom suggests monotony, while an alternation of short and tall clumps or pink and white masses might easily do so.

Don't aim for quick, cheap results, nor a disconnected collection of botanic exhibits, but a series of related pictures.

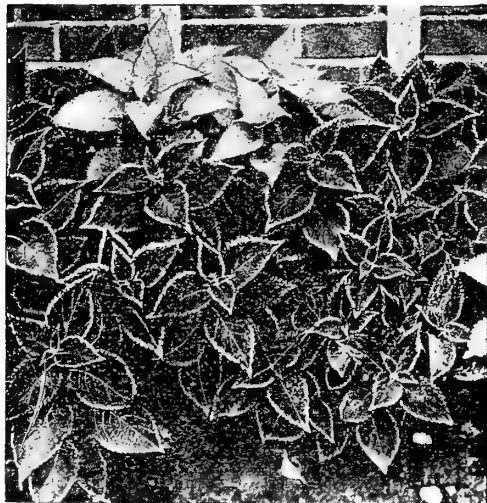
Keep the lawn spaces open, massing plants along the edges instead of all over the lawn. If the surroundings are pleasing, leave places to see them; otherwise screen them out with shrubbery.

Use originality. Few gardens can be successfully copied, and you don't want an imitation, anyway. It is very easy to plan permanent landscaping and add a little towards it each year rather than patching up your yard yearly.

Acalypha Sanderii Goes under various names, such as "Chenille Plant," "Philippine Medusa," "Comet Plant," "Dewey's Favorite Flower," "Bloody Cat Tail," etc. The most sensational plant introduced for years, and one of the most striking flowering ornamental plants. Strong, free growth with large, dark green leaves, from axils of which rope-like spikes of velvety crimson flowers from 1 to 2 feet long and nearly 1 inch thick are gracefully suspended as shown in the illustration, which conveys but a faint idea of the beauty and warm coloring of this acquisition. The plant is in flower the year around, and is as easily grown as a Coleus, simply requiring a warm temperature to develop its full beauty. Fine plants, 20c each. 3 for 50c.



Asparagus Sprengeri—Other Ferns on Page 71



Coleus—New Giant or Christmas Gem

Crepe Myrtle A real Southern plant and should be in every yard in the South. Our friends are delighted with this magnificent plant with its profusion of pink bloom and lustrous green foliage. It will attract attention in any landscape. 25c each. 3 for 65c. \$2.50 per dozen.

Everblooming Butterfly Bush Our customers are charmed with its beauty, ease of culture and free flowering habit. The name Butterfly Bush was applied to it because it seems to attract butterflies in large numbers. This shrub from a young plant will mature to full size the first summer, producing a handsome bush about 4 feet high. It produces long, graceful stems, which terminate in tapering panicles of beautiful lilac-colored flowers that are of miniature size and borne by the hundreds on a flower head which is frequently ten inches long. A single plant the first season will throw out as many as fifty flower spikes, which increase greatly in number during succeeding years. The year after planting, it generally commences to flower in June and continuing each season until severe frosts nip it. The foliage and blooms are exceedingly fine. The shrub will die down to the ground if frozen, and while perfectly hardy, we recommend covering the roots with manure, leaves or other suitable materials as winter approaches, so it will produce a heavy growth the following season. This shrub is very desirable as an individual specimen in the lawn and garden, or placed promiscuously in the shrubbery border. Fine plants, 25c each. Strong plants, 60c.

HIBISCUS We have found the Chinese Hibiscus one of the most satisfactory of all plants for open ground culture in summer and as a house plant in winter. In Florida and the Gulf Coast section they are all well adapted to open ground plantings, and can be trimmed to any shape desired or used as a hedge.



New Peachblow Hibiscus

Flowering Begonias 25 cents each, except where noted otherwise. All seven for \$1.75.

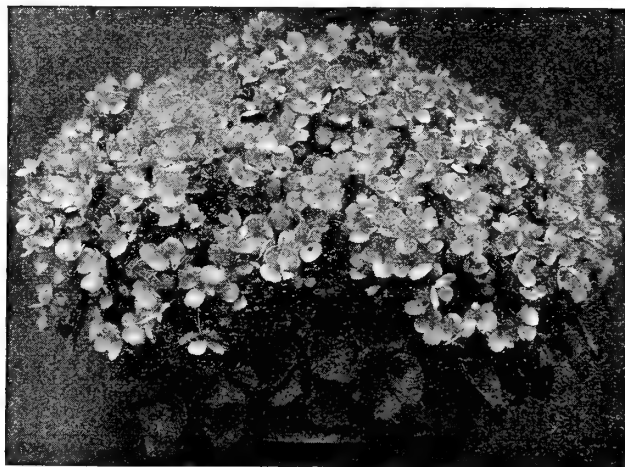
ALBA PICTA—Long leaves thickly spotted silver. Lovely pink flowers. 25c.
ARGENTEA GUTTATA—Extra deep green foliage, silvery white spots. 25c.
PICTA ROSEA—Bright silvery pink flowers, extra fine. 25c each.
CHATELAINE SUPREME—New Everblooming Begonia. Finest bloomer known; low bushy habit and literally covered the entire year with a wealth of beautiful Christmas-red flowers and yellow stamens. It well deserves the name of "Everblooming Begonia." 30c. 3 for 80c.
CORALLINE LUCERNE—Wonderful new Begonia bearing immense flower clusters of bright coral red, changing to a delicate pink. Every lady who has seen it in bloom has bought at least one. 40c each. 3 for \$1.10.
PRESIDENT CARNOT—Coral red; foliage green, bluish-red underneath. 25c.
SANDERSONII—Coral Begonia, scarlet crimson flowers blooming for months. 25c.

COLEUS Aptly called the "gardener's paint box." We have a superb assortment of brilliant colored varieties, fine for bedding. Used for beds in lawns and parks all over the country. See illustration to the left. These are all bush sorts; 10c each. 3 for 25c. 12, all different, \$1.00. 20, all different, \$1.50.

COLEUS—New Trailing Queen—Rich golden-yellow foliage often turning to pure white. Distinct trailing coleus with glorious foliage. **Trailing Beauty**—Center of leaves bright red or pink with a broad border of emerald green. Both showy for hanging baskets, window boxes or in pots, as branches hang gracefully over in festoons two to three feet long. Each, 20c. The two for 35c.

COLEUS—New Giant, Christmas Gem. Leaves immense, 8 to 12 inches long; cannot be excelled as a pot plant. Grows 2 to 3 feet high with huge leaves of bright carmine, shading to deep maroon with margins of yellow and green. 30c each. 3 for 80c.

Cigar Plant (Cuphea Platycentra) The old-fashioned cigar plant with numerous narrow, tubular flowers of scarlet tipped with purple. Popular because always in bloom, bright and attractive. Strong plants, 15c each. 3 for 35c.



A Pot of Flowering Begonia—Plant a Few

New Pink Hibiscus, "Peachblow" The flowers are double and from 4 to 5 inches in diameter; of a charming, rich, clear, pink color, with small, deep crimson center. It is one of the freest flowering plant novelties ever offered. The color is an entirely new and beautiful shade and it blooms abundantly and continuously during the summer and fall months. Large plants, 2 to 3 years old, make a magnificent show. It will give general satisfaction to those who grow it, either in pots or planted out in the garden. It blooms well in the winter in the greenhouse or in any sunny window. 35c each. Extra large plants, 60c each.

HIBISCUS, AURANTIACUS—Large and double, with orange colored flowers. 25 cents each. Extra large plants, ready to bloom, 50 cents.

HIBISCUS, CARMINIATUS PERFECTUS—Full, round flowers of perfect shape, colored a rich soft carmine-rose with a deep crimson eye; fully 6 inches in diameter. 25 cents each. Extra large plants, ready to bloom, 50 cents each.

HIBISCUS, DOUBLE CRIMSON—This superb variety has immense double flowers of richest crimson color combined with glossy green foliage. One of the best. 25 cents each. Extra large plants ready to bloom, 50 cents each.

HIBISCUS, GRANDIFLORUS—Rich, glossy, cut-leaved foliage, and the scarlet-crimson flowers literally cover the whole plant. This variety is famous for its beautiful flowers. 25 cents each. Extra large plants ready to bloom, 50 cents each.

HIBISCUS, SINENSIS GIGANTEA—For house cultivation all the year, or for planting outside during summer. Blooms at all times of year. Beautiful scarlet-crimson flowers of enormous size, often 6 to 8 inches across, seen from a long distance like a flaming torch. 25 cents each. Extra large plants, 50 cents each.

HIBISCUS, SUB-VIOLEACEUS—Flowers of enormous size, beautiful carmine, tinted with violet. Probably the largest flower of the Hibiscus family, and an unusually free bloomer. We take great pleasure in recommending this fine plant. 25 cents each. Extra large plants, ready to bloom, 50 cents each.

HIBISCUS, VERSICOLOR—An immense flowering variety, combining in its flowers all the colors of the Hibiscus family, being handsomely striped crimson, buff, rose and white. Gives a handsome and extremely novel effect. Flowers on large plants frequently eight inches in diameter. 25 cents each. Extra large plants, ready to bloom, 50 cents each.

New French Hydrangeas

AVALANCHE—A splendid large white, which has made an enviable reputation for itself in three seasons. An easy variety to force. Young plants, 30 cents. Strong plants, 50 cents each; 12 for \$5.00.

BOUQUET ROSE—A vigorous, healthy, easily grown hydrangea producing immense trusses of flowers of rosy-amber color, turning, after they become older, to a bright pink. Exhibition plants of this variety certainly created a sensation in the New York flower markets last season. Young plants, 30 cents each. Strong plants, 50 cents each.

E. G. HILL—Newest and best French variety and finest of the pink sorts. Color of a most pleasing shade of baby pink that does not fade. Growth very vigorous, foliage large and attractive. Trusses are immense and held erect. Young plants, 30 cents. Strong plants, 50 cents each.

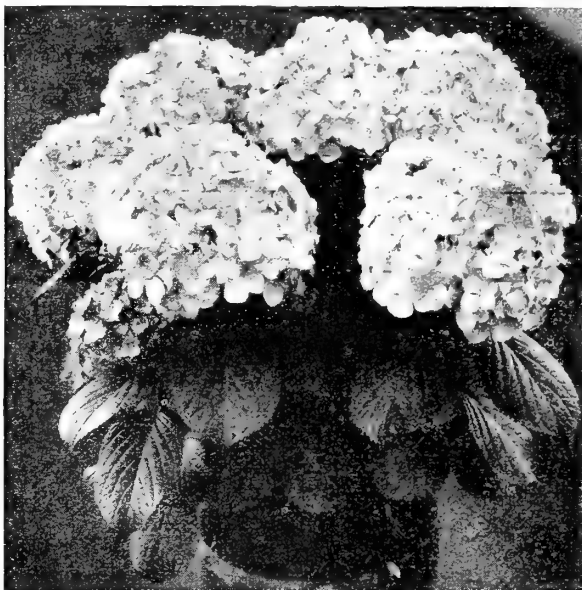
ETINCELANTI—A clear carmine; unusually fine red color for a Hydrangea. A clean and vigorous grower of unusual merit. Young plants, 40c each; 3 for \$1.10. Strong plants, 65c each; 12 for \$6.50.

SOUVENIR DE MADAME E. CHAUTARD—One of the best. Of splendid erect habit. Fine sized heads of bright rose-colored flowers. Young plants, 30c each; 3 for 80c. Strong plants, 50c each.

"HILLS OF SNOW"—The King of all Shrubs, the new Hydrangea *Aborensis Grandiflora Alba*. The most valuable hardy shrub ever introduced. This is the great new hardy shrub that has come to gladden our yards and gardens. We place it first and foremost of all shrubs. It makes a perfectly round, symmetrical bush that is covered from June to August with handsome large pure white flowers. Be sure and plant this new hardy shrub, it will please you greatly. Young plants, 25 cents each. Strong two-year-old plants, 50 cents; 12 for \$5.00.

MME. E. MOUILLERE—This has been the favorite white variety; very free flowering, of good size and form. Awarded silver medal at National Flower Show. A great London grower handled over thirty thousand of this variety alone in one season. Young plants, 30 cents. Strong plants, 50 cents each; 12 for \$5.00.

SATINET—Color, beautiful rose. This variety is so radiant that it resembles a piece of satin. Probably the best of all the French Hydrangeas. 40 cents each. Strong plants, 65 cents each; \$6.50 per dozen.



New French Hydrangea—"Hills of Snow"

MOUSSELINE—The famous Blue Flowered Hydrangea. Best of the blue varieties. Flower heads are large and held erect, as shown in our illustration of "Hills of Snow." Some soils and outdoor conditions change the blue color to mauve-rose with cream center. The color in Hydrangeas is often changed with outdoor planting. Young plants, 30c. Strong plants, 50c; 12 for \$5.00.

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS (Umbrella Plant) This is a plant of the easiest culture and a large specimen is as handsome as a palm for decoration. It makes a handsome pot plant or can be used in baskets or vases, making a charming effect. It will grow luxuriantly in water, and is, therefore, indispensable for aquariums or fountains. Our illustration shows this ornamental plant throwing up slender round stems with whorls of flat ribbon-like leaves. Give abundance of water; this plant does very well in dry soil but much better in moist soil. 20 cents each.

FERNS Every house ought to have one or more of these splendid decorative plants for the porches in summer or indoors in winter; easily grown.

ASPARAGUS FERNS—These ferns are listed on Page 77.

Boston Fern (*Nephrolepis Bostoniensis*). We have some beautiful specimens of this in our own home. The fronds frequently attain a length of five to six feet. Many call it the "fountain fern" on account of its graceful drooping habits. We use it as a house plant in winter and under shade trees in summer. Every one who sees these ferns admires them and wants to know how to get them. This is a standard and most popular variety. Fine young plants, 25 cents each. Extra strong plants, 75 cents each.

"Ostrich Plume" (*Nephrolepis Whitmanii*). It has taken gold medals wherever shown and we consider it one of the most valuable ferns introduced in many years. The large decorative fronds are made up of many leaflets that are themselves finely divided and really, it is a charming fern. Fine young plants, 35 cents. Strong plants, 85 cents.

The Wannamaker Fern (*Nephrolepis, John Wannamaker*). A new Fern of beauty. Long, narrow, gracefully drooping fronds. It is not so



Cyperus Alternifolius

compact growing so is very airy and especially suitable for growing in the house. It is very durable and a rapid grower, quite distinct from other Ferns. Fine young plants, 30 cents. Strong plants, 75 cents.

Roosevelt Fern (*Nephrolepis Roosevelt*). There's no fern that will compare with this new and charming variety. In general form like the Boston Fern, but produces many more fronds, making it bushier and more handsome. The pinnae are beautifully undulated, giving a wavy effect found in no other fern. In five years this fern grew next to the Boston in popularity. Its superiority will soon place it ahead. Fine young plants, 25 cents each. Extra strong plants, 75 cents.

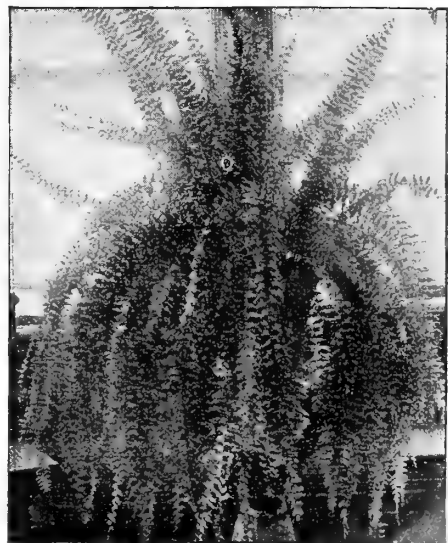
Baby's Breath Fern (*Nephrolepis Goodii*). This is the most delicate of all lace ferns. It really looks like filigree work. In many respects it is a far better and more ornamental variety than any of the others. It looks to us like the finest of all dish ferns. Fine plants, 50 cents each. Strong plants, \$1.00; postpaid.

Fluffy Ruffles Fern (*Nephrolepis Superbissima*). Wonderful new fern, having appearance of being a fern within a fern. Most hardy dense dark green foliage of all ferns; irregular fronds giving it its name. Very heavy and compact growing; we believe it the best fern ever grown. 75 cents each.

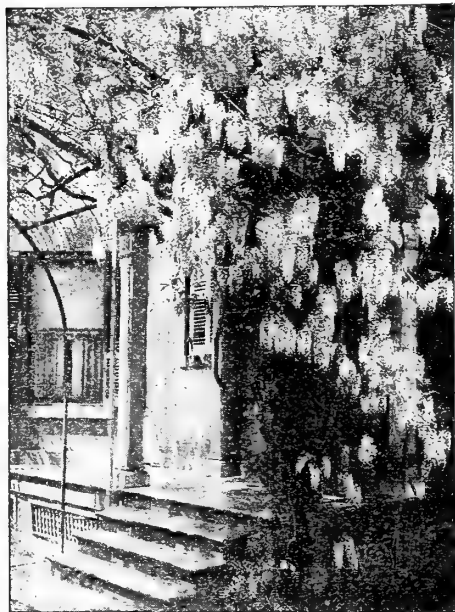
Teddy Junior Fern (*Nephrolepis Teddy Junior*). The fern for every household. A sport from the famous Roosevelt Fern, producing a similar but shorter frond. "Teddy Junior" will produce about four times as many fronds as any other fern, finishing with 50 to 60 fronds in a 4-inch pot. Compact, vigorous grower even under adverse conditions and owing to its habit of producing so much foliage in small pots, it makes the finest house plant yet introduced. Fine young plants, 25 cents. Strong plants, 75 cents each.

Big Four Fern (*Nephrolepis Splendida*). The most wonderful new fern. Has the grace of a Boston, wavy effect of a Roosevelt, fluffiness of an Ostrich Plume and uniqueness of a Fish Tail; hence the name. 25 cents each. Extra strong plants, 75 cents.

Norwood Fern (*N. Norwood*). New fern with a cast of blue that submerges the green; fronds finely cut and each pinna is crested or split, giving it a splendid and unique appearance. Becoming famous all over the United States. 50 cents each. Extra strong plants, \$1.00. Be sure to try this excellent Fern.



Boston Fern (*Nephrolepis Bostoniensis*)



Chinese Wisteria—See Opposite Page

MOONFLOWERS

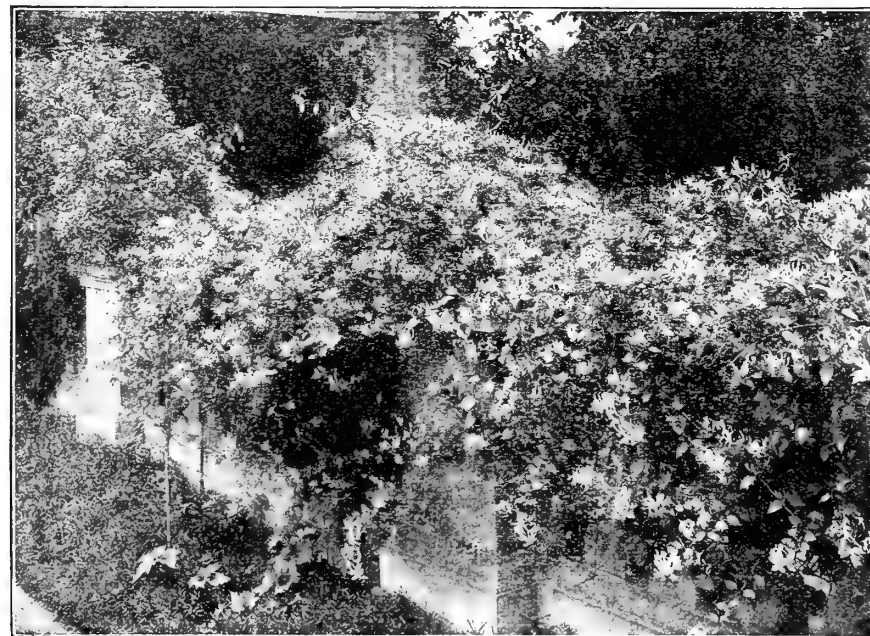
We sell thousands of plants of this magnificent porch climber every year in our city store here in Atlanta. In daytime the Moonflowers (both white and blue) furnish dense shade for the porch and at night and on cloudy days are a mass of bloom. No home should be without one or more plants of Moonflower. They are superb. See illustration at top of Page 63.

Giant White Moonflower

A giant in growth and in size of flowers and is wonderfully fragrant. A decided improvement over the old White; flowers being nearly twice as large, often over six inches across, and practically covering the whole vine. Growth is very rapid in light, rich soil and wonderful for shading porches. Fine plants, 20 cents each. 3 for 50c. 12 for \$1.90.

Heavenly Blue Moonflower

Often attains a growth of 40 to 50 feet and makes a dense mass of beautiful dark green foliage. Blooms from June until frost, the plants being fairly covered with the immense blooms of beautiful sky blue with reddish-purple rays every night and on cloudy days. Fine plants, 20 cents each. 3 for 50c. 12 for \$1.90.



Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan—Wonderful Sweet Scented, Hardy Climbing Plants

FUCHSIAS

There are few ladies that don't want to grow Fuchsias and they are easily grown in almost all parts of the South if the right varieties are planted. The failures come from trying to grow varieties not adapted. The following list of Fuchsias is made up of right varieties for the South. They make one of the most delicately beautiful of all flowers. The writer thinks they are the most interesting, attractive and charming flowers grown. 20c each. The 7 below, \$1.25.

BLACK PRINCE—Finest for the amateur grower; very hardy free bloomer with buds of beautiful waxy carmine or pink color. 20c each. \$2.00 per dozen.

ERNEST RENAN—The white sepals show off the charming reddish blue corolla to a striking and delightful advantage. This is very attractive. 20c each. \$2.00 per dozen.

LITTLE BEAUTY—Red sepals, sky-blue corolla, so free blooming it almost hides the plant. 20c each. \$2.00 per dozen.

LORD BYRON—A splendid Fuchsia. Red sepals, corolla of the richest shade of royal purple. So free in flower as to almost hide the plant. 20c each. \$2.00 per dozen.

MADAME VAN DER STRASS—This is the best of the double white corolla Fuchsias. Very beautiful. 20c each. \$2.00 per dozen.

SPECIOSA—Of erect and compact habit. Flowers star-shaped and two to three inches long, the tube and sepals of bright rose color, corolla brilliant carmine. 20c each.

TENOR—Red sepals, double purple corolla. Royal deep coloring; very rich. 20c each. These seven exquisite Fuchsias 20 cents each. One each of the 7 for \$1.25.

HONEYSUCKLES

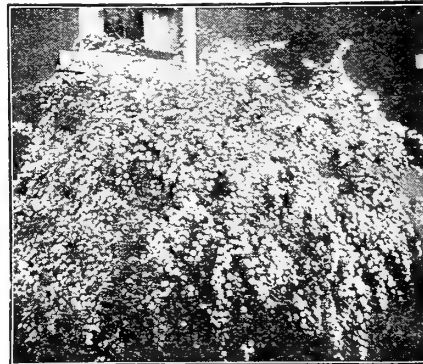
The flowers are sweet-scented and the growth luxurious. They make wonderful growth and last for years. Splendid for covering fences, stumps, arbors, etc.; fragrant and pleasant, attractive, in perfect taste on practically any lawn and especially easy to grow, requiring little or no cultivation. The four for 70 cents.

AUREA RETICULATA (Golden Leaved)—Variety with beautiful variegated foliage of yellow, white and pink. Fine plants, 20 cents each. 3 for 50c. \$1.90 per dozen.

CHINESE EVERGREEN—Sweet-scented. Blooms nearly all the season; flowers buff, yellow and white. Very desirable sort; 20 cents each. 3 for 50c. \$1.90 per dozen.

HALL'S JAPAN—Sweet-scented. Most consistent bloomer of the class; beautiful yellow and white flowers cover the entire vine. Notice the illustration from an unretouched photograph below. This is the kind so highly prized throughout the South. 20 cents each. \$1.90 per dozen.

SCARLET TRUMPET (Red Coral)—A rapid grower, bright red with trumpet-shaped flowers. 20c each. \$1.90 per doz.



Spirea or Bridal Wreath—See Next Page

PANSIES

One of the most satisfactory plants and our Emperor Pansies are the best the world produces. They are the choicest large-flowering sorts, both of European and American growers. It has been our grower's aim to make this the finest strain of this favored flower in existence. We have a large assortment and can supply you in any quantity you may want. Plants, 6 for 25c. 40c a dozen. 100 for \$3.00.

Platycodon Grandiflorum (Bush Clematis)

A beautiful free-flowering plant simply covered with flowers that resemble somewhat the clematis. This is really an extraordinary bush plant that will please you. Grows 2½ feet high. White or Blue. Either color—Each, 20 cents. 3 for 50c.

Petunias

A splendid assortment made up of California Giants and our Ruffled Giant Petunias in a wonderful assortment of colors and forms. These are the most beautiful of all Petunias. 20 cents each. \$1.90 per dozen.

PINKS

HARDY SCOTCH OR SWEET MAY—All-round favorites in the South. These are the Pinks of our mothers' gardens. Fine for beds, edging and porch boxes. These come in all colors and no old-fashioned garden or bed is complete without the beautiful Sweet May Pinks. 15 cents each. \$1.50 per dozen.

HER MAJESTY—New Hardy Scotch Pink with pure white flowers; fine for cemetery as well as home planting. 15 cents each. 12 for \$1.50.

HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOX

PRICES—Varieties marked 30c are 3 for 80c; 12 for \$3.10. 35c varieties are 3 for 90c; 12 for \$3.50.

Listed below we have twelve separate and distinct varieties especially adapted to the South. As a special offer, we will send you one of each of these twelve varieties of Hardy Perennial Phlox for \$3.00; postpaid.

BRIDESMAID—Pure white, clear carmine eye. Large round heads. 25c. 3, 65c.
EMILE LITRE—Large flower, crimson with cherry-red eye. 30c.

FANTOME—Deep lavender, edged and shaded white. Dwarf. 35c.

FERDINAND CORTEZ—Deep rose-pink, shaded salmon towards center. 35c.

MISS LINGARD—Pearly white with faint yellow eye. Remarkable bloomer. 2 or 3 crops each season. Superb cut flower. 30c.

PANTHEON—Large, clear, deep, bright pink with faint halo; a very charming variety of Phlox. 30c.

RHEINLANDER—New. A great beauty. Rare shade of salmon-pink with distinct claret-red eye. Very large. 30c.

RIVERTON JEWELL—Tender peach blossom pink with bright rose eye and suffusion. Extra large; erect. 30c.

R. P. STRUTHERS—Clear cherry-red, suffused with salmon shades; deep red eye. The very best Phlox grown. 25c. 3 for 65c. 12 for \$2.50.

RYNSTROM—Medium tall, most exquisite pink. Fine. 25c.
SIENBOLD—Bright vermilion-red overlaid with orange-scarlet; crimson-red eye. Surely will please everybody. 30c.

SUNSET—Beautiful orange-red. One of the finest and most showy with its glowing color. 25c. 3 for 65c.

Pelargoniums (Lady Washington Geraniums). Grandest of all flowering plants; do not resemble the common geraniums in any particular, neither in foliage nor in flower; more beautiful in every way. We here offer the everblooming set of Pelargoniums, every one entirely different in color and every one a beauty. The Lady Washington Geraniums are the handsomest of all flowers—once seen, never forgotten. Separate named varieties. 30c each; the five for \$1.25—a wonderful selection.
EASTER GREETING—Earliest and very large fiery amaranth-red florets; only kind that blooms in beds as well as in pots all summer long.

GARDNER'S JOY—Ground color of apple-blossom pink, the two upper petals having blotches of carbon-brown; florets 3½ inches across in enormous clusters.

GLORY—Robust grower and splendid novelty. Florets and cluster very large; ground color, Cattleya-blue, like the Cattleya Orchid; the upper petals with two large purple magenta-red spots, distinctly veined. Beautiful new color in Pelargoniums.

LUCY BECKER—This grand novelty is a sport from Easter Greeting and like it in every way except color, which is rosy-pink. Even better bloomer.

PRINCE—Immense flowers strongly crimped. Color rich purple with velvety black blotches. Robust. Large clusters; beautiful foliage. Rich shade; flowers with 6 to 10 enormous petals. Very striking.

Philadelphus or Syringa (Virginal). Virginal, we believe, is the most beautiful variety of this most beautiful ever-blooming species. It is exceptionally vigorous, a tall grower with very large, double-crested flowers with round petals. The flowers are pure white, sweetly scented and are borne in magnificent clusters of five to seven. Virginal is a new variety but already leads all the older kinds and you will be delighted with this hardy deciduous shrub in your own yard. Good strong plants, 50c each. 3 for \$1.40.

Plumbago Capensis This flower is a great favorite in the Atlanta section and is easily grown in open ground almost everywhere in the South. No collection of flowers should be without one or more plants of Plumbago Capensis, giving as it does an abundance of lovely sky blue flowers. 15c each. 3 for 35c. 12 for \$1.30.

Shasta Daisy (Burbank's). One of the marvelous productions in the flower line. Extremely hardy perennial with large, free-blooming flowers that last 2 weeks after being cut. 20c each. Two kinds, 35c. \$1.90 per dozen.



A Bed of Hardy or Perennial Phlox—Most Beautiful and Pleasing—Lasts for Years

SALVIA See illustration of this all-summer bloomer on page 66. No plant is more popular in the South than the Salvia for bedding. In late summer and fall up to the time frost comes it is a mass of blooms, and in the case of the scarlet varieties it makes a mass of fiery red unequaled by any other flower on our list. Some of our Atlanta customers buy them by the hundreds for bedding purposes. Prices of all varieties, 10c each. 3 for 20c. 12 for 70c.

SCARLET SPLENDENS—Standard bedding, fiery scarlet. 10c.

SALVIA SPLENDENS ALBA—Pure white variety. 10 cents.

AMERICA—Splendid new dwarf Salvia. Compact bush completely covered with rich scarlet flowers. Wonderful bedding variety. 10c.

ST. LOUIS—Almost double flowers; long spikes; rich red. 10c.

ZURICH—Dwarf red and a splendid bloomer. 10c.

Sanseveria Zeylanica or Zebra Plant

A very odd but beautiful plant especially adapted to house culture during winter and for porches during summer. Leaves are beautifully striped crosswise with white variegations on a green ground. Can be grown either in sunlight or in dark parts of the room and stands dust and drying out without damage. It can be placed in any position in any room and do well. For vases and baskets it is fine. In all, a beautiful decorative plant requiring scarcely any water. Fine plants, 25c. 3 for 65c. 12 for \$2.50.

Spirea--Bridal Wreath One of the very finest shrubs for the South and of the easiest culture; perfectly hardy and grows to enormous size. One in Mr. H. G. Hastings' yard is over twenty feet in diameter and one round solid mass of white while in bloom. Very hardy and earliest flowering. See illustration on opposite page: We also have **Anthony Waterer, the Crimson Spirea**. It is of compact low bush form, covered nearly the whole growing season with large umbels of flowers measuring nearly a foot across. Either kind—one-year plants, 25c. Strong two-year plants, 60c each.

Tradescantia (Wandering Jew). This fine trailing plant is very popular for baskets and window boxes. You will be pleased with the two distinct kinds. 15c each.

Viburnum--Snowball (Guelder Rose). Large size globular clusters of snow-white flowers. A well-known favorite shrub of old-time fame and popularity. Strong plants, 50c each. 3 for \$1.40.

Violets **PRINCESS OF WALES**—Violet-blue, single.
LADY HUME CAMPBELL—Best double purple.

SWANLEY WHITE—Exquisite double white flowers.

PRICES—Plants, 20c each. 12 for \$1.30. Not Prepaid—100 for \$14.00.

Wistaria--Chinese Splendid climber for porch shade. When in full bloom truly magnificent with its masses of flowers in long drooping racemes like bunches of grapes. See illustration of this most attractive hardy climber on opposite page. 25 cents. Large plants, 50c each.

Yucca Filamentosa (Spanish Dagger). A most striking and attractive yard ornament. The Yucca blooms every year, bearing long, straight stalks surmounted with large umbels or heads of white flowers. 25c each.

Geraniums--Eclipse Collection \$1.50 Postpaid

PLANT GERANIUMS

The Eclipse Collection, containing varieties described below, contains the cream of all double and semi-double Geraniums for Southern use. There is hardly anything that will give more satisfaction than a dozen Geraniums for outdoor blooming during summer, and indoor bloom during the winter months.

12 Best Geraniums All different. \$1.50, postpaid. If ordered separate from collection, 20 cents each. \$1.00 for six. \$1.75 a dozen.

Alphonse Ricard VERMILION. A most beautiful shade of bright vermilion; large flowers and enormous trusses; a grand variety.

American Beauty NEW—CE-RISE ROSE. The same color as the famous American Beauty Rose. A very fine bloomer.

Aurora NEW—SALMON PINK. One of the very finest and a beautiful new variety of exceptional merit. We don't know of any other who has this new beauty and we are very fortunate in being able to include it in this famous Geranium collection at such a low price.

Beaute Poitevine LIGHT PINK. Beautiful shade of shrimp-pink, gradually shading to white as the flower becomes older. This variety is a universal favorite and certainly deserves its reputation.

Helen Mitchell SCARLET. A cross between Jean Viaud and Alphonse Ricard and the introducers claim for it supremacy in brilliance of color, in size of bloom, vigor and strength. It is semi-double and of the clearest possible shade of scarlet. Its growth is compact, semi-dwarf, with lustrous green foliage. New variety with which you will be delighted.

Jean Viaud RICH PINK. This is the best large-flowering double pink Geranium in cultivation. The color is the richest deep pink, shading near the base of the petals to light pink, the base of the upper petals being creamy-white. If you want a large flowering Geranium this is the one to plant.

La Favorite PURE WHITE. In this Geranium we believe we have the finest double white variety that has ever been grown. The flowers are borne in large trusses of the purest snow-white, retaining this pure whiteness even in the height of summer, and for winter blooming they are all that can be desired. Do not fail to include this charming variety in your list of separate varieties. It is the supreme white.

Madame Barney DEEP PINK. A very profuse bloomer with enormous florets of a deep pure pink color. This Geranium is an excellent bedder because of its large, showy flowers.

Marquis de Castellane SOLFERINO. This solferino or deep aniline pink is a decidedly unique and very bright color for a Geranium and strikingly beautiful. The splendid habit of growth makes it one of the best of all and you will be delighted with this splendid variety.

Marquis de Montmart PURPLE. This is known as the Blue Geranium. It is really a very rich purple and a most striking color. We are glad we can afford to offer this in our collection.

Mrs. E. G. Hill LIGHT SALMON. An exquisite single Geranium and a most profuse bloomer of a soft light salmon with each petal bordered with rose-salmon. There is no better variety than this and although the only single variety in our collection it is just as worthy as the doubles.

S. A. Nutt CRIMSON RED. This, the finest of dark crimson Geraniums, has now taken the lead as a bedding Geranium, being used in the largest parks and public grounds of the country in preference to all others. Its dense, compact growth, profuse blooming and almost sun-proof constitution combined, give it the prominence as a bedder it has attained.

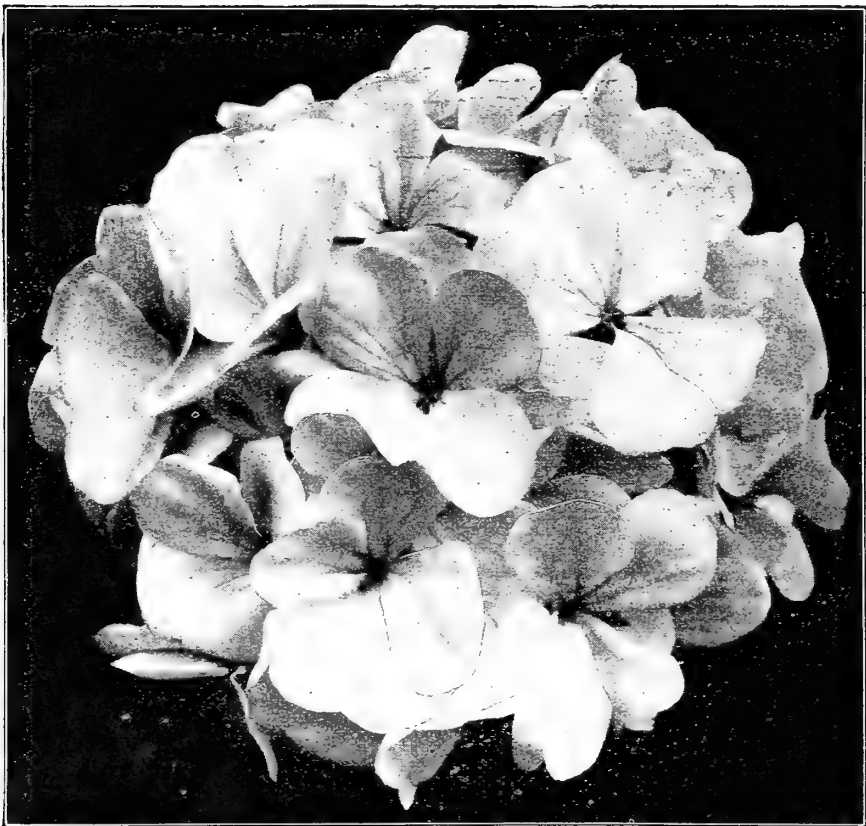
SWEET SCENTED GERANIUMS

We have many inquiries for the old sweet-scented Geraniums and can supply these varieties this season. 20 cents each. 2 for 35c.

LEMON—Foliage has a very pronounced lemon scent.

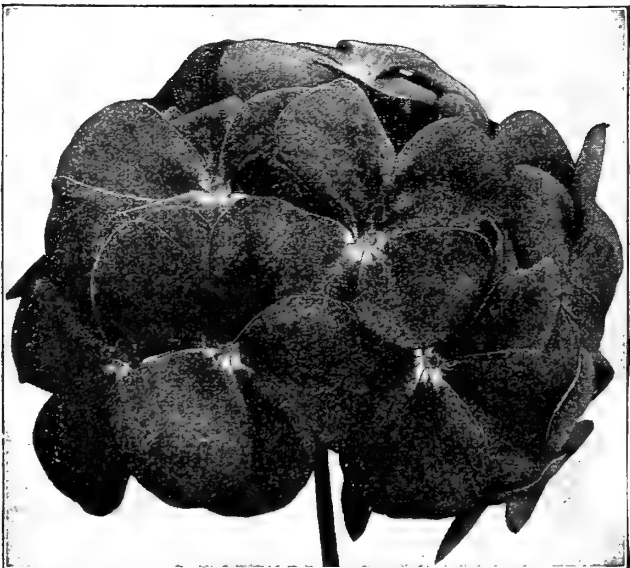
NUTMEG—Foliage has a very decided true nutmeg fragrance.

ROSE—The famous sweet rose-scented geraniums. Very fragrant.



Type of La Favorite—Showing Exquisite Double Light Colored Geranium

Geraniums are especially suited to the South for pot plants, baskets, urns, porch and window boxes, bedding, edging and low borders. They have a richness of color and deepness of tone not found in any other flower; they are healthy, vigorous growers and the beautiful brilliant heads of bloom will give any place the appearance of a cheerful, loving home.



S. A. Nutt—Showing Rich Double Type of Dark Geraniums

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

12 Superb Exhibition Varieties Postpaid for \$1.50

The Chrysanthemum has a distinct place among flowers. Nothing will stand as much neglect and bad treatment without serious injury, and the blooming period comes when most other flowers are gone, being in their prime from September to December. The following list contains the best varieties in size, color, and vigorous growth for the South. All varieties except Harvard, which we particularly like as the finest red, are entirely different from last year's collection. This is the finest "Mum." collection we have ever offered.

20 Cents Each Or **\$1.75 a dozen** if ordered separate from the collection

Black Hawk **DEEP CRIMSON.** There is no finer variety of this color; an extra fine rich colored variety of the very largest size. A close rival to Harvard and preferred by those wanting larger flowers.

Bronze Beauty **BRONZE-RED.** Reverse sides of petals are yellow. Unique and this double coloring is becoming quite popular now with the finer varieties. The bronze is very rich and beautiful, making an exquisite flower.

Chieftain **PINK.** The most popular of all the pink Chrysanthemums and good in every way. It's the standard commercial pink and our selected strain is the very best. Blooms in October.

Clementine Touse **WHITE.** The most wonderful of all whites. Color is pure snow-white, often finished with day-break pink and its size is immense. You are sure to prize this grand variety.

Golden Queen **BRIGHT YELLOW.** The best yellow for early October, maturing about the tenth. Fine incurved form and mighty satisfactory. An expensive Mum we are happy to offer in our collection.

Harvard **DARK CRIMSON.** Japanese reflexed petaled variety of very dark crimson. Very late; the finest red Chrysanthemum. The rich color has received greatest praise as it is so rare to find a red except in a dull color. Extra fine.

Marigold **GOLDEN YELLOW.** Unsurpassed in size and color. Usually there is rivalry as to who will grow the largest and most beautiful flowers. This is a monster, the biggest of all.

Miss Minnie Bailey **PINK.** One of the grandest of all pink Chrysanthemums. In finish it is exquisite, showing not the least trace of coarseness. Very refined and simply lovable.

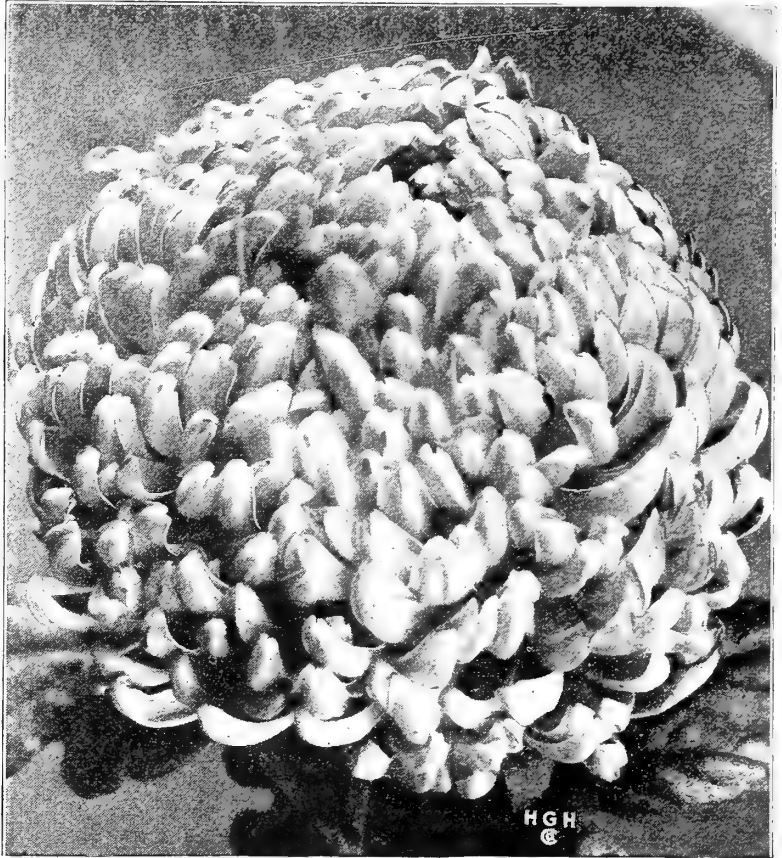
October Frost **WHITE.** Purest snow white, fairly glistening in its purity. Starts flowering in early September and said to be the finest extra early white. Extra fine.

Pacific Supreme **PINK.** This grand variety has literally leaped into popularity. Flowers are so large as to startle you. Color from lavender-pearl to richest pink.

Silver Wedding **BLUSH WHITE.** Ball shaped beauty of pure glistening white with a slight pink tinge. Long, strong stems, hardy and prolific. Extra fine.

Yellow Advance **YELLOW.** By far the best early large-flowering Chrysanthemum. Very early, yellow, rich in color and extra fine. Adds greatly to collection for best early as well as medium and late varieties.

NOTE! For largest flowers give careful attention, pinch off all but one bud at head of stem and pinch off side shoots. It certainly pays to grow Mums with care. No flower is more magnificent. If not pruned, plants produce more flowers but of smaller size.

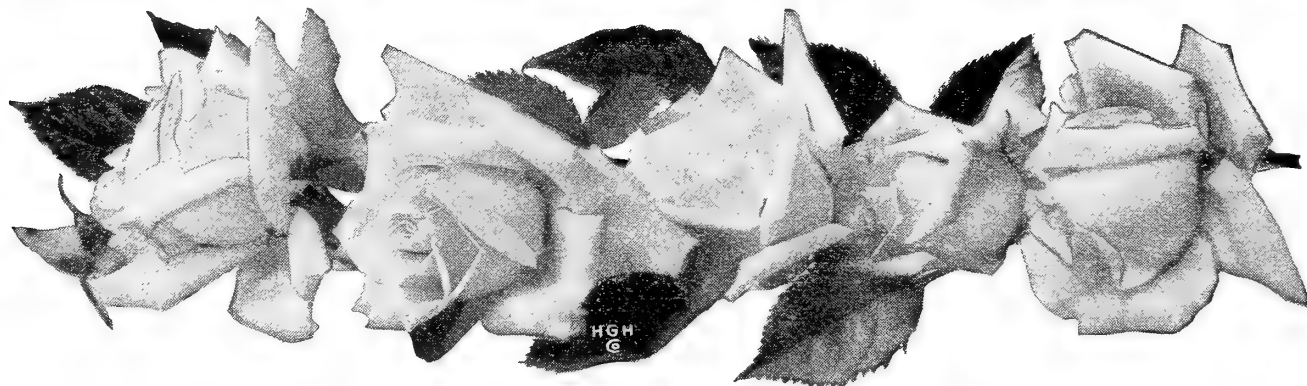


Golden Queen Type of Handsome Large Incurved "Mums"
Flower lovers naturally plant "Mums." They well repay anything you may do in extra care with their huge and handsome flowers



October Frost Type of Finest Early White Chrysanthemums

1925 SUNNY SOUTH ROSE COLLECTION



12 MOST MAGNIFICENT EVER-BLOOMING ROSES FOR THE SOUTH 3 Red, 3 White, 3 Pink, 3 Yellow---\$1.50---Postpaid in United States ALL SHOWN IN FULL NATURAL COLORS ON INSIDE REAR COVER

Every year our Sunny South Collection becomes more popular. No two varieties alike and each year we make a change of varieties to include the very finest and best new varieties in existence to date. Any one who ordered our 1924 collection last year can order our 1925 collection and get altogether different varieties from those they got last year, and only such varieties as are well adapted to Southern plantings. Twelve well-rooted rose plants for \$1.50 is a bargain for any one. If ordered separate from collection, 25 cents each; \$2.50 a dozen unless priced otherwise. Write for special prices on large quantities.

Etoile de Hollande SCARLET RED. Large, semi-double flowers of a very beautiful scarlet red. Deliciously perfumed flowers are fairly full of petals; growth is vigorous and upright. This Rose is believed to have a great future; a fine blooming hybrid tea cross between "General McArthur" and "Hadley" by Verschuren of Holland. First mentioned in American Rose Annual of 1921.

Commonwealth DEEP PINK. Newest Hybrid Tea Rose on our list, first registered with the American Rose Society in 1922. Buds are large and long-pointed; flower large, open, double, very lasting; really a deep pink solid color. Flowers borne singly on medium-strong stems; moderate fragrance. Foliage sufficient, leathery, medium size, rich green, disease-resistant. Few thorns; vigorous, upright growth and a continuous bloomer. Commonwealth is an exceptional new Rose. (Each, 45c. 3 for \$1.25. Dozen, \$4.50.)

Etoile de France RED. This Hybrid Tea Rose, also called Crimson Maman Cochet and Star of France, is a splendid garden variety and is very popular. It is rather low growing, with sufficient foliage, vigorous and with very good color.

Etoile de Lyon SULPHUR YELLOW. An old variety of France, low, compact growing; sufficient foliage, healthy; blooms best early and late in season; bright sulphur yellow in color. Also called Golden Bedder and Star of Lyon.

Ivory WHITE. Tea Rose; a pure white sport from Golden Gate and also called White Golden Gate. Its parent is a cross between Safrano and Cornelia Cook, two splendid Roses. Forces well and is a good garden grower.

Lady Plymouth IVORY CREAM. Tea Rose of a pearly, delicate but deep ivory-cream, faintly flushed, giving a most piquant finish. Improved type of older yellow Teas. Good in color, form and lasting qualities. Foliage especially fine and growth bushy; bloomer. Awarded Gold Medal National Rose Society of England and Silver Medal Crystal Palace Show, London.

Miss Amelia Gude CREAMY YELLOW. New 1921 Hybrid Tea, cross between Columbia and Sunburst. Buds long-pointed; flower 35 to 40 petals, medium size, lasting, outer petals reflexing. Deep yellow center shading to cream; fragrant. Foliage handsome dark green; very vigorous, upright; very free bloomer. Excellent. (Each, 35c.)

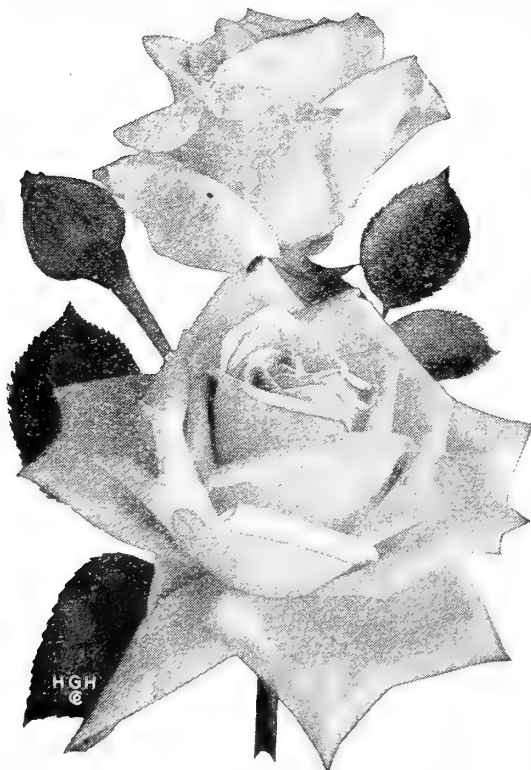
Mrs. H. R. Darlington PALE YELLOW. New 1920 Hybrid Tea. An enormous, finely shaped bloom; very free flowering, lasting exhibition Rose, very full with broad, shapely petals. An exceptional Rose and Gold Medal winner, British N. R. S.

Premier DEEP ROSE. Hybrid Tea cross from an Ophelia seedling and the famous Mrs. Charles Russell. Large, fine form, double, fine fragrance; medium to medium-long stem. Foliage good and sufficient. Growth medium strong; hardy. Color deep rose-pink.

White Ophelia WHITE. New Sport of Ophelia but stronger. Bud large, ovoid; flower large, well formed, semi-double, very lasting, borne singly on strong stems; strong, sweet fragrance. Color white with pink center tinge that disappears on opening. Foliage sufficient, leathery, rich green. Vigorous, grows 3 to 4 feet high; abundant and continuous bloomer. (Each, 35c. 3 for 95c. Dozen, \$3.50.)

William Notting ROSY CERISE. Hybrid Tea also called "Indiana." Large, full, fine form, fragrant, long stem. Sufficient; healthy foliage. Growth average; hardy. Bright rosy cerise with deeper center. Free bloomer and very satisfactory garden Rose.

William Shean PINK. Purest pink Hybrid Tea Rose; petals well shaped and exceptionally long; flowers of immense size, wonderful substance and of perfect form. Free blooming; a distinct sort. Gold Medal winner.



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria—Splendid Rose
See Page 85

NEVER TOO MANY ROSES SOUTH

When the last word has been said for all the other Flowers, the Rose is the one plant in the South of which there cannot be enough. On page 84 we give you our idea of a splendid assortment of Ever-Blooming Bush Roses. On this page we offer a general assortment of the best varieties. These are all healthy, well-rooted plants from small 2-inch pots. **Roses priced 20c are \$2.00 dozen. 25c Roses are \$2.50 dozen. 30c plants are \$3.00 dozen. 35c plants are \$3.50 dozen.**

ALEXANDER HILL GRAY—Largest pure yellow Rose. Extra fine. 20c.
ANTOINE RIVOIRE—Famous Mrs. Taft Rose. Creamy white with rainbow tints. 25c.
BABY RAMBLER—BUSH FORM—Red (Baby Rambler), White (Catherine Ziemet), Pink (Anna Muller). Each of dwarf habit and covers entire plant with blooms all summer and fall. For pots, bedding or hedges. 20c each.
BESSIE BROWN—Creamy white flowers; immense size. 25c.
BLUMENSCHMIDT—Richest lemon yellow, often tinged pink. 20c.
BRIDESMAID—Best deep pink rose. 25c. 12 for \$2.50.
CATHERINE MERMET—Color clear, rosy pink. 20c.
CHAMPION OF THE WORLD—Deep, rich, rosy pink; hardy, prolific. 20c.
CHARLES K. DOUGLAS—Intense flaming scarlet, flushed bright crimson. 40c.
CLOTHILDE SOUPERT—Pure white, pink center. 20c.
COL. R. S. WILLIAMSON—Satiny white with deep blush center. 20c.
COL. LAWALD FITZGERALD—Excellent velvety blood-red. 25c.
COLUMBIA—Extra large true intense pink. One of the great Roses. 25c.
CORNELIA COOK—No better white rose. Very fine. 20c.
CRIMSON QUEEN—Always in bloom; rich bright velvety crimson. 30c.
CRUSADER—Free flowering rich velvety crimson red. 30c.
DEVONIENSIS—Magnolia fragrance, creamy white color. 20c.
DUCHESS DE BRABANT—Bright salmon pink. 20c.
DUCHESS OF ALBANY—(Red La France). Charming. 20c.
ECARLATE—A superb deep scarlet bedding rose for the South. 20c.
EDEL—Very large white with faint ivory shading. 30c.
EDWARD MAWLEY—Finest dark crimson Rose. 20c.
EMRESS EUGENIE—Deep rich pink; double; hardy. 20c.
EUGENE E. MARLITT—Very free bloomer; richest bright carmine, full flushed. 20c.
FLORENCE PEMBERTON—Fine summer bloomer. Creamy white and pink. 20c.
FRANCIS SCOTT KEY—Deep red rose. Wins everywhere. 35c.
FRANK W. DUNLOP—New pink. International Sweepstakes. 30c.
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—"White American Beauty." 40c.
F. R. PATZER—Creamy-buff, reverse delicate pink; extra fine. 20c.
GENERAL McARTHUR—New superb deep red rose. 20c.
GEN. SUPERIOR ARNOLD JANSSEN—Glowing carmine. 20c.
GLOIRE DES BELGES—Exquisite carmine and cochineal. 35c.
GOLDEN OPHELIA—Bright golden yellow. Excellent. 35c.
GRUSS an TEPLITZ—Brightest scarlet to velvety crimson. 20c.
HADLEY—Deep velvety crimson, strong grower, shapely buds. 30c.
HELEN GOOD—The \$1,000 rose. Diffused pink and yellow. 25c.
HELEN GOULD—Richest watermelon red. 25c.
HENRIETTE—Fiery orange-crimson, changing to coral-salmon. 35c.
HOOSIER BEAUTY—Glowing crimson-scarlet. 25c.
JONKHEER J. L. MOCK—A glorious pink rose. 20c.
KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA—Extra pure double white. 25c.
KILLARNEY—Clear rich deep shell-pink. 20c.
KILLARNEY BRILLIANT—Clear pink in bright weather, almost crimson in dull. Best of the Killarneys. Extra fine. 35c.
LADY HILLINGDON—Deep intense golden yellow. 20c.
LADY ROBERTS—Rich golden yellow garden Rose. 25c.



Mlle. Francisca Kruger—Deep Coppery-yellow

LA FRANCE—Magnificent silvery pink flowers. 20c.
LA TOSCA—Soft pink, tinted with rosy white. 20c.
LAURENT CARLE—Deep rosy carmine. Extra fine. 20c.
LOS ANGELES—One of finest ever introduced. Luminous pink toned coral and shaded gold at base. Large, rich, fragrant. 40c.
MADAME BUTTERFLY—New pink, apricot and gold blend. 35c.
MADAME CAROLINE TESTOUT—A grand bright pink. 20c.
MADAME JENNY GILLEMOT—Deep saffron yellow; large. 20c.
MADAME JULES GROLEZ—Rose and satiny pink; extra. 20c.
MADAME SECOND WEBER—Grand deep pink. 20c.
MADMOISELLE CECILE BRUNER—Most popular baby Rose. salmon pink. It has become quite the rage and is very fine. 20c.
MLLE. FRANCISCA KRUGER—Deep, coppery-yellow. 20c.
MADISON—Extra double pure white. Mildew proof. 20c.
METEOR—A grand, rich dark red rose; extra fine. 20c.
MISS WILMOT—Sulphury cream with flush. Most refined. 25c.
MRS. BENJ. R. CANT—Full form, very light red color. 20c.
MRS. GEO. SHAWYER—Bright peach pink, long stems. 20c.
MRS. MACKELLAR—Deep citron or delicate canary yellow. 25c.
MY MARYLAND—Clear glowing pink; extra. 20c.
NATIONAL EMBLEM—Dark crimson; perfect beauty. 25c.
OPHELIA—Salmon-flesh, shaded rose. Excellent. 35c.
PAPA GONTIER—Rich, bright red, very fine bloomer. 25c.
PAUL NEYRON—Giant pink hybrid perpetual. Free bloomer. 25c.
PERLE DES JARDINS—Clear golden-yellow, very rich. 20c.
PILGRIM—Bright rose-pink; perfect buds and flowers. 30c.
PINK MAMON COCHET—Queen of garden roses. 25c. 12 for \$2.50.
RADIANCE—Brilliant rosy carmine; greatest pink Rose of today. 25c.
RED LETTER DAY—Glowing crimson scarlet. 20c.
RED RADIANCE—Rich deep red; just as fine as Radiance. 25c.
RHEA REID—Richest deep crimson; fine for gardens. 20c.
SNOWFLAKE—Snow white; most profuse bloomer of all Roses. 20c.
SOUVENIR DE PIERRE NOTTING—Orange-yellow, bordered carmine. 20c.
SUNBURST—Large golden orange; exceptional garden Rose. 20c.
THE QUEEN—Beautiful large, pure white. Extra. 20c.
WELLESLEY—Self pink; very bright in color. 20c.
WHITE LA FRANCE—Pure white, fawn shadings. 20c.
WHITE MAMON COCHET—No finer white Rose than this. Excellent. 25c.
WM. R. SMITH—Delicate blush pink. Has no superior as garden rose. 25c.
YVONNE VACHEROT—Porcelain-white, retouched with red. First merit. 20c.

THE BEST OF ALL OUR CLIMBING ROSES

AMERICAN PILLAR—Enormous flowers of apple blossom pink; white eye. 25c.
CLIMBING AUGUSTA VICTORIA—This ivory white climber is elegant. 20c.
CLIMBING DEVONIENSIS—The climbing magnolia rose; bluish white. 20c.
CLIMBING HELEN GOULD—Richest watermelon-red. Very free. Grand. 20c.
CLIMBING MAMON COCHET—Climbing Pink Mamon Cochet. 25c.
CLIMBING METEOR—The acme of all red climbing roses. 20c.
CLIMBING PAPA GONTIER—Bright coral-red; extra. 20c.
CLIMBING SOUV. DE LA MALMAISON—Creamy-flesh; peach-pink center. 20c.
CLIMBING WHITE MAMON COCHET—Climbing form of White Cochet. 20c.
CLOTH OF GOLD, or CHROMATELLA—Clear golden-yellow, full, double. 20c.
DOROTHY PERKINS—The most popular of the Rambler roses for the South. In color a beautiful shell pink. Red Dorothy Perkins, same price. 25c.
LAMARQUE—A beautiful white Southern rose and a strong grower. 20c.
MARY WALLACE—New Pillar Rose. Semi-double rose pink. Best of all. 75c.
PILLAR OF GOLD—Apricot and golden yellow. 20c.
REINE MARIE HENRIETTA—Deep cherry-red; sweet scented. 20c.
REVE DE OR, or GOLDEN CHAIN—Climbing Safrano. Color orange-yellow. 20c.
THE MARECHAL NEIL—A golden-yellow rose famous the whole world over. Extra strong plants, Marechal Neil only. \$1.00 and \$1.50 each.



Climbing Rose on a Southern Home

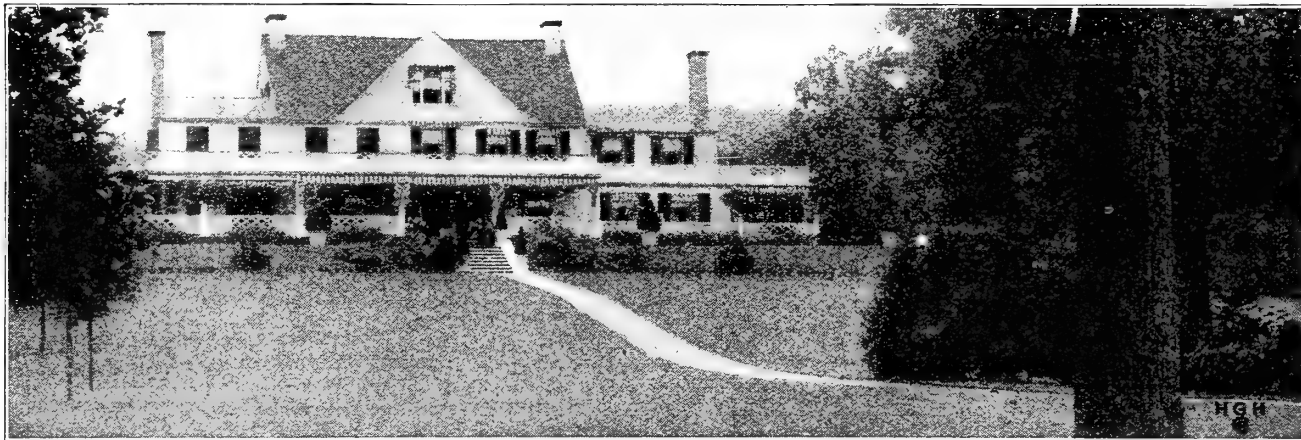
Hastings' Evergreen Lawn Mixture

(550) You want a beautiful, velvety green home lawn. You, too, can have a beautiful lawn with Evergreen Lawn Grass. Hundreds of the finest and the most humble homes in Atlanta and throughout the South have beautiful lawns the year around and so can you make your home "The Home Beautiful" with a velvety green lawn. Without a green lawn no home is really attractive.

This is our own mixture, proved by years of lawn making to be the best for the South. You cannot buy it elsewhere. It makes a quick show and on well prepared soil soon becomes a beautiful velvety lawn. It stands summer heat and drought without serious injury, coming out again when the rains begin. If watered thoroughly once or twice a week during hot, dry weather of course it will stay green all the time, as it does fine without attention during the fall, winter and spring.

Follow our "Culture" directions closely and failure will hardly be possible. Pound, 50 cents. 5 Lbs., \$2.25. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., 40c per Lb. 100 Lbs., 35c per Lb. Prices subject to change.

LAWN CULTURE Sow Hastings' Evergreen Lawn Grass this spring early, for new lawns or reseeding old lawns. For new or remade lawns, spade or plow 12 inches deep. Remove all rocks and litter. Apply one bag (50 lbs.) of hydrated, air slacked, lime to each 1,000 sq. ft. (plat 20x50 feet) and harrow or rake in. 5 to 10 days after liming, apply 100 pounds Pulverized Sheep Manure to each 1,000 square feet. (Never use stable or barnyard manure. Wizard Brand Sheep Manure is subjected to intense heat to destroy weeds, disease and all plant life and so is best.) Mix in the sheep manure by spading or plowing. Apply garden or lawn fertilizer (commercially known as 8-1-4), 50 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. Rake thoroughly, mixing fertilizer with soil and working the soil down fine and smooth. Sow the seed carefully so not to skip spots. 5 lbs. of seed will plant 1,000 sq. ft. (20x50 ft.) Plant a plenty of seed or you won't have a thick, velvety lawn. Wizard Brand Sheep Manure is listed on the next page. You should be able to get 8-4-4 Fertilizer and Hydrated Lime locally.



(550) Hastings' Evergreen Lawn Grass, properly planted, will make your home "The Home Beautiful." See above.

(551) HASTINGS' PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURE

Wherever cattle are raised, wherever horses and cows are kept, there is need for pasture grazing. There are many soil types in the South and some grasses may do a good deal better on yours than others. The only way to find out would be to test many varieties over several years. This is impractical in most all cases so we have experimented for you. This mixture has been made up after careful study and experiments on many soil types through the South and has given by far better results than any single grass or any other combination of grasses.

This mixture is only recommended for the northern parts of Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas and South Carolina, but in North Carolina, Tennessee and further north you will find it gives good results and is fairly permanent. It should be planted in the fall or early spring and the land should be thoroughly prepared, rich or heavily manured and fertilized, worked smooth and fine. You

must have good soil and a good seed bed before planting. With these you should obtain a fine pasture. Sow at least 35 pounds of seed per acre and it is best to add a pound each of Red Clover and Alsike Clover seed to each 10 pounds of the mixture. Clover and grass seeds won't mix evenly so buy the clover separately. There is no Bermuda or Johnson Grass in this mixture. Hastings' Permanent Pasture Mixture is properly proportioned for best results and contains Blue Grass, Orchard, Meadow Fescue, Red Top, Tall Meadow, Italian Rye, Crested Dog's Tail and English or Perennial Rye Grasses. Prepare your pasture land thoroughly, plant very early and you should get a better pasture than from any other mixture you can plant. Pound, 45 cents. 5 Lbs., \$2.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., 35c per Lb. 100 Lbs., or over, 30c per Lb. Prices subject to change without notice. Write for quantity prices, when ready to buy.



Grass Seeds For Hay or Pasture

We of the South spend most of the summer killing grass in our cotton and corn fields and spend most of the winter and spring buying grass in the shape of hay. No farming country can be permanently prosperous without grass and live stock, and you can't keep live stock without grass-growing. It's certainly time for the South to do more thinking about the "Grass Crop," and see it as something to be grown, not "killed."

Georgia bought during one year over twenty million dollars' worth of hay from outside the state mostly from states farther north. Hay is nothing but dried or cured grass cut at the time it is in its prime. It is one of the great staple crops of this country. Georgia is still a hay buyer. So is every other one of the distinctively cotton states. Grass in a crop needing clean cultivation needs to be killed. Every place else it ought to be encouraged and grown as a crop. It's more profitable than corn or cotton per acre.

(533) Kentucky Blue Grass An excellent lawn and pasture grass, succeeding best on limestone land, but does well on stiff clay and medium soils. Blue Grass in pastures doesn't show up materially the first year after seeding, but if the soil is suitable it continues to improve until you have a beautiful stand. We make a specialty of Blue Grass for extensive lawn work here in Atlanta, where everything depends on having pure vital seed, free from weeds. Here it remains almost dormant during the hot weather; its chief value in pasture seeding is for mixing with Bermuda, Lespedeza, and other summer growing varieties. For planting sow about forty pounds per acre. Fancy re-cleaned seed: **Pound, 60 cents.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 40c per Lb.**

(545) Red Top or Herd's Grass Hay and pasture grass. Succeeds on most kinds of soils, but does best on heavy or low, moist, stiff soils. By repeated mowing, this grass holds well during the summer, but its chief value is for winter pastures. It is perennial, not doing so well the first year but gets better the longer it grows; will stand wet weather admirably, growing well after being covered with overflow water for two or three weeks at a time. It will not become a pest, but can be destroyed any time if desired. **Pound, 45 cents.** Write for quantity prices. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 22c per Lb.**

(546) Timothy A hay grass suitable only for the northern part of the South, especially hill and mountain districts. It is the standard hay crop in the North and makes one of the most popular, nutritious, and salable of hay grasses. It does not make such good pasture but the hay crop is great. "Red Top or Herd's Grass" and "Meadow Fescue" mature at the same time and do well in mixtures with Timothy. **Pound, 35 cents.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 15c per Lb.**

EAST COAST OR RHODES GRASS

(543) 12 Tons Hay Per Acre Per Year

It's not often that a really new and valuable grass appears, but the Rhodes Grass, or "East Coast Grass," as it is more commonly known in Florida, is certainly a find, for we know of no grass so valuable for Florida and the Gulf Coast section. Rhodes Grass has been grown on both the East and West Coasts of Florida for a number of years with marked success.

It is not coarse and makes hay equal to if not superior to the best Northern Timothy hay. We believe Rhodes Grass is hardy through the winter as far north as a line drawn from Macon, Ga., through Montgomery, Ala., Jackson, Miss., and Shreveport, La. Its great value makes it worth trying. **Pound, \$1.00.** Write for special prices on quantity lots when you are ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 75c per Lb.**

SHEEP MANURE—WIZARD BRAND

The most concentrated form of all animal manures except chicken manure, and its dry, pulverized form is very easily handled. For the small home garden, lawn, flower beds, plant boxes and pots this is extremely beneficial. One 100-pound bag is equal in fertilizer and plant food value to a wagon load of stable manure and is readily available plant food for quick returns.

Never use stable manure on lawns because of disease, many weed seeds and coarse grass seeds always found in it. Wizard Brand has been subjected to intense heat to kill all plant and disease growths. **Not Prepaid—25 Lb. Bag, \$1.00. 100 Lb. Bag, \$3.00. 500 Lbs., or over, about \$2.50 per 100 Lb. Bag.** Prices subject to change. Write when ready to buy for our best quantity prices.

(535) English or Perennial Rye Grass English Rye is very similar to Italian Rye. It grows off a little slower, but has the advantage of lasting for years. In Georgia, however, it cannot be depended on for more than a year. It makes very heavy leaf growth so is fine for pasture or hay. Use it in Bermuda sod to keep the lawn green in the fall, winter and spring, when the Bermuda is dormant. Being perennial it is especially adapted for pastures and lawns and for hay by itself as well as in mixtures with grasses such as "Orchard" and "Tall Meadow Oat." Sow about 45 pounds per acre. **Price: Pound, 40 cents.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 20c per Lb.**

(536) Italian Rye Grass Recommended principally for fall planting but can also be planted in early spring. It is one of the quickest growing grasses, has very tender stalks and leaves, and in addition, abundant growth. Many plant it by itself, but it is also very valuable when planted in mixtures. In Bermuda and other lawns it is valuable during the winter and until hot weather. When the other grasses are dead or dormant the Italian comes up and keeps your lawn green. Italian Rye Grass for lawns makes the quickest show of any grass and is the very best single grass for beautiful velvety green lawns throughout the fall, winter and until the hot dry summer weather appears. This is particularly true of the lower South. Scratch in Bermuda sod and have a beautiful lawn the year round. Sow about 45 pounds per acre. **Price: Pound, 40 cents.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 20c per Lb.**

(541) Tall Meadow Oat Grass Withstands the heat and drought of midsummer and the cold winter, starts very early in the spring, and continues to give good grazing until late in the fall. For hay, it can be cut twice in a season. Its nutritive hay value is first-class. It ripens at the same time as orchard grass and gives good results sown with it and red clover. For hay should be cut as soon as it blooms. Tall Meadow Grass is best adapted to good loamy uplands, but gives excellent results on nearly all soils, and even on light, medium or sandy soils. Sow at rate of 3 bushels (33 lbs.) per acre, either in the fall or spring. **Pound, 45 cents.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 25c per Lb.**

(542) Orchard Grass One of our most reliable grasses for the Middle South for hay and pasture. While succeeding well in almost all fertile soils it does best on loamy and moderately stiff uplands. Starts growth very early in the spring and continues well into the winter. A quick grower and relished by stock, especially when young, and bears closest grazing. This grass is probably more cultivated than any other grass in the world. It is very easily handled and cured for hay. It is a long-lived grass, with half a chance lasting under good treatment about thirty or forty years; yet it is easily exterminated if the land is wanted for other purposes. Sow about 45 pounds per acre and cut when in bloom. **Pound, 40 cents.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. **Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 25c per Lb.**



Make Hay and Pastures. Grow More Grass to Feed More Stock.



(548) Hastings' Pure and Genuine Sudan Grass

(538) Meadow Fescue or English Blue Grass

This grass succeeds in almost all parts of the South. Furnishes green pasture through the fall and winter and is mighty good when used in mixtures for hay crops or permanent pastures. Sow in spring from February 15th to April 1st, or in fall from August through October. Pound, 40 cents. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 20c per Lb.

(530) Bermuda Grass

While looked upon by many as a pest, it is really one of our most valuable grass plants for the South, and in the Lower South especially. It is the only sure pasture grass for sandy soils; grows on all kinds, from heaviest clay to the lightest sand and furnishes abundant pasturage. No other grass will give you so great returns with as little fertilizer and care, and Bermuda withstands drought and scorching summer sun better than any other variety. Seed should be sown at the rate of 5 or 6 pounds per acre between March 1st and June 1st. Seed will not germinate when ground is cold. Under favorable conditions it requires from 20 to 30 days to germinate. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 35 cents. Pound, \$1.00. Write for our best prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 75c per Lb.

THE SUDAN GRASS

(548) This new grass was brought to the United States from Egypt in 1909. It was first planted in an experimental way in Texas, then the seed distributed to various experiment stations with remarkably successful results. We can best describe it by saying that it has all the good qualities of Johnson Grass with a lot more of its own added, and while it looks like an extra tall-growing strain of Johnson Grass it has not a single bad quality of Johnson Grass, such as the creeping underground root stocks. Sudan is an annual grass requiring reseeding every year. It can no more become a pest on your farm than can sorghum or cowpeas. Once killing frost comes it is dead and another seeding is necessary the next year. It easily crosses with sorghum and for that reason there is little pure or nearly pure seed of it, most of it having been grown near enough to sorghum to cross and be impure. You are sure to get Genuine Sudan Grass seed from Hastings'. With us, planted in rows for seed, it grew from 6 to 7 feet high. Sown broadcast for hay crop growth was about 4 feet high, furnishing two heavy cuttings, and with the seasons favorable a third one is obtained. Four tons of dried hay per acre will not be an exceptional yield here in the Southeast. Easily cured and should be cut when first coming into bloom. Hay is much softer than Johnson Grass, stems being much more slender and leafy. In feeding value it ranks high in comparison with other hays and will go far in providing a much more satisfactory and easily handled cured hay than sorghum and peas. Sudan Grass is a wonder in its "stooling out" qualities and we certainly expect to see the time come when it will supersede the different varieties of sorghum for hay and forage crops in the South. It is certainly far superior to them. For hay crop, sow Sudan Grass broadcast at rate of 15 to 20 pounds per acre. For growing a seed crop for your own future use, plant thinly in rows 18 inches apart, using 5 to 6 pounds of seed per acre. Plant at least a small quantity of Sudan Grass this year as soon as danger from frost is past, for if you want a satisfactory hay plant for the Cotton Belt or even as far North as Ohio you can get nothing so productive. Be careful in buying Sudan Grass. Many samples we have seen contain Johnson Grass seed; others are Sudan-Sorghum crosses. Price: $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 35c. 3 Pounds, \$1.00. Prices subject to change without notice. Write for our lowest market prices when you are ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 12c per Lb.

(537) **Johnson Grass** While considered a pest in many parts of the South, it is now coming to be recognized as one of our most valuable hay and forage plants. In places where its growth can be controlled and kept from spreading into cultivated fields there is no other grass that makes such enormous yields of hay. It should be cut or mowed just when seed heads begin to form, and furnishes about three cuttings per season. There is a great demand for the hay, as it is eagerly relished by all classes of stock, and especially horses. The seed may be planted in early spring or early fall and at the rate of 50 pounds per acre will give you permanent summer pasture and hay crop forever. It is very hardy and no matter how close it is grazed it will grow and make an excellent quality of hay on most any kind of soil. Pound, 45 cents. Write for quantity prices.

(553) Carpet Grass

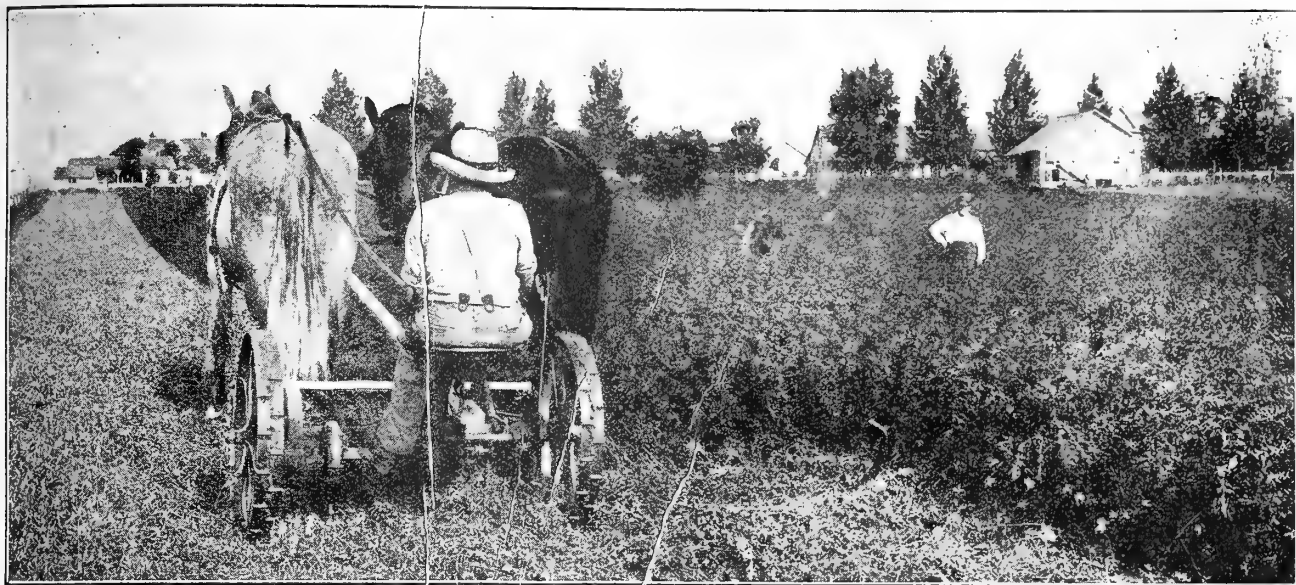
Carpet Grass is one of the most valuable pasture grasses for the lower South. It grows on poor sandy soils better than Bermuda and does well on most any soil with a fair amount of moisture. It spreads rapidly, stands closest grazing and heavy trampling. For lawns and golf courses it will make a heavy sod and the closer it is cut the better it grows. It also does well in pastures with Bur Clover and Japan Clover, these giving all year grazing. Sow 10 pounds per acre for pasture, twice this for lawns, from early spring until July. Prices on Carpet and Dallas Grass cannot be determined at the time this is being written. When you are in the market, write for the best prices on amount you will need.

(534) Dallas Grass

PASPALUM DILATATUM—This Grass furnishes hay or pasture all the year in the far South. However, in the cotton belt it furnishes two hay cuttings of fine quality, the second cutting heavier and finer than the first. It stands light frosts and does well on most any soil with a plenty of moisture except dry sandy soil. It stands close grazing remarkably well and grows from early spring until killing frost. Sow in March and April, earlier in the lower South on well prepared land. Plant 8 pounds of seed per acre. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Hastings' Seeds and Why It Pays to Plant Them

You can always be proud to say to anyone "This was grown from Hastings' Seeds." There's a mighty good reason why Hastings' Seeds are the Standard of the South. Results from cheap seeds show poor crops, poor gardens, dull flower colors and small flowers, small bulbs and diseased roots or plants. As it is, you can plant Hastings' Seeds, fresh and ready to grow, direct from Hastings in Atlanta, and know that with a fair season and proper cultivation you will have as fine a crop as it is possible to grow on your land. You can depend thoroughly on Hastings'. Our farm seeds have been bred and selected for the biggest yields per acre. The garden seeds have been bred and selected for the most delicious table vegetables. The flower seeds, plants and bulbs for the richest colors and largest improved blooms. It pays you well to plant Hastings' Seeds. They are not ordinary seeds—there's a lot of difference. It's very interesting to keep a Hastings' crop or garden record and see how much you saved and how much more you made over any other seeds you ever planted before. Remember that "Cheap Seeds Are Sel-dom Worth Their Cost—Good Seeds Are Always Worth Their Cost."



(500) ALFALFA OR LUCERNE CLOVER

Alfalfa or Lucerne Clover is the most talked of and most widely planted of all the varieties of clover in the world. It is said that the feeding value of a ton of Alfalfa is equal to a ton of shelled corn.

Alfalfa in the South will produce 5 to 7 tons of hay to the acre each year and in true value is worth 45% more than other clovers and 60% more than Timothy hay. It will grow 4 or 5 crops a year and it does not exhaust the soil; it enriches the soil. Its long branching roots penetrate far down, 15 to 20 feet, and so loosen the subsoil that it is a gigantic subsoiler, resists drought, and gets plant food where other crops would be a failure. When the plants are destroyed in order to raise other crops on Alfalfa land, the large roots decay and produce a vast source of fertility to be used by following crops.

Although fall sowing is preferable, fine results can be obtained from early spring sowing. Give it care and attention, especially the first year, and your trial will show you that you cannot afford to be without it. Get it thoroughly established by first preparing your land, applying plenty of lime, and before seeding you should inoculate the seed. If your land has never had Alfalfa growing on it before, be sure to inoculate the seed with nitrogen-

gathering bacteria for Alfalfa, which is necessary. See Page 103. When once established, Alfalfa is the most valuable permanent clover that can be grown. It is adapted to almost the entire South and has the highest feeding value of any hay. Do not sow on wet ground, high and rather dry being preferable, and only cut when coming into bloom.

Do not buy cheap Alfalfa seed. If it's cheap, it is not pure Alfalfa but mixed with weed seeds. Weeds are very troublesome to Alfalfa, crowding it out and ruining the quality of your hay, so be sure to get the highest grade seed and no other kind. This is absolutely essential to success. Sow in thoroughly prepared soil, either broadcast or in drills, at the rate of 20 pounds per acre.

If you are in doubt about Alfalfa growing or want to know anything further about Alfalfa, write for Hastings' Farmers' Bulletin No. 101. It is free and contains valuable information about growing Alfalfa.

We sell only the highest grade seed, 99% purity or over, and all of it is the strongest American grown seed on the market. Price 45 cents per pound. When ready to buy, write for our best prices. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 26c per Lb.

(505) Japan Clover or Lespedeza One of the most valuable Southern clovers, growing well on rich or poor soil. On poor land it has a creeping habit; on better quality of land a bush form, making a vigorous plant, growing 12 to 18 inches high. Sow in spring or fall, about 25 pounds per acre. Harrow in to the depth of 1½ to 2 inches, according to character of soil, then roll or firm the soil in the most convenient way. Makes good grazing. Well adapted for use as green manure by turning it under; it enriches the soil and prevents "washing" of hill lands. Its abundant long taproots and laterals decaying make the soil porous and leave in it much valuable nitrogenous matter to be used by the following crops. Roots penetrate deeply, enabling the plant to stand severe dry spells, also bring up valuable plant food from the subsoil. In Florida sow in the fall for best results; in Georgia, Texas, Alabama and Mississippi sow in March or early April. Pound, 50 cents. Write for our best quantity prices when ready to buy.

(509) White Clover This clover does well in the Central South. Most all permanent lawn and pasture mixtures contain some White Clover and by itself it makes good grazing for cattle and sheep. It is perennial with rather uncertain habits of growth, sometimes covering the ground with a thick mat of vigorous plants and sometimes lies comparatively dormant, so it should be seeded into sod or mixed with other clovers or grasses. It succeeds best on moist ground or during a wet season. If sown by itself use 10 pounds per acre, or half that amount when put in with other clovers or grasses. Best grade seed, \$1.00 per pound. Write for best quantity prices.

Farmogerm Cultures

It is very necessary to inoculate all clover seeds with bacteria if you want success with these crops. It is almost impossible to get a good stand of alfalfa and have it grow well unless you treat the seed just before planting. It pays to use cultures. See Page 103 for Farmogerm.

(501) Alsike Clover Also called Swedish Clover. Best clover for wet lands. Similar to Red Clover but more slender stems and smaller leaves; blossoms white shading pink. Does fine with grasses for hay or pasture and grows well in Northern Cotton Belt. Pound, 45c. Write for best prices. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 28c per Lb.

(507) Sweet Clover or Melilotus Also known as Bokhara Clover. As a land-builder it has few equals. Experiments on the Hastings' Plantation are leading us to seed down our poorer land with it for soil building. It is a coarse clover resembling Alfalfa, in fact, has been called "Alfalfa's twin sister," and using the same kind of inoculation is very valuable in preparing land for Alfalfa. It is fine for raising bees and to build up your poor land it is mighty good. Sow about 12 pounds to the acre in February and March for spring planting or August to October for fall planting. Hulled or cleaned seed. Pound, 40c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 20c per Lb. Write.

(508) Red Clover A valuable farm crop in the northern part of the Cotton Belt. Equally good for pasture, hay or soil improvement. Even the first crop makes rich feed and is most valuable for hay. Red Clover is a nitrogen-gathering plant and one of the best soil improvers. Clover intelligently used is one of the farmers' best friends and should be used in the regular rotation. Sow in the fall or spring, September and March being the best months. Pound, 60 cents. Write for quantity prices. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 38c per Lb.



(508) Red Clover

(140) HASTINGS' PROLIFIC CORN

Hastings' Prolific, Finest in Quality A Wonderful Producer of Grain and Forage—The Prize-Winning Corn of the South for You to Plant

No man in the South that we know of ever got into trouble by having too much corn, the product of his own acres, with too many hogs to finish off on corn.

We have never heard of any man going "broke" on a farm in the South where it was the regular practice to grow enough corn and other grain and feedstuffs to see that farm through until another crop was made.

On the other hand Atlanta and other cities and towns of the South contain tens of thousands of financial wrecks from the farms who went "broke" trying to grow all cotton or nearly all cotton and depending on that cotton to pay store bills for corn and feedstuffs that could have been made on those home acres at from one-third to one-half the merchants' price.

Cotton may or may not go higher. It certainly won't if we plant as near up to "the graveyard" as we have and nature favors a good yield. The price may be high or it may be low but the fellow who is hit is the one that has to pay for corn and other food and grain.

High corn prices hurt and hurt only the man who has corn to buy. The "bears" and an extra large corn and grain year with "tight banking" can pull prices down for a while but he who makes corn enough to see him through and to sell can sit back at ease in mind and pocket regardless of whether the price be high or low.

The National Hog and Cattle Show at the great Southeastern Fair at Atlanta last fall, the second largest in the world, along with the Boys' Corn Club Show, surely made hundreds of Southern farmers stop to think what they might have done instead of letting the boll weevil eat up their cotton crops the past few years. Those farmers and other up-to-date farmers will plant corn this year as they never did before and they will rotate their crops and build up their land as they never have before.

Labor has been scarce and high and everything the farmer buys in town has been just that high, too. Labor is fairly cheap again now and the farmer who will make the money on this opportunity will be the one who raises absolutely everything possible that's needed on his place and then sells his cash crop for cash. It's the only safe way.

It's hard to find a farmer in the South who hasn't heard of Hastings' Prolific favorably. They all know it's a corn of fine reputation, not a reputation gained by advertising but a reputation gained by "making good" in every county of every state in the South. It's the top-of-the-list variety no matter whether it be in prize contests or whether it be in the field of the smallest tenant farmer. It is THE Upland Corn to plant anywhere in the South and you can depend on it to make good for you.

Hastings' Prolific Corn

Now almost everybody knows that Hastings' Prolific holds more high yield per acre records than any other variety planted in the United States, these going all the way up to the 214 bushels and 40 pounds made by Ben Leath, of Walker County, Georgia, and the 214 bushels and 51 pounds made by J. Jones Polk, Jefferson Davis County, Mississippi.

We could fill this entire catalog with Boys' Corn Club prize yield records from every Southern state made during the past eight or nine years. We could go into detail showing particulars of how Hastings' Prolific won highest honors in Georgia seven years out of eight, etc.

The host of imitations cropping up each year under the names of Smith's or Jones' or Brown's Prolific, etc., are direct evidence of the popularity and value of Hastings' Prolific, easily and by far the leader of them all.

It has "made good" on the poorer grades of sandy soil as well as the rich river bottoms, on the red clay hills of the Piedmont section of Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas, on the "black waxy" lands of Texas, and on the Mississippi delta. Hastings' Prolific has a good reputation and deservedly so.

Description Hastings' Prolific requires a fairly long season to develop hard corn, 120 to 130 days. Stalk is large, 8 to 12 feet tall, according to soil and season, rooting deeply. Stalk and blades are large and vigorous. Ears of medium size, two or more to the stalk, depending on the distance given and the growing conditions. On good, strong land where the corn has distance of 24 to 30 inches in the row, it often makes 4 to 6 ears to a stalk. The ears are well filled out and weigh from 8 to 12 ounces. The grains are deep, white and hard. The cob is small. Seventy pounds of ear corn will usually shell out 61 to 63 pounds of grain. Shuck is heavy and covers the ear tightly, keeping out birds and insects and preventing loss in late, wet seasons, when other corn rots badly on account of storm injury. The best corn for grain production, for roasting ears, for making meal, and for stock feeding.

BUY YOUR SEED FROM ORIGINAL SOURCE

There is only one safe place to buy Hastings' Prolific and that is from Hastings. It's impossible to keep seed corn pure when grown on small farms. By owning and controlling thousands of acres our corn crops are isolated sufficiently to practically insure purity. Besides, we are constantly at work breeding and field selecting Hastings' Prolific on the Hastings' Plantation, where the seed is grown. Our seed this year is fully 25 per cent better and more prolific and productive than that of a few years ago. Send to headquarters and be sure you plant the only true and genuine Hastings' Prolific.

Prices of Hastings' Prolific, Prize-Winning Seed

Packet, 10 cents. 1 Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 50 cents. By express or freight, not prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.25. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$4.50. 112 Pounds (2 bushels), \$8.50.



(141) HASTINGS' BIG ROCKDALE CORN

For bottom lands in the Central South, for the black waxy lands of Texas, for the delta lands of Louisiana and Mississippi and any rich or highly fertilized uplands there is no big-eared corn that equals Hastings' Rockdale.

We are mighty well acquainted with Rockdale Corn. It's a Georgia variety and we have grown it and sold it since 1897. It's a thoroughbred, the best of all the big-eared Southern field corns for main crop. Our illustration is a little over half its natural size and shows well the general appearance of the ears. Very flinty for a dent corn, medium early for main crop; cob small and white, with long slightly dented, deep white grains. Occasionally a slightly red cob is found in it, but this is seldom. Ears very large, 10 to 13 inches long, and weigh 1 to 1½ pounds each. One Texas grower reported 2½ pound ears. Fine for meal and for an all-round general purpose main crop corn with big ears it's unexcelled. This is the best big-eared corn you can plant. Literally thousands of testimonials, from every section and locality of the South, say with us that it is the very best big-eared Corn. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 45 cents. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.00. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$3.75.**

(145) Early White Dent Favorite white variety for early crop in the South. First ready of those producing large ears. One to two ears per stalk; fine for "roasting" ears. **Packet, 10c. Pound, 30c. 2 Pounds, 45c. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.00. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$3.50.**

(144) Hastings' Improved Golden Dent Corn Practically all seed of Golden Dent Corn offered in the South

either by seedsmen or local merchants is Northern grown and not acclimated, so, seldom makes good in the crop. Ours is different. Our specially grown Georgia raised seed of Golden Dent will please you and make you a sure crop for early use. It has been the standard yellow variety for planting in the South in recent years; a splendid medium early yellow field corn. Large ears, with small red cob and large grains of deep yellow color. A strong grower, standing up against hot dry weather remarkably well for a corn of its class. It matures hard corn for feeding in 110 to 115 days, the grain being rich in feeding value; also good for roasting ears. The Improved Golden Dent is a valuable yellow corn for early planting in the South and you cannot make a mistake in planting it. In the past our Southern farmers have preferred the white corns to plant and raise and white corn has been grown almost exclusively in the South. Many farmers know, however, that all kinds of stock prefer the yellow corn and will leave the white for yellow because of its rich buttery flavor and perhaps because the yellow is easier digested. Agricultural chemists believe they have found a relation between the fat-soluble vitamins (for quick and easy digestion) and the yellow plant pigments, such as found in yellow corn and is not present in white corn. Whether this is true or not remains to be proven, but we know that stock prefers yellow corn in the South as well as North and we should grow some at least for the needs on our own farms, Improved Golden Dent being the very best Southern variety. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 45 cents. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.00. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$3.75.**

(142) Hickory King Has the largest grains, with smallest cob, of any white corn introduced. We have what is known as the Broad Grain Hickory King; a single grain nearly covering a cross-section of the entire cob. It is a strong grower; the stalks take a firm hold on the ground and stand upright, resisting heavy wind storms without blowing down. In fairly good soil each stalk bears 2 and sometimes 3 medium sized ears. It yields good crops on light soils and is one of the most productive and profitable white varieties for planting in the South. Ears fill out well and will make more shelled corn to bulk of ears than any other variety. It is good for roasting ears to follow Early White Dent; makes a splendid quality of corn meal, and is just the right sort for stock feeding, being almost all corn and very little cob. It matures fully in from 115 to 125 days. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 50 cents. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.25. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$4.00.**

(149) Hastings' Cuban Yellow Flint This variety is weevil and bird resistant. The husk covers the ear so completely and tightly that it is practically impossible for any bird or weevil to get to the corn in the field. It is the hardest grained and makes the most solid ear of any corn we believe in existence. It is a wonder for resisting drought and will stand more wet weather than any corn we have planted. This corn contains only 12% moisture at husking time, and is so dry when picked that it is ready for immediate export, to any European market even, Liverpool buyers preferring it to all other kinds, because it will not heat in transit and will always arrive in good condition. This corn produces two to three ears to the stalk and is a fine yielder of real yellow flint corn. You can laugh at the weevils with this corn. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 50 cents. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (pk.), \$1.25. 56 Pounds (bu.), \$4.50.**

(150) Truckers' Favorite This very popular variety is an early corn for roasting ears in 65 to 85 days depending on the season and where planted. It is sometimes called a 100-day corn (to maturity) and is a variety for you to grow. It is a white corn, good grain depth, very tender and sweet and makes most desirable roasting ears, but is also a splendid field corn, combining earliness with large, well filled ears. Truckers' Favorite is fine to plant very early or very late, following other early crops. It matures even before Early White Dent and makes delicious meal. One to two large ears are formed to the stalk and the hardness of this variety with its perfectly formed ears about eight inches long make this an exceptionally valuable corn. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 50 cents. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.25. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$4.50.**

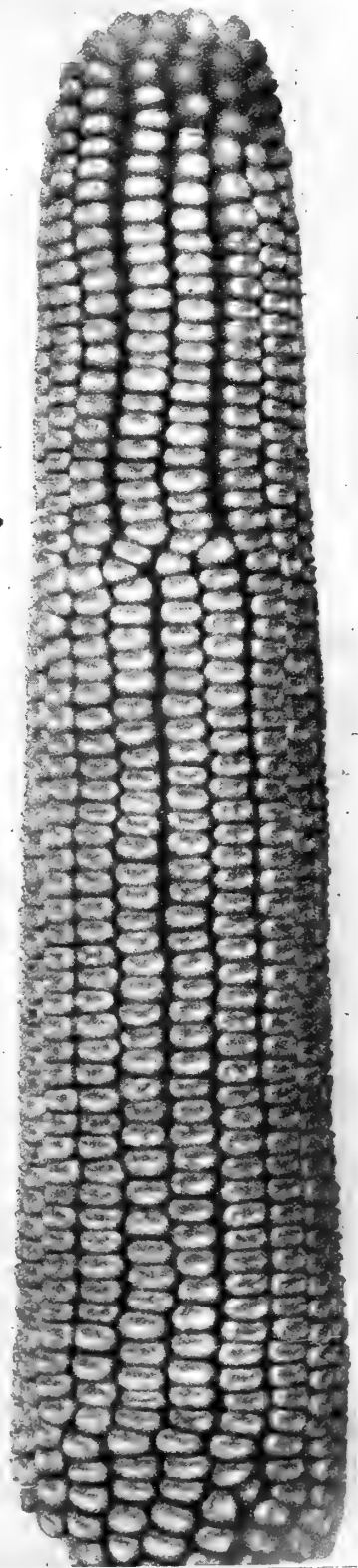
(148) Mexican June Corn This corn, originally from Mexico, has a distinct place to fill in the Cotton Belt, not as a general crop corn, but one to fill in with on late plantings. It is largely used in the Southwest for planting after oats and wheat. We do not advise (if grain is wanted) planting until June 1st in the Southeast. Between June 15th and July 1st is better. If planted earlier the tendency is to run largely to stalk and making little grain.

Ears 8 to 9 inches long, grains short to medium, cobs medium in size, and while usually white, red cobs are often found. Ears have mostly white grains, but dark blue and red grains often appear, sometimes only one to three to the ear. This apparent mixture of color is peculiar to many varieties of Mexican corn. Mexican June also makes fine "roasting" ears for use right up to frost.

It is a great drought resister and usually, if there is enough moisture to sprout the seed, a crop is assured. If wanted mostly for forage or ensilage plant in April or May. Early planting makes stalks 12 to 15 feet high, leaves 4 to 6 feet long. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. 2 Pounds, 50 cents. Not Prepaid—14 Pounds (peck), \$1.25. 56 Pounds (bushel), \$4.50.**

NOTE! For Sweet Corn, Pop Corn and Roasting Ear Corn, see Page 19.

HASTINGS' BIG ROCKDALE CORN. OUR STANDARD LARGE-EARED GENERAL CROP SOUTHERN FIELD CORN FOR ALL THE SOUTHERN STATES



OUR "BANK ACCOUNT" COTTON

OUR EARLIEST EXTRA EARLY, EXTRA PROLIFIC COTTON

This was the fourth distinct variety of cotton introduced by us, and in all respects for an extra early cotton it is the best. The result of fifteen years' close breeding and selection for an extra early prolific type. The illustration on the next page, reproduced from a photograph of a single stalk, shows what "Bank Account" does under good cultivation.

"Bank Account" is not a chance variety. It has been bred with a distinct purpose in view. We wanted the earliest cotton we could get; a prolific cotton that would come up in yield to the later sorts, be reasonably storm-proof and produce a quality of lint that would sell at top-of-the-market prices. It's an absolutely safe variety of cotton for boll weevil and short growing season districts where quick growth and maturity count above all else. It's the safe extra early variety of cotton to plant. It has deep rooting characteristics that enable it to resist drought remarkably well for an early cotton.

It's our honest and candid opinion that our improved "Bank Account" is the best extra early cotton ever offered.

A COTTON FOR BOLL WEEVIL SECTIONS

Gets Ahead of the Boll Weevil

Our "Bank Account" is the cotton to get ahead of the boll weevil. It makes a good crop before the boll weevil has a chance to get in his work, and for this reason the "Bank Account" cotton is worth millions upon millions of dollars to the cotton growers in boll weevil sections. Every year the weevil moves North. If you are already in a boll weevil section you need this variety. It opens earlier than other extra earlys, and it doesn't blow out or drop out as quickly. It's a heavier bearer and makes better and longer lint. It roots deeply, resisting both drought and storms. It branches well and has light open foliage, letting in the sun perfectly to all parts of the plant. It doesn't have dense shade for Mr. Boll Weevil to hide away in. This gets you in ahead of the boll weevil in boll weevil sections, and in any section it enables you to market long before any other variety is ready. You must plant the earliest possible cotton and work it well to get ahead of the weevil.

An All-Purpose Cotton

It has been truthfully said that there is no one variety of cotton best for all sections, all lands and all seasons, but our "Bank Account" cotton will come nearer being an all-purpose cotton for all sections than anything we have ever seen. We have tried it under all sorts of soil conditions from Middle Georgia to the Tennessee line, in uplands and in bottoms, and it has "made good" everywhere it has been planted. It possesses a vigor that enables it to go on and make a fair crop when other varieties have died out completely from droughts. It is an easy cotton to get a stand and it is a cotton that turns out well. As an average under fair conditions it has turned out for us about forty per cent lint. The bolls are rather tough and even where the weevils try to puncture them it is remarkable how the bolls open up and produce good cotton.

Bale or More Per Acre in the Boll Weevil District Changing Cotton Seed This Year?

Louisiana has probably suffered more from the boll weevil than any of the other states. Read the following from one of our customers writing to the Southern Ruralist. E. E. Robinson, DeSoto Parish, La., wrote: "Before the boll weevil came our land would yield one-half bale per acre of common cotton. The first year they came we made 2 bales on 15 acres. We quit raising it for two years. Last year we planted 15 acres again, 13 acres in big boll cotton, from which we gathered four bales; 2 acres in 'New Bank Account' Cotton which we bought from H. G. Hastings Co. We made 2 bales from those 2 acres regardless of Mr. Weevil." That tells the story. Bank Account makes a good crop before the weevil can destroy it. Bank Account fruits faster than the early weevils breed.

A couple years ago we took a list of several hundred buyers of our Bank Account Cotton and asked each buyer to tell us frankly of his experience with this variety. If there was anything wrong with it, we wanted to know from others' experience and we wanted to know just what it was doing in every section of every Southern State as well as on our own farms. From hundreds of reports sent to us after a season of the worst rains imaginable and boll weevils rampant, 94% of this list sending in experiences with "Bank Account" were very enthusiastic over the variety and how it helps them make cotton farming pay. 4% of the reporters said they were satisfied with their results from planting "Bank Account" but didn't go into detail regarding their success with it. 1% said it was too early to report and forgot to report later. Two said they were drowned out and didn't replant. One man said it wouldn't do.

Frankly, we were surprised at these reports. We had no idea that 94% of our customers planting this cotton would say, and especially after a generally bad season, that it was the "best cotton I ever saw," "it beats all others," "I have by far the best cotton in this section," "My neighbors all want seed," etc. We didn't expect 98% would be thoroughly satisfied with results. We thought more than one man would say that "it wouldn't do," for so many things enter into the success of a crop that we dislike to make extravagant claims for anything we sell, no matter how well it has done for us. All these generally satisfactory results obtained in every section of every cotton growing State make us believe in "Bank Account" mighty firmly, however, and that is why we recommend it to you. We have faith in it because we have grown it for many years on the Hastings' Plantations and have watched it all over the South in comparison with other varieties. We believe likewise that it will be profitable for you to plant.

Thousands of cotton growers will want to "change seed" this year. The boll weevil has caused great damage and loss in the past few years, and many of our customers have found that the old variety of cotton that they have been growing successfully, will not do under weevil conditions. They realize that they must have a quicker fruiting, earlier fruiting variety.

The last few years, in our Atlanta section, and over most of Georgia and South Carolina, the boll weevil hit us very heavily. Whole fields were devastated and there was almost a "give up" spirit among the cotton farmers. From our observations and from reports, our Bank Account Cotton stood this trying test by far better than other varieties. Farms around the Hastings' Plantation with other varieties didn't make enough to try to pick. On one field we only found two bolls in a ten-acre patch, while on Hastings' "Bank Account" fields almost an average crop was made.

Bank Account Cotton, of our improved type, does not fruit all at once and then quit, as some extra early varieties do; it begins fruiting low on the plant, and keeps growing and fruiting throughout its period of growth. Anyone who has had experience in growing cotton under weevil conditions knows that this is a mighty important thing. Early in the season, when the weevils are scarce, every day that the cotton is fruiting and putting on squares, it is gaining that much on the weevil, and if it has been properly fertilized and is worked right, it gets a good crop on the plant before the weevil catches up with it and begins taking all squares as soon as they show up, which is what happens late in the summer, from early August on.

We believe fully that farmers throughout the middle South can make cotton under weevil conditions, if they go at it right. One of the "rightest" things you can do is to plant our Bank Account Cotton, of our improved type that we are offering this year. It certainly will pay you to change your seed. You may have a good cotton, and you may hate to give it up, and you may decide to risk it one more year anyhow. All right, you can take the chance if you wish to, but remember, the boll weevil is no respecter of your opinion, and if your pet cotton fits in exactly with his needs, he will take your crop and not even say thank you.

Therefore, we want to say most earnestly to our friends and customers, from our own experience, plant our improved type of Bank Account Cotton, if you are in boll weevil territory now, or think that you will be during the summer of this year.

A HIGH PERCENT LINTING COTTON

Fifteen years is a pretty fair test on what cotton will do. Every year its heavy per cent of lint is a surprise to those who plant it. In the fifteen years we have grown it, the test crops never averaged less than 40 and two years as high as 43 per cent of lint.

For Cold Bottom Lands

There are hundreds of thousands of acres of cold bottom lands that are risky to plant in cotton. Plantings on this sort of land are necessarily late and much of the time the crop is lost because the bolls won't open. "Bank Account" cotton is just the right variety to make a perfectly safe crop on bottom lands. Its naturally open growth and light foliage lets the sun in and the cotton opens just as well as others do on the uplands. We had a field planted on cold bottom land in North Georgia. It made a fine crop from May 26th planting and killing frost on October 13th, and it opened perfectly.

PRICES

"Bank Account" Cotton: Pound, 35 cents. 3 Pounds, \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Pounds, \$1.00. 30 Pounds (Georgia legal bushel), \$2.50. 100 Pounds, \$8.00. 10 Bushels, or over, \$2.25 per Bushel.

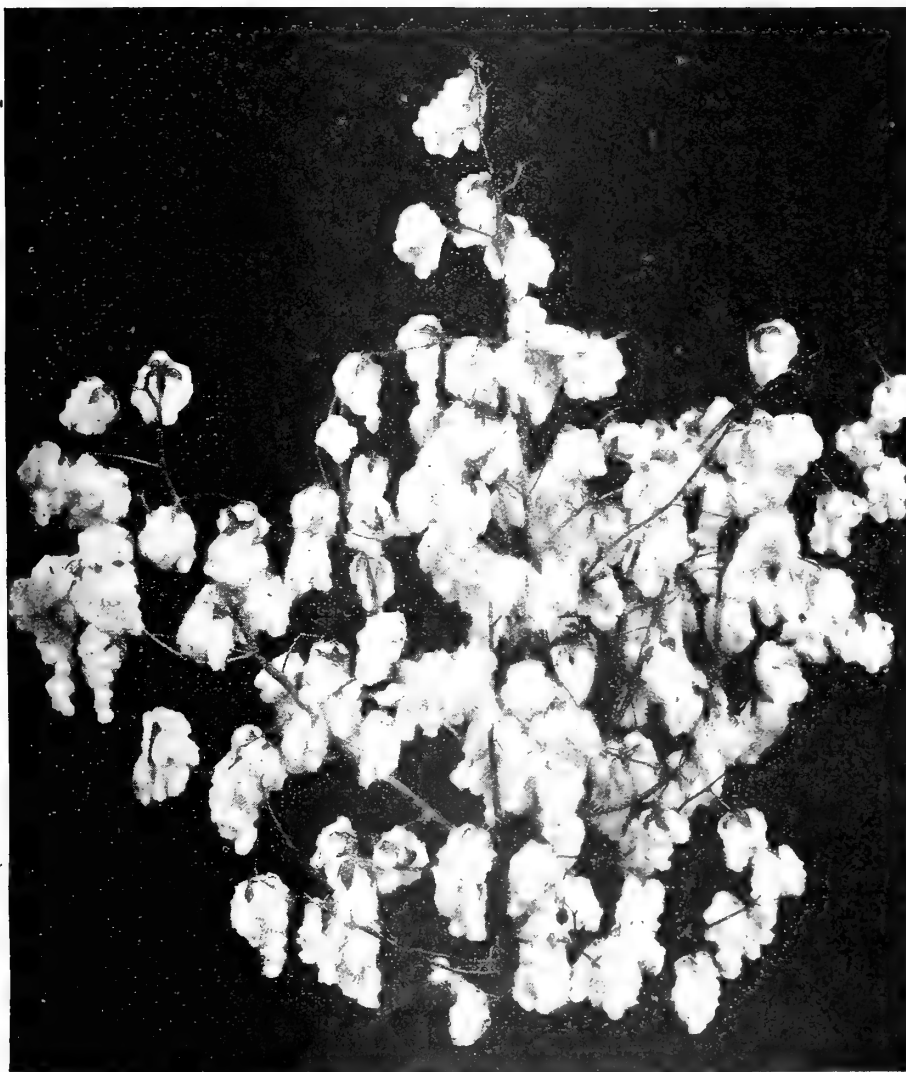
1925 AND COTTON PRICES

Practically the whole Cotton Belt is now boll weevil infested. If a farmer doesn't keep up with the times and present conditions, he doesn't deserve success any more than any other business.

Cotton growing is our big Southern problem. The past four years have seen short crops. The hold-over from 1920 held down the price in 1921 but since this the demand has been greater than the supply and the price is up to a paying basis. Those who deserved success by growing good cotton in spite of a little insect are reaping handsome returns. This year should bring good prices for cotton next fall even with a good sized crop. Co-operative associations are helping a great deal in marketing cotton properly and farmers can grow good cotton crops for these high prices successfully. Here's the open secret, time-tried and successful throughout the boll weevil infested areas and just as easy in Georgia as in Alabama, Mississippi and other cotton states.

Prepare cotton land thoroughly, fall plowing is most important, fertilize or manure as heavily as you can afford, plant early the best extra early prolific cotton seed you can buy, limit your acreage, cultivate frequently and top dress to mature the crop as quickly as possible. Dust or spray with Calcium Arsenate at the first sign of a weevil, usually as first squares appear. Concentrate on poisoning during the next 20 days until blossoms appear, every 5 days is best, and don't miss a single plant. Pick up and burn all squares for 20 days after first blossoms and poison again if weevils appear. The fight is won if you have done it right up to this time but cultivate frequently, pick crop early and plow under old stalks and other trash early in fall. This kills most of old weevils, robs them of food and you won't have their eggs to hatch out next spring. This is a successful way to grow cotton and it will beat the boll weevil. With "Bank Account" Cotton you can make a normal crop with these methods.

CLEVELAND BIG BOLL COTTON



A standard and popular early Big Boll Cotton. It makes a medium sized stalk but is sturdy and limbs are strong enough to hold the heavyweight bolls without breaking. Foliage rather light for a big boll cotton and the many large size bolls open up quickly and early, getting ahead of the boll weevil.

The lint is of good length and is heavy and strong in texture with a turn-out of 36 to 38 per cent lint. You won't lose any of this cotton by early frosts because it "makes" early and quickly. It is hardy, roots deeply and has proved a good drought resisting variety.

The cotton farmer who lives up to his opportunities must plant well grown seed of well bred varieties not only of cotton, but corn and every other field crop. Right seed means better and surer crops and more money in pocket.

Many sections of the Southeast plant the Cleveland Big Boll almost exclusively and wherever it is planted it seems to have given general satisfaction.

One thing is certain and that is the Cleveland can be planted further north in the Cotton Belt than most of the big boll sorts with certainty of full maturity of the crop and a very high-grade product for the market. It is a standard variety to be planted with confidence and particularly great success under the Florida method of boll weevil control is being made with this variety.

Prices Pound, 35 cents. 3 Pounds, \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., \$1.00. 30 Lbs. (Georgia legal bushel), \$2.50. 100 Pounds, \$8.00. 10 Bushels or over, \$2.25 per Bushel.

KINGS EXTRA EARLY

A standard early variety of small balled cotton extensively grown in the short season districts of the Cotton Belt and especially in North Carolina. Its value is in its quick maturity and prolificness. Bolls are small, make their growth in short time and open thickly. Unless picked promptly is apt to blow out. Lints from 33 to 35 per cent. Not advised for planting west of the Mississippi river. Kings Extra Early Cotton is similar to Bank Account, a little later and not so heavy a bearer, but is a fine anti-boll weevil cotton that will fruit early and keep on fruiting until the last of the season. It is, like Bank Account, desirable for the more northern parts of the Cotton Belt and cold bottom lands, and particularly good where boll weevils will take the big-bolled varieties. It "makes" in a hurry. Pound, 35c. 3 Lbs., \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., \$1.00. 30 Lbs., \$2.25. 100 Lbs., \$7.00. 10 Bushels, or over, \$2.00 per Bushel.

HASTINGS' MUNG BEANS



Hastings' Mungs Broadcasted on Hastings' New Plantation



Hastings' Mung Beans in 3 1/2 Foot Rows—Hastings' Plantation

These Pictures Show the Excellent Growth of Hastings' Mung Beans on Medium Soil. 3 Years Before, This Land Was "Worn Out."

A SUCCESS ALL OVER THE SOUTH—BEATS THE MEXICAN BEAN BEETLE

You may remember that after thoroughly trying, testing and experimenting with different strains and types of Mung Beans from India and China for seven years, in 1921 we introduced and offered the Hastings' Mung Bean to our customers for the first time. The first year offered was the big "slump" year, 1921, and yet over 18,000 of our customers bought "5-ounce packages" at 75 cents each. It took us seven years of careful growing and selecting to offer even these small packages of seed and the cost to us was much more than we charged but we were very anxious to get this wonderful crop started in America because it is needed especially on every single Southern farm.

Mung Beans are better than other legumes all around, but here is something that we want to call particularly to your attention. The Government Experiment Station tried out some years ago many varieties of "Mung" Beans, just as we have. There are perhaps a hundred different varieties or kinds found in various sections of the world, chiefly in the Orient. From all we have heard, the U. S. Dept. has not recommended these and neither does Hastings. We only recommend this one type or strain, introduced and known as Hastings' Mung Beans.

Here's why you need Hastings' Mung Beans. They are better than Soy Beans, Cowpeas, Velvet Beans or any other legume crop for your land. They make superior hay and forage and good grain. They get a good stand in weather and conditions that would be deadly to Soy Beans or Cowpeas. They cure for hay quickly and easily, grow upright and are easily cut or mowed and hold their foliage so you can gather the seed grain and then cut for hay.

But, how about the Mexican Bean Beetle, that ate up \$100,000,000 worth of crops in 1921 and probably a great deal more in 1924—the Bean Beetle that is hitting the South and eating up most everything in sight wherever they are present. This Bean Beetle, the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture reports, threatens to become more serious than the Boll Weevil, the Gypsy Moth, the Hessian Fly or the European Corn Borer. Large sections of Alabama, North Georgia, Tennessee and other Southern states are in very bad shape from this new pest and it is spreading

rapidly. What are we going to do? Are we going to wait until it takes everything we've got like we did with the boll weevil before we do anything? Here are the crops that the Mexican Bean Beetle eats and destroys in order of their preference: All varieties of garden beans, lima or butter beans, pinto beans, navy beans, beggarweed, cowpeas, Jack beans, soy or soja beans, adzuki beans, sweet clover, alfalfa and then velvet beans, kudzu, corn, grasses, okra, eggplant and squash—But—The Bean Beetle does not bother, eat or destroy Hastings' Mung Beans. The Bean Beetle leaves Mung Beans alone. Does that mean anything to you? Here is the secret—Plant Mung Beans.

The Alabama Experiment Station found Hastings' Mung Beans were not bothered while soy beans, cowpeas, etc., were eaten up by the Bean Beetle. The same thing was found by the University of Tennessee Division of Extension. The U. S. Bureau of Entomology stations at Thomasville, Georgia, and Birmingham, Alabama, as well as stations in Colorado and Western states where the beetle has been terrible can tell you what a serious proposition this beetle has been to them. Take a little advice before this beetle eats everything you've got. Plant Hastings' Mung Beans, the wonderful new crop that is not bothered by the Bean Beetle and is better in every way than cowpeas, soy beans and velvet beans anyway. You know what the boll weevil did on one single crop—cotton. Here comes the Bean Beetle that takes most everything and here also is a crop that resists the Beetle. Mung Beans are much cheaper to plant than cowpeas, soy beans or velvet beans. You will agree that about \$1.75 an acre is a mighty cheap seed cost; especially for a new crop and particularly for the greatest hay and forage crop and soil improver that has ever been planted in the South. That is our honest opinion. By all means, get your start of Hastings' Mung Beans this year. You need them now. If you have never seen them growing you have missed a beautiful farm sight. As a writer for the "Country Gentleman," who came here from Philadelphia to see them, said, "I had heard a great deal about them but was dubious. Now I'm completely sold." He saw them in rows, broadcasted and between corn rows. Plant them—you will be sold, too.

ON EVERY FARM AT ONCE

Get your start of this wonderful new crop, by all means, this year. "Acre (4-lb.)

Package," \$1.75; postpaid. See Prices Below.

WONDERFUL SOIL BUILDING CROP—PLANT AN ACRE BY ALL MEANS

Do Mung Beans help the land? You bet your life they do. The roots are crowded with nodules, and if you want a crop to turn under for soil improvement, you can't find one that will beat it.

How about making hay? The plants grow and stay straight up, unless they have been planted on rich bottom land, in which case they would probably lodge a good deal. Ordinarily they grow from 3 to 5 feet high, with no vines to tangle and choke the mower. They are easily cut, cure out easily and make hay that any stock will eat up clean. We believe there is less waste to Mung Bean hay than there is to first class peavine hay and that stock prefer it.

Another thing, you can gather your crop of Mung Bean seed after it is ripe, and the plants will keep their leaves and stand for at least two weeks before being cut for hay without losing their foliage. Cut and cure the hay just as you would Cowpeas.

What are the beans good for? They are good to eat, make the finest chicken feed you ever saw, your neighbors will want to buy a lot of them for planting after they have seen your crop, and you will want to use a lot of them yourself for the same purpose. The yield of seed will run from 500 to 1,000 pounds per acre.

When it comes to getting a stand, Mung Beans will beat anything except crab grass and cockle burrs. If the ground has moisture enough to bring up the seed, it will come up so quick that you will hardly believe your eyesight. If you plant in dry dusty soil, a few beans will come up; the rest will wait for a shower, and when it comes, you will be surprised to see the number of beans that will come, and when you get a real rain, all the balance will show up and the whole stand will grow off together and mature at practically the same date.

Mung Beans will come up to a stand under conditions of soil and weather that would be deadly to Soy Beans or Cowpeas.

How much seed to plant? Use 3 to 5 pounds per acre in 3½ foot rows, planting the same distance apart as Speckled Peas. You can plant with a Sorghum plate in a seed drill. Planted thicker makes tall plants; planted thinner makes bunchier plants with more seeds. Broadcast 10 to 15 pounds per acre.

Time to plant? For hay or turning under plant in May for middle cotton belt latitude. Planted in June or early July, it makes a smaller plant but heavier seeder. It matures in 90 to 120 days, depending on time planted and weather conditions; earlier plantings take longer to mature.

What kind of land? Mung Beans do well on any land that will grow a crop of corn, cotton, soy bean, velvet bean, cowpea or sorghum—from sandy to heavy clay soils. On moist bottom land they make enormous growth but are hard to mow; the chief value is for uplands. Use any kind of fertilizer that you have; 200 lbs. of corn or cotton guano per acre in the drill is what we use; stable manure is excellent and plain acid gives good results. You won't need any fertilizer on good land.

How to save seed? We pick ours by hand. Soy bean gatherer will do. The beans grow mostly at the top of plants and are ready to pick when most of the pods are dark brown or black. A man can pick as many pounds in the pod as he can cotton. Seed shatters out if left too long.

Can I get a Mung Bean crop off in time to plant Fall grain on the same land? You sure can. We have grown crops of Mung Beans, picked the seed, cut and cured the hay, and had the land harrowed and planted in Oats by October 6th.

PRICE ON MUNG BEANS—4 Pounds (To Plant One Acre). \$1.75. 1 Pound (Over 15,000 Seeds), 50 cents. No larger quantity lots are offered this year. Order early.

Note! Ask for our Hastings' Mung Bean Circular. It tells more about this "Wonderful New Crop." Cultures on Page 103.



Hastings' Mung Beans—Note Upright Growth and Prolific Qualities



Hastings' Mung Beans in Corn—Hastings' Plantation

SOY-SOJA BEAN

Soya Beans grow splendidly anywhere in the South; are equal to if not superior to the cowpea as a soil improver; when sown in rows and cultivated, make heavier yields per acre and are superior to the cowpeas in feeding value. They are most nutritious and contain more fattening qualities than any other crop. Soy Beans make a good pasture for all kinds of stock, perhaps the most profitable being for hogs, supplementing the grain ration. This is especially desirable when harvesting is held up by bad weather, lack of labor, and when the crop is grown for soil improvement. Soy beans can be included in many crop rotation plans, their cash value encouraging the growing of the beans as one of the main crops. They make a well balanced ration with crops such as cowpeas and Sudan grass; they make a large yield and fine forage for all kinds of stock. The large yield of seed, the ease of harvesting it and the increasing demands for Soy Beans for food and for the production of oil and meal by cottonseed oil mills make Soy Beans a worth-while crop to grow. Mixed with corn, the Soy Bean is excellent for ensilage and from 1 to 4 tons of hay are made per acre. Sow at the time you would plant corn. Broadcast, like cowpeas, at rate of 60 to 90 pounds per acre or plant 30 pounds per acre in drills $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart. When the pods are well formed is time to cut the crop for hay; for the beans you should wait until the beans are mature.

(600) Mammoth Yellow Soja Beans There are many varieties of the Japanese Soja Bean, but the Mammoth Yellow is the best, the strongest grower and heaviest yielder of seeds in the South. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 2 Pounds, 45c. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 8c per pound. Write for quantity prices.

(603) Laredo Soja Beans We cannot say too much for this splendid new Soja Bean. We sold out last year long before the season started but this year we hope to have enough, certainly for early season orders. Trials and crops on the Hastings' Plantation show this bean to be equal in every way to O-Too-Tan and in addition will mature in 100 to 120 days. Planted in late May and up to June 10th, they were ready for cutting in late September and planted June 22nd, were ready for cutting October 15th on the Hastings' Plantation in 1923. On account of earliness alone, Laredo will take the place of O-Too-Tan for the northern half of the cotton belt. Agricultural workers last year spread the gospel of the Laredo bean so well that the demand far exceeded the supply and there will be a greater demand this year. It is similar to O-Too-Tan except the seed is somewhat flattened and it will mature seed while O-Too-Tan is likely to be ruined by early frosts. Also, the Laredo will get a stand quicker

and better than O-Too-Tan and other small seeded Soja Beans. It is the Soja Bean to plant for hay and soil improving; it gets a stand and it matures seed. Packet, 15 cents. Pound, 50 cents. 2 Pounds, 90 cents. We expect to have a full supply of these Soja Beans but we cannot make quantity prices when this is written. Write for prices when ready to buy.

(601) O-Too-Tan Soja Beans This new Hawaiian Soja Bean for the South, is what you might call a world beater as a soil improver and hay crop. We have watched this wonderful new crop on the Hastings' Plantation with great interest. It's a wonder for putting on nitrogen nodules, from the time the second pair of leaves is formed until frost, and the root system full of nodules or soil bacteria will make a mat or network through the middles of the rows as well as in the rows to enrich your land. The heavy leaf growth is equal in feeding value to the best grade alfalfa and all kinds of stock are very fond of it.

It has made six tons of dry hay per acre in three-foot rows, dropping seed 8 to 10 inches apart. For a bean crop, drop seeds 10 to 12 inches apart in rows, where it makes 20 to 40 bushels per acre. For growing in corn you will be surprised at its great value. It is of bush form and will not climb the corn; in fact it helps the corn and improves your land as well. Planted carefully, 3 pounds of seed will plant an acre in corn; use 5 to 6 pounds per acre in 3-foot rows. Packet, 15c. Pound, 50c. 2 Pounds, 90c. We expect to have a full supply of these Soja Beans but we cannot make quantity prices when this is written. Write for prices when ready to buy.

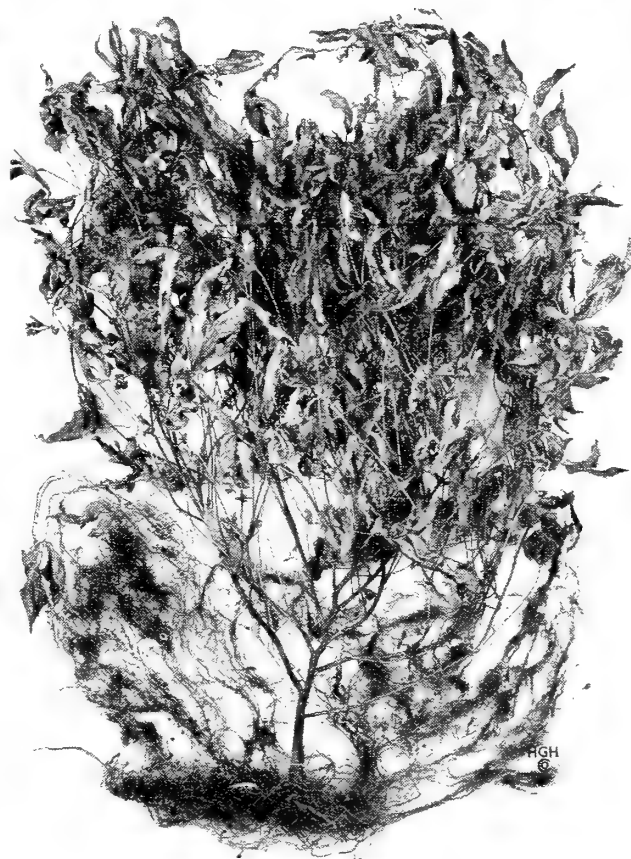
(617) CHUFAS OR EARTH ALMONDS

The Chufa is a species of ground nut, most easily grown, and which ought to be on every Southern farm every year as a hog-fattening crop. Can be planted from April to June; cultivation the same as for bunch peanuts. The crop is usually matured by September 15, and can be left in the ground until time to turn the hogs in, the hogs doing the harvesting.

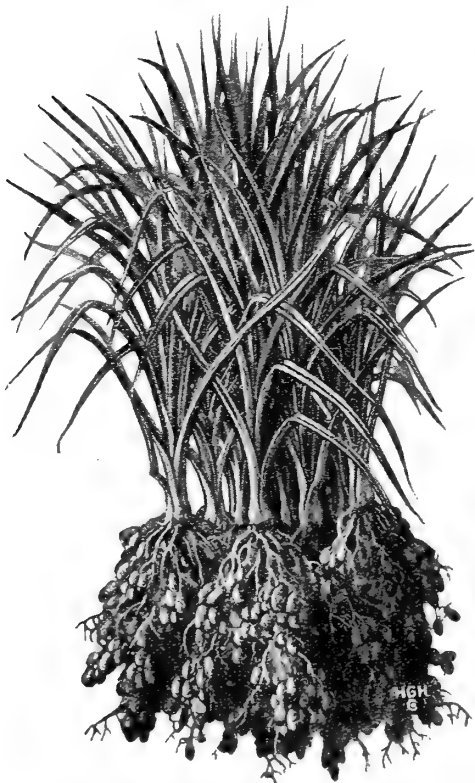
Chufas are highly recommended by the Experiment Stations of Alabama, Florida, Arkansas and Louisiana. We know of no crop that will produce as heavy crops in proportion to the quality of land as Chufas, some reports of yield being almost incredible, ranging from 200 to 1,000 bushels per acre. Any land suitable for cotton, corn, potatoes or peanuts will make profitable crops of Chufas.

At the Arkansas Experiment Station one-third of an acre of Chufas supported three hogs, averaging 122 pounds each, for 46 days. The gain during the 46 days averaged 66 pounds per hog. In this test Chufas proved practically as good as dry corn for fattening purposes. In the Alabama Station test the yield of Chufas was 172 bushels per acre. Chickens and turkeys as well as hogs are very fond of them.

Make rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart, dropping seed about one foot apart in the row, and covering about 2 inches. Chufas require from 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ pecks per acre. We advise early orders, for almost every year we have to refuse late in the season orders. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 35 cents. Not Prepaid—Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.00.



(601) Single Plant of O-Too-Tan Soja Bean



(617) Chufas or Earth Almonds for Hogs

Early Velvet Beans

The South's Soil Salvation

No man or woman ever needed salvation in the religious sense any more than the average cotton growing soils of the South need salvation in the physical or land building sense. We say this in all reverence and without disrespect to the Creator of all things.

A piece of virgin land, deep and rich with vegetable matter and plant food, is just as much a part of God's work as you are and should be treated as such instead of robbed and squandered as we and our ancestors have been doing.

The washed out hill lands of the upper Cotton Belt and the sandy lands of the lower belt all need, and need badly, soil salvation. It is up to you and to us to bring this salvation to them in the shape of these crops turned under. Cowpeas are good, but Velvet Beans are far better because they make far more growth.

The middle and northern part of the Cotton Belt were largely denied the use of the Velvet Bean until the origination and distribution of the early and extra early varieties that reach full or nearly full maturity even in the most northern part of our section. Every year sees hundreds of thousands of new Velvet Bean acres added to the South's total acreage.

With the spread of the planting, Velvet Bean Meal mills have sprung up in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi and Velvet Bean Meal is successfully competing in the markets as a competitor of Cottonseed Meal as a dairy and live stock feed.

Every acre of Velvet Beans planted means first of all, soil improvement; second, a crop of beans that has a cash value for market or of still greater value to be fed the stock at home.

Plant Velvet Beans in Corn

Every acre of upland or second bottom corn in the Cotton Belt ought to be planted in Velvet Beans at rate of about one peck (15 lbs.) per acre. This plan means more forage than cowpeas will make, plus six to ten bushels of beans, without decreasing the usual yield of corn. We do not advise planting in bottom land corn. The growth on bottom land would be so heavy as to break down the corn.

South of a line drawn east and west through Macon, Georgia, Montgomery, Alabama, and Jackson, Mississippi, plant the beans between the stalks of corn (2 beans to each place) about one month after corn planting. North of that line plant at the same time with the corn. Our experiments at the Hastings Farm have clearly demonstrated to us that in the northern half of the Cotton Belt the beans should be planted in the rows at corn planting time instead of later if best results are wanted from the crop.

(605) Extra Early Velvet Bean Our illustration from a photograph shows clusters of the Early Velvet grown in Middle Georgia where the seed matured perfectly in four months. It has the strong growing characteristics of the old variety, a crop of which turned under was estimated to do the land more good than a ton of average guano per acre. Extra Early Velvet is the one best variety for the middle and northern section of the Cotton Belt, gathering nitrogen from the air like cowpeas, making two or three times as much growth and pods and adding a supply of vegetable matter to your soil that will show for years to come in your crops. Plant in rows 4 to 5 feet apart, dropping 2 seeds every 12 to 15 inches. Cultivate once or twice and then let them alone. They will take care of themselves and everything else on the land. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 2 Pounds, 45 cents.** We expect to have a full supply of Extra Early Velvet Beans but we cannot make definite quantity prices when this is written. Write for our best prices when ready to buy.

WHAT SOME PEOPLE SAY

"I live in central west Texas and have ordered seed from H. G. Hastings Co., Atlanta, Ga., and received them in five days, including day order was mailed. Have been buying seed from Hastings for 25 years and I get the best seed and service from Hastings of any people I have ever bought from."—W. D. Copeland, Erath County, Texas.

"My seeds were received in perfect order and am entirely satisfied. I shall be pleased to place all future orders with your company."—Mrs. Jesse B. Sanford, Palm Beach Co., Florida.

"Everybody on a farm should plant Hastings' Seeds for they can be assured of a good crop and every seed comes up. Hastings is strictly honest. I buy all my garden seed and always expect to from H. G. Hastings. As ever, a customer."—Mrs. L. P. Gassett.

"I will just say I have used your seed and plants for 14 years and have never failed in making a garden."—J. W. Wedgeworth, Cherokee Co., Texas.

"When it comes to garden seed, Hastings' surely in the lead. Seeds may come and seeds may go, but Hastings' Seeds are seeds that grow."—Isaac B. Lester, Habersham Co., Georgia.

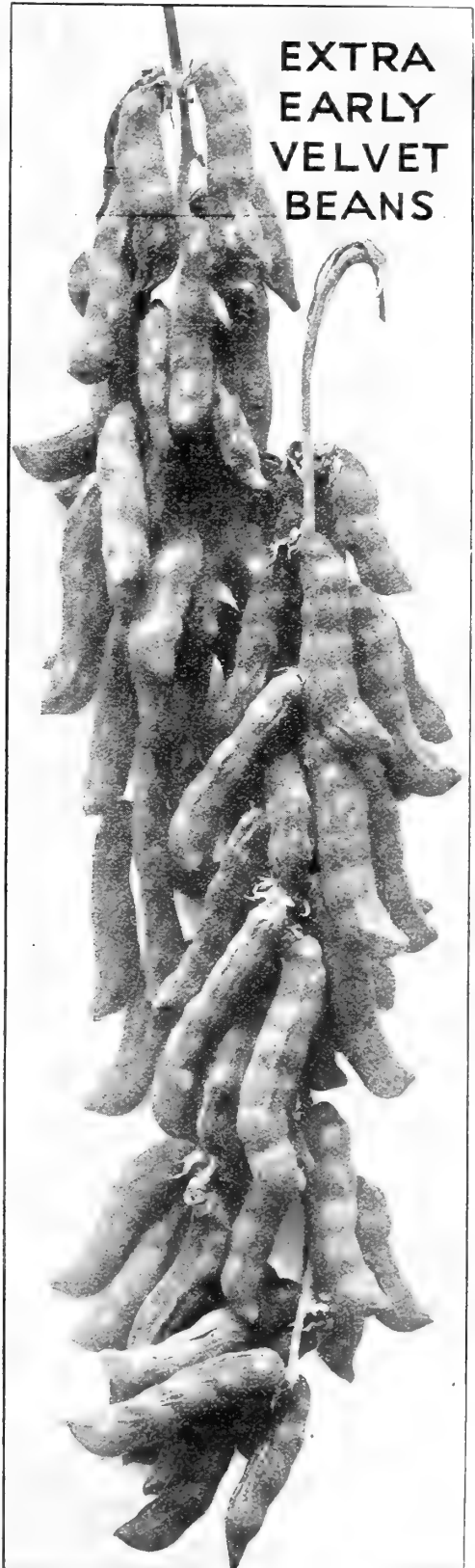
"You should see my flower garden from the seed I got of you this spring (1924). Also the vegetable garden is fine."—Mrs. C. S. Linthicum, Leon Co., Florida.

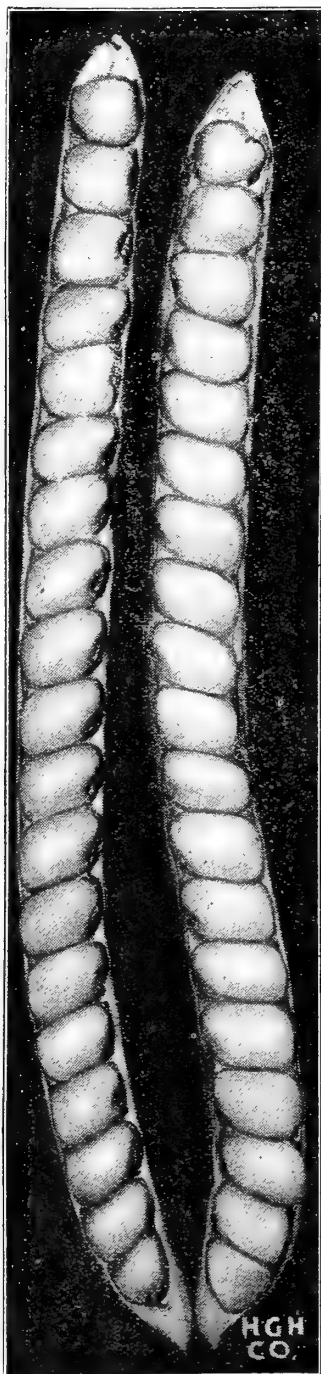
"I like to tell my friends about Hastings' Seeds. I am so well pleased. I have been gardening a long time but I haven't found any seed yet that I like as well as Hastings'. Everything is just like you say."—Mrs. J. A. Shepard, Jefferson Co., Arkansas.

"Last fall I ordered, besides other seed, some Sweet Peas; every one who saw these peas said they were the finest they had ever seen."—B. W. Cunningham, Harris Co., Texas.

"Your Dwarf Okra is the best on earth. No rain in 10 days and it is full of pods and blooms daily."—T. G. Woods, Jefferson Co., Miss.

EXTRA
EARLY
VELVET
BEANS





(348) Sugar Crowder Peas

FOR YOUR LANDS' SAKE PLANT HASTINGS' COWPEAS

A farmer's acres and their fertility and crop producing power is just as much the farmer's capital as is the machinery and buildings of the manufacturer; as is the stock of goods on the merchant's shelves. You can no more afford to let the fertility of your acres run down than the manufacturer can afford to let his machinery wear out or run down, or the merchant get out of staple goods. To succeed you must keep up to par or increase.

There are millions of acres in the South that can and should be planted in cowpeas every summer instead of lying idle or working half-time. Plant from last frost up to August first. They are fine to follow small grains and to plant between corn rows at "laying by" time. The cowpea is well called the clover of the South. We need cowpeas for hay and forage but especially do we need them turned under to improve the land. This is an age of land building instead of land skinning. You cannot produce more than your land will allow, no matter how good the seeds or how much cultivation you give the crop. Farm right by treating your land right. Cowpeas will fit into any proper system of rotation or good farming.

For your land's sake plant plenty of cowpeas this year. They will help the land and furnish plenty of roughage and grain for cattle and hogs. Growing Cowpeas and Velvet Beans is almost like putting money to your credit in the bank. Soil Bacteria Cultures are on Page 103. If you are in Wilt Infested Territory or cannot grow Cowpeas because of the Bean Beetle, plant Mung Beans. See Page 94.

(345) Clay Peas The Clay has long been a standard cowpea in the South. Medium late variety of running habit and vigorous growth of vine, giving a good forage crop. The leaves do not shed as many varieties do in curing and the pods ripen very uniformly. For forage, peas, and a soil builder, you will be pleased with Clay. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 2 Pounds (a little over one quart), 45 cents. Write for quantity prices.

(336) Brabham Upright in growth and retains foliage exceptionally well in curing. Resists disease and is very vigorous and productive. Does best on light soils. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 2 Pounds (a little over one quart), 45 cents. Write for quantity prices.

(343) Whippoorwill The standard early bush or bunch variety for early crop, for planting broadcast after oats or other grain crops and in the rows between corn rows. This variety can be grown further north than other sorts and is being largely planted for soil improvement as far north as Indiana, Illinois and Ohio. Seeds, brown speckled and rather small. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 2 Pounds, 45 cents. Write for quantity prices.

(342) Unknown or Wonderful So far as possible we keep in stock, during the spring months, supplies of the above varieties, as well as many others not listed, the supply of which are more or less uncertain in some seasons. When ready to buy in bushel lots or over write for prices, stating variety and quantity wanted. Each:—

(346) Iron, and (338) Mixed Peas Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 2 Pounds, 45 cents.

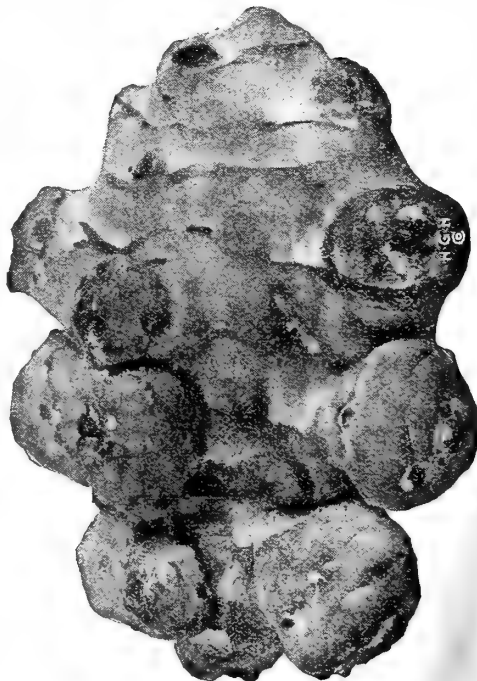
(348) SUGAR CROWDER PEAS--FOR TABLE USE Not only one of the earliest to mature but one of the most prolific and best flavored table peas. Excellent to use for forage crop and soil-improver with its large growth of vines. These delicious and excellent heavy bearing Sugar Crowders were grown on the Hastings' Plantation and you may be sure that they are the finest on the market; the best field pea of them all for eating purposes. We have had great difficulty in getting good Crowder Peas in the past. We, therefore, started growing them on our own Plantation in 1921 but the great demand took all we grew, except our specially selected planting stock for this year, long before planting time last spring. We increased our acreage last summer and hope to have enough to supply all small quantity orders this spring. They are the finest of table peas. Send in your order early and try some this year. Packet, 10 cents. Lb., 40 cents. 2 Lbs., 70 cents. We shall not have enough seed to sell in larger quantity lots this year but be sure to plant a few on your place.

(340) Large Black-eye The standard large black-eye table pea. Good either as "snaps" or shelled. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 40 cents. 2 Pounds, 70 cents. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 20c per Lb.

(341) Lady Peas Very small seeded but strong growing and prolific pea for table use. Peas are creamy white and of the finest quality. Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 45 cents. 2 Pounds, 75 cents.

Jerusalem Artichoke THE GREATEST HOG FEED

neglecting a most important hog-food crop. It is a most valuable food for hogs, fattening them quickly, and it is said by many hog raisers that a hog fed on artichokes has never been known to have cholera. They are fully adapted to Southern plantings, growing and increasing through the entire season. They are grown from tubers, the same as Irish potatoes. It requires 300 pounds to plant an acre. On very rich land they have produced nearly 1,000 bushels per acre. Turn the hogs into the field and they will harvest them. Plant in March and April in rows 3 feet apart, dropping seed every 2 feet in the row. Let grow until fall. Hogs will be delighted to harvest them all through the winter. Pound, postpaid, 25 cents. 3 Pounds, 70 cents. Write for large quantity prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Pounds, 75 cents. 50-Pound lots (bushel) and upwards, about 6 cents per pound.



(4) Tuber of Jerusalem Artichoke

Plant Plenty of Peanuts

The peanut as a "cash" crop and as a feeding and fattening crop is coming into its own. In many parts of the South it has long been looked on as desirable to have a small peanut patch for the hogs to run on for fattening and possibly a few over for the children to "parch." Now the peanut has become a full man-sized crop with hundreds of thousands of acres under cultivation both for hog feeding and in many sections for sale direct to oil mills for the manufacture of peanut oil and meal.

Peanuts ought to be a regular crop on every Southern farm that has sandy, light clay or loose loam soils. Every part of the crop is of use. The tops make splendid hay or forage, the nuts are valuable either for feed or for sale to the oil mills, most of which will contract in advance for your crop. You can trade with them and get back the meal for feed just as you would trade cotton seed for cottonseed meal.

Last, but not least, the peanut is one of the leguminous plants that draw that most costly element of plant food, nitrogen, from the air, depositing it in your soil for the use of future crops.

The peanut as a real crop has come to the Cotton Belt to stay. If you fail to plant peanuts plentifully it's your loss. The Spanish Peanut is early and a heavy bearer. In Florida and along the Gulf Coast where it can be planted as early as April and as late as July 15th, two crops can be made. Plant from 1 to 2 bushels per acre, the Spanish or bush sorts thicker or closer than the running varieties.

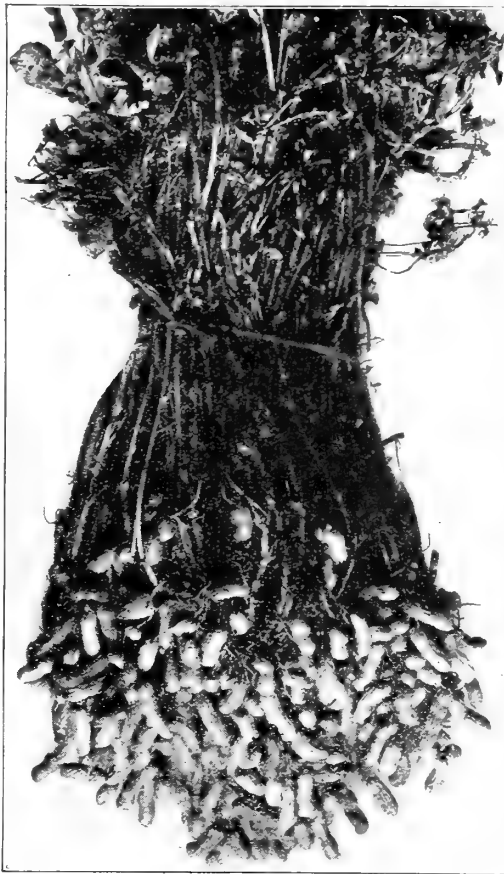
Just a word. You may desire some of the Improved Valencia such as are offered below. You may not feel able to pay the price for quantity sufficient for your acreage. Send in your order for one or three pounds or more, plant in well prepared ground and grow your seed for large acreage next year.

(578) Improved Valencia Peanut There is a constantly growing demand for a peanut adapted to our section and yet larger in size with a greater number of nuts or kernels than in the generality of varieties planted in the South. The Improved Valencia coming originally from Spain fills the requirements exactly and has proven through several years' test its full adaptability to our growing conditions. A most productive and desirable variety, a distinct improvement in appearance over any variety in general use. Pods are large, close and well filled, containing 3 to 4 nuts or kernels with red skins in each pod. Of very mild, sweet, enjoyable flavor. Their handsome appearance makes storekeepers, or any one wanting them for ordinary commercial purposes, buy them on sight. The Valencia is well worth a trial.

Home Grown Seed—Pound, 40 cents. 3 Pounds, \$1.00. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 20 cents per pound.

(580) North Carolina Running Peanut Recently there has been an increased planting of the running varieties of peanuts. The best and surest cropper in the Central and Lower South is the "North Carolina." Nuts somewhat larger than the Spanish, easily grown, and nuts fill out nicely with very few "pops" for a running variety. Finest re-cleaned seed stock. Pound, 30 cents. 4 Pounds, \$1.00. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 15c per Lb. Write for our very best prices on amount you want when ready to buy.

(581) Spanish Peanut For a long time has been the best variety for a forage and fattening crop in the South. An early, heavy bearer; bushes growing close, so, very easily cultivated. Grains or nuts are smaller, skins of creamy white color, much sweeter and finer flavored and much more free from "pops" than the larger sorts. Best re-cleaned seed stock. Pound, 30 cents. 4 Pounds, \$1.00. Write for best prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 15c per Lb.



(578) Type of Hastings' Valencia Peanuts

INOCULATE PEANUTS, Cowpeas, Soja Beans, Velvet Beans, Mung Beans, Alfalfa, all Clovers and other legume crops with Farmogerm or Mulford Cultures. See Page 103. These Nitrogen Gathering Bacteria should be sprinkled on all legume crop seed before planting. They make plant food, make bigger crops and leave rich fertility in your soil for the crops to follow. It pays to use them and you need them for best success with legume crops.

(400) DWARF ESSEX RAPE

For spring, fall or winter planting for quick green forage or grazing for hogs and poultry, there is nothing equal to Dwarf Essex Rape. While most largely planted in fall and early winter, one or two plantings in the spring should not be passed by. It makes a quick succulent growth that will be liked by all two and four-legged animals on the place. If once used on the table as a substitute for "turnip greens" you will be far more anxious to have a "rape patch" than a "turnip green patch."

The tops look like rutabagas and growth is similar yet larger. Rape makes no bulbous roots. Can be planted in rows like turnips, 4 pounds per acre, or broadcasted 8 to 10 pounds per acre, covering by a light harrowing. Ready for grazing in 8 to 10 weeks.

Dwarf Essex Rape in its top growth looks very much like rutabaga turnips, but does not form a bulbous root. It can be sown with fine results any month from August to April. According to soil and season, rape grows from 15 to 30 inches high. It is a splendid green feed and forage crop relished by all kinds of stock but is principally planted for hogs and poultry. It makes an exceptionally fine hog pasture, is also excellent for sheep, all sorts of stock eating it greedily, and it puts and keeps them in fine condition. At one of the Experiment Stations an acre of rape was used to pasture 20 hogs for three months in connection with a small grain ration at the same time.

It's valuable not only for pasture but green feeding. It can be grown successfully and profitably on any soil that will make a crop of turnips or rutabagas, and in case your turnip greens or spinach patch runs short, you will find a mess of greens from the rape patch a mighty good substitute on your table.

In Georgia alone there are a million more hogs than a few years ago. Poultry is coming forward by leaps and bounds, many farmers with no cotton or cash crop money being mighty thankful for chicken money and chickens to eat last summer. Hogs and chickens need pasture and rape pasture is excellent, seed planted in early spring or fall.

Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lb. lots, 15c per Lb. 100 Lbs., or over, about 10c per Lb.



(400) Plant Dwarf Essex Rape for Feeds and Food



(589) Hastings' Syrup Cane—Dependable Seed

(589) HASTINGS' SYRUP CANE

Origin About 1910 we obtained seed of this Syrup Cane from the far South and since that time we have been selecting this seed by picking out from the best plants the largest and best developed seed heads. During this time we have tested other varieties and found this type of cane better than all other sorts for making syrup. All of this seed is grown on our own plantation.

Maturity It is two weeks later than Amber or Orange and makes a larger stalk and fully more than $\frac{1}{2}$ more fodder than either Amber or Orange Cane. Therefore, it is especially recommended for silos.

Culture Plant this cane seed on rich land during April or May in drills (4-foot rows) at the rate of 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Cultivate like corn and chop out like cotton, leaving plants about 10 to 12 inches apart in the row. One seed will stool out and produce three to five stalks, usually growing from 10 to 12 feet tall, and under favorable conditions this variety will usually produce from 30 to 50 bushels of seed per acre and 125 to 200 gallons of syrup per acre, which is usually of a fine flavor and always sells well. It is best to cut for making syrup just before the seeds ripen, as the plants have more saccharine at that state of development, but if you desire to save seed, let the plant mature and cut when it is fully ripe. The seed heads should be cut and cured in the field. This variety of sorghum produces an abundance of splendid fodder. Some of the larger syrup makers do not pull the fodder, but run the stalk and fodder through a cane crusher, thereby saving labor. This method of crushing the cane may cause the syrup to be a little darker in color than if the fodder is pulled. Seed should not be run through crusher after they ripen.

Recommendation It is our opinion that this new introduction, Hastings' Syrup Cane is the best syrup cane that can be grown. It is an All-purpose Sorghum Cane, recommended in the highest for syrup, silage, fodder and seed. Orange, Amber and Red Top Sorghum are not good for syrup making and it is our experience that Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane cannot always be depended on for purity. Hastings' Syrup Cane is somewhat similar to the Seeded Ribbon Cane but can be depended upon and is a vastly better cane for all its purposes all the way through. Hastings' Syrup Cane is a real syrup maker and we are doing the South a great service in offering dependable seed of this much needed crop this year. It is a valuable crop for us on the Hastings' Plantation for feed, seed and syrup. It will be for you. Five pounds is enough to plant $\frac{1}{2}$ acre; a plenty to give every planter seed to try it out for himself and to get a good start.

Prices It's a real, dependable syrup cane. Pound, 30 cents. 5 Pounds for \$1.25. Not Prepaid—10-Lb. lots, 15 cents per pound. 100-Lb. lots, 12 cents per pound. Order early and be sure of a good start.

SORGHUM or CANE SEED for FORAGE

Recleaned--Free from Trash and Dirt Every year the sowing of Sorghum in the South for forage and hay crops becomes more general. Can be sown either alone or mixed with cowpeas. Planted in drills, use 8 to 10 pounds per acre, or about a bushel (50 pounds) broadcasted for forage; if sown broadcast with peas use about $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel (25 pounds) with one bushel of peas. It pays to fertilize sorghum heavily, the increased yield more than paying for the fertilizer. Every bushel of sorghum seed we send out is thoroughly recleaned and free from trash, stems and dirt.

(586) Early Amber Sorghum Early Southern variety grown almost exclusively for forage crop either alone or broadcasted with peas. Pound, 25 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00. Quantity prices subject to market changes. Write us for quantity prices when ready to buy. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 7c per Lb. Not good for syrup.

(585) Early Orange Larger than Amber, maturing ten days later. Pound, 25 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00. Write for quantity prices. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 7c per Lb. Not good for syrup.

(583) Red Top Sorghum Later, larger growth and better drought resister than Amber and Orange. Grow in in favor in the Southeast. Pound, 25 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00. Write for quantity prices. Not Prepaid—10 Lbs., or over, about 8c per Lb. Not good for syrup.

GROW MORE FEED TO FEED MORE STOCK

MAKE FORAGE

With the rapidly increasing stock industry in the South and the prosperity coming to the South on account of it, raising more stock feed, and especially forage is paramount.

The South is destined to become a great stock producing section of the country of good, pure-bred stock, and forage must be raised to feed it. Raise more stock, but first, it is only a paying proposition if you grow all the feed necessary for that stock on your own acres. Sorghums are Forage crops for the South.

Hastings' Syrup Cane is a wonderful producer of forage and grain as well as syrup and is very valuable for ensilage. Early Amber, Early Orange and Red Top Sorghums are forage producers of great merit and every farmer in the South with even a single head of stock on his place would do well to raise a plenty to feed his stock.

At the largest stock shows in the country the South has shown champions of practically all breeds of cattle and hogs. Big Northern breeders are moving South for our advantages. Live stock has found its natural home in the South. Grow more feed to feed more live stock.



(586) Hastings' Early Amber Sorghum—Showing Character of Growth

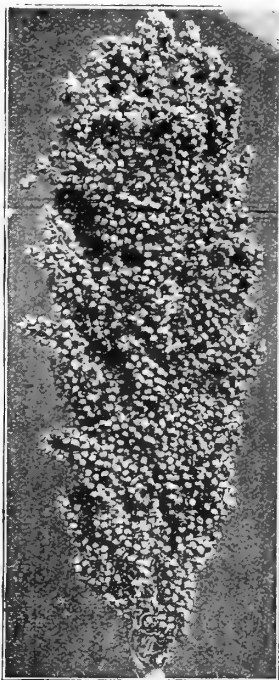
FETERITA—A Sure Drought Beater

(588) A fine forage plant for the South, brought from Egypt in 1907. Similar to Kaffir Corn in general habit, but grows a little taller and produces larger heads, standing erect; white seed and early maturity. Its greatest value, however, is its great ability to resist drought. In the extreme heat and drought in the Western States several years ago when corn burned up completely and all the varieties of Sorghum and Kaffir Corn largely failed, Feterita came through practically without damage, making a splendid crop of both grain and forage. Feterita generally grows about five feet high, matures a month or more earlier than Kaffir Corn or Milo Maize, and produces larger heads and more grain. It is a good crop to plant after oats or wheat because it is quick in maturing and its grain feed value is nearly as high as corn. For hog feed cut the grain heads in the "dough" although the seed is larger and softer than Kaffir Corn. Sow in rows like Kaffir Corn at rate of 6 to 8 pounds per acre. **Pound, 25c. 5 Pounds, \$1.00.** In lots of 10 pounds or over, not prepaid, about 8 cents per pound. Write for quantity prices.

(584) Yellow Milo-Maize Great producer of fine forage. Grows 8 to 12 feet high, stooling heavily. Can be cut several times during season. Large seed heads give a crop equal to corn. Plant 10 pounds per acre. **Pound, 25 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00.** In ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, about 8 cents per pound. Write for prices.

(625) Broom Corn A fine crop for dry-land farming where there is a market for the straw for brooms. It has practically no feed value as neither the plant nor seeds are suitable for feeding purposes. **Pound, 25 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00.** In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, about 10 cents per pound. Write for quantity prices.

(628) White and (627) Red Kaffir Corn These two varieties become more valuable every year because of their drought resisting qualities. Grow 4 to 5 feet high, are very stocky and leafy; valuable alike for forage and grain. Plant from March to July, in rows 3 feet apart, drilling seed thinly like sorghum. If wanted for grain, principally, let heads mature on the stalk and then the whole stalk may be cut for fodder after the seed heads have been cut. If wanted for fodder, mainly, cut down the stalks when first seed heads begin to appear, leaving 4 to 5 inches of stubble. From this stubble will spring a second growth, making an excellent crop of forage and a fair crop of grain. Stalks keep green and juicy to the last. For poultry feed and small grain it is unexcelled. Two varieties, the White and Red; the only marked difference that we can see is that of the color of the grains. We can supply either at:—**Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 25 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00.** In quantity, not prepaid, about 8 cents per pound. Write for our best prices.



White Kaffir Corn

NOTE! Remember that there are no better seeds grown anywhere than Hastings' Seeds. Good seeds are always worth whatever you may have to pay for them. Cheap seeds are seldom worth what they cost.

CHICKEN CORN OR SHALLU, (630) White Seeded

In our tests and investigations of the various different plants of grain and forage crops that might prove of value in the South, we discovered what is really a "White Seeded" Chicken Corn. It is more valuable than the old Red Seeded and at the same time it is a much surer cropper.

We have grown a mighty fine crop of Shallu on the Hastings' Plantation for this spring's sales and we are sure you will be more than pleased with this selected stock seed. It is worth a great deal to you.

Chicken Corn, Shallu or Egyptian Wheat, is a variety of the sorghum family with extra large loose, bushy heads, covered thickly with small grains. If left standing, the grains drop off in a scattering manner and the chickens gather it. If grown on a larger scale the large, well-filled heads can be cut at maturity and fed to the poultry as desired.

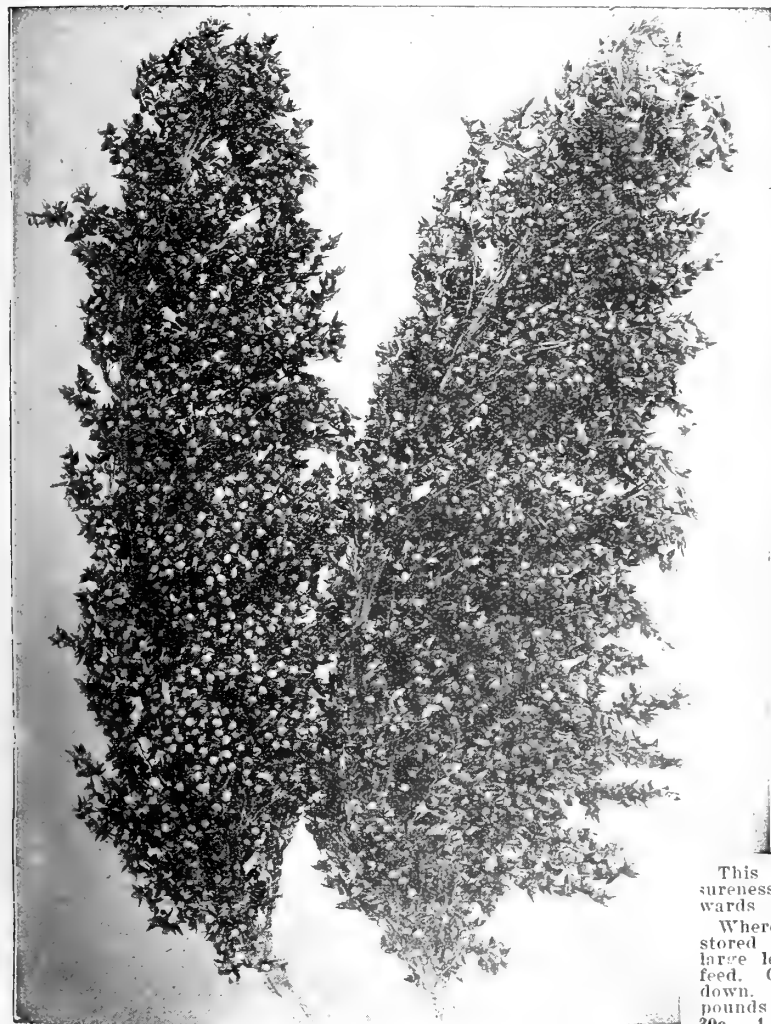
It is best to sow the seed rather thinly in rows three to four feet apart, leaving two or three plants to every three feet of row. If planted in small patches only, it is best to plant near enough to the chicken houses so chickens can range, feeding on the seeds as they fall in the patch.

One of our Cuban friends has recently called our attention to another value of this splendid plant. In the days of high-priced wheat flour and the necessity of making it go as far as possible through mixing it, desirable adulterants were at a premium. This Cuban experiment showed that finely ground Chicken Corn or Shallu mixed with wheat flour in proportions of three parts of flour to one of Chicken Corn was far more satisfactory than other ingredients.

Referring again to its value as poultry feed there are large sections of the South that are buyers instead of growers and sellers of poultry. This is due to both a lack of home-grown feed and the necessarily high cost of bought poultry feed.

This White Seeded Chicken Corn with its ease of growth, sureness of crop, and heavy yields will go a long way towards solving the poultry feed problem.

Where large quantities are grown, heads should be cut and stored like Sorghum or Kaffir Corn for winter feed. The large leafy stalks can also be cut, as they make excellent feed. Growing Chicken Corn will cut your feed bills away down. It's the cheapest and best feed you can get. Plant 5 pounds per acre in rows 3½ to 4 feet apart. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 30c. 4 Lbs., \$1.00. Postpaid. Not Prepaid—10 Pounds or over, about 12 cents per pound. Write for quantity prices.**



Two Average Heads of Chicken Corn Grown in Georgia



Genuine Pearl or Cattail Millet (Pencillaria)

PLANT PLENTY OF MONEY SAVING CROPS



Golden (Formerly German) Millet From Our Tennessee Grown Seed

(619) PEARL OR CATTAIL MILLET Best known and most valuable of all green forage plants in the South. For the past nine or ten years sensational seedsmen have sold this as a new plant under the name of "Pencillaria" and "Mand's Wonder Forage Plant." Pencillaria or Cattail Millet needs no introduction to any of the older residents of the South. Its great value is well known. Greatest and best yielder of green forage and continues to grow and produce through the entire season if cut frequently enough to prevent its going to seed. Our illustration on this page shows the heavy growth of Pearl Millet. In actual field tests made some years ago on heavily manured ground it made green forage at the rate of 95 tons per acre in 135 days. No other forage plant has ever come up to that record. A tropical plant making an enormous growth all through our long Southern summer. Relished by all kinds of stock and they eat it greedily. No plant will go further towards solving the forage problem in the South than Pearl Millet. It ought to be grown on your farm. Sow thinly in rows 3 feet apart at the rate of 8 to 10 pounds per acre. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 35 cents. 10-Pound lots, not prepaid, about 15 cents per pound. Write for our quantity prices when ready to buy.**

(618) GOLDEN MILLET—TENNESSEE GROWN

(Formerly German Millet)—We have said considerable in the past about the importance of Southern grown seed being necessary for a successful crop of Golden Millet in the South. We give below a reproduction from a photograph of a crop from our Tennessee seed. Is it not worth 25¢ or so more per bushel to sow seed that will make a crop like this? **Golden Millet** is an important and nutritious hay crop, largely grown throughout the South, relished by horses and cattle. Seed thickly, not less than one bushel per acre, any time from the middle of May through July, but not too early, because it does not grow off nicely until the soil and weather get warm. It matures in from six to eight weeks after seeding. Cut while in bloom, before the seed hardens in the head, as after that the hay quality decreases. There are two necessities for a successful crop of **Golden Millet**—first, rich or highly manured ground; second, Southern grown seed, that from Tennessee being the best. **Pound, postpaid, 30¢. Not prepaid:—10-Pound lots, about 8¢ per pound. Subject to market change. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

(615) Japanese Buckwheat

Should be more generally grown in the South for poultry feed. It is well adapted and may be sown in very early spring or late summer, maturing in about two months. It is easily grown, desirable, and profitable for large grain yields, flower food for bees, and turned under it is a good soil improver. Where weeds are thick, buckwheat will smother them and put the soil in good condition for the crops that follow. Buckwheat makes a fine quality of flour, the kind that goes into the famous "Buckwheat Cakes." It's great for poultry feed. **Pound, postpaid, 25 cents. Not prepaid:—10-Pound lots, about 10¢ per pound. Write for prices.**

(632) Bene

Tall annual herb, about 3 feet high, producing flowers followed by seed pods which shatter the oily seeds in great profusion. These seeds are relished by poultry and a great use at present is a crop to attract and feed wild birds, especially quail and partridges. The oil from the seed is sweet, and, like olive oil, is used on salads and for other culinary purposes. The parched seeds are used in confectionery. This is one of the finest plants ever grown for poultry feed. Try it this year. Drill seed in rows 3 feet apart, as soon as frost danger is past, at rate of 5 pounds per acre. **Ounce, 10 cents. ¼ Pound, 25 cents. Pound, 75 cents. Write for quantity prices.**

(510) Beggarweed A standard plant for hay crop in Florida, and when grown thickly makes fine quality of nutritious hay. A natural plant, coming from seed each year. For hay, cut when it comes into bloom, following which a second growth springs up which produces seed, thus seeding the ground for the next year. Best sown at the beginning of the summer rainy season in Florida. Clean seed, hull removed. **Pound, 75 cents. Postpaid. Write for our best quantity prices when ready to buy.**

(582) Upland Rice You can grow rice on upland as well as on the flooded lowlands, any ground having a reasonable amount of moisture making fair crops. If you haven't tried rice before, do so this year and see for yourself that it will make 20 to 40 bushels per acre. **Pound, postpaid, 30 cents. 10-Pound lots or over, not prepaid, 8 cents per pound. Write for special prices on large quantities.**

(621) Mammoth Russian Sunflower

Every farm in the South ought to grow Sunflowers for the seed. No farm where poultry is raised can afford to be without them. The yield on fairly good land is immense, 125 bushels per acre being nothing unusual, and as a poultry feed to give rapid growth and fine glossy plumage, there is nothing that equals it. As an egg-producing food, nothing can be better. When we say that a sunflower crop is profitable, we mean the Mammoth Russian, which produces three to four times as much seed as the common varieties. **Packet, 10 cents. Pound, 30 cents. Ten Pounds, or over, not prepaid, about 12 cents per pound. Write.**

(622) Teosinte Mammoth forage plant; undoubtedly one of the most valuable for the South to be used in a green state. The yield is simply enormous and can be cut all through the summer and until frost. We were assured by the late C. A. Bacon, of Ormond, Florida, several years ago, that this remarkable plant grew at the rate of 5 inches per day on his place. **¼ Pound, 30¢. Pound, \$1.00. Postpaid. Write for prices.**

Insecticides—Supplies—Cultures

There are two kinds of insects that attack your garden, shrubs, flowers and trees. "Biting Insects" chew up the foliage and to kill them use a stomach poison: Bug Death or Stonecypher's. "Sucking Insects" suck the plant juices until plants wither and die and to kill them use a contact poison: Bug Death Alpha, Fish Oil Soap and Tobacco. For a combination Fungicide and Insecticide, against fungous growth and insects, use Bug Death Alpha. All these insecticides can be sent by mail unless marked otherwise.

BUG DEATH Bug Death kills the bugs and at the same time does not injure the plant or its regular growth as does Paris Green, London Purple, Arsenate of Lead or the dozen or more forms of arsenical poisons that are offered as "bug-killers." Bug Death is the only general insecticide known that is effective on bugs and is at the same time harmless to both plants and animals. It's sure death to leaf-eating bugs. Keep "Bug Death" on hand at all times. Order it now.

POSTPAID PRICES ON BUG DEATH—Pound, 35 cents. 3 Pounds, 70 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00. 12½ Pounds, \$2.00. By Express or Freight, not prepaid:—Pound, 20 cents. 3 Pounds, 45 cents. 5 Pounds, 60 cents. 12½ Pounds, \$1.25. 100-Pound keg, \$8.50.

Stonecypher's Potato Bug Killer This stomach poison will kill all leaf-eating insects. Bugs are often disastrous to Irish Potatoes, Squash, Cucumbers, Cantaloupes and Tomatoes and for use in the home garden as well as for truck gardens we recommend Stonecypher's Potato Bug Killer to kill these bugs. This insecticide is stronger and more effective than Bug Death and it does not injure even the tender plants unless applied too thickly. It is in powder form and comes in a cylinder shaker can, very handy to use. No duster is needed; the shaker top of the container makes a duster of it. By express, not prepaid, \$2.40 per dozen cans.

Stonecypher's is a POISON and so cannot be sent by mail. Order a dozen cans by express to keep on hand or with your neighbors. This is the cheapest wholesale price, and we furnish dealers also at this price. Save \$1.80 a dozen by buying direct from us.

Cal-Sulphur--Kills Bean Beetles The only insecticide made for the control of the Mexican Bean Beetle. If you are in Bean Beetle territory or will be this year, be sure to order ahead of time, enough to dust your crops or garden once thoroughly. Bean Beetles ruin crops in a few days. You can't wait to order after they appear. Formula of tri-calcium arsenate and flowers of sulphur by Dr. W. E. Hinds, State Entomologist for Alabama. Recommended by leading farm papers, agricultural agents and the Federal Bureau of Entomology at East Lake, Ala. You couldn't buy the ingredients and mix it properly yourself at this cheap price. POISON—Can't be mailed. By express, not prepaid:—3 Lbs., 65c. 5 Lbs., 90c. 50 Lb. Drum, \$7.25. 100 Lb. Barrel, \$14.00.

Tobacco Dust Powdered tobacco is a standard insecticide, often used in conjunction with Whale Oil Soap and Bordeaux mixtures. The striped cucumber (squash and melon) beetle and flea-beetle are repelled with this insecticide. 2 Pound box with directions, postpaid, 35 cents.

Bug Death Alpha Bug Death is to use against "biting insects" and Bug Death Alpha likewise conquers the "sucking insects." It is free from arsenic; safe for bees, birds, chickens, animals and consumers. For sucking insects, lice, aphids, flea beetles, currant worms and fungous attacks. Package (12 oz.), 35 cents. 10 Lbs., \$2.00. Not prepaid:—10 Lbs., \$1.40. 80-Lb. keg, \$8.75; 150-Lb. keg, \$16.00.

Fish Oil Soap For combating insects that infest trees, vines and plants—keeping plants clean and free from many insects and destroys larvae and eggs. Effectively destroys aphids. Pound box, postpaid, 35 cents.

Slug Shot Kills many insects injurious to house and garden plants, trees, vines, melons, vegetables and flowers. It's an all-round good insecticide, doesn't injure the foliage. Genuine Hammond's Slug Shot. Postpaid:—Pound, 35 cents. 5 Pounds, \$1.00.

Arsenate of Lead Much better and safer than Paris Green and London Purple against moths, worms, caterpillars, curculio, bugs and beetles—all leaf-eating insects, on fruit trees, potatoes, most vegetables, shade trees and shrubbery. POISON—Can't be mailed. By express, not prepaid:—4 Lbs., \$2.00. 8 Lbs., \$3.50. 24 Lbs., \$9.00. 96 Lbs., \$30.00.

Stim-U-plant Plant Tablets The most modern, efficient and scientific method of fertilizing growing plants. It is plant food in tablet form, containing 11% nitrogen, 12% phosphoric acid and 15% potash. Stim-U-plant tablets are the richest plant food sold, highly concentrated, immediately available forms of plant food for use in stimulating all fruit, flower, vegetable and ornamental plants. These plant tablets promote a luxuriant, vigorous growth of branch, leaf and flower. Try them on your house plants and they will become strong and healthy. Complete directions with package. Trial size, 15 cents. Small size, 25c. Medium size (100 tablets), 75c. Large size (1,000 tablets), \$3.50. Postpaid.

StimUplant
Makes a
Wonder Garden

"Acre-an-Hour" Sifter For distributing insecticides in powdered form. Applies powders evenly and easily, with little or no waste. Ready to use at any time. Each, postpaid, 75 cents.

Dickey Duster For those who only want a small distributor for dry or powdered insecticides and fungicides we have Dickey Dusters. They are fine for those with only small gardens or a few plants to dust. Price, postpaid, 50c.

Farmogerm—Mulford Cultures

Making better crops at less cost for fertilizer ought to be the aim and object of every farmer and gardener. Inoculation will help do both. Remember, however, that these bacteria only act directly on what are known as leguminous crops: this includes all kinds of clover, beans, peas, alfalfa, vetches and peanuts. On these the bacteria can be applied with direct benefit—that is, it will make great deal larger crops per acre than you would otherwise get.

Our illustration shows how these bacteria act on the roots of leguminous plants such as just mentioned. The knobs or "nodules," as they are termed, are little storehouses of nitrogen, that costly element of plant food that these bacteria have gathered from the air. Some of this goes to feed the plant while growing, but the larger part remains stored on the roots. After the clover, peas, etc., have been harvested, these roots decay, leaving in the soil a store of nitrogen for succeeding crops. A good crop of any leguminous plant growing in soil deficient in nitrogen will, if the seed is inoculated, add to that soil available nitrogen equal to that found in 700 to 1000 pounds of nitrate of soda per acre; worth anywhere from \$30.00 to \$50.00. What's more is that the nitrates added by a leguminous crop stay in the soil much better than when applied in the form of nitrate of soda.

The use of these bacteria on leguminous crops means 50% to 100% more of that particular crop per acre, and it means a store of the highest priced element of plant food in your soil for succeeding crops. Isn't that worth while to you? It certainly is to us and these inoculating materials are used extensively on the Hastings' Plantation every year.

NOTE—There is a different kind of culture for each kind of legume, and you must tell what "kind of crop" you want to use it on when ordering. Culture for alfalfa, for example, is not good for any other crop. We have Mulford Cultures and Farmogerm for the inoculation of Hastings' Mung Beans, Alfalfa, Crimson Clover, Sweet Clover, White Clover, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Bur Clover, Cowpeas, Soy Beans, Peanuts, Vetch, Velvet Beans, Beggarweed, Lespedeza or Japan Clover, Sweet Peas, Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Lima Beans.

Farmogerm This was the first successful preparation of nitrogen-gathering bacteria ever put out and we have sold it for many years past with entire satisfaction to our customers. Farm-o-germ is prepared by the Earp Thomas Corporation of Long Island, who operate under a number of patents, including a special bottle with an air tube that keeps the bacteria active and alive for several years in the bottle. Also they use a very fine porous jelly in the bottle that holds more bacteria since they are given no food, their having to get their own food from the air. These cultures are absolutely reliable and are now within the price of all. Postpaid Price—1 Acre Size, \$1.00. 3 Acre Size, \$2.50. 12 Acre Size, \$9.00. ¼ Acre Size, 50 cents. Garden Combination (¼ Acre Size) for Beans, Peas and Sweet Peas together, 50 cents; postpaid. Tell us what crop you want it for.

Mulford Cultures These cultures of nitrogen-gathering bacteria are known all over the world, prepared by the H. K. Mulford Co., of Philadelphia, a concern with a world-wide good reputation and we have sold Mulford Cultures with entire satisfaction for many years to thousands of our customers. These bacteria are in air-tight bottles and guaranteed for a year. Absolutely reliable. Price—1 Acre Size, \$1.50. 5 Acre Size, \$5.00. ¼ Acre Size, 75 cents. Small Garden Size for Beans, Peas and Sweet Peas, 35 cents; postpaid. Tell us what crop you want it for, sure.



Seed Was Inoculated

SOUTHERN RURALIST



Head and shoulders above every other farm paper in the South stands the **Southern Ruralist**, that best of all practical common sense farm papers.

There are more than one hundred publications being mailed through the Atlanta post office and not a single one of them has the number of readers and the influence of the **Southern Ruralist**. The **Southern Ruralist** is "Supreme in the South."

The time has come when the successful farmer must read, keeping up with the new things in the agricultural world, developments and betterments of methods outside of his own immediate neighborhood.

The farmer who is to succeed in his line of business as other men succeed in other lines of business can no more afford to get along without one or more good farm papers than he can get along with an old style plow or cultivator when something that will do more work and better work is available.

Regardless of whether it be farming or merchandising or manufacturing, the men who are in it must know all they can if full measure of success is to be attained. The more information a person can get the better prepared he is to meet his problems.

We read the **Southern Ruralist** regularly. There is hardly an issue printed that doesn't carry some item of farm information that we can make use of on the Hastings' Plantation and we are mighty glad to get it. We don't care a rap whether useful farm information comes to us through the **Southern Ruralist** or by word of mouth. The main thing is to get the information and be sure of its reliability.

Farming isn't what it used to be in the days of our fathers and

grandfathers. We have farm problems, plant diseases and insect pests that were unheard of in their day. If we are to succeed we must farm on a present day basis instead of on the father or grandfather basis. If we don't keep up with the changes we won't last long in the farming business.

You may think it strange that a whole page of this seed catalog is taken up with the merits of and special price offer of an agricultural paper. It is unusual, but the more our farmer friends read the good and practical ideas and put them in practice on the farms, the better crops at less cost they will produce. This makes a better farmer in every respect and a better seed buying customer of good seeds, the only kind fit to plant.

The farmer who reads and acts on the knowledge acquired will grow more diversified crops; he is a candidate to buy better seeds of better varieties. He will give the garden the attention its importance deserves and in time as he gets better fixed in a money way his wife will want and be willing and able to buy flower seeds and plants that we sell.

The Lord help the seedsmen who has to depend on the business he can get out of the exclusive cotton planting, "land skinning" farmer who can't see any further ahead than a supply merchant to run him, and who as a rule hasn't got the price of a nickel package of collard seed ahead in his pockets. The seedsmen depending on business from that kind of a non-reading farmer would go broke in short order.

We all need to read more and think more about what we read and in that reading we want to make the right start by reading the right kind of a farm paper.

Why Not Read the Best Farm Paper

This is an absolutely fair, common-sense question. Why not? Why not read the best farm paper, one that is edited and printed for your particular section so that the farm information contained therein won't be misleading in any way?

When you begin to study about buying a new plow or cultivator you are not going to buy a plow for instance made for and adapted to Iowa prairie soil or Ohio or New York conditions alone. You are looking for a plow or cultivator to fit Georgia or Mississippi or some other Southern State as the case may be. That particular implement wants to be and must be adapted to your particular conditions. The plow that might just suit the Iowa and Ohio or New York man isn't what you want and would be more or less of a failure if you tried to use it on a different kind of soil than it was built to serve.

It is exactly the same way with farm papers. There are some splendid farm papers published further north. They are fine for the farmers in their particular sections but the conditions they serve are different from the ones you work under. You must have a farm paper edited and made up by men who know the South, know exactly the soil conditions you have, the problems of plant diseases and insect pests that you have to combat, the fertilizing problems, etc., the hundred and one things that the farmer of the South has to deal with which the farmer and farm paper editor of the North know little or nothing about.

We believe absolutely in the **Southern Ruralist**. We have seen it grow from a little four-page monthly with 500 circulation to a magnificent standing and influence, 24 to 64 pages each issue and going to about five hundred thousand farm families twice each month.

Such growth could only come from giving satisfaction to the readers, giving each year many times the value of the small amount spent for it.

Knowing the **Southern Ruralist** as well as we do enables us to sell it to you under the absolute guarantee of your money back if you are not satisfied. See this "money back" offer below. We have handled tens of thousands of subscriptions for the **Southern Ruralist** in this way and have yet to have a single subscriber ask for his money back.

Below will be found the special offer. Remember, Mr. C. A. Cobb, the editor, and Col. F. J. Merriam, President, as well as all Department Editors are thorough and practical farming men who know and come in practically daily contact with their own and many other farms.

It's a great paper, the best farm paper, the most practical and by far the largest farm paper in the South. The publishers are wide-awake, well-known, responsible agricultural men that you can rely on and you can't afford not to read the **Southern Ruralist** if you want the largest measure of success on your farm.

SPECIAL PRICE AND MONEY BACK OFFER

The regular subscription price of the **Southern Ruralist** is 50 cents per year, about 2 cents per copy. If sent in with your seed order we can have it sent to you for 25 cents; that is if you live in Georgia, Alabama, North or South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi or Tennessee. If you live in any other state the price is 50 cents per year. Foreign subscriptions are \$1.00 each per year. (This difference in price is due to the Zone System in calculating postage. In the 4th Parcel Post Zone the postage alone is about 48 cents a year or 2 cents per copy. You see from this that you are actually getting the **Southern Ruralist** free; all you are asked to do is to pay the postage and we will see that you get the magazine. West of Mississippi and north of Tennessee is the 4th zone or further and so we ask you for 50 cents to cover or partly cover the postage.)

We want every Hastings' seed buying customer to be a reader of the **Southern Ruralist** because we know that you will find it worth while; know that if you read it and use the information, you will gain dollars for every cent spent for the paper. Let no one say "I can't afford it" for that tale won't go. About a pound of cotton, about a peck of corn or a couple feeds of oats will pay for the **Southern Ruralist** for a year. On top of this we will guarantee that any time within three months we will refund the money paid and have your subscription stopped if you are not fully satisfied.

In this offer we guarantee full satisfaction and money back if you don't think it worth it. You need the **Ruralist**. Every issue of the twenty-four during the year you will find helpful. Through us you can buy it for 25 cents, with an absolute, positive guarantee of your money back if you are not fully satisfied at the end of three months. You can't get anywhere in this world a fairer, squarer offer than that. Just enclose 25 cents extra with your seed order for the **Ruralist** for one year. We will start it coming promptly.

Hastings' Special Quotation Sheet

Please Do Not Write in This Space

(S-1925)

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen: I want to know your lowest price on the list of seed I give you below. Please quote your best prices, and also let me know whether in your opinion the seed should be sent by Mail, Freight or Express, and also about what the cost of delivery will be. It is distinctly understood that in asking for this special quotation I am under no obligation to purchase same, and that this is entirely for my own information as to prices and Freight or Express rates.

Name _____

(If Mrs., kindly use husband's initials or given name, as Mrs. Sam B. Clark.)

P. O. _____ State _____

R. F. D. No. _____ Box No. _____ Street and No. _____

Express or Freight Office _____

(If different from your Post Office)

FILL OUT THIS SHEET WITH THE ARTICLES YOU WANT PRICES ON, AND MAIL TO US; WE WILL MAKE YOU OUR BEST PRICES

QUANTITY

(WRITE THE NUMBER OF BUSNELS OR POUNDS HERE)

VARIETY

(Postpaid prices on garden seeds, plants and bulbs are distinctly stated in the catalog. Write us for quotations only on 5 lb. lots or over on garden seeds and 10 lb. lots or over on field seeds).

Leave This Space Blank

LET US FIGURE ON YOUR WANTS

You can tell us just what quantity of field seeds and garden seeds (10 pound lots or over) you may need on this "Special Quotation Sheet." Market prices of seeds in quantity lots change almost daily, so we cannot make very many definite quantity prices in the catalog.

By sending us a list of the seeds you will need when you are ready to buy, we can give you our best prices on just the amount you want, and tell you just what it will cost laid down at your Freight or Express office. We can often save you money, and it will pay you well to take advantage of our special quotations.

Mail us a list of your needs on this sheet. We will quote you our best prices on Hastings' Reliable Seeds.

DO NOT USE THIS SHEET FOR FAMILY GARDEN LISTS

TEAR OFF ALONG THIS LINE

HASTINGS' SEEDS ORDER SHEET

Please do not write in above space

(S-25)

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

H. G. Hastings Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:— I am enclosing \$ _____ for the following seeds to be sent by _____

(State here it wanted by Mail, Express or Freight)

Name

(If Mrs., kindly use husband's initials or given name, as Mrs. Sam B. Clark)

P. O. _____ **State** _____

R. F. D. No. _____ Box No. _____ Street and No. _____

Express or Freight Office

(If Different from your Post Office)

BEFORE ORDERING PLEASE READ DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING IN THIS CATALOG ON PAGE 2

[illegible]

Remember---No order too large or too small to send to HASTINGS'

HASTINGS' SPECIAL SEED PRICE LIST

DECEMBER 15, 1924

LIST No. 294

For Prompt Orders—subject to stock unsold. These prices are f. o. b. ATLANTA, customer to pay freight or express. If you want delivered prices we will make a special estimate for you upon request. Prices are strictly net cash and no discount. We guarantee safe arrival in good order, except perishable goods which may be damaged in transit.

Any Seeds ordered from us may be returned promptly if not entirely satisfactory and money for them will be refunded, but we do not and cannot in any way warrant the crop and all orders are accepted subject to the conditions printed in our Catalogue for 1925.

No extra charge for sacks, crates or cartage. All Field Seed thoroughly recleaned, graded and tested. Clover and Grass Seed of the highest quality and purity.

H. G. HASTINGS CO.

Garden Beans

	Per Bushel	Per 100 Lbs.
Stringless Green Pod	\$12.00	\$20.00
Extra Early Red Valentine	8.40	14.00
Ex. Early Black Valentine	9.60	16.00
Extra Early Refuge	9.00	15.00
Wardwell's Kidney Wax	10.80	18.00
Late Refuge (1000 to 1)	9.60	16.00
White Mexican Navy Beans	10.80	18.00
Henderson's Bush Lima	10.80	18.00

Garden Peas

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Alaska Ex. Early	@ \$.20	@ \$.18
John L. Ex. Early	@ .20	@ .18
Gradus	@ .20	@ .18
Telephone	@ .20	@ .18
Market Surprise	@ .20	@ .18

Miscellaneous

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
DWARF ESSEX RAPE	@ \$.15	@ \$.10
White Rice Pop Corn	@ .10	.08
Japanese Hullless Pop Corn	@ .15	.13
Golden Queen Popcorn	@ .15	.12
Japanese Buckwheat	@ .08	.06
Upland Rice	@ .08	.08
Standard Evergreen	@ .10	.08
Broom Corn	@ .10	.08
Jerusalem Artichokes	@ .07 1/2	.05
Mam. Russian Sun Flower	@ .12	.10
Bene	@ .60	
Hastings' 100-Bushel Oats	Bu. 1.75	10 Bu. 1.60
Texas Rust Proof Oats	@ 1.35	1.25
Fulghum Oats, selected		
recleaned	\$1.60	@ \$1.50
Georgia Winter Rye	2.50	@ 2.25
Genuine Abruzzi Rye	3.25	@ 3.00
Bearded Barley	2.25	@ 2.00

Sorghum and Kaffir Corn

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Hastings' Syrup Cane	@ \$.15	\$12.00
Early Amber	@ .07	5.00
Early Orange	@ .07	5.00
Red Top	@ .08	6.00
White Kaffir	@ .08	6.00
Red Kaffir	@ .08	6.00
Yellow Milo	@ .08	6.00
Feterita	@ .08	6.00
Chicken Corn or Shallu	@ .12	10.00

Cotton Seed

	Per Bu.	10 Bu.
Hastings' Bank Account	@ \$2.50	@ \$2.25
Cleveland Big Boll	@ 2.50	@ 2.25
Kings Extra Early	@ 2.25	@ 2.00
43 Per Cent ("Half & Half")	@ 2.50	@ 2.25

Seed Corn

	Per Bu.	10-Bu.
Hastings' Prolific	\$4.50	\$4.25
Hastings' Rockdale	3.75	3.50
Extra Early White Dent	3.50	3.25
Improved Golden Dent	3.75	3.50
Hickory King	4.00	3.75
Truckers Favorite	4.50	4.25
Mexican June	4.50	
Cuban Yellow Flint	4.50	

Hastings' Mung Beans

A WONDERFUL NEW CROP

Four pounds (to plant one acre) \$1.50; one pound (over 16,000 seeds), 50 cents; postpaid. 4 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.

Soy Beans

Mammoth Yellow	
O-Too-Tan	Laredo
Write for prices.	

Peanuts

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Spanish	@ \$.15	\$.12
N. C. Running	@ .15	.13
Valencia	@	

Chufas

	Peck	Bushel
Good Sound Stock, 44 lbs. to bushel	\$1.75	\$6.00

Millet

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Tenn. Grown Golden	@ \$.08	\$.07
Pearl or Cattail	@ .15	.14

Cow Peas

Whippoorwill	Brabham
Clay	Mixed
Iron	Large Black Eye
Write for prices.	
Small White Lady	@ \$.25

Clovers

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Red Clover	@ \$.36	\$.35
White Clover	@ .70	.65
Alsike	@ .28	.26
Sweet Clover, Hulled and Recleaned	@ .22	.20
Japan Clover (Lespedeza)		

Alfalfa

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Highest Quality American	@ \$.26	\$.25

Grass Seed

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Italian Rye	@ \$.20	\$.17 1/2
Perennial Rye	@ .20	.17 1/2
Tall Meadow Oat	@ .25	.24
Orchard	@ .24	.22
Timothy	@ .15	.12
Permanent Pasture Mixture	@ .35	.30
Kentucky Blue	@ .40	.35
Red Top or Herds	@ .22	.20
Meadow Fescue	@ .22	.20
Rhodes	@ .65	.50
Carpet	@ .65	.60
Johnson	@ .22	.20

Bermuda Grass

The best pasture and summer lawn grass for the South. Per pound, postpaid, 75 cents.

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
In quantity, not prepaid	@ \$.75	\$.65

Sudan Grass

	10 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
In quantity, not prepaid	@ \$.12	\$.10

Hastings' Evergreen Lawn Mixture

Makes a quick show and soon becomes a beautiful velvety lawn, on well prepared soil. Our own formula based on our long experience and the only successful lawn mixture especially prepared for this section.

PRICES— 10-lb. lots, 40 cents per pound
100-lb. lots, 35 cents per pound

Farmogerm for Inoculation

PRICES— 1 Acre Size	\$1.00
3 Acre Size	2.50
12 Acre Size	9.00

Mulford Cultures for Inoculation

5-Acre Size (Dollar per Acre)	\$5.00
1-Acre Size	1.50

(These prices include delivery)
Always specify on your order what crop you want to inoculate, as there is a different strain of bacteria for each legume.

Sheep Manure

WIZARD BRAND

Per bag, 100 lbs.	\$3.00
500 lbs.	@ 2.50

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This is a true Map of Dixie showing the twelve SOUTHERN States indicated in the small reproduction above. It shows the Automobile roads, the best roads being indicated by a heavy red line, the second class roads by a lighter red line and the third class roads by a still lighter red line. You can easily see what a wonderful advantage this will be to you when taking a trip. In other ways the map is complete in every detail. It shows all the small towns—the railroads—the experiment stations and the agricultural colleges with a blue ring around each. It is handsomely printed in four colors and is just the map you should have hanging on your wall for ready reference.

Page 2---Towns and Cities

This page gives a complete list of towns and cities with the population and the key so that you can easily locate any town you wish. This page also contains an editorial by our editor, Mr. Cobb, telling about the work each experiment station shown on the map is doing to help you.

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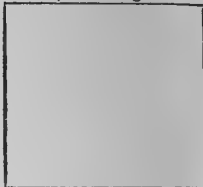
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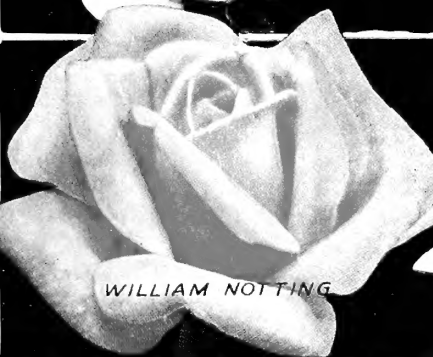
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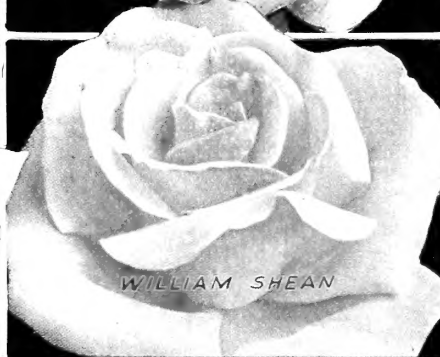
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